

Historical Perspective

Disparate impact refers to a facially neutral policy or practice that disproportionately affects members of a group identified by race, color or national origin and the policy lacks a substantial legitimate justification, including one or more alternatives that would serve the same legitimate objectives but with less disproportionate effects on the basis of race, color or national origin. This policy defines the threshold Metro will utilize when analyzing the impacts to minority populations and/or minority riders.

- A. For major service changes, a disparate impact will be deemed to have occurred if the absolute difference between the percentage of minority adversely affected and the overall percentage of minorities is at least five percent (5%);
- B. For any applicable fare changes, a disparate impact will be deemed to have occurred if the absolute difference between the percentage of minority adversely affected and the overall percentage of minorities is at least five percent (5%).



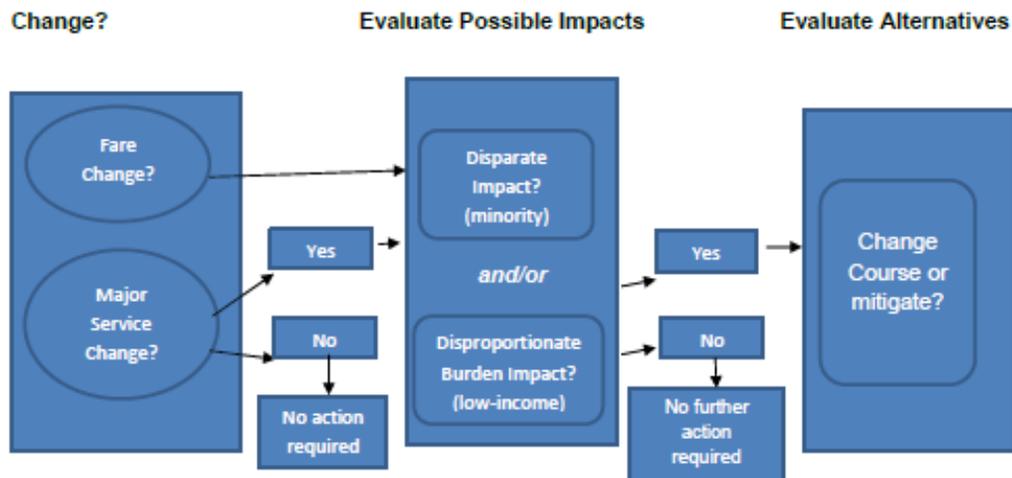
Metro Disparate Impact Policy

FTA Circular 4702.1B, revised in 2012, requires transportation agencies to develop policies to assist in the evaluation of impacts to minority and low-income riders when considering service and fare changes.

Testing for Disparate Impact evaluates effects on minority riders or populations as compared to non-minority riders or populations. “Minority” is defined as all persons who identify as being part of racial/ethnic groups besides white, non-Hispanic.

In the course of performing a Title VI Equity Analysis for possible disparate impact, Metro will analyze how the proposed major service change or fare change action could impact minority populations, as compared to non-minority populations.

Figure 1: Overview of Metro’s Title VI Equity Analysis process



In the event the proposed action has an adverse impact that affects protected populations more than other populations at a level that exceeds the thresholds established in the Board adopted Disparate Impact Policy, or that restricts the benefits of the service change to protected populations, the finding would be considered as a potential Disparate Impact. In the possible scenario of finding Disparate Impact, Metro will evaluate whether there is an alternative that would serve the same objectives and with a more equitable impact. Otherwise, Metro will take measures to minimize or mitigate the adverse impact of the proposed action.

The Disparate Impact Policy defines measures for determination of potential adverse impact on minority populations/riders from major service changes or any change in fares (increase or decrease) The policy is applied to both adverse effects and benefits of major service changes.

All changes in service meeting the definition of “Major Service Change” and any change in fares and/or fare media are subject to a Title VI Service Equity Analysis prior to Board approval of the change. A Title VI Equity Analysis will be completed for all Major Service Changes and all fare and/or fare media changes (increase or decrease). The results of the Title VI Equity Analysis will be presented to the Board for its consideration and the results will be included in the subsequent Metro Title VI Program Update with a record of action taken by the Board. Service changes considered “Minor” due to not meeting the thresholds of a Major Service Change are also analyzed and alternatives considered are documented, however, a Service Equity Analysis is not performed.

For the 2019 FTA Title VI Program Update:

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