CONSTANCE L. RICE FILED ROBERT GARCÍA CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT BILL LANN LEE 2 MOLLY MUNGER OCT 2 9 1996 NAACP LEGAL DEFENSE AND 3 EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC. 315 West Ninth Street, Suite 208 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA Los Angeles, CA 90015 (213) 624-2405 5 DEWITT W. CLINTON, COUNTY ELAINE R. JONES 6 COUNSEL THEODORE M. SHAW DAVID B. KELSEY NAACP LEGAL DEFENSE AND 7 EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC. JOYCE CHANG 99 Hudson Street, 16th Floor One Gateway Plaza 8 Los Angeles, CA 90012 New York, NY 10013 (213) 922-2000 (212) 219-1900-9 RIORDAN & MCKINZIE E. RICHARD LARSON 10 A Professional Corporation MARK D. ROSENBAUM KENNETH KLEIN ACLU FOUNDATION OF 11 PAMELA A. KELLEY SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA 300 South Grand Avenue 1616 Beverly Boulevard 12 29th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90026 Los Angeles, CA 90071-3155 (213) 977-9500 13 (213) 629-4824 14 Attorneys for Defendants Attorneys for Plaintiffs Continued on the next page 15 ENTERED UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT ERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA OCT 3 1 1996 WESTERN DIVISION LENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CASE NO. CV 94-5936 TJH (Mcx) $\overline{20}$ LABOR/COMMUNITY STRATEGY CENTER, et al., 21 CONSENT DECREE Plaintiffs, 22 VS. Not Applicable Date: 23 Time: LOS ANGELES COUNTY METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY and Place: 24 . 1. REBY CERTIFY THAT THIS DOCUMENT WAS SERVED BY JOSEPH DREW, etc. 1.8131 CLASS MAIL POSTAGE PREPAID, TO ALL COUNSEL 25 RA PARTIES) AT THEIR RESPECTIVE MOST RECENT ADDRESS OF Defendants. RECORD IN THIS ACTION ON THIS DATE. 26 THIS CONSTITUTES NOTICE OF ENTRY 27 DEPUTY CLERK AS REQUIRED BY FRCP, RULE 77(d). 28 OCT 3 1 1996

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The Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority ("MTA") and the Labor/Community Strategy Center, the Bus Riders Union, the Southern Christian Leadership Conference of Greater Los Angeles, the Korean Immigrant Workers Advocates and other bus riders in Los Angeles County share a strong common commitment to the improvement of bus service for the transit-dependent populations of Los Angeles County. In furtherance of that commitment, the parties have agreed to settle the litigation, Labor/Community Strategy Center, et al. v. Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority, et al., in accordance with the following terms and conditions of this Consent Decree. Attachments A and B shall be deemed to be parts of this Consent Decree and are fully incorporated by reference here.

I. BASIC PRINCIPLES AND OBJECTIVES

- A. MTA is fully committed to insuring that all transit patrons in Los Angeles

 County, without regard to race, color, or national origin, have equal and equitable access to a

 fully integrated mass transportation system that effectively meets the needs of all riders.
- B. In September 1995, the MTA Board adopted as its "highest priority, improvement of the quality of bus service in Los Angeles."
- C. MTA shall institute and maintain a policy of charging equitable fares for the provision of transit services.
- D. MTA shall institute and maintain a policy of fairly distributing resources devoted to transit security in the form of uniformed officers, improved waiting areas, and other measures, among all classes of service, all modes of transit, and all geographic areas served by MTA.
- E. Capital improvement planning and programming for MTA shall include attention to all modes of transportation and all areas of the County from which riders are drawn.

 Improvements meeting the needs of transit-dependent populations shall be given priority, consistent with MTA's other statutory responsibilities and obligations.
- F. "Transit-dependents" are residents of Los Angeles County whose access to automobiles is limited by income, age or disability. Consistent with MTA's other statutory responsibilities and obligations, MTA's first prior for the use of all bus-eligible revenue

realized in excess of funds already specifically budgeted for other purposes shall be to improve bus service for the transit-dependent by implementing MTA's obligations pursuant to this Consent Decree. If sufficient funding is not provided to meet the obligations set forth in this Consent Decree, the matter shall be addressed in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Consent Decree.

- G. Future MTA long-range plans, major capital projects, and annual budgets shall include a section devoted to the means by which the transit needs of transit-dependent residents are being and shall be met. Such section shall address specifically how these principles and objectives are being met.
- H. MTA will work with representatives of the plaintiffs' class in implementing these principles and objectives and the Consent Decree. To that end, a Joint Working Group (JWG), described in Section IV, below, shall be established to provide for cooperation between representatives of the plaintiffs' class and MTA.

II. SERVICE IMPROVEMENTS

- A. Reducing Overcrowding By Adding New Service.
- 1. <u>Improved Performance Goal: Reduced Lean Factor Targets</u>. MTA's performance in meeting this critical objective of responding to consumer demand for bus services efficiently shall be measured by the reduction in levels of crowding on board buses. MTA shall establish as a five-year goal to be reached by the end of the fifth complete fiscal year following the approval of this Consent Decree, the reduction of the maximum load factor ceiling for all bus routes from 1.45 to 1.2 in the following increments ("target load factors"):

December 31, 1997, 1.35

June 30, 2000, 1.25

June 30, 2002, 1.2

Thereafter, MTA shall maintain the 1.2 load factor for the duration of this Consent Decree.

2. <u>Load Factor Definition</u>. "Peak load factor" shall mean (total number of passengers/total number of seats) which shall be determined by computing the highest ratio of

total number of passengers to total number of seats achieved during any 20 minute weekday peak period in the peak direction of travel on each bus line. This load factor computation would be based on a one hour time interval during non-peak periods. Target load factors shall not be achieved by by-passing passengers at bus stops. MTA shall conduct ride checks to determine load factors using current MTA procedures and schedules. MTA shall supply the JWG with all such data, including on-board surveys, ride and point checks and passenger surveys, throughout the year, and inform the JWG of any change in data gathering/processing procedures. The JWG may request that MTA collect additional data as appropriate to monitor compliance with the load factor targets.

- additional buses and other vehicles to meet these target load factors. While MTA will have the discretion in determining how the targets will be met, MTA will consult with the JWG in formulating and implementing this plan. MTA will prepare at least 90 days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, and make publicly available, a report setting forth its plan to meet the targets as of the date the report is issued, recognizing that changes in ridership, fares, the economy and other factors may require modifications to the plan. In addition, when MTA makes its scheduled modification to its long range plan it shall incorporate plans to insure the availability and operation of the additional buses and other vehicles required to meet these targets. If ridership shall increase by more than 15 percent on any bus line MTA shall nevertheless make its best efforts to meet the target for that line and the target for that line may be deferred for one (and only one) year. In addition, the JWG will designate a list of bus lines which may be exempted from the load factor reduction requirement, such as lines with low frequency service.
- 4. Failure to Meet Targets. If MTA fails to meet the target load factors for all buslines by the dates specified in paragraph 1 above, (except those exempted or deferred under
 paragraph 3 above), MTA shall meet the target as soon as possible and reallocate sufficient
 funds from other programs to meet the next lower target load factor as scheduled. The
 reprogrammed funds, which may include but not be limited to revenues from Propositions A

 and C discretionary funds, shall be used to meet the target load factors. Any dispute concerning whether the targets have been met; or if the targets have not been met, whether sufficient funds have been reprogrammed to meet the next target will be reviewed by the JWG. If the JWG cannot resolve the matter it will be referred to the Special Master. The failure of MTA to meet the target load factors shall not be deemed a changed or unforeseen factual condition for purposes of seeking a modification of this Consent Decree by MTA.

- B. Expanded Bus Service Improvement Program. MTA shall initiate the bus service improvement program during the remaining months of calendar year 1996 that will result in immediate, visible and tangible benefits in improved bus service for the transit-dependent communities of Los Angeles County, including but not limited to areas in south and east Los Angeles and Pico Union. This program will make available 51 additional buses (i.e., buses in addition to those already planned for replacement purposes) by the end of calendar year 1996 to reduce overcrowding, initiate new services, and improve mobility and access for transit-dependent riders. Another 51 additional buses (i.e., buses in addition to those already planned for replacement purposes) to reduce overcrowding will be available by June 30, 1997, for a net of 102 additional buses. Bus service improvement plans that have already been funded by MTA will be implemented expeditiously following the approval of this Consent Decree.
 - C. New Bus Service To Facilitate Access To County-wide Job, Education and Health Centers.
- additional bus service that is designed to improve access by the transit-dependent community angeles to Los Angels County-wide educational, employment, and health care centers, as well as enhancing personal mobility throughout the region. See Attachment A, Section IV.A for examples of specific service improvements that could facilitate access to health care centers. Routes to increase service to job and education centers or to add service to existing routes also shall be developed by MTA working with the JWG, as set out in Attachment A, Section IV.B.

The parties understand that the addition of these routes must be responsive to sufficient rider demand and economically feasible and that such new routes will be closely monitored and terminated if there is not sufficient customer demand.

- 2. After consultation with the JWG, MTA will initiate as expeditiously as possible a pilot project to provide a minimum of fifty additional buses (i.e., buses in addition to those buses already planned for replacement purposes) during the next two years to demonstrate how this program can meet the needs of transit-dependent areas for access to jobs, education and health services. The JWG will evaluate the pilot project and develop a plan for additional bus and other transit services over the following five years, which shall include a projection of the number of buses and other vehicles needed to provide such services. If the JWG cannot agree on a five-year plan by December 31, 1998, the issue may be referred to the Special Master.
- D. Comprehensive Program To Enhance Security, Improve Bus Stops, Increase User-Friendliness, and Improve Bus Service Efficiency For Transit-Dependent Riders ("Program"). A description of the service improvements contained in this Program is provided at Attachment B.
- E. Consultation With Riders in Improving Bus Service to the Transit-Dependent.

 Implementation of significant improvements in bus service for the transit-dependent population over the next seven years will require some reallocation of the existing fleet, the procurement of additional buses, a wide variety of service enhancements and other innovative responses as devised by MTA. MTA agrees to work with IWG in a spirit of cooperation in achieving the objectives of this Consent Decree. MTA may also work through neighborhood advisory councils in soliciting advice and in evaluating MTA's progress in meeting the principles and objectives. Consultation with the neighborhood advisory councils, however, shall not constitute a part of the monitoring process for insuring compliance with this Consent Decree.

III. FARES

A. General Pass. The monthly pass is essential to ensure affordable transportation for transit-dependent persons who utilize the bus for work and personal mobility throughout the day. MTA will provide general passes at the following prices:

- 1. monthly pass: \$42.00
- 2. semi-monthly pass: \$21.00
- 3. weekly pass: \$11.00

MTA shall effectively market and distribute passes and tokens.

- B. Base Fare. The general base fare shall be \$1.35. Transfers shall be 25 cents.
- C. Off-Peak Discounts. The fare shall be 75 cents during off-peak periods on selected lines that are heavily used by transit-dependents, as determined by MTA.
 - D. Tokens. The 90 cent token will be continued.
- E. Other Fares. The prices for MTA's other passes, such as passes for seniors, disabled and students, shall be maintained at current levels for the duration of the general pass price, as set out in Section III.F (introductory paragraph), below.
- will remain in effect through November 1, 1998. Except as set forth in 1 and 2 below, from November 1, 1998 through November 1, 2003, MTA may increase fares up to a level reflecting any increase in the Long Beach/Los Angeles Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area Consumer Price Index ("the CPI") from October 1, 1995 to the time the fare increase is proposed, with special reference to any increase or decrease in the household income of the bottom quartile of the Los Angeles County population (as published by the United States Department of Commerce) for the same period, or at a lesser rate if MTA chooses. In adjusting pass prices, the Board may round off the price to the nearest dollar. In adjusting

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fares other than passes and transfers, the Board may round off the price to the nearest nickel.

This Consent Decree will not restrict MTA's authority to adjust fares after November 1, 2003.

These provisions are subject to the following two conditions:

- The prices of the general monthly, semi-monthly and weekly passes (the 1. "general pass") shall not be increased until after November 1, 1999 unless MTA develops and adopts a new pass (or alternative system based on new technology) that ensures that pass prices for transit-dependent, low income riders will not be increased before November 1, 1999. If at any time MTA adopts a pass exclusively for transit-dependent, low income riders (a "low income pass") that is administratively feasible, then MTA may increase the price of the general pass without restrictions. A low income pass may require some type of incomerelated qualification or may be linked to appropriate government programs that assist low income people. MTA will consult with the JWG before it implements a low income pass. After November 1, 1999, the price of the new low income pass may be increased up to a level reflecting any increase in the CPI from October 1, 1995 to the time the low income pass price increase is proposed, with special reference to any increase or decrease in the household income of the bottom quartile of the Los Angeles County population (as published by the United States Department of Commerce) for the same period, or at a lesser rate if MTA chooses. In adjusting low income and general pass prices, the Board may round off the price to the nearest dollar. All restrictions on low income pass increases shall terminate on November 1, 2003. MTA may exclude corporate buyers from eligibility for any and all passes at any time.
- 2. At any time, MTA, after consultation with the JWG, may propose an adjustment in fare levels and categories that reflects new technology and is consistent with the principles and objectives of this Consent Decree. If the JWG does not agree to the

adjustments in fare level and categories resulting from the new technology, the matter may be submitted to the Special Master.

IV. JOINT WORKING GROUP

- A. The parties shall establish a small Joint Working Group (JWG) consisting of an equal number of representatives of MTA and the plaintiffs' class. Each party shall select its own representatives. The purpose of the JWG will be to foster cooperation in the implementation of this Consent Decree.
- B. MTA shall work with the JWG in the development and implementation of bus service improvement plans and on fare adjustment issues.
- C. MTA shall engage in rider surveys, and shall seek the participation and concurrence of the JWG in developing the methodology and procedures for such surveys.

V. SPECIAL MASTER

- A. The parties have agreed upon Donald T. Bliss to serve as the Special Master, subject to the approval of the District Court, to facilitate the resolution of disputes arising under any provision of this Consent Decree. If Mr. Bliss does not or cannot serve as the Special Master now or in the future, the parties shall try to agree on the selection of a Special Master, subject to the approval of the District Court. To the extent that the parties cannot agree on a Special Master, or if the District Court rejects the parties' selection, the District Court will appoint the Special Master.
- B. Any dispute arising under any provision of Sections I through IV of this Consent Decree in which the JWG has a role shall initially be addressed by the JWG. If the JWG cannot resolve the matter, or if the JWG does not have a role in the disputed function, this dispute shall be referred to the attorneys to the parties. If the attorneys cannot resolve the matter informally, the attorneys shall refer the matter to the Special Master for resolution,

pursuant to procedures set forth by the Special Master. Any matter resolved by or referred to the Special Master may be reviewed by the District Court, along with the recommendations of the Special Master, if any, upon motion by either of the parties.

C. Subject to mutually agreeable conditions, the Special Master shall be compensated for his time and expense by MTA within 30 days of the submission of time charges and expenses to MTA Chief Executive Officer or his or her delegee.

VI. MODIFICATION OF THE CONSENT DECREE

- A. Any party to this Consent Decree may seek to modify any provision or provisions of this Consent Decree. The party seeking modification bears the burden of establishing, to the satisfaction of the Special Master and ultimately to the satisfaction of the Court, that a significant change in circumstances warrants revision of the Consent Decree, and that the proposed revision or revisions are suitably tailored to the changed circumstances.
- B. Modification of this Consent Decree may be warranted when changed factual conditions make compliance with the Consent Decree unworkable or substantially more onerous, and when the changed factual conditions were unforeseen at the time of the entry into this Consent Decree.

VII. INTERPRETATION OF THE CONSENT DECREE

If any dispute arises as to the interpretation of any provision of this Consent Decree, no prior written drafts of this Consent Decree shall be used in any way to interpret any provision of this Consent Decree.

VIII. CONTINUING JURISDICTION

The District Court shall retain jurisdiction over this litigation for ten years from the date of the approval of this Consent Decree in order to monitor compliance with this Consent Decree. At the end of seven years MTA may file a motion with the District Court to

terminate the Consent Decree and the Court shall grant such motion if MTA shows to the Court's satisfaction that it has substantially complied with the Consent Decree and that it has in place a service plan that will enable continued adherence to the principles and objectives of the Consent Decree during the five years subsequent to the termination of this Consent Decree.

IX. ATTORNEYS' FEES, COSTS AND EXPENSES

- A. Plaintiffs intend to apply for reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and expenses in connection with the litigation that resulted in this Consent Decree.
- B. Plaintiffs shall be entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and expenses for monitoring compliance with the Consent Decree, subject to mutually agreeable conditions.
- C. The parties will endeavor to resolve the foregoing matters informally, and, if they are not able to do so, the matter will be submitted to the Special Master, who shall make recommendations to the parties. If either party or both parties do not accept those recommendations, the matter will be submitted, along with the recommendations of the Special Master, to the District Court through a motion filed within 45 days of the date of the Special Master's recommendations.

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ATTACHMENT A

THE NEED FOR ADDITIONAL MTA BUS SERVICE

This Attachment describes MTA bus service improvements for the transit-dependent of Los Angeles County, as required by Section II of the Consent Decree. MTA shall have flexibility to use alternative service delivery options in fulfilling its obligations pursuant to this Consent Decree.

I. OVERALL PRINCIPLES

- A. Additional bus service in Los Angeles County would achieve the following goals:
- To reduce overcrowding
- To reduce waiting and transfer times
- To meet unmet employment, medical, educational and other needs
- To serve new areas
- To allow greater mobility to other parts of the County for the transit-dependent
- To meet unmet ridership needs
- To replace old buses and bring the fleet up to modern standards
- B. MTA shall reallocate and expand its bus fleet to meet the most basic needs of the transit-dependent. The additional service will address the following categories of need:
- Reduction of overcrowded lines
- Essential non-emergency medical transportation
- Access to County-wide job and education centers

II. REDUCTION OF OVERCROWDED LINES THROUGH TARGET LOAD FACTORS

These target load factors are set out in Section II.A of the Consent Decree above and shall be achieved in the manner set forth therein.

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III. EXPANDED BUS SERVICE IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

The manner in which MTA shall implement the expanded bus service improvement program is set forth in Section II.B of the Consent Decree above.

IV. NEW BUS SERVICES

A. Essential Non-Emergency Medical Transportation Needs. With the restructuring of the County Health Care system, patients often have to travel long distances to clinics in other communities. It is essential that transit-dependent people be able to get to these clinics in a reasonable amount of time. In the design of the pilot project set forth in Section II.C.2 of the Consent Decree, MTA shall consider the feasibility of (1) adding buses for lines 120-121, 117 and 264 to bring more reliable service to the Los Amigos Medical Center, and (2) adding buses on line 205 and extending a branch of line 204 to the Harbor/UCLA Hospital. MTA shall undertake a more detailed analysis, along with the JWG, to assess the transit needs at other public hospitals in connection with the five-year plan described in Section II.C.2.

B. New Bus Service To Job and Education Centers. In designing the pilot project and developing the five-year plan in consultation with the JWG, as set forth in Section II.C.2 of the Consent Decree, MTA shall develop a plan to provide additional service, or to add service to existing routes, via bus and other vehicles to meet the needs of the transit-dependent attempting to travel to and from job and education centers. This plan shall enable transit-dependent riders to move from their neighborhoods to areas of employment and health care.

The plan shall expand bus and other vehicle service to serve important centers outside downtown Los Angeles. If the JWG cannot agree on a five-year plan, the issue may be referred to the Special Master.

ATTACHMENT B

This attachment sets forth action steps to enhance security, improve bus stops, increase user-friendliness, and improve bus service efficiency for transit-dependent riders, as required by Section II.D of the Consent Decree, above.

I. BUS SECURITY

A. 48 Additional Officers. MTA shall take specific steps to improve security for bus riders. In this regard, in 1995 MTA received a matching grant from the Department of Justice ("DOJ") which has provided approximately \$2 million to improve bus security and ultimately could lead to additional grants totalling another \$2 million. Specifically, last year the DOJ grant provided \$1.1 million to MTA that was used to hire 12 transit officers exclusively assigned to buses in South Central Los Angeles. The grant was a three-year grant and MTA agrees to continue to fund those additional 12 officers after the grant expires.

MTA received an additional DOJ matching grant of \$900,000 in fiscal year 1996 to fund the hiring of 12 transit officers to be assigned exclusively to bus operations in East Los Angeles. MTA agrees to hire these 12 officers and assign them to bus operations in East Los Angeles and to continue the funding of these additional 12 officers after the DOJ grant expires.

MTA has applied for a third matching grant from the DOJ that would provide 12 additional officers dedicated exclusively to bus operations in the Hollywood-Rampart-Koreatown area, which is another high crime, highly transit-dependent area of the city. Next year MTA shall apply for a fourth matching grant from the DOJ that would result in 12 officers being added to police bus operations in another highly transit-dependent area, the east San Fernando Valley. If these two additional grants are approved, then another 24 officers shall be added within the next two years.

As set forth above, MTA shall authorize the MTA matching funds to provide a net increase over 4 years of 48 transit officers (which includes continued funding of the 12 officers already working in South Central Los Angeles) and, if the grants are approved, MTA will assign such officers exclusively to bus operations in transit-dependent areas.

B. Women In Transit Grant. MTA shall apply for a special \$400,000 grant from the U.S. Department of Transportation under the Omnibus Crime Bill of 1994. This grant shall fund a special unit to concentrate on safety and security for women who use the MTA regional public transit system, with special emphasis on heavily transit-dependent areas.

II. BUS STOPS

Bus-stop improvement involves the cooperation and approval of the different jurisdictions which own the bus stops.

- A. Pilot Program for Bus Shelter Improvement. MTA shall make available as part of its Call For Projects a total of \$500,000 over the next five years to be dedicated to bus-stop improvement. While the local jurisdictions will apply for such funds, MTA agrees that any funds provided through such grants shall go first to communities that are heavily transit-dependent. The JWG will evaluate this pilot project and recommend to the MTA Board an expanded program for bus stop improvements.
- B. Los Angeles Neighborhood Initiative Program (LANI). MTA has received a grant from the Department of Transportation for \$3.9 million to fund the Los Angeles Neighborhood Initiative Program ("LANI"). LANI is focused on eight neighborhoods, each of which has been identified as transit-dependent and economically challenged. The program organizes local councils to suggest local transit improvements. To date, the local councils have asked for and MTA has provided at least 21 new bus shelters, the planting of street trees near bus stops in these neighborhoods, and additional landscaping to improve the pedestrian

environment at bus stops.

Phase 2 of LANI, which is just beginning, shall include the purchase and installation of security cameras and additional lighting at bus stops, as well as the placement of route information machines at transit information booths in the chosen neighborhoods.

Additionally, the LANI councils applied for and received \$320,000 from MTA to be used for additional improvements to bus stops and for the establishment of transit information booths. MTA will work with the JWG to evaluate whether the LANI concept should be continued and expanded.

III. USER FRIENDLINESS

A. Smart Shuttle. In last year's Call For Projects, MTA awarded a total of approximately \$8 million for a two-year demonstration project to test the viability of Smart Shuttles. Four demonstration projects, three of which are in areas containing large minority populations, were designated: (1) Westlake-MacArthur; (2) South Central Los Angeles; (3) Northeast Valley; and (4) West San Fernando Valley.

With respect to the Smart Shuttle service in the Northeast Valley, service is expected to begin in 1997 and continue for approximately two years. Such service is expected to include putting in a circulator service, which will aid transit-dependent riders who must travel long distances to reach transit stops. This circulator will utilize vans as well as smaller sized buses operating in a more flexible manner than would be available with fixed-route bus service. It is expected to allow riders to call in beforehand so that they can most efficiently be picked up and taken to their destinations. In South Central Los Angeles and MacArthur Park, where the transit systems are overcrowded, the Smart Shuttle will provide connections to regional transportation systems such as the Blue Line, Green Line, Red Line and Harbor Transitway. Smart Shuttle is expected to permit individual passengers and vehicle operators to become

acquainted with each other in a way not normally possible with fixed-route bus service. MTA shall work with the JWG to find ways to utilize Smart Shuttles to improve personal mobility in transit-dependent areas. Smart Shuttle programs shall not adversely affect bus improvements for the transit-dependent and shall seek to provide greater service to the transit-dependent.

- B. Bus Restructuring Study. In 1993 MTA initiated the Bus Restructuring Study in an effort to make the entire bus system more user friendly. The study divides the bus system into eight areas and analyzes each area to determine the nature of the problems experienced by riders and what can be done to eliminate or reduce those problems. In this regard, recently an evaluation began of the mid-cities area, which includes South Central Los Angeles, to determine how bus service can be improved. The study will cost approximately \$450,000, will seek community input, will examine innovative transit services, will improve coordination between MTA and municipal operators, and should result in substantial improvement in the nature of bus service in the inner city. MTA will consult with the JWG on the findings of the Bus Restructuring Study.
- very extensive customer satisfaction market research study. This study involves extensive surveys of current bus riders, former bus riders and non-users to determine their attitudes toward the bus system. The goal is to get an accurate portrait of who is riding the buses and what can be done to make the buses more attractive to bus riders. MTA will consult with the JWG on the design and the findings of the study.
- D. Fare Debit Cards and Smart Cards. MTA is in the process of analyzing both a fare debit card and a "smart" card. In this regard, MTA recently funded a demonstration project in which three municipal bus operators utilized the fare debit card. This type of fare mechanism will facilitate the integration and coordination of all of the transit operators in Los

Angeles County, which will permit riders to move easily from one system to another. This demonstration study and implementation cost \$5.8 million. MTA will consult with the JWG in evaluating the demonstration project and the feasibility of using a fare debit card or smart card system-wide.

- E. Immediate Needs Transportation Program. Pursuant to this program, each year MTA provides \$5 million in subsidies to pay for taxi vouchers and bus tokens to social service and health care organizations for the transportation of their most needy clients. The program currently provides such vouchers and tokens to over 400 agencies in Los Angeles County.

 MTA shall use its best efforts to continue this program.
- F. Signal Priority For Buses and Exclusive Bus Lanes. MTA shall implement signal priority and bus preference projects that would involve synchronizing traffic lights to favor buses and designating traffic lanes as being solely for buses in order to improve service for the transit-dependent. MTA has committed \$5 million to the continued analysis of these options. MTA will use its best efforts to implement feasible options.
- Mobility Allowance. MTA has and continues to make extensive plans involving mobility allowance. The essence of the mobility allowance is to provide vans, taxis and smaller buses to: (1) areas that MTA is responsible for serving but which do not need regularly scheduled fixed-route service, and (2) areas that do not need fixed-route service in hours of lower demand. MTA believes that millions of dollars could be saved and that transit service could be substantially improved by substituting vans and taxicabs for such fixed-route service and that any resulting savings could be used to provide additional buses in those areas where overcrowding is occurring. Mobility allowance programs shall not adversely affect bus improvements for the transit-dependent and shall seek to provide greater service to the transit-

1	dependent. MTA will consult with the JWG in identifying ways to provide more flexible
2	transit services in transit-dependent areas.
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5	SO ORDERED:
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7	Dated: October 3, 1996 / Lary / Dallar /
8	Hon. Zerry J. Hatter, Jr. United States District Judge
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11	Submitted by:
12	Sout Auxo
13	Robert García Attorney for Plaintiffs
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