

HE 372 .L6 L64 1980

> City of Los Angeles DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DONALD R. HOWERY, general manager

ABSTRACT

Downtown Cordon Count Study

- o The cordon count is a study providing data on the volume of vehicles and persons entering and leaving the Downtown Business District of Los Angeles. This area is bounded by Temple Street, Los Angeles Street, Pico Boulevard, and Figueroa Street.
- o For this cordon count, automatic machine counts, (supplemented by manual counts of vehicle type, occupancy, and pedestrians) provide the basic source of data. In addition, transit bus and passenger data are furnished by the Southern California Rapid Transit District.
- o Summary data on the volume of vehicles and persons entering and leaving at each station on the perimeter of the cordon area and for the entire cordon area are derived through a computer program. This program also provides data on the number of vehicles and persons within the cordon area at half-hour intervals.

Summary Data - 1980 Cordon Count

- o This report presents the summary results of the 1980 Cordon Count of Downtown Los Angeles for a typical 16-hour Wednesday in May, from 6 AM to 10 PM. During the 16-hour study period, 6 AM to 10 PM, a total of 677,147 vehicular-trips crossed the cordon boundaries at the 93 stations providing access for vehicles entering or leaving the cordon area. This represents a decrease of 6,560 trips or 1.0% since the 1978 count.
- o At the access stations, a total of 1,369,967 person-trips entered and left the cordon area during the 16-hour period. This represents an increase of 45,717 persons or 3.5% since the 1978 count.
- o Of the total number of person-trips entering the cordon area, 63 percent arrived in automobiles, 27 percent in transit vehicles, 4 percent in commercial vehicles (trucks), and the remaining 6 percent entered on foot.
- o At the peak vehicle accumulation period, 2 PM, approximately 67,100 vehicles were within the cordon area. Peak accumulation of persons also occurred at 2:00 PM, at which time approximately 159,500 persons were within the cordon area.

Downtown Commuter Travel Mode Patterns During the 1970's

- o In the period from 1972 to 1980, substantial changes have occurred in Downtown Commuter ridesharing patterns. For the 6-8 AM commuter period, the cordon area inbound bus passenger volumes rose by 43% and the passenger volume in car-pools was up by 16%. This was an increase in ridesharing passenger volume of 31% in 1980 compared to 1972.
- o For the 2-hour commuter period the volume of person-trips entering the cordon area by all modes grew by 14%, while the inbound vehicular traffic growth was only 5% for the 8-year period from 1972 to 1980.

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INTRODUCTION

Purpose of Study

The Department of Transportation conducts cordon counts of Downtown Los Angeles in order to provide data for traffic planning. These studies were conducted annually from 1963 through 1972. Since 1972 they have been conducted on every even-numbered year.

This report presents the summary results of the 1980 Cordon Count of downtown Los Angeles for a typical 16-hour Wednesday in May, from 6 AM to 10 PM.

The Cordon Count provides statistical data on the daily flow of vehicles and persons into and out of the Downtown area and of their concentrations within the area.

Since 1963, the boundaries of the cordon area have been Temple Street, Los Angeles Street, Pico Boulevard, and Figueroa Street. This cordon area, which encompasses the Central Business District, is slightly larger than one square mile.

At the convergence of numerous intraregional transportation routes, for both private and public modes of travel, Downtown Los Angeles is accessible from all sections of the metropolitan region. The regional transportation routes traversing the cordon area serve trips with a destination beyond Downtown as well as trips destined for the Downtown area.

Changes in the intensity or type of land use development within the Downtown farea or development of alternate routes have varying degrees of effect on the magnitude of vehicular- and person-trip volumes. Analysis of the historical cordon count data provides an indication of the relative effect of these conditions. In addition, the cordon count studies reveal changes in travel characteristics through the detailed data included on the magnitude of persons entering the Downtown business district by either private or public transportation modes.

Cordon Count Procedure

Counts are taken by utilizing automatic machine counters. Machine counts are supplemented by manual sampling counts of vehicle type and occupancy and pedestrians. Counts for this study were made on successve Wednesdays in May, 1980. Transit bus and passenger data were furnished by the Southern California Rapid Transit District (SCRTD) for service lines operated by that agency. Transit volume data for the minibus line entering and leaving the cordon area are recorded by Department of Transportation personnel.

Basic data on vehicle- and person-trips were processed by location and by half-hour periods. These data provide the primary source most of the tables and plates included in this report and for comparison with previous cordon count studies.

The term "accumulation of vehicles (or persons) crossing cordon boundaries" refers to the number accumulated during the hours of the study, i.e., it excludes any vehicles or persons in the cordon area prior to 6 AM. The "accumulation" is the total number within the cordon area at any specific time. This total includes an estimate of the number of vehicles or persons within the area at the beginning of the study.

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SUMMARY DATA · 1980 CORDON COUNT	

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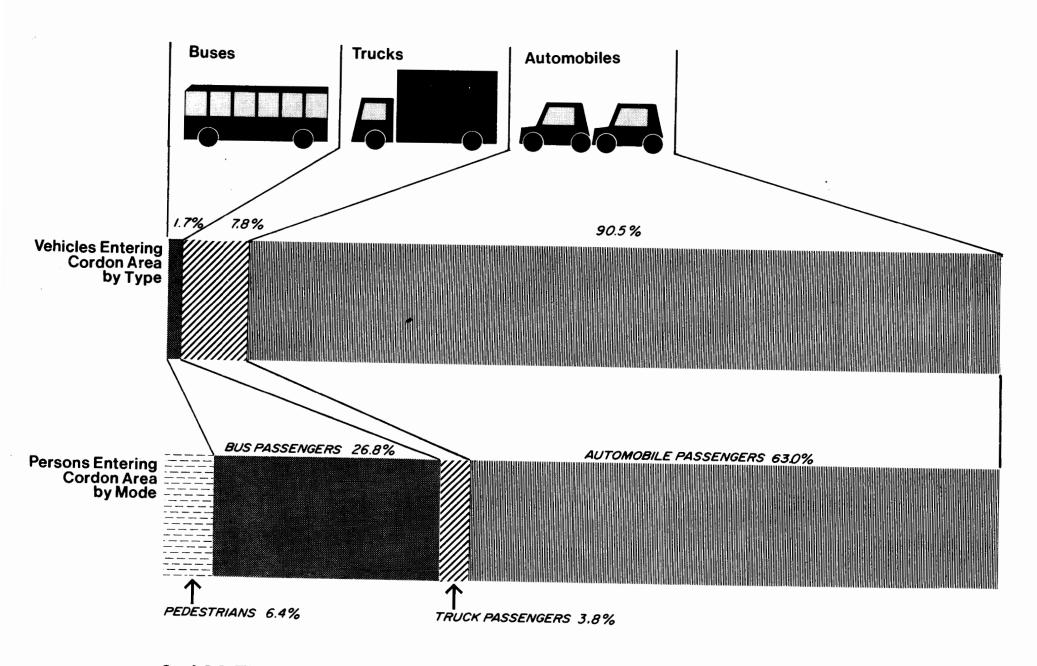
DOWNTOWN CORDON COUNT • MAY 1980 Plate I

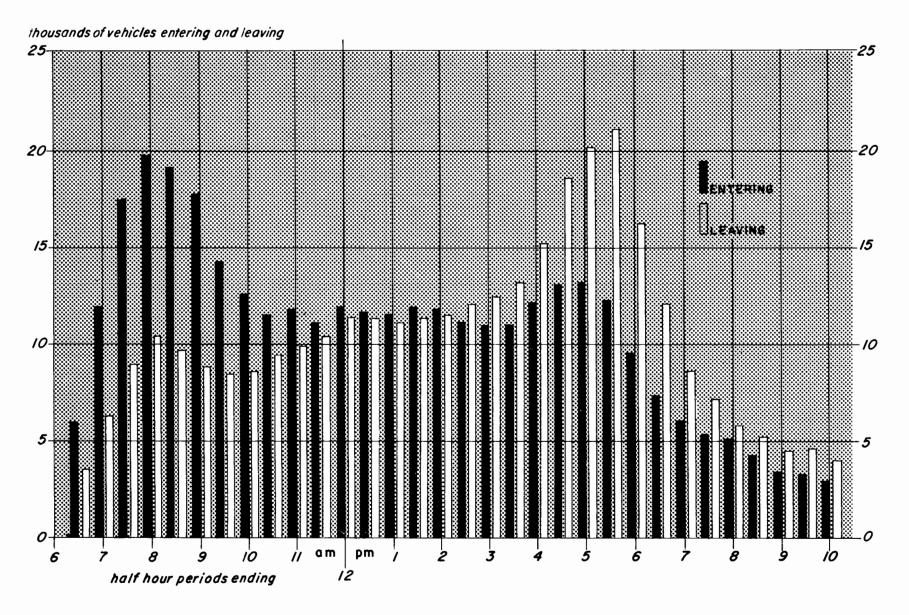
inbound 343,800 outbound 333,347

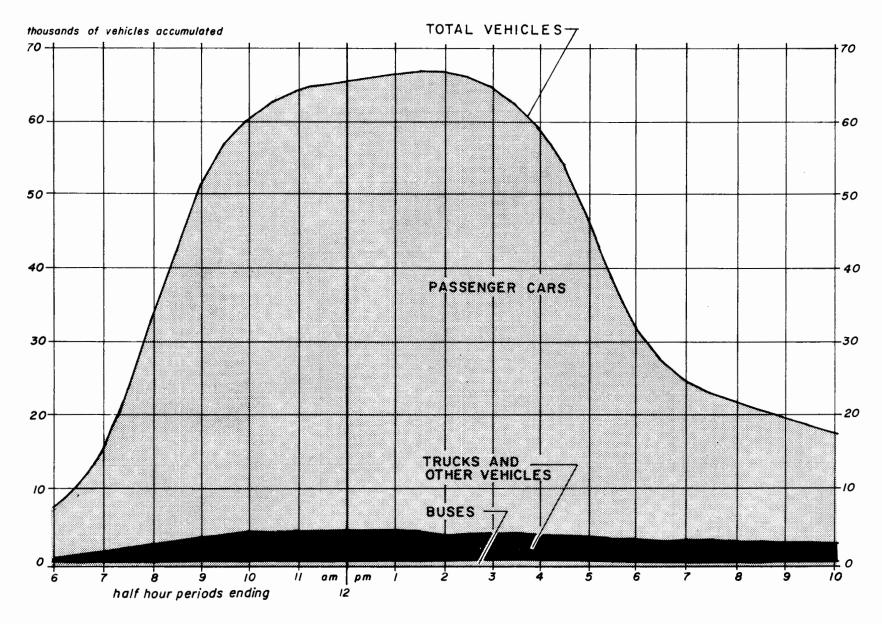
Table 1
Sixteen-Hour Summary
1980 Cordon Count Data

May, Wednesday

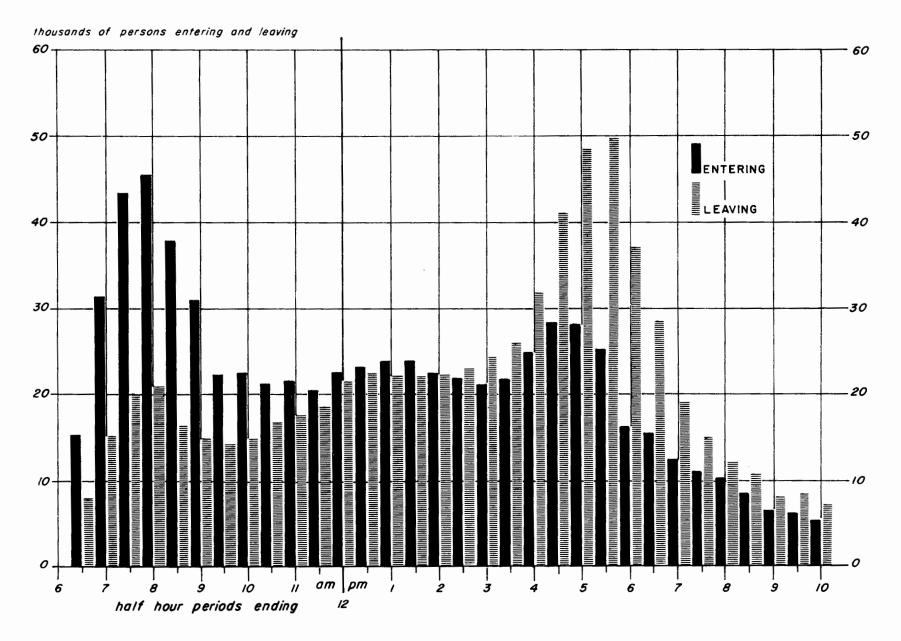
Vehicles	In Occurancy	Occupancy
Passenger cars	311,326	303,349 1.4
Trucks and Other Vehicles	26,755 — 338,081	24,295_327,644
Buses	5,719	5,703
Grand Total - Vehicles	343,800	333,347
Persons	<u>In</u>	Out
Auto Passengers	435,982	424,805
Other Vehicle Passengers	26,755	24,295 449,100 = 1.37
Bus Passengers	462,737 185,308	187,039
Pedestrians	44,293	41,490
Grand Total - Persons	692,338	677,629



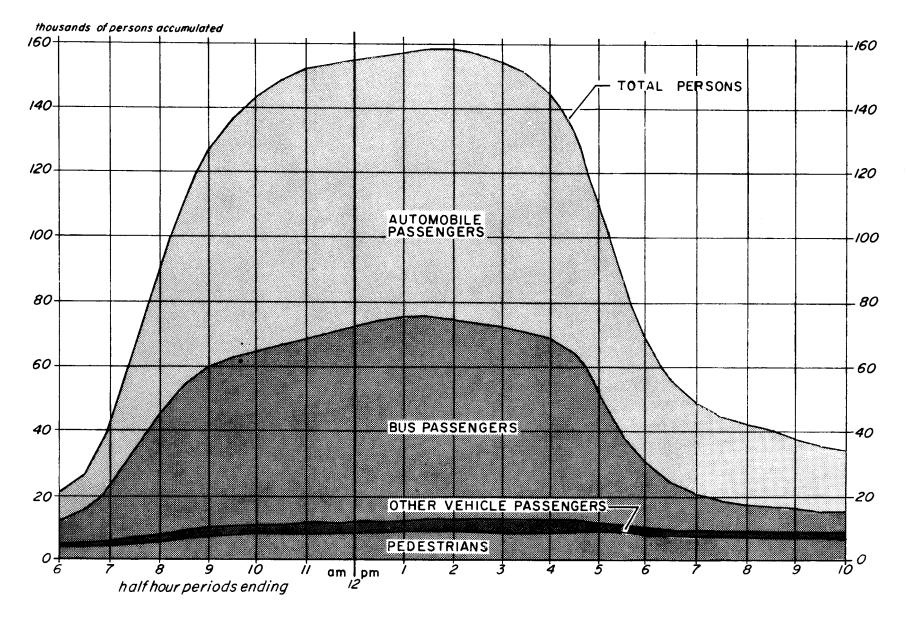




VEHICLES ACCUMULATED IN CORDON AREA . MAY 1980



PERSONS ENTERING AND LEAVING CORDON AREA • MAY 1980



PERSONS ACCUMULATED IN CORDON AREA • MAY 1980

TABLE 2

SUMMARY OF VEHICLES BY LOCATION
DOWNTOWN LOS ANGELES, MAY 1980, 6AM - 10PM

	PASSE	NGER CARS	TRUC	KS AND VEHICLES	В	ISES	TOTAL	VEHICLES
EAST BOUNDARY	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
EAST OF LOS ANGELES ST.ON TEMPLE ST.	5222	5823	559	461	0	0	5761	6284
IST ST.	9153	8059	387	311	184	196	9724	8566
ZND ST.	2758	4477	436	605	. 0	8	3194 11834	5079 0
SRĎ ŠT. Boyd St.	10579 412	715	1187	0	68	ŏ	412	715
ATH ST.	716	7622	ŏ	837	ŏ	73	7-6	8532
WINSTON ST.	374	691	0	0	Ó	0	374	691
5TH ST.	8032	0	1120	_, 0	205	35 ⁰	9357	9554
6TH ST. 7TH ST.	705 6	8434 6720	0 536	763 579	460	35 ź	8054	7651
ÁTH ST.	6905	7 /20	1596	J'ó	249	556	10750	0
9TH ST. Olympic blvd.	Ö	8368	0	1038	0	189	0	9595
OLYMPIC BLVD.	4177	3967	420	355	, 0	0	4597 5 744	4322 0
11TH ST. 12TH ST.	4989	0 437 2	687	902	68	64	3/44	5339
PICO BLVD.	4436	2043	47 Š	346	ŏ	ő	4913	3189
SUB TOTAL ' South Boundary South of Pico Blvd. On	66097	62091	7403	6195	1234	1231	74734	69517
LOS ANGELES ST.	4155	5037	777	908	0	0	4932	5945
MAIN ST.	6969	5225	736	660	227	225	7932	6110
BROADWAY	4547	4335	576	466	204	189	5327	4990 4622
HILL ST.	4150 2442	4180 3000	298 647	335 634	113 103	107 107	4561 3192	3741
OLIVE ST. Margo St.	345	172	646	634	103	± ó	345	3741 172 4968
GRAND AVE.	5620	4337	600	453	181	178	6401	4968
HOPE ST.	2091	2149	258 331	268	0	_0	2349	2417
FLOWER'ST. Figueroa St.	4087 8140	4468 8901	331 789	1022	37 129	130	4455 9058	4940 10053
SUB TOTAL WEST BOUNDARY	42546	41804	5012	5187	994	967	48552	47958
C PICO BLVD.	7736	7952	687	526	204	185	8627	8663 385
TEHRAN ST.	200	385	o o	0	0	0	200	385 669
NAGOYA_ST.	1414	669 6742	0 369	0 753	0	. 9	1414	7502
11TH ST. Olympic Blvd.	2759 11612	16596	601	755	162	16 3	12375	17514
9TH ST.	23031	20270	1935	7.50	51	0	25017	0
8TH PLACE	855	753	0	0	o o	. 0	855	753 18810
ATH ST.	596 8	17325 9421	· 303	1441 341	223	44 226	6496	9988
7TH ST. Wilshire Blvd.	8357	9500	× 668	514	279	276	9304	6990
HARBOR FWY OFF RAMP	19695	Ŏ	1002	Ö	0	0	20697	0
6TH ST.	7827	0	1114	0	279	0	9220	• 0
STH ST.	0	24479	0 339	1703	0	264	6800	26446
LOWER 4TH ST. 4TH ST. VIADUCT	6461 17 2 95	ŏ	497	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	17792	ŏ
HARBOR FWY OFF RAMP	2366	ŏ	67	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	2433	0
JRD ST.	0	21233	0	1089	<u>o</u>	4	0	22326
IND ST.	8916 7111	5766 7563	884 352	440 389	122	117	9801 758 5	6206 8069
1ST ST. Diamond St.	7661	850	332	307		ó	661	850
TEMPLE ST.	5857	6316	469	476	168	203	6494	6997
SUB TOTAL North Boundary North of Templ e St. on	138121	134250	9289	8427	1489	1491	148899	144168
FIGUEROA ST.	7185	11070	371	606	51	49	7607	11725
HARBOR FWY OFF RAMP	4974	0	332	0	0	Q	5306	7, 20
HOLLYWOOD FWY RAMPS	4394	67 37 9988	403 440	381 404	176 215	401	4973 9373	7121 10793
" GRAND AVE. Hill St. '	8718 7036	6637	511	305	213 56	401	7603	7002
BROADWAY	8128	7797	603	607	253	266	8984	8670
SPRING ST.	11959	0	1313	0	1161	1003	14433	1003
MAIN ST. Los angeles St.	12168	13447 9528	1078	1292 891	90	145 67	13336	14884 10506
SUB TOTAL	64562	65204	5051	4486	2002	2014	71615	71704
GRAND TOTAL	311326	303349	26755	24295	5719	5703	343800	333347

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TABLE 3

SUMMARY OF PERSONS BY LOCATION DOWNTOWN LOS ANGELES, MAY 1980, 6AM - 10PM

	AUTO PA	SSENGERS	PASSEN OTHER	GERS IN Vehicles	BUS PAS	SENGERS	PEDES	TRIANS	TOTAL	PERSONS
EAST BOUNDARY	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
EAST OF LOS ANGELES ST.ON TEMPLE ST. 1ST ST. 2ND ST.	7761 13930 4276	8535 12449 6746	559 387 436	461 311 602	5645 0	5682 0	194 8 1190 987	1833 1130 1116	10266 21352 5699	10829 19772 8464
3PD ST.	14966	0	1187	0	1073	ō	458	475	17684	475
BOYD ST. 4th St.	575	9 59 10696	0	837	0	1176	204 812	227 788	779 812	1186 13497
WINSTON ST.	51 ž	960	Ō	0	0	0	900	838	1411	1798
5TH ST. 6TH ST.	11519	11849	1120	763	6423	0 11578	2977 1104	2963 1118	22039 1104	2963 25308
7TH ST.	10022	9496	536	5 79	17307	14262	2442	2158	30307	26495
OTH ST. 9th St.	12425	0 12344	1596 0	1038	6793 0	0 6315	4321 2764	3389 2516	25135 2764	3389 22213
OLYMPIC BLVD.	5843	5829	420	355	ō	0	436	500	6699	6684
11TH ST. 12TH ST.	7399	6577	687 0	903	2031	0 2331	907 901	899 813	11024 901	10624
PICO BLVD.	6563	4300	475	346	ŏ		584	696	7622	5342
SUB TOTAL South Boundary South of Pico BLVD. On	95790	90740	7403	6195	39472	41544	22935	21459	165600	159938
LOS ANGELES ST.	5922	6931	777	908	0	0	357	393	7056	8232
MAIN ST. Broadway	10016 6548	7235 5973	736 5 76	66 0 466	7150 7340	7507 8211	361 6 86	318 600	18263 15150	15720 15250
HILL ST.	5 586	5421	298	335	3355	3333	428	420	9667	9509
OLIVE \$T. Margo St.	3253 451	3969 208	647 0	634	2050	2362 0	261 0	265	6211 451	7230 208
GRAND AVE.	7576	5697	600	453	5315	4782	388	406	13879	11338
HOPE ST. FLOWER ST.	2894 5601	2962 6220	258 331	26 8 441	0 1495	0 1274	939 45 5	895 407	4091 7882	4125 8342
FIGÜEROA ST.	11304	12413	789	1022	4648	4683	441	398	17182	18516
SUB TOTAL WEST BOUNDARY MEST OF FIGUEROA ST. ON	59151	57029	5012	5187	31353	32152	4316	4102	99832	98470
PICO BLVD.	11313	11051	687	526	8314	7638	414	407	20728 300	20422 578
TEHRAN ST.	286 2051	556 981	0	0	° °	0	14 158	22 201	2209	1182
11TH ST.	3972	9383	369	753	- 0	284	376	428	4717 22900	10848 29125
OLYMPIC BLVD. 9th st.	16571 30821	23076	601 1935	755 0	5219 921	4797 0	509 778	497 791	34455	791
STH PLACE	1113	937	0	1441	0	733	166 1283	199 709	1279 1283	1136 25598
STH ST. 7th St.	8056	22713 12335	305	341	9358	8744	1286	1342	19005	22762
WILSHIRE BLVD. Harbor Fwy off Ramp	11360 26332	10626	668 - 1002	514	9074	10697	2326	2018	23428 27334	23855
6TH ST.	10625	Ŏ	1114	Ŏ	11132	ŏ	732	666	23603	666
5TH ST.	8854	32311	0 339	1703	0	9418	636 616	570 532	636 9809	44002 532
LOWER 4TH ST. 4TH ST. VIADUCT	23437	ŏ	497	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	465	405	24399	405
HÁRBOR FWÝ OFF RAMP 3rd st.	3163	0 29576	67	1089	0	184	115	9 84	3230 115	30933
and st.	12132	8045	884	440	45	0	179	192	13240	8677
1ST ST. Diamond St.	9737 901	10651 1148	352 0	389	4456	4422	138	220	14683 901	15682 1148
TEMPLE ST.	8096	8770	469	476	6917	6906	661	613	16143	16765
SUB TOTAL NORTH BOUNDARY NORTH OF TEMPLE ST. ON	188820	182961	9289	8427	55436	53623	10852	9896	264397	255107
FIGUEROA ST.	10200	15383	371	606	1659	1689	264	258	12494	17936
HARBOR FWY OFF RAMP Hollywood Fwy Ramps	7081 6220	9240	332 403	381	0 5821	117	0	0	7413 12444	9738
GRAND AVE.	6220 12328	13906	440	404	8733	14566	594	553	22095	29429
HILL ST. Broadway	10367 12225	10113 11650	511 603	305 607	2124 6952	2124 6649	471 71 5	631 584	13473 20495	13173 19490
SPRING ST.	16785	0	1313	0	32851	29569	1062	1088	52011	30657
MAIN ST. Los angeles St.	17015	19763 14020	1078	1292 891	907	3802 1004	1175 1909	1081 1838	1175 20909	25938 177 5 3
SUB TOTAL	92221	94075	5051	4486	59047	59520	6190	6033	162509	164114
GRAND TOTAL	435982	424805	26755	24295	185308	187039	44293	41490	692338	677629
GRAND TOTAL	433,36	757003	20,00		202200	20.007	7-275			

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TABLE 4
SUMMARY OF VEHICLES BY HALF HOUR PERIODS
DOWNTOWN LOS ANGELES, MAY 1980

6AM ~ 10PM

TIME PERIOD ENDING	P	ASSENGER C	ARS	ОТН	TRUCKS BER VEHICL	ES		BUSES		т	OTAL VEHIC	LES
	IN	OUT	ACCUM	IN	OUT	ACCUM	IN	OUT	ACCUM	IN	OUT	ACCUM
			6300			500	1/0	100	200	5071	3465	7000 9506
630	5262	3021	8541	547	315	732	162	129	233	5971	6451	15138
700	10982	5777	13746	813	463	1082	288	211	310	12083 17412	9060	23490
730	16108	8241	21613 30538	961	582	1461	343	237	416	1/412	10396	32905
800	18437	9512	30538	1025 .	616	1870	349	268	497	19811	9779	42263
830	17817	8739	39616	1027	799	2098	293	241	549	19137	9004	51063
900	16451	7958	48109 53558 57138 58910	1134	837	2395	219	209	559	17804		56836
930	12921	7472	53558	1179	863	2711	179	171	567	14279	8506	60714
1000	11173	7593	57138	1280	978	3013	158	162	563	12611	8733	62643
1030	10045	8273	58910	1252	1099	3166	158	154	567	11455 11770	9526 9990	64423
1100 '	10344	8734	60520	1277	1099	3344	149	157	559 558 553	11//0	10534	64963
1130	9690	9221	60989	1227	1155	3416	157	158	220	11074 11914	11393	65484
, 1200	10579	10168	61400 61616	1183	1068	3531	152	157	554	11689	11396	65777
1200 1230 1300	10455	10239	61616	1077	1001	3607	157	156	549	11607	11112	66272
1300	10388	9992	62012	1065	961	3711	154	159 158	549 549	11989	11365	66896
1330	10823	10135	62700	1008	1072	3647	158	156	550	11787	11600	67083
1400	10625	10387	62938	1005	1057	3595	157	153	563	11186	12070	66199
1430	9958	10885	62011	1062	1032	3625	166	170	570	111009	12469	64739
1500 1530	9790	11294	60507	1042	1005	3662	177	1/0	578	11019	13252	62506
1530	9733	11867	58373 55498 50119	1072	1199	3535	214	186 232	270	12123	15067	59562
1600	10733	13608 17183 18804	55498	1149	1227	3457	241	232 284	607 579	13106	18557	59562 54111
1630	11804	17183	50119	1046	1090	3413	256 253	361	471	13325	20152	47284
1700	12161	18804	43476	911	987 705	3337	233 231	361 348	354	12306	21078	38512
1730	11346	19935 15391	34887 28247	729	795	3271 3181	199	270	283	9517	16318	31711
1800	8751	15391	28247	567	657	2191	199	270	203	7317	10316	31711
SUB Total	276376	254429		24638	21957		4970	4887		305984	281273	
												04005
1830	6764	11408	23603	471	504	3148	163	202	244	7398	12114	26995
1900	5567	8116	21054	414	429	3133	135	147	232	6116 5252	8692	24419
1930	4887	6690	19251	261	331	3063	104	114	222	5252	7135	22536 21820
2000	4752	5460	18543	256	256	3063	78	86	214	5086	5802	20872
2030	3959	4919	17583	245	233	3075	81	81	214	4285	5233 4452	200/2
210 0	3193	4154	16622	175	234	3016	64	64 -	214	3432	4452	19852 18559
2130	3074	4334	15362	169	202	2983	67	67	214	3310	4603	17453
2200	2754	3839	14277	126	149	2960	57	55	216	2937	4043	17455
SUB	76050	48920		2117	2338		749	816		37816	52074	
10TAL	34950	40720		211,	2330		, , ,	010		0.010	5 - 1 · ·	
GRAND TOTAL	311326	303349		26755	24295		5719	5703		343800	333347	

TABLE 5
SUMMARY OF PERSONS BY HALF HOUR PERIODS
DOWNTOWN LOS ANGELES, MAY 1980

6AM - 10PM

TIME PERIOD ENDING	RIOD		P A O T	SSENGER!	S IN	BU	S PASSEN	GERS	P	PEDESTRIANS TOTAL PERSONS			DNS		
	IN	OUT	ACCUM	IN	OUT	ACCUM	IN	OUT	ACCUM	IN	TUO	ACCUM	IN	OUT	ACCUM
630 700 730 800 830 930 1030 1130 1230 1230 1430 1530 1630 1630 1730 1800	6829 15191 22706 22706 23156 20439 16424 14805 13468 14113 130843 14535 15181 14135 15181 14135 15181 14684 16608 17938 12951	3938 7593 10637 10755 10721 9438 10169 11239 11699 14582 14950 14951 14305 14376 143	8599 113989 310553 547778 74159 74159 74179 834049 834049 834789 840093 857990 85790 8570 8570 85700 85700 85700 85700 85700 85700 85700 85700	547 813 961 1025 1027 1134 1179 1280 1257 1287 1068 1005 1062 1042 1149 1046 729 567	315 463 582 616 799 837 863 978 1099 1155 1061 1072 1057 1032 1099 1227 1099 1227	500 732 1082 1461 18798 23711 3166 353166 35537 3611 3695 36635 36535 36	7013 13982 17223 171379 76139 4944 48912 4694 4873 5071 74463 779489 6071 74463 76352 4715	3203 60047 69470 69480 45277 2698 3137 37623 46997 50975 6614 10015 1001	7000 10810 18788 290607 460489 53151 557088 59251 60829 60829 60829 613627 609773 6097	552 1275 2136 2187 1890 1257 1309 1294 1306 1464 18810 22195 1672 1693 1672 2278 1672 1693 1672 1693 1672 1693 1693 1693 1693 1693 1693 1693 1693	398 972 1763 1711 1126 911 896 1017 1222 1263 1368 1836 21125 1879 1673 1552 1468 1432 1682 1432 1682 1682 1682 1682 1682 1682 1682 168	401547 445307 448307 507956 6715480 775650 775650 775650 7777 80077 82965 827777 827777 827777 827777 827777 827777 8277	14941 31261 43025 457752 30822 24299 22338 20465 22468 234411 23252 21491 21687 24958 224697 24697 19154	7854 15032 19929 21064 15295 13974 148690 17692 218759 21409 221903 2219	20000 27087 43316 66413 90324 111324 126851 137176 14652 148797 1554496 1554496 155765 159456 159466 159456
SUB Total	377931	348264		24638	21957		173455	160992		40212	36520		616236	567733	
1830 1900 1930 2000 2030 2100 2130 2200	10428 9055 8326 8209 6933 5418 5114 4568	16974 12753 10363 8844 8198 6583 6854 5972	31621 27923 25886 25251 23986 22821 21081 19677	471 414 261 256 245 175 169 126	504 429 331 256 233 234 202 149	3148 3133 3063 3063 3075 3016 2983 2960	3562 2319 1805 1212 998 565 806 586	9668 5140 3735 2374 1709 1301 1370 750	13357 10536 8606 7444 6733 5997 5433 5269	850 572 582 535 469 438 348 287	1119 766 674 568 531 504 451 357	7423 7229 7137 7104 7042 6976 6873 6803	15311 12360 10974 10212 8645 6596 6437 5567	28265 19088 15103 12042 10671 8622 8877 7228	55549 48821 44692 42862 40836 38810 36370 34709
SUB TOTAL	58051	76541		2117	2338		11853	26047		4081	4970		76102	109896	
GRAND TOTAL	435982	424805		26755	24295		185308	187039		44293	41490		692338	677629	

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Table 6

Comparison of Total Vehicle and Passenger Car Statistics, Downtown Los Angeles, Selected Years

CORDON COUNT

		1941	1957	1963	1972	1974	<u>1976</u>	1978	1980
16-Hour	Total	288,000	327,046	291,506	319,245	306,663	324,970	351,105	343,800
Total In	Pass. Cars		283,097	253,731	283,229	271,899	291,060	312,100	311,326
16-Hour	Total		323,624	285,970	310,339	296,228	308,445	332,602	333,347
Total Out	Pass. Cars		278,224	247,836	277,039	263,671	278,699	295,848	303,349
High	Total	18,500	22,077	19,267	19,927	18,350	19,104	20,647	19,811
1/2-Hour In	Pass. Cars		20,402	16,870	18,554	16,912	17,653	18,991	18,437
Same	Total	12,000	12,689	10,912	11,150	9,895	9,944	10,919	10,396
1/2-Hour Out	Pass. Cars		11,202	9,349	10,180	8,875	8,983	9,817	9,512
High	Total	20,500	22,760	19,730	22,182	19,550	20,023	21,092	21,078
1/2-Hour Out	Pass. Cars		20,884	17,176	20,575	17,881	18,515	19,669	19,935
Same	Total	13,500	15,602	12,893	14,069	13,115	13,513	12,725	12,306
1/2-Hour In	Pass. Cars		13,876	11,131	12,735	11,902	12,246	11,523	11,346
Highest Veh. Accum. Inc. Initial	Total Pass. Cars	49,000	48,306 46,007	 	58,789 53,641	58,576 54,094	65,215 59,730	68,088 64,130	67,083 62,938

Table 7

Comparison of Total Person and Auto Passenger Statistics, Downtown Los Angeles, Selected Years

CORDON COUNT

	1941	1957	1963	1972	1974	1976	1978	1980
16-Hour Persons	757,120	687,906	605,730	598,673	605,029	628,515	677,365	692,338
Total In Auto Pass.	441,647	403,015	368,844	389,768	372,979	403,821	432,517	435,982
% Auto Passengers	58	59	61	65	62	64	64	63
16-Hour Persons	723,191	692,195	589,964	582,094	578,002	607,334	646,885	677,629
Total Out Auto Pass.	415,403	402,399	355,152	377,295	352,449	387,743	408,435	424,805
% Auto Passengers	57	58	60	65	61	64	63	63
High Persons	50,161	59,411	50,922	42,433	43,524	43,438	43,149	45,355
1/2-Hour In Auto Pass.	25,982	31,247	27,505	25,053	23,071	24,009	24,805	25,010
% Auto Passengers	52	53	54	59	53	55	57	55
Same Persons	26,298	28,010	20,825	20,881	19,331	19,650	21,171	21,032
1/2-Hour Out Auto Pass.	14,499	17,100	11,608	12,425	10,899	11,304	12,125	11,715
% Auto Passengers	55	61	56	59	56	58	57	56
High Persons	61,710	61,592	47,588	49,198	48,232	48,886	47,318	49,705
1/2-Hour Out Auto Pass.	31,558	31,362	27,167	28,611	24,264	26,076	26,013	28,721
% Auto Passengers	51	51	57	58	50	53	55	58
Same Persons	29,629	29,888	26,519	25,856	25,045	26,450	28,941	24,697
1/2-Hour In Auto Pass.	18,160	19,201	15,973	17,068	15,571	16,709	18,369	15,938
% Auto Passengers	61	64	60	66	62	63	63	65
High Persons	174,758	132,618		122,729	135,071	135,061	131,362	139,456
Accum* Auto Pass.	67,593	57,128		68,224	68,450	75,739	75,188	78,090
% Auto Passengers	39	43		55	51	56	57	56

^{*}Persons Crossing Cordon

CORDON AREA TREND	DS AND ANALYS	S

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Area Development and Transportation Characteristics

The Downtown Business District has traditionally been a major activity center for the Los Angeles metropolitian area. Centrally located at the crossroads of several radial freeway routes, it is the eastern edge of the Regional Core.

The Downtown area is accessible from virtually all segments of the County on the 490-mile freeway system by both public and private transportation services. In terms of public transportation, 72 regular scheduled local and suburban bus routes of the SCRTD crossed the cordon boundaries in May 1980. In addition, 41 special, commuter or subscription bus routes of the of the SCRTD entered and left the cordon area at the time of the May, 1980 study.

The 1.1 square mile cordon area encompasses not only the Central Business District, but also a substantial portion of the Los Angeles Civic Center. The cordon area presently includes over 50 million square feet of building floor space.

Summary Data on Person and Vehicle Trips for 1980

This report presents the summary results of the 1980 Cordon Count of Downtown Los Angeles for a typical 16-hour Wednesday in May, from 6 AM to 10 PM. Computer processing of the information collected for the cordon count study provides the comprehensive, detailed data on vehicle and person trips, as shown on Tables 2 through 5. Data shown on Table 1 or as graphically illustrated on Plates 1 through 6 are derived primarily from the four computer tables.

As indicated by these data, a total of 677,147 vehicles crossed the cordon boundaries during the 16-hour study period from 6 AM to 10 PM. During the 16-hour study period, a total of 1,369,967 persons entered and left the cordon area. Of the total persons entering the cordon area, 63.0% arrived in automobiles, 26.8% in transit vehicles, 3.8% in trucks, and the remainder, 6.4%, entered on foot.

The peak person accumulation was at 2:00 PM, when a total of 159,456 persons were within the cordon area. Peak accumulation of vehicles also occurred at 2:00 PM when a total of 67,083 vehicles were within the cordon area.

Long Term Historical Cordon Travel Trends

The earliest recorded data on Downtown cordon area travel activity, taken in 1924, included only passenger volume data (i.e., did not include pedestrian trips) and encompassed only the 13 hours from 6 AM to 7 PM. That study disclosed that over 1.2 million passengers crossed the cordon boundaries during the 13-hour study period. Of that total, 61% were passengers in public transportation facilities and the remainding 39% were passengers in private transportation vehicles, either automobiles or commercial vehicles.

The only other recorded study including data on person trips prior to World War II was conducted in 1941. For the 13-hour period of that study, a total of nearly 1.3 million passengers entered and left the cordon area. In terms of proportional values, that study disclosed a reversal from the 1924 study, i.e., public transportation passengers represented 39% of the total passengers crossing the cordon boundaries and the remaining 61% were occupants in private vehicles.

Comparable 13-hour passenger volume data for these two studies and for selected other cordon studies are shown on Table 8. The trend in regard to inbound cordon person trips, for the 16-hour period, from 6 AM to 10 PM, by the various modes from 1941 to date is depicted on Plate 7.

Short Term (12-year) Cordon Trend Analyses

As is evident from Plate 7, generally increasing volumes of person trips have been crossing the cordon boundaries since 1967. Over the last 12 years, travel mode patterns have also changed significantly. To provide some insight in regard to these changes in travel patterns and modes, detailed analyses have been made of the cordon data for the biennial studies conducted from 1968 to 1980.

Peak Period Person-Trip Volume Trend:

Cordon data for inbound person trips reveal that the volumes in 1980 for the morning peak hour (7-8AM) and the peak two-hour period (7-9AM) were generally at the same level as recorded in 1968:

	Inbound Person Trips			
	1968	1980	Percent change	
Peak hour (7-8 AM)	89,958	88,381	-1.8%	
Peak Two Hours (7-9 AM)	156,115	156,955	+0.5%	

More detailed study of the cordon data for the 12-year period, however, reveals that person-trip volumes for the two half-hour periods preceding the peak-hour period have changed significantly. The volumes of inbound persons for the half-hour periods from 6:00 to 6:30 AM and 6:30 to 7:00 AM have increased progressively from 1968 through 1980, with one exception, i.e., a decrease in 1974 from 1972 for the 6:00 to 6:30 AM period. In 1980, the volume of 46,202 inbound persons for the combined two half-hour periods from 6:00 to 7:00 AM was 49% greater than the volume of 31,014 persons recorded in 1968. This is in sharp contrast to the 2% reduction, as detailed above, for the peak-hour period (7-8 AM) over the 12-year

period. For the total 2-hour period, 6-8 AM, the 1980 volume of 134,583 persons was an increase of 11% over the 1968 inbound volume of 120,972 persons.

Inbound person-trip volumes, 1968-1980, for the four half-hour periods from 6 to 8 AM are graphically illustrated on Plate 8. In terms of proportional values for the 2-hour period, 6-8 AM, the volume from 7-8 AM dropped from 74% in 1968 to 66% in 1980. Conversely, the volume for the hour from 6-7 AM increased in 1980 to 34% of the 2-hour volume from the 26% proportionate volume recorded in 1968.

Numerous factors had an effect on the temporal changes in commuter travel patterns indicated above. The cordon count study procedure does not provide the details to identify or measure the extent of change for the various factors. It can be surmised that the shift in commuter travel patterns over the 12-year study period was a result of an increasing number of employees on flextime arrangements, staggered work-hour schedules, or on programs other than the normal 5 day - 40 hour work week.

Analyses of Person-Destination Trends:

Travel data in this report on inbound trips at the cordon boundaries include trips which merely pass through the cordon area as well as trips which have a destination within the cordon area. To provide insight on the latter, an analysis has been made of cordon accumulation data which record a great majority of person trips having a destination within the cordon area.

For this purpose, person accumulation data was compiled from the biennial cordon studies for 1968 to 1980 for the 2-hour period from 6 to 8 AM. This data only recorded persons crossing the cordon boundaries, by different travel modes (i.e., did not include initial accumulation) and is graphically depicted on Plate 9.

As can be seen from this plate, for the 12-year period from 1968 to 1980, the year 1974 marked either the high or low point for two of the three designated modes of travel for persons arriving in the cordon area. The volume of persons arriving on foot within the cordon area reached a peak volume of 6,096 in 1974, which accounted for 9.0% of the 2 hour influx of total persons for that year. In 1980, pedestrians represented only 1.9% of the total volume of persons destined to the cordon area during the 2-hour period.

Implementation of the 25¢ Flat Fare program for all transit service in Los Angeles County was put into effect on April 1, 1974, and caused a significant change in travel characteristics in the cordon area. For the seven cordon studies included on Plate 9, the lowest volume of passengers in automobiles and other non-transit vehicles remaining within the cordon area during the period from 6 to 8 AM occurred in 1974. This volume of 30,652 non-transit passengers represented 45.4% of the 2-hour volume of total person-destinations in 1974.

At the time of the 1976 study, the Flat Fare program was replaced basically with a 2-zone structure and 35¢ fare for trips within one zone. In May, 1978 and 1980, the transit program was basically the same as in May, 1976, except for increases in the fare structure.

Transit passenger volumes recorded in the 1976 study were also affected two major transit projects. One was the Contra-Flow Bus Lane operation on Spring Street. The other was the Santa Monica Freeway Diamond Lane project. The Diamond Lane project was subsequently terminated in August of 1976.

Person-destinations for bus passengers have shown no distinct trends encompassing at least a 6-year period. It is noted, however, that the fluctuation in bus passenger destinations paralleled the 12-year pattern for the net 2-hour (6 to 8 AM) influx of total persons.

Analysis of the 12-year biennial data on cordon person destinations at the peak accumulation period, 1:30 to 2:00 PM, reveals mode patterns generally similar to the conditions noted the period from 6 to 8 AM. These data include initial accumulation and are approximately double the net influx for the 6 - 8 AM period. The 1968-to-1980 volume trend and distribution pattern, by modes, for the peak period accumulation are depicted on Plate 10. The plate shows that the total number of persons within the cordon area remained relatively constant at the 150,000 to 152,000 volume in the period from 1974 to 1978.

In 1980, the volume of persons within the cordon area at the peak period rose sharply and reversed the declining trend in the proportion of persons arriving in the cordon area on public transportation. At the peak accumulation period in 1980, bus passengers represented 38% of the persons within the cordon area, as opposed to 36% in 1978.

Vehicle Accumulation Patterns:

The 1968-to-date biennial cordon study data on vehicles within the cordon area at the peak accumulation period indicate a relatively stable trend from 1968 to 1974 and an inclining trend from 1974 to 1978. The peak vehicle accumulation in 1980 was down slightly from 1978. (67,083 vs. 68,088 vehicles).

Vehicle accumulation, especially as it relates to peak demand, is dependent to a great extent on the supply of off-street parking spaces. Downtown parking inventory studies were conducted by Wilbur Smith and Associates in 1966 and 1979 and by Associated Parking Consultants in 1970. These studies revealed that, within the cordon area (excluding the Civic Center portion), the supply of off-street parking spaces was as follows:

1966	<u>1970</u>	<u>1979</u>
47,434	49,856	57,140

These data indicate an increase of nearly 10,000 offstreet parking spaces

within the cordon area since 1966, with the majority of this increase occurring in the last decade. Total off-street parking supply in the cordon area in 1979, including the Civic Center portion, was 63,981 parking spaces.

Comparison of data for 1980 with 1968 discloses that the increase in vehicle accumulation has not been consistent over the total 16-hour study period. As shown on Plate 11, the most significant increases in vehicle accumulation occurred in the daytime shopping period (10 AM - 2 PM) and to a lesser extent, in the evening entertainment activity period (6 to 10 PM). Increases during these periods can be partially attributed to the development of approximately one million square feet of retail floor space within the cordon area over the last 12 years.

Automobile Occupancy and Commuter Ridesharing Characteristics:

Automobile passengers in 1980 represented 62% of the total 16-hour volume of persons entering and leaving the cordon area. Changes in the volume of automobile passengers are affected not only by the variations in automobile volumes but also by variations in automobile occupancy factors.

An analysis has been made of the automobile occupancy counts conducted for the biennial cordon counts from 1974 to 1980. Comparative data by fourhour increments are shown on Table 9.

The 16-hour average inbound automobile occupancy factors had an <u>overall</u> growth trend, but changes in the factors for each of the incremental 4-hour units were inconsistent. The data further reveal each of the 4-hour periods had a slightly different pattern for the four successive cordon counts.

Both the total 16-hour and 2-6PM percentages of automobiles with two or more occupants increased with each cordon count from 1974 to 1980. The percentages for 6-10 AM declined from 1974 through 1978 and then increased sharply in 1980.

Previous review of the cordon data for 1968 to date noted that some marked reversals in travel mode patterns occurred in both 1974 and 1980. By May, 1974, two conditions had significantly affected the travel patterns observed in May, 1972. These were (1) restricted availability of gasoline and (2) changes in the basic transit fare structure.

As a result of the Arab Oil Embargo during the latter part of 1973, the supply of gasoline became increasingly restricted and reached the most critical shortages during the period from Mid-February through Mid-March, 1974. At the time of the cordon study in May, supplies had returned to a level where they were generally sufficient to meet normal demands.

Between the 1978 and 1980 cordon studies, one of the most significant factors affecting travel patterns was the escalating cost of gasoline. The

greatest rate of change occurred during 1979, when price increased approximately 60%. By May 1980 gasoline costs were generally more stabilized, with prices remaining relatively unchanged over a short-term period.

During May, 1974, the County-wide 25¢ Transit Flat Fare program was also in operation. Initially implemented on April 1, 1974, this provided a sizable reduction in transit fares.

To provide some insight into how these conditions probably affected travel mode, data for 1974 were compared to 1972 and for 1980 in relation to 1978. Inbound automobile passenger volumes for the period from 6 to 8 AM were compiled to derive information on the volume of passengers in automobiles with single occupants (driver only) or in automobiles with two or more occupants.

The comparative data are depicted on Plate 12. Commuter travel in 1974 and 1980 was markedly different from the previous biennial cordon studies.

The gasoline shortages and sharply reduced transit fares at the time of the 1974 study resulted in a 24% rise in bus ridership. Slightly less than a 2% increase in car-pool passenger volumes and a 16% reduction in passenger volume in single-occupant passenger vehicles occurred from the 2-hour (6-8 AM) volumes recorded in 1972.

Markedly higher gasoline prices and moderate increases in transit fares in 1980 as compared to 1978, resulted in generally equal proportionate increases in bus and car-pool ridership, 16% and 18%, respectively. A reduction of 7% occurred in the passenger volume for single-occupancy passenger vehicles during the 2-hour commuter period.

Over the 8-year period (1972-1980), ridesharing, (bus or car-pool) passenger volumes have grown 31%. In 1980, approximately 21,300 more commuters entered the cordon area between 6 and 8 AM in buses or car-pools than in 1972.

Ridership on public transportation increased significantly since 1972: 16,600 passengers, or 43%. Volume in car-pools increased by 4,700 passengers or 16%. Passenger volume in single-occupancy passenger vehicles in 1980 was essentially the same as in 1972.

Further review of the commuter (6-8 AM) volume data revealed that the major growth in ridesharing in private vehicles occurred as a result of greater increases in low-occupancy car-pools. Passenger volume in car-pools with 2 or 3 occupants in 1980 was approximatley 85% greater than in 1972. Passenger volumes in higher occupancy car-pools, four or more, increased by only 15%. Accordingly, the overall ratio in car-pools entering the cordon area between 6 and 8 AM dropped from 2.34 in 1972 to 2.20 occupants per passenger vehicle in 1980. With greater emphasis on ridesharing the volume of passengers in all vehicles entering the cordon area during this 2-hour commuter period grew by nearly 20%, even though vehicular traffic volume in 1980 increased by only 5% over the 1972 volume.

Person Trip Volume Trends:

One of the most significant measurements of Downtown travel activity provided by the cordon study is person trip volume. For this study, linear regression analyses were conducted of the latest 12-year biennial data by 4-hour increments and for the overall 16-hour study period. Linear trend lines derived from these analyses are plotted on Plate 13.

The greatest growth rate in person-trip volumes occurred for the four-hour period from 6-10 PM. This 4-hour period showed a reduction in 1980 from 1978, however, that was contrary to the trend of inclining volumes from 1974 to 1980 for the other 4-hour periods and for the total 16-hour period.

The next highest volume growth occurred in the mid-day business/shopping period, 10 AM 2 PM. Recorded volumes of persons entering and leaving the cordon area during this period in 1980 were 19% higher than volumes in 1968.

The 4-hour period for 6-10 AM had the lowest annual growth rate in person trip volumes. Over the 12-year period, however, this growth has still been substantial. The volume crossing the cordon boundaries during this 4-hour period, which involves primarily commuter trips, totalled 374,936 persons in 1980, an increase of 40,000 person-trips over the 1968 volume.

These trends indicate the growing importance of the Downtown area for business, shopping, service and cultural activities. They also show the area's importance as the largest employment activity center in the Southern California region.

lable 8 Downtown Cordon Area Passenger Mode Trends

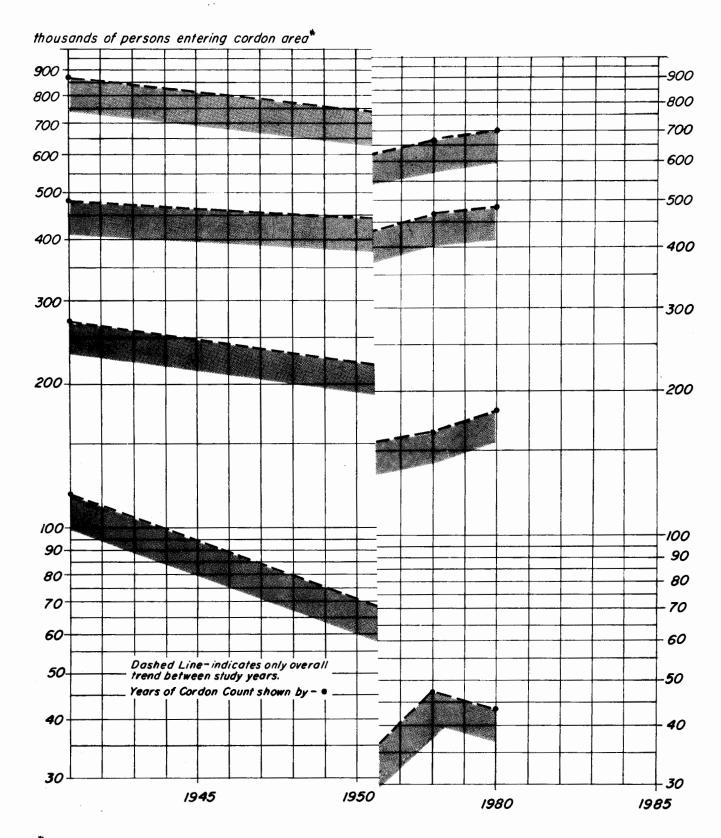
Passenger Volumes Crossing Cordon Boundaries ¹						
Year	Auto. Pass.	Comm. Veh. Pass.	Transit Pass.	Total Pass.		
1924 ²	393,322	74,252	741,124	1,208,698		
19413	715,057	74,724	501,503	1,291,284		
19574	717,591	70,650	394,171	1,182,412		
1963 ⁴	648,414	60,416	267,033	975,863		
1968 ⁴	672,310	54,140	247,840	974,290		
19724	691,198	56,738	238,880	986,816		
1974 ⁴	657,874	53,994	290,010	1,001,878		
1976 ⁴	710,960	49,187	308,730	1,068,877		
1978 ⁴	749,841	61,545	311,589	1,122,975		
1980 ⁴	775,405	48,413	355,136	1,178,954		

Pı	Proportional Rates By Passenger Mode						
Year	Auto. Pass.	Comm. Veh. Pass.	Transit Pass.	Total Pass.			
1924	32.5%	6.2%	61.3%	100%			
1941	55.4%	5.8%	38.8%	100%			
1957	60.7%	6.0%	33.3%	100%			
1963	66.4%	6.2%	27.4%	100%			
1968	69.0%	5.6%	25.4%	100%			
1972	70.0%	5.8%	24.2%	100%			
1974	65.7%	5.4%	28.9%	100%			
1976	66.5%	4.6%	28.9%	100%			
1978	66.8%	5.5%	27.7%	100%			
1980	65.8%	4.1%	30.1%	100%			

^{1 13} Hours - 6AM to 7PM

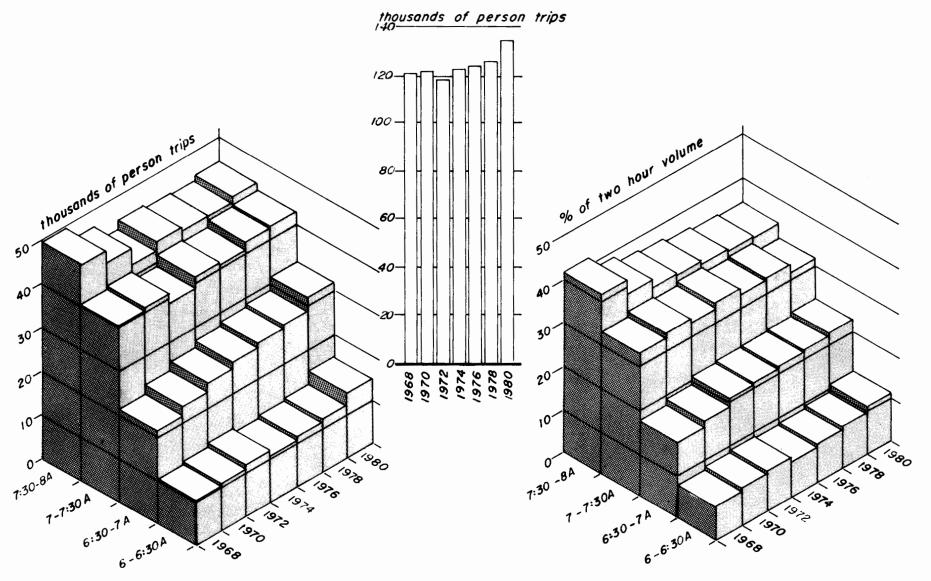
Sources: Report on a Comprehensive Rapid Transit Plan for City and County of Los Angeles, Kelker,
DeLeuw & Co. 1925.

3 Los Angeles County Regional Planning Commission
4 Los Angeles City, Department of Transportation



^{*16} hour period from 6 AM to 10PM

TOTAL INBOUND VOLUME OF PERSON TRIPS .6-8A

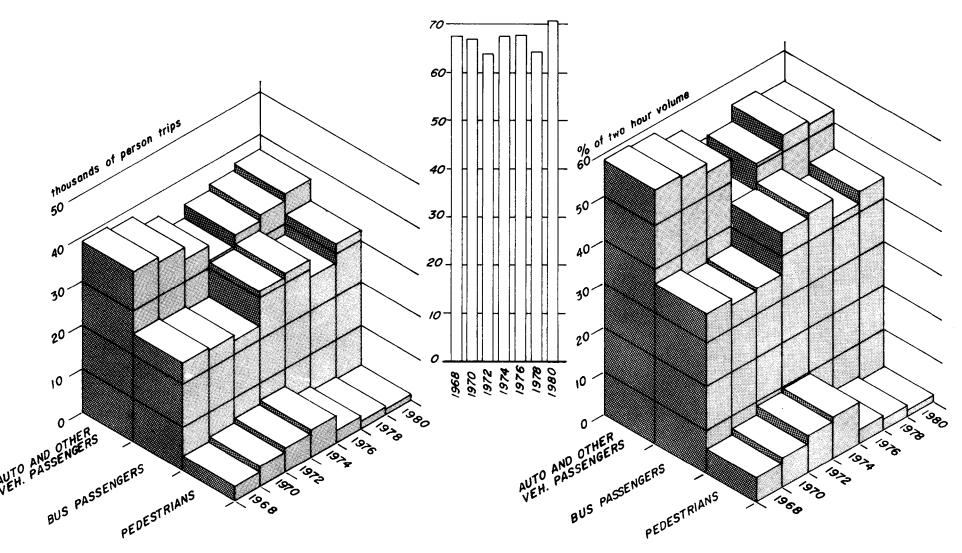


VOLUME OF INBOUND CORDON PERSON TRIPS BY HALF HOUR INCREMENTS

PERCENTAGE OF INBOUND CORDON PERSON TRIPS BY HALF HOUR INCREMENTS FOR RESPECTIVE YEARS

TOTAL CORDON PERSON DESTINATIONS BY ALL MODES 6-8A

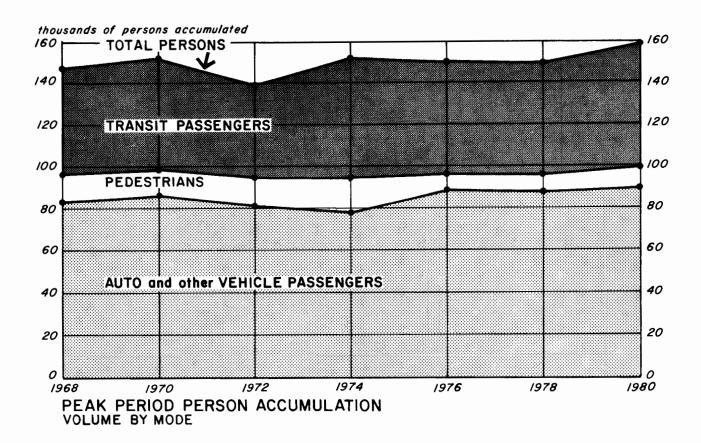
thousands of person destinations

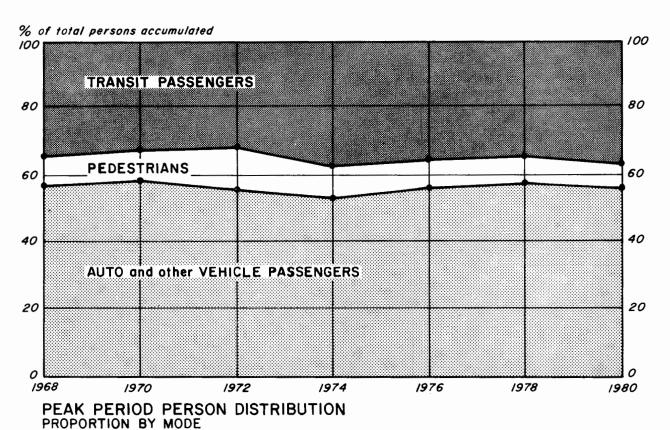


VOLUME OF CORDON PERSON DESTINATIONS BY MODE · 6-8A

PERCENTAGE OF CORDON PERSON DESTINATIONS
BY MODE FOR RESPECTIVE YEARS

TREND IN DOWNTOWN CORDON PERSON DESTINATIONS 6 to 8AM · 1968 to 1980





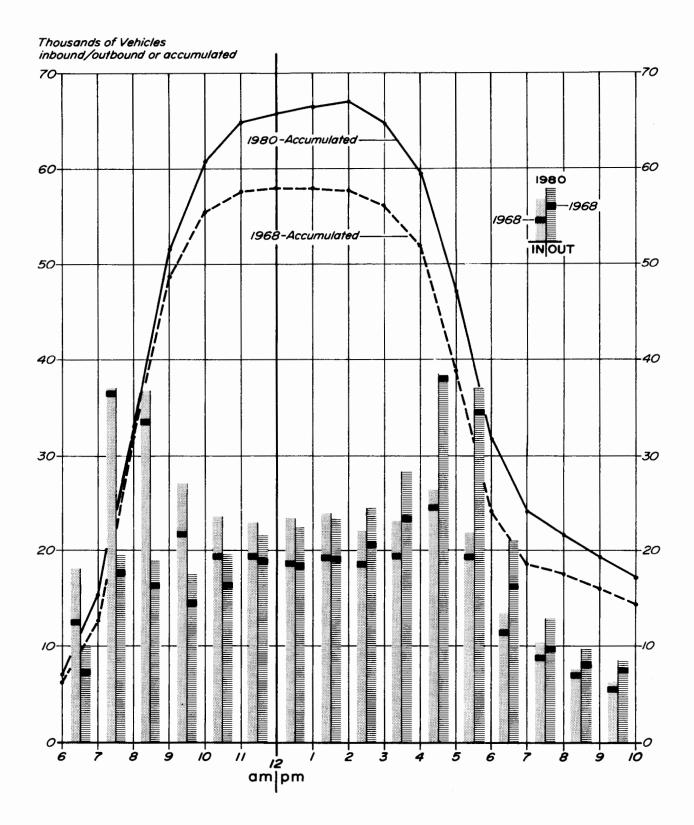


Table 9

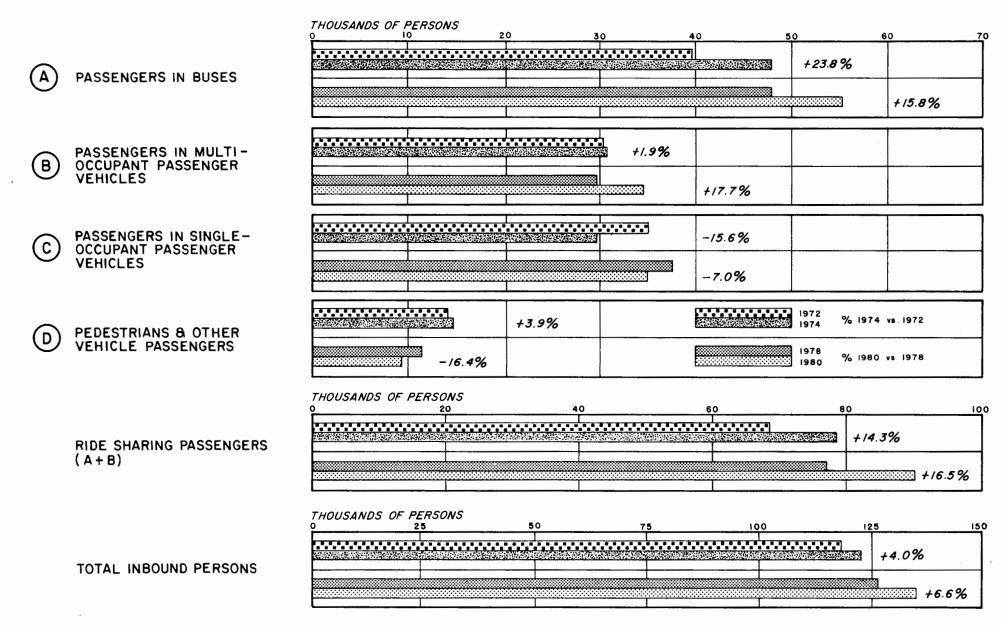
Comparison of Occupancy Data For Passenger Vehicles
Entering Downtown Cordon Area By Selected Time Increments

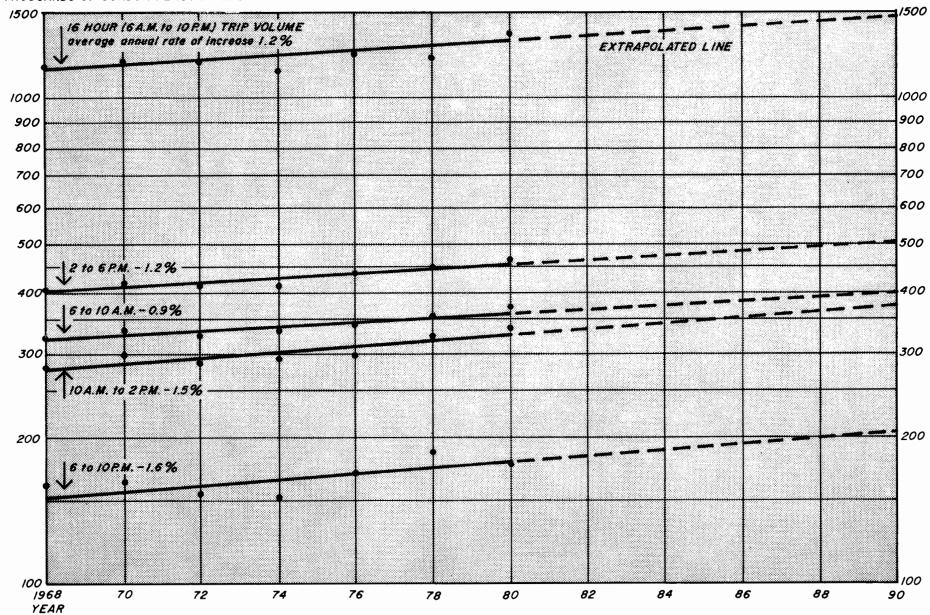
1974-1976-1978-1980

Time	1974		1976		1978		1980	
Period	0ne	2 or More						
6 AM to 10 AM (4 Hours) 10 AM to 2 PM (4 Hours) 2 PM to 6 PM (4 Hours) 6 AM to 6 PM (12 Hours) 6 PM to 10 PM (4 Hours) 6 AM to 10 PM (16 Hours)	74.31 71.79 72.14 72.93 60.07 71.57	25.69 28.21 27.86 27.07 39.93 28.43	74.61 70.33 71.21 72.34 61.54 70.89	25.39 29.67 28.79 27.66 38.46 29.11	75.59 70.45 70.53 72.34 54.41 70.13	24.41 29.55 29.47 27.66 45.59 29.87	72.71 69.03 69.74 70.65 54.75 68.65	27.29 30.97 30.26 29.35 45.25 31.35

						Average	Automo	obile Occu	pancy
						1974	1976	1978	1980
6	AM	to	10	AM	(4 Hours)	1.31	1.31	1.31	1.34
					(4 Hours)	1.36	1.39	1.38	1.40
2	PM	to	6	PM	(4 Hours)	1.38	1.38	1.39	1.41
6	AM	to	6	PM	(12 Hours)	1.34	1.36	1.36	1.38
					(4 Hours)	1.58	1.57	1.69	1.68
6	AM	to	10	PM	(16 Hours)	1.37	1.38	1.40	1.42

COMMUTER TRAVEL MODE PATTERNS-CORDON INBOUND PERSON TRIPS-6 TO 8A.M. 1974 VS. 1972 & 1980 VS. 1978





LINEAR TREND LINES · CORDON PERSON TRIP VOLUMES 1968 to 1980 and EXTRAPOLATED to 1990

CORDON AREA
TRAVEL TRENDS IN
RETROSPECT & PROSPECT



Travel Trends and Patterns During the 1970 Decade:

Considering the travel patterns that have evolved in relation to changes in other conditions, it can be concluded that the most relevant period for projecting Downtown travel trends in the 1980's is the 8-year period from 1972 to 1980. Some of the most significant travel trends and travel mode changes from 1972 to 1980 were as follows:

- o Except for a slight reduction in 1974, the volume of persons entering and leaving the cordon area over the total 16-hour study period has increased steadily since 1972. The volume of 1,370,000 person-trips across the cordon boundaries in 1980 represented an overall increase of 189,000 person-trips, or 16% since 1972.
- o Accumulation of persons within the cordon area at the peak period, 1:30 2:00 PM, rose by nearly 20,000 persons, or 14%, from the 1972 volume of 139,700 to a total of 159,500 persons in 1980.
- o For the 6-8 AM commuter period, the volume of inbound passengers in 1974, compared to 1972, in buses was up by 9,200 passengers, or 24%, while volume in single-occupant passenger vehicles dropped by 5,400 passengers, or 15%.
- o In 1980 compared to 1978, for the 6-8 AM commuter period, inbound bus passenger volume rose by 7,600 passengers, or 16%; car-pool passenger volume rose by 5,200 passengers, or 18%; the combined increase was 12,800, or 17%, in ridesharing passengers.
- o The inbound person-trip volumes for the hour from 6-7 AM increased by 28% while the "peak hour" 7-8 AM commuter volume rose by only 8% in 1980 over the volumes recorded in 1972.

Travel trends during the 1970's were affected by events that were newsworthy and self-evident. Many of these events were instrumental in causing a significant increase in transit usage and other ridesharing:

- As a result of the Arab Oil Embargo, critical gas shortages occurred in the Southern California region just prior to the May 1974 Cordon study.
- o Also, just prior to the 1974 Cordon study, a \$.25 Flat Fare program was implemented for all transit service in Los Angeles County; this was a substantial fare reduction, especially for the commuter trips from the residential areas on the outward reaches of Los Angeles County.
- o Energy crisis conditions in 1979 resulted not only in reduced supplies but also escalation in the cost of gasoline over the entire year. In the Los Angeles metropolitan area, gasoline costs increased by 60% during 1979. (By May 1980, the rise in gasoline costs had subsided such that only moderate increses were experienced.)

- o Benefits derived from continuing development of more fuel-efficient automobiles were at least partially offset by increased parking costs.
- o Since 1974, considerable effort has been expended in the Los Angeles metropolitan area, by both the public and private sector, in the implementation of ridesharing programs to assist commuters in the formation of car-pools, van-pools and subscription bus service, and in the provision of subsidies and preferential facilities for commuters in multi-occupancy vehicles.

Other inter-related major changes also had a significant bearing on cordon travel activity during the 1970's:

- o Extensive new building construction resulted in development of over 10 million square feet of net rentable, non-residential floor space, including over one million square feet of retail floor space, within the cordon area.
- o Development of new parking facilities, primarily construction of parking structures either as an integral part of large complexes or on separate sites, resulted in an increase of approximately 10,000 off-street parking spaces within the cordon area.
- o Changes in peak travel conditions resulted from the greater flexibility afforded to employees in variable work-hours schedules and compressed work-week programs.

Potential Travel Growth and Mode Pattern Changes in the 1980's:

Based on the extensive development presently under construction, in the final planning phase, or planned to go to construction in the immediate future within the Downtown area, person-trip volumes entering and leaving the cordon area can be anticipated to increase over most, if not all, of the 1980 decade. A continuation of volume increases at the growth rate for the 1968-1980 period would increase the 16-hour volume across the cordon boundaries to 1,470,000 person-trips by 1990, an increase of 100,000 persons (or 7%) over the 1980 volume. With commensurate growth, the inbound 2-hour (6-8 AM) commuter period volume would rise from the 1980 volume of 135,000 to 144,000 person-trips by 1990. Assuming that the proportions of pedestrians and commercial vehicle passenger volumes would remain at the 1980 level, the passenger volume for the other two modes, buses and automobiles, would increase to 134,000 passengers in 1990 from the present volume of 125,000 passengers.

The total volume of inbound passengers in automobiles and buses for the 6-8 AM commuter period has increased steadily from 1972 to 1980. The proportionate volume of passengers in single-occupancy passenger vehicles has fluctuated widely, however, ranging from 27% to 34% of the total bus and automobile passenger volume. On the other hand, the trend in ride-sharing passenger volume has been relatively stable since 1974, with approximately 39% in car-pools and 61% of the ridesharing volume as passengers in buses.

It is not possible to predict the proportions of the total 1990 automobile and bus passenger volume that will be in single-occupant automobiles, car-pools or buses. Nevertheless, passenger volumes can be quantified assuming specific mode compositions. This analysis was made to derive 1990 volumes at (A) 1972 proportionate rates, (B) at 1980 proportionate rates and (C) at rates assuming the ridesharing proportion increases at the 1972-1980 growth rate. The passenger volumes derived from this analysis in relation to the inbound volumes recorded in 1980 for the 6-8 AM commuter period are as follows:

Potential 1990 Mode Patterns

		Potential 1990 Mode Volumes		Passenger
	1980 Vol's	_ <u>A</u> _	В	<u> </u>
Total-In Autos & Buses	125,000	134,000	134,000	134,000
In Single-Occup. Autos	35,000	45,000	38,000	27,000
Ridesharing Volume	90,000	89,000	96,000	107,000
In Car-Pools	35,000	39,000	37,000	42,000
In Buses	55,000	50,000	59,000	65,000

This indicates that, if mode patterns revert to 1972 (A) proportions the ridesharing passenger volume in 1990 would drop by 1,000 from the 1980 volume. It is more likely, however, that ridesharing will continue to grow with increased passenger volumes in car-pools and buses (C) from the 1980 volume of 90,000 to 107,000 passengers in 1990. This analysis also indicates that, in 1990 compared to 1980 volumes, passenger volume in single-occupant passenger vehicles would decrease by 8,000 as a result of the higher ("C") ridesharing rate but would increase by 10,000 passengers with lower level ("A") ridesharing.

Given the continued growth in the Downtown area, it can be reasonably concluded that cordon travel activity will continue to increase during not only commuter periods but all day-time business hours. As in the 1970's, travel mode patterns can be expected to include more use of ridesharing over the next decade.