

LOS ANGELES COUNTY METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1993



### GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES For the Year Ended June 30, 1993

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#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Directors Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority

have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (the "MTA") as of and for the year ended June 30, 1993, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of MTA's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and "Government Auditing Standards," issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the MTA as of June 30, 1993 and the results of its operations and cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. combining and account group financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the MTA. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. Coopers & Sylvand

Los Angeles, California

November 22, 1993



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Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Combined Balance Sheet — All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

			Go	vernmental F	und	Types		
	-	General		Special Revenue		Debt Service	-	Capital Projects
Assets and Other Debits								
Assets:								
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$	1,778	\$	746,794	\$	0	\$	333,158
Receivables:								
Notes		640		10,582		0		0
Interest		108		6,564		10,045		675
Benefit asessment		. 0		0		0		21,231
Sales tax		0		29,075		0		0
Intergovernmental		4,002		9,651		2,159		126,158
Leases and other		229		501		0		1,095
Interfund (Note 10)		0		1,137		0		42,977
Prepaid and other assets		1		452		0		3,579
Inventory		0		0		0		0
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 3)		0		0		1,283,481		0
Insurance claims fund, net		0		0		0		0
Certificates of participation		0		0		0		0
Deferred compensation plan		ō		Ō		Ō		0
401(k) savings plan		ō		ō		ō		Ö
Equipment trust certificates		0		0		Ö		Ö
Alternate savings plan		Ö		ō		0		Ö
Interest in property held for resale		150		Ö		Ö		700
Fixed assets: (Note 4)		150		J		J		700
Facilities, property and equipment, net		0		0		0		0
Metro Blue Line, net		0		0		0		0
Metro Rail, MOS 1, net		0		0		0		0
Construction in Progress:		U		U		U		O
and the second of the control of the		0		0		0		0
Metro Green Line, facilities,		0		0				-
Metro Rail, MOS 2, facilities,		0		0		0		0
Metro Rail, MOS 3, facilities,		0		0		0		0
Land		0		0		0		0
Other rail lines		0		0		0		0
Contributed Capital - SCRRA		0		0		0		0
Other Debits:								
Amount available in debt service fund		0		0		0		0
Amount to be provided for retirement of		a						
general long-term debt (Note 7)	-	0		0		0		0
Total assets and other debits	\$_	6,908	\$_	804,756	\$	1,295,685	<u>\$</u>	529,573

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Fund Types					Fiduciary und Types		Acco	unt G	roups	Total (Memorandum Only)		
_Er	nterprise		Internal Service		Trust and Agency	General Fixed Assets		L	General ong-Term Debt	(Me	1993	
\$	134,503	\$	0	\$	178	\$	0	\$	o	\$	1,216,411	
	0		0		0		0		0		11,222	
	0		0		0		0		0		17,392	
	0		0		0		0		0		21,231	
	0		0		0		0		0		29,075	
	95,231		0		0		0		0		237,201	
	0		0		0		0		0		1,825	
	64,755		66,915		0		0		0		175,784	
	0		0		0		0		0		4,032	
	51,855		0		0		0		0		51,855	
	39,914		0		24,119		0		0		1,347,514	
	0		94,176		0		0		0		94,176	
	127,919		0		0		0		0		127,919	
	70,991		0		0		0		0		70,991	
	15,601		0		0		0		0		15,601	
	17,589		0		0		0		0		17,589	
	12,516		0		0		0		0		12,516	
	0		0		0		0		0		850	
	519,768		0		0		0		0		519,768	
	739,404		0		С		0		0		739,404	
	1,412,999		0		0		0		0		1,412,999	
	0		0		0		308,381		0		308,381	
	0		0		0		393,102		0		393,102	
	0		0		0		30,757		0		30,757	
	0		0		0		818,928		0		818,928	
	0		0		0		109,469		0		109,469	
	0		0		0		82,936		0		82,936	
	0		0		0		0		1,295,685		1,295,685	
-	0	-	0_	1	0	-	0		1,990,632		1,990,632	
\$_	3,303,045	\$	161,091	\$	24,297	\$	1,743,573	\$	3,286,317	\$	11,155,245	

continued

	_		Go	overnmental	Fur	nd Types		
	_	General	_	Special Revenue	-	Debt Service	-	Capital Projects
Liabilities, Equity and Other Credits								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	6,760	\$	40,437	\$	0	\$	113,332
Acqued liabilities		0		0		0		0
Claims and judgments payable		0		0		0		13,292
Due to other governments		0		614		0		584
Accrued interest payable		0		0		79,153		0
Interfund payables (Note 10)		2,108		107,325		0		1,486
Revenue anticipation notes		0		0		0		0
Current portion compensated absences		673		0		0		0
Current portion of equip trust certificates		0		0		0		0
Bonds and notes payable (Note 7)		0		0		12,800		0
Compensated absences payable		0		0		0		0
Deferred compensation benefits payable (Note 11)		. 0		0		0		0
401(k) savings plan (Note 11)		0		0		0		0
Benefit assessment district payable		0		0		0		0
Insurance claims fund		0		0		0		0
Deferred revenue - Intergovermental		0		0		0		96,319
Other liabilities	-	4	_	0	_	0	_	202
Total liabilities	_	9,545	-	148,376	-	91,953	-	225,215
Equity and Other Credits:								
Investment in general fixed assets		0		0		0		0
Retained earnings (Note 14)		0		0		0		0
Capital grants (contributed capital): (Note 14)								
Federal .		0		0		0		0
State		0		0		0		C
Local		0		0		0		C
Fund balances: (Notes 5 and 12)								
Reserved for memoranda of understanding		0		571,098		0		C
Reserved for encumbrances		0		0		0		300,079
Reserved for notes receivable		640		0		0		C
Reserved for notes receivable								
(non-current portion of loan)		0		9,852		0		C
Reserved for other property		150		0		0		700
Reserved for prepaid items		0		0		0		3,579
Reserved for debt service		0		0		1,203,732		c
Reserved for construction		0		0		0		C
Reserved for issuance costs		0		0		0		C
Unreserved, undesignated (Note 13)		(3,427)		75,430	-	0	_	
Total equity and other credits		(2,637)		656,380		1,203,732		304,358
Total liabilities, equity and other credits	\$	6,908	\$	804,756	\$_	1,295,685	\$	529,573

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 1 continued

Proprietary Fund Types			Fiduciary Fund Types		Accou	Total			
E	nterprise	Internal Service	Trust and Agency		General Fixed Assets		General Long – Term Debt	- (M	emorandum Only
<b>s</b>	32.943	\$ 1,907	\$ 25	\$	0	\$	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$	195,404
	90,512	0	0	Τ.	0		ō	<b></b>	90,512
	0	ō	0		ō		0		13,292
	12,410	ō	0		0		0		13,608
	0	0	3,039		Ō		0		82,192
	64.840	0	25		ō		0		175,784
	130,000	0	0		0		0		130,000
	5,280	888	0		0		0		6,841
	5,425	0	ō		Ō		0		5,425
	295,902	ō	17,704		ō		3,283,794		3,610,200
	35,754	4,875	0		•		2,523		43,152
	62,472	8,519	3,351		0		0		74,342
	13,729	1,872	0		ō		0		15,601
	0	0	0		ō		0		0
	0	143,030	0		ō		0		143,030
	ō	0	ō		ō		0		96,319
*************	0	0	0	_	0		<u> </u>		206
	749,267	161,091	24,144	_	0		3,286,317		4,695,908
	0	0	0		1,743,573		0		1,743,573
	(15,742)	0	0		0		0		(15,742)
	975,970	0	0		0		0		975,970
	226,258	0	0		0		0		226,258
1.	,367,292	0	0		0		0		1,367,292
	0	0	0		0		0		571,098
	0	0	0		0		0		300,079
	0	0	0		0		0		640
	0	0	0		0		0		9,852
	Ō	ō	0		0		0		850
	0	Ō	0		0		0		3,579
	0	0	0		0		0		1,203,732
	ō	Ō	0		0		0		0
	0	Ō			0		0		ō
	0	0			0	_	0		72,156
2,	553,778	0	153	_	1,743,573	_	0	-	6,459,337
\$ 3	303,045	161,091	\$ 24,297	\$	1,743,573	s	3,286,317	\$	11,155,245



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Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

			Government	al F	und Types			Total		
	General		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects		(Memorandum Only) 1993	
Revenues:										
Sales taxes \$	0	\$	1,029,547	\$	0	\$		\$		
Licenses/fines	111		6,523		0		0		6,634	
Intergovernmental	5,851		43,000		5,274		325,106		379,231	
Interest	392		26,912		18,628		4,817		50,749	
Lease rentals	0		0		0		5,659		5,659	
Miscellaneous	166		720		3,370	-	490		4,746	
Total revenues	6,520		1,106,702		27,272		336,072	-1	1,476,566	
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Administration and other	12,223		2,483		0		46,089		60,795	
Transportation subsidies	17,185		876,901		0		0		894,086	
Capital outlay	0		. 0		0		963,313		963,313	
Debt service:										
Interest and fiscal charges	0		0		148,576		0		148,576	
Bond issuance costs	0		0		3,361		0		3,361	
Bond discount	0		0		53,517		0		53,517	
Bond principal	0		0		14,019		0		14,019	
Bond insurance	0		0		5,550		0		5,550	
Financing costs	0		0		3,399		0		3,399	
C.O.P. transit development expense	0	_	0		5,095		0		5,095	
Total expenditures	29,408	-	879,384		233,517	ĝ	1,009,402		2,151,711	
Excess (deficiency ) of revenues										
over expenditures	(22,888)		227,318		(206,245)	6	(673,330)		(675,145)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	9.81000 points		(25-12) believile		\$25,000 W. G. WE		00094090FF F0000 (EV)		994007th #8040735	
Operating transfers in	38,968		64,017		94,118		285,613		482,716	
Operating transfers out	(18,173)		(375,807)		(106,909)		(107)		(500,996)	
Proceeds from financing	0		0		852,620		505,790		1,358,410	
Contributions from property owners	0	-	84,770		0		0		84,770	
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,795	_	(227,020)	1.	839,829		791,296		1,424,900	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over	<b>45 5</b>								<b></b>	
expenditures and other financing us-	(2,093)		298		633,584		117,966		749,755	
Residual equity - transfers out	0		0		(109,19 <del>4</del> )	)	0		(109,194)	
Fund balances, July 1	(544)		656,082	_	679,342	-	186,392		1,521,272	
Fund balances, June 30 <u>\$</u>	(2.637)	<u>\$</u>	656,380	\$	1,203,732	<u> </u>	304,358	_ !	2,161,833	

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –
Budget and Actual – General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds
For the year ended June 30, 1993
(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		,	Gei	neral Fund		
	-					Variance
						Favorable Pavorable
	_	Budget	-	Actual		(Unfavorable)
Revenues:						
Licenses/fines	\$	0	\$	111	\$	111
Intergovernmental		5,851		5,851		0
Interest		0		392		392
Construction services cost sharing		0		0		0
Sales Tax		0		0		0
Lease rentals Miscellaneous		0		•		
Miscellaneous	. <del></del>	<u> </u>		166		166
Total revenues	-	5,851	_	6,520		669
Fire and discusses				£		
Expenditures: Administration and other		32,916		12,223		20,69 <b>3</b>
Transportation subsidies		32,910		17,185		(17,185)
Capital outlay		734		0		734
Capital Culiay	-	704	*			704
Total Expenditures	-	33,650		29,408		4,242
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures		(27,799)		(22,888)		4,911
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in		50,799		38,968		(11,831)
Operating transfers out		(20,500)		(18,173)		2,327
Proceeds from financing		` o		` o		0
Contributions from property owners	_	0	9	0		0
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	30,299	-	20,795		(9,504)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and ot	hei	r				
financing sources over expenditures	ms 72° 8					
and other financing uses		2,500		(2,093)		(4,593)
Fund balances, July 1		(544)		(544)		0
Fund balances, June 30	\$	1,956	\$	(2,637)	\$	(4,593)
	_		_		=	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 3

	Special	Re	evenue Funds			Capi	ita	I Projects Fund	İs	
-				 Variance						Variance
				Favorable		<b>-</b>				Favorable
	Budget		Actual	(Unfavorable)		Budget		Actual		(Unfavorable)
\$	0	\$	6,523	\$ 6,523	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
•	47,250		43,000	(4,250)		427,763		325,106		(102,657)
	33,255		26,912	(6,343)		0		4,817		4,817
	0		0	0		0		0		0
	703,882		1,029,547	325,665		0		0		0
	0		0	0		4,250		5,659		1,409
_	0		720	720		0		490		490
	784,387	-	1,106,702	322,315		432,013		336,072		(95,941)
	61,713		2,483	59,230		40,000		46,089		(6,089)
	588,648		876,901	(288,253)		0		0		0
_	0	1.0	0	0		878,991		963,313		(84,322)
-	650,361	-	879,384	(229,023)		918,991		1,009,402		(90,411)
_	134,026	s/ <del>-</del>	227,318	93,292		(486,978)		(673,330)		(186,352)
	0		64,017	64,017		244,750		285,613		40,863
	(167,505)		(375,807)	(208,302)		0		(107)		(107)
	0		0	0		500,000		505,790		5,790
-	0	1.0	84,770	84,770	9	0		0		0
-	(167,505)		(227,020)	(59,515)		744,750		791,296		46,546
	(33,479)		298	33,777		257,772		117,966		(139,806)
	593,789		656,082	 62,293		171,322		186,392		15,070
_\$_	560,310	\$	656,380	\$ 96,070	\$	429,094	9	304,358	\$	(124,736)



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Leading the Way to Greater Mobility

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings Propietary Fund Types For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Proprietary	y F	und Type	T
	Enterprise		Internal Service	Total (Memorandum Only) 1993
Operating revenues:	er Steinberg Compagnic			
Passenger fares		\$	0	\$ 200 923
Route subsidies	2,257		0	2,257
Auxiliary transportation	4,781		0	4,781
Total operating revenues	207,961		0	207,961
Operating expenses:				
Transportation	292,986		0	292,986
Vehicle maintenance	109,362		0	109,362
Non-vehicle maintenance	30,555		0	30,555
General and administrative	82,149		0	82,149
Depreciation	83,405		0	83,405
Salaries and wages	. 0		61,370	61,370
Fringe benefits	0		17,988	17,988
Insurance expense	0		45,307	45,307
Administrative overhead	Ō		18,132	18,132
Other administrative expense	0		12,275	12,275
Total operating expenses	598,457		155,072	753,529
Operating (loss)	(390,496)	F=	(155,072)	(545,568)
Nonoperating revenues and expenses:				
Local operating grants	385,549		0	385.549
Federal operating grants	45,619		ő	45.619
State operating grants	8.438		ő	8.438
Interest revenues	2,964		7.927	10,891
Interest expenses	(14,783)		7,327	(14,783)
Loss on disposition of fixed assets	(783)		0	(783)
Other	3,483		0	3,483
Total nonoperating revenues and expenses	430,487	2 5	7,927	438,414
Income (loss) before operating transfers	39,991	\$	(147,145)	\$ (107,154)
Depreciation on fixed assets acquired by grants ex- restricted for capital acquisition and construction				83,811
Operating transfers in (out): Transfer (to)/from other funds	(129,013)		147,145	18,132
Contributed capital transferred to retained earnings	1,158		0	1,158
Decrease in retained earnings	(4,053)		0	(4,053)
Retained earnings, July 1	(11,689)		0	(11,689)
Retained earnings, June 30	(15,742)	\$	0	\$ (15,742)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the this statement.

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Combined Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund For the year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

		1993
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$	202,934
Cash paid to employees and suppliers		(718,703)
Interest paid		(15,337)
Interest received	9 <del>-30.30</del>	8,610
Net cash used in operating activities		(522,496)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Proceeds from operating grants		477,178
Proceeds from issuance of Revenue Anticipation Notes		61,000
Interfund transfers		18,132
Repayment of insurance fund reserve borrowings		(5,528)
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		550,782
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Capital grants receipts		12,786
Capital grant transfers to other fund		(16,318)
Purchase of property, plant & equipment		(95,015)
Proceeds from sale of retired equipment		180
Proceeds from off shore lease		5,237
Decrease in Benefit Assessment Districts receivables		84,222
Decrease in Benefit Assessment Districts payables		(39,928)
Repayment of matured equipment trust certificates		(5,060)
Net cash used by financing activities		(53,896)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of investments with fiscal agents		(39,914)
Proceeds from collateral equalization fund		115,818
Increase in certificate repayment fund	1	11,653
Net cash provided by investing activities		87,557
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		61,947
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		72,556
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	<b>\$</b>	134,503

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority
Combined Statement of Cash Flows — Proprietary Fund
For the year ended June 30, 1993
(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		1993
Reconciliation of Net Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:		
Net loss before operating grants and transfers	\$	(546,760)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		83,405
Loss on disposition of fixed assets		783
Changes in assets and liabilites:		
Increase in revenues receivable		(14,108)
Increase in interest receivable		(2,281)
Increase in inventory and other		(5,822)
Increase in interfund receivables		(131,670)
Increase in accounts payable		13,155
Increase in accrued liabilities		9,902
Increase in compensated absences payable		6,058
Increase in interfund payables		64,842
Net cash used in operating activites	\$ <u></u>	(522,496)
Supplemental schedule of noncash financing transactions:		
Transfer of property from general fixed asset account group	\$	126,002
Capital grant transfer to general fixed asset account group		16,318
Increase in 401(k) asset and liability		16,340
Increase in insurance claims fund asset and liability		14,980
Increase in deferred compensation asset and liability		8,043
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest	\$	15,337



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Leading the Way to Greater Mobility

# LOS ANGELES COUNTY METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND POOLING METHOD OF ACCOUNTING

The Los Angeles County (the "County") Metropolitan Transportation Authority (the "MTA") was created as of February 1, 1993, essentially as a merger of the former Los Angeles County Transportation Commission (the "Commission") and the former Southern California Rapid Transit District (the "District"). The merger was accounted for under the pooling-of-interest method of accounting; and, accordingly, the July 1, 1992 fund balances have been restated. (See Note 5).

Prior to the formation of the MTA, the Commission served as the County's transportation commission for coordinating the operation of all public transportation services within the County. The Commission's responsibilities included managing transit operating policies among the County's 17 municipal bus operators, and planning and developing the light, heavy and commuter rail projects. The Commission was also responsible for constructing a 150-mile urban light and heavy rail system in Los Angeles through the Rail Construction Corporation, a nonprofit corporation organized in 1989 (the "RCC"), and participating in the construction and operation of the 250-mile Metrolink commuter rail system in the five-county Metrolink service area.

Before the formation of the MTA, the District served as the main source of bus service in all of the County south of the San Gabriel Mountains, except Santa Catalina Island. The District operated a vehicle fleet of over 2,200 buses that covered a weekday total of over 249,000 revenue service miles over a route system of approximately 3,800 miles carrying approximately 1.2 million weekday passengers. The District also operated the Metro Blue Line light rail system, which covers 22 miles between the cities of Los Angeles and Long Beach and the Red Line, which covers 4 miles between Union Station and MacArthur Park in the Los Angeles central business district.

The MTA succeeded to all powers, duties, rights, obligations, liabilities, indebtedness, (bonded or otherwise), immunities and exemptions of the Commission and the District.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the MTA have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the recognized standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles for governments. The more significant of the MTA's accounting policies are described.

#### A. Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management considered has potential component units. The decision to include or exclude a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in The basic--but not the only--criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility including but not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of the ability to significantly influence management, operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. second criterion used in evaluating a potential component unit is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether activity conducted within the geographic is boundaries of the government, and is generally available The third criterion used to evaluate to its citizens. potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of financing relationships, regardless of whether government can exercise oversight responsibilities.

The Benefit Assessment Districts ("BAD"), the Transportation Foundation, and the Los Angeles County Transportation Land Preservation Corporation, meet the above criteria. The MTA considers these entities as component units of the MTA and, as such, are included in the MTA's financial statements.

#### B. Governance

The MTA is governed by a 14-member Board of Directors (the "Board"). The Board is composed of the five members of the County Board of Supervisors, the Mayor of the City of Los Angeles, two public members and one member of the City Council of the City of Los Angeles, four members who are either a mayor or a member of a city council and have

been appointed by the Los Angeles County City Selection Committee and a nonvoting member appointed by the Governor of the State of California. The MTA Board members are permitted to appoint alternate members to the MTA, who would represent a regular member only if the regular member could not attend a MTA meeting. Some alternate members, however, have only limited power to vote at such meetings.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The MTA utilizes fund accounting to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary and are described below.

The MTA also uses account groups that are financial reporting devices designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly effect net expendable available financial resources.

Governmental funds are used to account for most of the MTA's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital project funds), and the servicing and payment of general long-term debt (debt service fund) principal and interest. The MTA's general fund is used to account for all activities of the MTA not accounted for in another fund.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the MTA (internal service funds). Certain MTA self-insurance programs, principally worker's compensation and general liability, are recorded in the internal service fund. See Note 6 for further discussion.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the MTA. When these assets are held under the terms of a formal trust agreement, either a pension trust fund, a nonexpendable trust fund or an expendable trust is used. The terms "nonexpendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the MTA is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for custodial assets that the MTA holds on behalf of others as their agent and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

Account groups are used to account for and control the MTA's general fixed assets and general long-term debt.

#### D. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and expendable trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. Within this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds, nonexpendable trust funds and pension trust funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Fund equity (i.e., net total assets) is segregated into contributed capital and retained earnings components. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types, expendable trust funds and agency funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on

general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary fund types, pension trust funds and nonexpendable trust funds. Under this method, revenues and expenses are recognized and recorded when earned or when the obligation has been incurred.

The MTA reports deferred revenue on its combined balance sheet. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the MTA before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the MTA has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

#### E. Budgets

The MTA is legally required to adopt an annual budget for the following funds: General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Fund, Debt Service Fund and Proprietary Funds. The MTA adheres to the provisions of the applicable sections of the California Government Code concerning budgetary matters. Annually, the Board of Supervisors conducts a public hearing for discussion of the proposed budgets. At the conclusion of the hearings, and no later than June 30, the Board adopts the final budget including revisions by resolution. Subsequent revisions which occur during the year are also adopted by the Board.

The MTA employs the following practices and procedures in establishing the budgetary data on a basis consistent with GAAP as reflected in the general purpose financial statements:

o Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types.

- o Annual budgets are adopted on the accrual basis for the proprietary fund.
- Special revenue funds that may be established during a fiscal year are considered for budgetary action in the ensuing fiscal year.

#### F. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with an original maturity date of three months or less.

State statues authorize the MTA to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

Investments are stated at the lower of cost (amortized cost) or market, except investments in the deferred compensation agency fund which are reported at current market value.

#### G. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

Numerous transactions occur between individual funds during the normal course of operations. Short-term interfund loans between these funds are classified as interfund receivables and payables.

#### H. Prepaid Expenditures

Payments made for insurance and to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 1993 are recorded as prepaid expenditures.

#### I. Inventory

Inventory consisting primarily of bus and rail vehicle parts is stated at the lower of average cost or market. Inventory items are expended as consumed.

#### J. Property, Plant and Equipment (Fixed Assets)

Property, plant and equipment are recorded in both the general fixed asset account group and proprietary fund. Capital acquisitions and construction are reflected as expenditures and assets in the proprietary or governmental funds depending on the use of the asset.

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Major improvements

and betterments to existing plant and equipment are capitalized. Costs for maintenance and repairs which do not extend the useful life of the applicable assets are charged to expense as incurred. Upon disposition, costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and resulting gains or losses are included in operations. Certain assets in the general fixed asset account group are not depreciated.

It is the policy of the MTA to transfer the cost of rail lines to the enterprise fund when the project becomes operational. At June 30, 1993, the enterprise fund reflects the costs of the Blue Line and the Minimum Operable Segment-1 (MOS-1) of the Red Line.

Depreciation is recorded in the proprietary fund using the sum-of-the-years-digits method on all revenue-earning equipment which was acquired before July 2, 1988. Depreciation on revenue-earning equipment acquired after July 2, 1988 and all other property, plant and equipment is computed using the straight-line method. Both methods are based upon the estimated useful lives of individual assets. The estimated useful lives of fixed assets are as follows:

	Years
Buildings	30
Rail Cars	25
Buses	12
Other vehicles	5
Bus maintenance and	
office equipment,	
furnishings and others	10

Assets acquired with federal, state and local capital grants are included in property, plant and equipment, and depreciation on these assets is included in the accompanying statements of operations. Federal, state and local grant revenues equivalent to the depreciation amount for the year are recognized in equity.

#### K. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and recorded as a liability of the governmental fund responsible for the payment. Vested or accumulated vacation leave amounts that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported in the general long-term debt account group. No expenditure is recognized or recorded for these amounts.

Vested or accumulated vacation leave for the proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. In accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 43, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits.

#### L. Pension Plans

The MTA provides a defined benefit pension plan for some noncontract employees through the California Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). It is the MTA's current policy to fund the employees' contribution.

The MTA has a Single-Employer Public Employees Retirement System which includes four defined benefit pension plans for its former District employees. All employees except noncontract employees contribute a specified percentage, as recommended by the Plans' actuary, of their annual salaries to the plan in which they participate. It is the MTA's current policy to fund the noncontract employees' contribution.

#### M. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds.

#### N. Total Column - Memorandum Only

The total column on the combined statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Such data are not comparable to a consolidation, since interfund eliminations have not been made.

#### 3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 1993 consisted of the following (in thousands):

Cash and short-term investment accounts including savings	
& money market accounts	\$ 462,117
Pledged certificates of deposit	7,500
Los Angeles County Treasurer's Investment Pool	746,794
Restricted cash & investments held by fiscal agents	1,686,306
Total	\$ <u>2,902,717</u>

#### Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and investments are comprised of assets set aside for funding self-insurance claims, the deferred compensation plan, the 401(k) Savings Plan, the purchase of buses provided by the issuance of Equipment Trust Certificates and for the repayment of Equipment Trust Certificates, Revenue Anticipation Notes, Certificates of Participation and Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds. Restricted cash for each of these purposes is held separately and is deposited in cash accounts or invested.

#### Self Insurance Claims Fund

The rules and regulations of the MTA permit borrowing from the self-insurance claims fund to meet the MTA'S working capital requirements. Such borrowing is to be repaid as soon as reasonably practical and at interest rates that approximate the rate of return of the fund. As a result of the delay in receipt of operating grants, the MTA had outstanding borrowing from this fund of \$48,854,000 at June 30, 1993.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 1993, the net book carrying amount of the MTA's deposits comprised of cash in checking and money market accounts totalled \$196,738,000 while the bank balance was \$206,545,000. Of the bank balance, \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$206,345,000 was covered by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department or agent in the MTA's name.

The California Government Code requires California financial institutions to secure deposits of public funds by pledging government securities as collateral. Such collateralization of public funds is accomplished by pooling. The market value of pledged securities must be in accordance with Title 5, Division 2, Chapter 4, Article 2 of the Government Code for the State of California. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public fund deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of a governmental unit's total deposits. (The MTA may waive collateral requirements for deposits which are fully insured up to \$100,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.)

#### Authorized Investments

The MTA invests its temporarily idle cash under the prudent investor rule (Civil Code Section 2261). The prudent investor rule states, in essence, that "in investing...property for the benefit of another, a trustee shall exercise the judgment and care, under the circumstances then prevailing, which people of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs..."

This policy affords the MTA a broad spectrum of investment opportunities as long as the investment is deemed prudent and is authorized under the California Government Code Sections 53600, et. seq.

Investments may be made within the following approved instrument guidelines:

- o Securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies
- o Certificates of Deposit (or Time Deposits) placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loans
- o Bankers' Acceptances
- o State of California Local Agency Investment Fund or other authorized pooled investment programs
- o Passbook Savings Account Demand Deposits
- o Money Market Accounts
- o Commercial Paper

#### Summary of Investments

The MTA's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or collateralized with securities held by the MTA or its agent in the MTA's name. Category 2 includes investments that are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department or agent in the MTA's name. Category 3 includes investments that are uncollateralized or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions or by their trust departments or agent but not in the MTA's name.

Investments at June 30, 1993 consist of the following (in thousands):

	Cate			Book	Market
	<u>1</u>	2	3	Value	Value
CATEGORIZED INVESTMENT:					
U.S. Treasury securities	\$1,349,277			\$1,349,277	\$1,406,429
U.S. Agency securities	15,268			15,268	15,863
Bankers' acceptance	29,508			29,508	29,508
Commercial paper	23,700			23,700	23,700
Corporate notes and bonds	68,582			68,582	69,053
State & local gov't					
securities	111,950			111,950	111,987
Total categorized					
investments	\$1,598,285			\$1,598,285	\$1,656,540
					,
NON-CATEGORIZED INVESTM	ENTS:				
Certificates of deposit				\$ 75,222	\$ 75,222
Mutual funds				52,003	52,003
Bond funds				920	920
Los Angeles County Treasurer's	S				
Investment Pool				979,429	979,429
Other				120	120
Total non-categorized investm	ents			1,107,694	1,107,694
Total				\$ <u>2,705,979</u>	\$ <u>2,764,234</u>

# Equipment Trust Certificates and Certificates of Participation

Equipment Trust Certificates and Certificates of Participation at June 30, 1993 were comprised of the following funds (in thousands):

#### Equipment Trust Certificates Account:

Collateral equalization	\$ 14,256 3,333
1986 bus purchase	
Total	\$ 17,589

#### Certificate of Participation Account:

Reserve Account

Claims payment	\$108,933
COPs reserve	12,940
Installment payment	6,046
Total	\$ <u>127,919</u>
Certificate of Participation Account - (1992-COPS	<u>5)</u> :
Acquisition Account	\$ 15,719
Lease Payment	12,996
Cost of Issuance	66

Total

11,133

\$ 39,914

#### 4. FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in the general fixed assets account group during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1993 follows (in thousands):

	July 1, 1992 (restated)	Additions	Transfers	June 30, 1993
Administration	\$ 5,414	\$ 1,142	ş <b>-</b>	\$ 6,556
Transportation Facilities/Land	485,890	390,266	-	876,156
Equity in JPA/SCRRA Capital Contribution	56,074	26,862	-	82,936
Construction in Progre Metro Green	ess: 169,380	139,001	20 Table 1	308,381
Metro Rail, MOS 1 Construction	-	107,296	(107,296)	-
Metro Rail, MOS 2 Construction	225,180	167,922	-	393,102
Metro Rail, MOS 3 Construction	4,332	26,425	-	30,757
Other Construction in Progress	39,985	5,700		45,685
Total General Fixed Assets	<u>\$986,255</u>	<u>\$864,614</u>	<u>\$(107,296)</u>	\$1,743,573

The following is a summary of the enterprise fund-type fixed assets as of June 30, 1993 (in thousands):

Bu	s Operations	Rail Operations	Total
Bus and other vehicles Land Bus maintenance and	\$488,993 87,731	\$ 166,036 204,287	\$ 655,029 292,018
office equipment, furnishings and other Building and structures	9,941 144,278	1,563 1,712,137	11,504 1,856,415
Construction-in- progress Equipment	73,047 137,791	29,475 170,662	102,522 308,453
Less: Accumulated depreciation	941,781	\$2,284,160	3,225,941 553,770
Net fixed assets	\$ <u>493,316</u>	\$2,178,855	\$2,672,171

#### 5. POOLING OF INTEREST

Effective February 1, 1993, the former Commission was merged with the former District to form the MTA. The merger has been accounted for under the pooling-of-interest method of accounting and, accordingly, the MTA's financial statements and other financial data which had previously been reported upon separately have been restated as of July 1, 1992 to include the accounts and operations of the aforementioned entities, as well as to reflect certain accounting principles on a consistent basis. The following July 1, 1992 equity/fund balances for the enterprise and special revenue funds have been restated: (in thousands)

	Enterprise Fund	Special Revenue Fund
Balances, July 1, 1992	\$1,647,422	\$607,082
Adjustments as a result of the pooling of interest method of accounting	874,797	49,000
Balances, July 1, 1992, as restated	\$2,522,219	\$656,082

The pooling adjustments are primarily related to the recognition of the Metro Red and Blue Lines and related depreciation in the enterprise fund and an adjustment to the intercompany funding in the special revenue fund.

#### 6. INSURANCE RESERVES

The primary emphasis of risk management activities in the MTA is to prevent or minimize the risk of injury to persons and Where losses cannot be damage to or loss of property. prevented, the MTA endeavors to self-insure or to assume such losses as it may deem advisable and economical, giving due consideration to the frequency and severity of probable losses. Determination of the appropriate level of loss to be retained is made on an annual basis. This consideration of the effect of potential self-insured or assumed losses is part of the MTA's financial planning process. The MTA also makes provision to insure its risk of accidental loss construction through an owner-controlled insurance program (OCIP). Policies provide property, liability, and workers' compensation insurance and covers many of the risks arising from construction of the Metro Rail segments, the Green Line, and the SCRRA Lines for the interest of the MTA, the contractors and subcontractors in their work on such MTA projects.

The MTA is fully self-insured for workers' compensation claims and partially self-insured for public liability and property damage for nonconstruction activities. The self-insurance maximum for public liability and property damage claims is \$4,500,000 and \$2,500,000 for any one occurrence on bus and rail, respectively. Claims in excess of self-insurance retention are covered up to an additional \$95,500,000 and \$97,500,000 by an insurance policy for bus and rail, respectively.

The self-insurance programs are administered by independent adjustment bureaus. The liability is based, in part, upon the independent adjustment bureaus' estimate of reserves required for unsettled claims and related administrative costs, and includes claims that are incurred but not reported. Such reserves are actuarially determined and subject to periodic adjustment as conditions warrant. In 1993, the reserves are discounted using an average rate of return of 5.0%.

The MTA believes that the estimated liability for self-insured claims at June 30, 1993 will be sufficient to cover any costs arising out of claims filed or to be filed for incidents which occurred through that date.

#### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term obligations of the MTA consist of sales tax revenue bonds, refunding bonds, certificates of participation, commercial paper notes, equipment trust certificates, revenue anticipation notes and other liabilities which are payable from general governmental and proprietary activities. Longterm obligations also consist of special assessment bonds which are payable from fiduciary (agency) fund activities.

#### GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT ACCOUNT

A summary description of bonds, notes and other liabilities recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group as of June 30, 1993 follows:

#### Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds are primarily Proposition A and C bonds. Proposition A and C bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities, such as the Metro Blue Line, the Metro Green Line, the Metro Red Line Segments I, II, and III and the acquisition of stock for the rail system.

#### Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds

Prior to fiscal year 1992, the MTA issued various Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds ("Refunding Bonds") 1987-A, 1988-A, and 1989-A to advance refund the MTA's previous issued and outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Bonds ("Revenue Bonds") Series 1986-A, 1986-C, and 1986-D, respectively due to favorable interest rates. The net proceeds were place in irrevocable trusts with escrow The funds in the escrow accounts have been invested in primarily U.S. Treasury securities. maturities of these investments coincide with the principal and interest payment dates of the defeased bonds and are sufficient to pay all principal and interest on the bonds when due as required by applicable Certain bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds have been removed from the general long-term debt account group. The MTA remains contingently liable for the defeased bonds.

The MTA also issued Refunding Bonds, Series 1991-B, Series 1992-A and 1992-B, to be used to reduce the MTA's debt service requirements related to the Sales tax Revenue Bond Series 1986-A Bonds, the Series 1987 Bonds and the Series 1988 Bonds prior to fiscal year ending June 30, 1993. The issuances did not result in a defeasance of debt. These three refunding issues produced resources that are being held in the Series

1986-A, Series 1987 and Series 1988 Escrow Fund (Refunding Escrow Fund) created under the terms of an Escrow Agreement. As a result, the bonds are still recognized on the MTA's general long-term debt account group.

During fiscal year 1993, the MTA issued additional Refunding Bonds of \$560,570,000 Proposition A Series 1993-A and \$204,095,000 Proposition C Series 1993-A. Proposition A bonds will be used to pay the principal and interest due on the various Refunded Bond Series 1986-A. 1987-A, 1988-A, 1989-A, 1991-A and 1991-B. Proposition C bonds will be used to Proposition C Revenue Second Senior Bonds Series 1992-A. The refunding issues produced resources which currently held in escrow funds and these transactions did not result in a defeasance of debt. As a result, the bonds are still recognized on the MTA's general long-term debt account group.

#### Leveraged Lease Revenue Bonds

During the 1989-90 fiscal year, the MTA entered into two leverage lease arrangements for the acquisition of thirty-two (32) light rail cars. The financing program provided for the MTA to purchase the light rail cars, sell them to a leasing agent, formed under the laws of Japan, and lease them back. Basic provisions of the financing program called for the purchase price paid by the leasing agent to be paid 80% in U.S. Dollars and 20% in Yen; lease payments were to be paid in a like manner. These two transactions were defeased prior to June 30, 1990 and do not appear in the MTA financial statements.

In December 1990, the MTA entered into a third lease financing arrangement for an additional twenty-two (22) light rail cars at a cost of \$33,000,000. Of this amount, 80% (\$26,400,000) was in U. S. Dollars and 20% (\$6,600,000) was in Yen. In June 1991, the U. S. Dollar portion of the lease was assigned as security for the issuance of \$26,400,000 of Lease Revenue Bonds. The remaining \$6,660,000 represents the obligation payable in Yen with a guaranteed conversion rate of dollars to yen. The lease arrangement has a purchase option equal to 10% of the original financing (\$3,300,000) which is payable at the end of the lease term.

Lease Revenue Bonds and the Yen obligation are collateralized by a subordinate lien pledge of certain sales tax revenues, derived from Proposition A, after satisfaction of debt service on Sales Tax Revenue Bonds.

Certificates of Participation - 1992, Series G

In October 1991, the MTA in association with the California Special Districts Association ("CSDA"), issued \$19,340,000 of Certificates of Participation for the purpose of providing supplementary financing for the procurement of sixty (60) over-the-road buses and twentysix (26) local fixed-route buses. The MTA is obligated to make lease payments to CSDA and subsequently subleases the buses to the cities of Los Angeles and Santa Clarita and the County of Los Angeles. These entities are required to make payments that will equal the amount of the MTA'S lease payments to the CSDA. Additional funding for the projects includes a \$2.3 million contribution by the MTA and a \$4.8 million federal grant. In the event that the amount received by the MTA from the cities of Los Angeles and Santa Clarita and the County of Los Angeles under the sublease is insufficient to make its least payment to the CSDA, the MTA is required to use any legally available funds to make such other payments.

#### Certificates of Participation - 1992 Series C

In December 1992, the MTA issued \$3,390,000 of Certificates of Participation for the purpose of providing financing for the procurement of 14 diesel buses and other equipment. The MTA is obligated to make lease payments to CSDA and subsequently subleased the buses to the City of Torrance. The MTA has a memorandum of understanding with the city that holds the City of Torrance liable for the lease payments.

#### Commercial Paper Notes

The MTA issued \$345,000,000 in Commercial Paper Notes (the "Notes), Series A, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1991. During fiscal year 1991-92 the MTA paid off \$177,000,000 of the Notes as reported in the debt service fund and reissued an additional \$25,000,000 of the Notes leaving an outstanding balance of \$193,000,000 reported in the Long Term Debt Account Group.

The Notes are considered long-term debt because the principal amounts due on this debt can be rolled-over or refinanced through January 28, 1994 and can be extended for one year periods thereafter. The Notes are collateralized by a third lien pledge of certain sales tax revenues derived from Proposition A and by various letters of credit in an aggregate amount of \$350,000,000 to support the payment of principal and interest on the Notes when due. Although the individual Notes are "short-term" with maturities (at June 30, 1993) ranging from seven to two hundred days at various interest rates from 3.25% to 4.35% per annum (payable at each maturity),

it is the intention of the MTA to pay the accrued interest and rollover or reissue the principal amounts as they mature through January 28, 1994 and thereafter on a year by year basis.

### Taxable Commercial Paper Notes

The MTA issued \$73,500,000 in Taxable Commercial Paper Notes, Series A, in June 1993. The proceeds of the notes were used to acquire certain real estate parcels needed for the Metrolink Rail project. The notes are similar to the other commercial paper notes issued except the interest earnings are taxable for the investors.

#### Compensated Absences Pavable

As of June 30, 1993, earned vacation totalling \$2,523,000 was included in the Long-Term Debt Account Group as the MTA management estimates that these amounts will not be taken or paid within a year.

# Outstanding Bonded Debt Summary in Long-Term Debt Account Group

At June 30, 1993, the MTA had outstanding debt as shown below in the Long-Term Debt Account Group:

(in thousands)

\$157,615,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, 1986 Series A, dated July 15, 1986, serial bond due in annual installments from \$2,410,000 on July 1, 1992 up to \$12,805,000 on July 1, 2016. Interest at various annual rates ranging from 6.2% to 7.5% is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1.

\$152,645

\$271,550,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1987 Series A, dated May 1, 1987, due in annual installments from \$3,790,000 beginning on July 1, 1992 to \$22,995,000 on July 1, 2017. Interest at various annual rates ranging from 6.0% to 7.9% is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1.

263,740

\$112,274,129 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1988 Series A, dated May 1, 1988, due in annual installments including annual sinking fund payment from \$2,345,000 on July 1, 1992 to \$9,535,000 on July 1, 2018. Interest at various annual rates ranging from 5.6% to 7.3% is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1.

107,449

\$174,303,858 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1989 Series A, dated January 1, 1989, due in annual installments including annual sinking fund payments from \$3,000,000 on July 1, 1992 to \$14,140,000 on July 1, 2019. Interest at various annual rates ranging from 6.2% to 7.3% is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1.

168,114

\$500,000,000 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, 1991 Series A, dated June 11, 1991, due in annual installments from \$4,040,000 on July 1, 1996 to \$93,730,000 on July 1, 2021. Interest at various annual rates from 5.85% to 7.00% is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1.

500,000

\$281,425,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1991 Series B, dated December 4, 1991, due in annual installments from \$550,000 on July 1, 1993 to \$9,700,000 on July 1, 2018. Interest at various annual rates from 4.9% to 6.5% is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1.

280,875

\$98,700,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1992 Series A dated June 1, 1992, due in annual installments including annual sinking fund payments from \$16,200,000 on July 1, 2005 to \$10,000,000 on July 1, 2012. Interest at various annual rates ranging from 2.2% through June 23, 1992 and variable thereafter, at a weekly interest rate determined by the Municipal Index Market. Interest is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1.

98,700

\$107,665,000 Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1992 Series B dated June 1, 1992, due in annual installments including annual sinking fund payments from \$3,365,000 on July 1, 1997 to \$15,305,000 due July 1, 2004. Interest at various annual rates from 5.0% to 6.0% is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1.

107,665

\$516,855,000 Sales Tax Revenue Proposition C Second Senior Bonds, 1992 Series A, dated October 15, 1992, due in annual installments of \$6,780,000 beginning on July 1, 1994 to \$104,115,000 on July 1, 2023. Interest at various annual rate ranging from 3.7% to 6.5% is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1.

516,855

\$560,570,000 Sales Tax Revenue Proposition A Refunding Bonds, 1993 Series A, dated April 15, 1993, due in annual install-ments from \$1,825,000 beginning on July 1, 1995 to \$258,450,000 due July 1, 2021. Interest at various annual rates ranging from 3.5% to 5.6% is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1.

560,570

\$204,095,000 Sales Tax Revenue Proposition C Refunding Bonds, Second Senior Bonds, 1993 Series A, dated June 30, 1993 due in annual installments from \$195,000 on July 1, 1997 to \$31,005,000 on July 1, 2020. Interest at a variable rate determined by the Municipal Index Market.

204,095

\$26,400,000 Lease Revenue Bonds, 1990 Series, dated December 27, 1990, due in semiannual installments from \$22,000 at June 15, 1991 to \$2,332,000 at December 15, 2006. Interest at 7.375% annually is payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15.

28,732

\$6,600,000 Yen obligation payable in semiannual installments commencing June 15, 1991 through December 15, 2006.

5,289

Total

\$ 2,994,729

### The Refunding Plan

The MTA has a very aggressive refunding plan to refund certain maturities of its Proposition A Revenue and Refunding Bonds. The MTA, through the issuance of the Series 1993-A Bonds, has reduced the interest cost on a portion of its indebtedness by taking advantage of current marked conditions. Similar to the refinancing of a home mortgage, to take advantage of low interest rates, the MTA has lowered its interest cost related to Proposition A Bonds by approximately a \$96 million spread over 30 years.

The MTA is also looking into ways of refunding Proposition C Bonds in order to achieve similar results.

## Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following schedule summarizes the changes which occurred during the year ended June 30, 1993, in liabilities reported in the general long-term debt account group (in thousands):

	Balance July 1, 1992 as restated	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 1993
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	\$1,692,561	\$1,281,520	\$13,373	\$2,960,708
Leveraged Lease Revenue Bonds	34,667	_	646	34,021
Bolids	34,007			34,021
Total Bonded Debt	\$1,727,228	1,281,520	14,019	\$2,994,729
Commercial Paper Notes	193,000	73,500	=	266,500
Certificates of Participation	19,340	3,225	-	22,565
Compensated Absences Payable	568	1,955		2,523
Total	\$1,940,136	\$1,360,200	\$ 14,019	\$3,286,317

#### Amortization Requirements

The annual requirements (principal and interest) to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 1993 are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	osition A (Combined)		oposition C nds (Combined)		Total
1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 Thereafter	\$ 81,128 93,810 98,301 98,340 99,764 2,299,447	\$	37,549 37,521 37,518 37,715 38,246 960,810	\$	118,677 131,331 135,819 136,055 138.010 ,260,257
Total principal ar interest	2,770,790	\$1	,149,359	\$3	,920,149
Less: Amount representing interest	531,032	_	428,409		959,441
Total	\$ 2,239,758	\$	720,950	\$ <u>2</u>	,960,708

#### PROPRIETARY FUND

The portion of outstanding debt related to proprietary fund operations is included in the accounts of the proprietary fund. A summary of proprietary fund debt and debt service requirements, including interest and principal as of June 30, 1993, are as follows:

### Equipment Trust Certificates

The Equipment Trust Certificates were issued to acquire buses and are funded by local capital grants. The respective certificate agreements require that certain funds be deposited to a collateral certificate repayment fund account to satisfy debt service requirements. In addition, the 1986 Certificates agreement requires the MTA to deposit funds into a bus purchase account to pay for future bus acquisitions. The total principal amount outstanding on the equipment trust certificates as of

June 30, 1993 is \$17,715,000 at interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 9.1%. Payment dates for principal and interest are as follows (in thousands):

	1984 Issue Due July 1,		1986 Is Due Ju		Total		
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
1993 1994 1995 1996	\$2,640 2,875 - -	\$499 261 - -	\$ 2,785 2,955 3,140 3,320	\$ 647 480 295 116	\$ 5,425 5,830 3,140 3,320	\$ 1,146 741 295 116	
	\$ <u>5,515</u>	\$ <u>760</u>	\$12,200	\$1,538	\$ <u>17,715</u>	\$2,298	

### Certificates of Participation (1990 Issue)

In July 1990, the MTA issued \$160,000,000 of Adjustable Rate Demand Certificates of Participation due in annual installments from \$6,100,000 beginning on July 1, 1995 to \$15,100,000 due July 1, 2010. The 1990 certificates were converted in 1991 from an adjustable rate to a fixed rate of interest, rates ranging from 5.2% to 7.7% for the period 1995 to 2010. The total principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 1993 is \$160,000,000 and is payable as follows (in thousands):

Due July 1,	Principal	Interest
1993	\$ -	\$ 10,244
1994	-	10,244
1995	6,100	10,244
1996	6,500	9,927
1997	6,900	9,576
Thereafter	140,500	70,272
	\$ <u>160,000</u>	\$ <u>120,507</u>

Certificates of Participation (C.O.P. 1992 issue)
On June 29, 1992, the MTA participated in a \$118,375,000 issuance of California Transit Finance Corporation Certificates of Participation 1992 Series B (the "1992 Certificates") to finance the acquisition of 333 buses and related equipment to be operated by the MTA. The MTA is required to make annual lease payments that are funded in part from Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Section 9 Capital Grant funds received by the MTA (80%) and from Transportation Development Act funds (20%). The percentages may change in the future and the FTA grants available for such payments are subject to future Congressional appropriation and authorization. The 1992

Certificates bear interest rates ranging from 3.25% (1993) to 6.25% (2004). The total principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 1993 is \$118,375,000 and is payable as follows (in thousands):

Due July 1. 1993	Principal \$ 9,865	Interest \$ 6,882
1994	9,865	6,032
1995	9,865	5,588
1996	9,865	5,119
1997	9,865	4,626
Thereafter	69,050	16,775
	\$118,375	\$ 45,022

#### Revenue Anticipation Notes

The MTA currently has a total of \$130,000,000 of Revenue Anticipation Notes outstanding as of June 30, 1993. These notes are collateralized by a pledge of and will be repaid from, federal, state and local grants, due in fiscal year 1994 and thereafter. The purpose of the notes is to fund current operations until certain grant receivables can be collected.

#### FIDUCIARY FUND

The portion of outstanding debt related to the fiduciary (agency fund) operations are accounted for in the fiduciary fund type.

#### BENEFIT ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS' REVENUE BONDS

The special Benefit Assessment District A1 Revenue Bonds, Series 1992-A ("A1 Bonds"), and Benefit Assessment District A2 Revenue Bonds, Series 1992-A ("A2 Bonds"), were issued to assist in the financing of the private sector portion of the County-wide Rail Rapid Transit System (the "Metro Rail Project")-the Minimum Operable Segment-1 (MOS-1).

The A1 and A2 Bonds total \$154,055,000 and \$8,115,000, respectively. The A1 and A2 Bonds are solely payable from assessments paid by owners of assessable property within Districts A1 and A2, respectively, against which assessments have been and/or will be levied on such property.

The bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the MTA and are payable solely from payments received on assessments against the levied properties. The total outstanding debt is \$162,170,000, and in the opinion of MTA officials, these bonds are not payable from any revenues or assets of the MTA, and neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing authority of the MTA, the State or any political subdivision thereof is

obligated to the payment of the principal or interest on the bonds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and/or Proprietary funds for these bonds.

#### 8. OPERATING LEASES

The MTA is committed under various leases for building and office space. These leases are considered for accounting purposes to be operating leases. Lease expenditures for the years ended June 30, 1993 were \$12,030,000. Future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows (in thousands):

Year	
Ending	Amount
1994	\$12,268
1995	11,890
1996	3,947
1997	37
1998	51
Thereafter	10
Total	\$28,203

The MTA anticipates moving into the new Gateways building in fiscal year 1995/96; thus, potential contingent liabilities may arise related to the current building leases.

#### 9. PENSIONS AND POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The MTA currently has pension plans that cover the former Commission employees and the former District employees. Details related to the plans are noted below.

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (for former Commission Employees)

### Plan Description

The MTA contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities in California. The MTA's payroll for employees covered by PERS for the year ended June 30, 1993, was \$33,156,000 of a total payroll of approximately \$35,741,000.

All full-time employees are covered members under PERS and became fully vested in their accrued benefits after 5 years of credited service. Normal retirement is age 60 with 5 years of credited service. The normal benefit form is a modified straight life annuity equal to 2%

(benefit factor) of final average compensation (last consecutive 36 months of employment) times years of credited service. Other optional benefit forms are available at a reduced amount. Early retirement is available at age 50 with 5 years of credited service. The benefit factor is actuarially reduced for retirement prior to age 60 and actuarially increased after age 60 up to age 63. The plan provides for survivor and disability benefits.

During fiscal year 1993, the MTA's contribution rate was 13.655% of covered payroll. This rate includes the mandatory employee contributions of 7%, which have been assumed by the MTA. Effective July 1, 1993, the rate will be 13.557% of covered payroll. This rate comprises the following:

Employer current normal cost	6.442%
Prior service unfunded liability	.115
Employee normal cost	7.000

Total <u>13.557</u>%

PERS invests plan assets in a wide variety of investment vehicles including U. S. Government securities, bonds stocks, and other types of investment instruments. It is the policy of PERS to avoid third party investments of its plan employer participants. Plan investments conforming to California State laws have been determined to generally comply with MTA policy. Details of the PERS investment portfolio are published annually and may be found in the PERS annual report.

## Funding Status and Progress

The term "pension benefit obligation" is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, as adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the MTA's pension system on a going-concern basis, assessing progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due and making comparisons among employers. The measure is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits and is independent of the funding method used to determine contributions to the MTA's pension system.

The pension benefit obligation has been computed as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 1993, and reflects all plan amendments adopted through June 30, 1993. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include:

- A rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8.75% per year compounded annually.
- o Projected salary increases of 7% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation of 4.50%, additional projected merit increases of 1.75%, and other across the board increases of .75%.

Total net assets in excess of pension benefit obligation applicable to the MTA employees at June 30, 1992, follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	\$	353,746
Current Employees: Accumulated employee contributions including allocated investment earnings		5,051,132
Employer-financed vested		2,341,486
Employer financed non-vested	2	1,957,665
Total Pension Benefit Obligation		9,704,029
Less: Net Assets available for benefits at cost (market value is $\frac{11,858,067}{}$ )		10,512,471
Net Assets in Excess of Pension Benefit Obligation	\$_	808,442

## Actuarially Determined Contributions Required and Contributions Made

For valuation purposes and to determine a basis for funding contributions, PERS continues to use the Entry Normal Age Actuarial Cost Method. This method is a projected benefit cost method, which takes into account those benefits that are expected to be earned in the future, as well as those already accrued.

According to this cost method, the normal cost for an employee is the level amount that would fund the projected benefit if it were paid annually from date of

employment until retirement. PERS uses a modification of the Entry Age Cost Method in which the MTA's total normal cost is expressed as a level percent of payroll. PERS also uses the level percentage of payroll method to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities. The amortization period of the unfunded actuarial liability expires in the year 2006.

The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the actuarially determined contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the pension benefit obligation, as previously described. There were no material changes in the basic actuarial assumptions used in this calculation in the prior year.

The total contribution to PERS for the year ended June 30, 1993 was approximately \$4,570,829, all of which was attributable to the MTA. Such contributions were made in accordance with the latest PERS actuarial valuation. These pension contributions for normal costs include the employees' portion of \$2,322,240.

#### Trend Information

Trend information shows the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Historical information is provided to assist readers of the financial statements in assessing the MTA's progress in accumulating sufficient resources with PERS to pay pension benefits as they become payable. Such information is now being accumulated; however, historical information for periods prior to 1987 is not available.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ANALYSIS OF FUNDING PROGRESS (in thousands)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Net Assets Available for Benefits	Pension Benefit Obligation	% <u>Funded</u>	Net Assets in Excess of Pension Benefit Oblig- ation	Annual Covered Payroll	Unfunded Pension Benefit Obligation as a % of Covered Payroll	Total Contri- butions	Contri- butions as a % of Annual Covered Payroll
87	\$ 2,184	\$ 1,424	153.4%	\$759	\$3,843	19.8%	\$ 471	12.3%
88	2,933	2,036	144.1	897	4,637	19.4	535	11.4
89	3,398	2,802	121.3	596	5,792	10.3	649	11.2
90	4,668	4,029	115.9	639	9,717	6.6	896	9.2
91	6,688	6,055	110.5	633	19,307	3.3	1,885	9.8
92	10,512	9,704	108.3	809	30,199	2.7	3,313	11
93	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	33,156	N/A	4,571	13.8

N/A = Information not available as of June 30, 1993

# B. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (for former District employees)

#### Plan Description

The MTA has a Single-Employer Public Employees Retirement System which includes four defined benefit pension plans (the "Plans") covering substantially all employees, which provide retirement, disability and death benefits. Generally, employees' rights to retirement benefits vest after five years for non-contract employees and 10 years for contract employees and are based on the individual employee's years of service, age, final compensation and for bargaining units, disability status. The benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by ordinance, collective bargaining statute, agreements or Board of Directors' actions. The amount of payroll used for pension coverage under the Plans for the year ended December 31, 1992 was \$338,982,000. The MTA's total payroll for employees covered by these Plans for June 30, 1993 was \$393,427,000. year ended Generally, the differences between covered and total payrolls are a result of the exclusion of most overtime hours and of part-time employees.

As of December 31, 1992, employee membership data related to the pension plans were as follows:

	Plan				
	TCU	UTU	ATU	Non- contract	
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	106	1,097	337	325	
Active participants:					
Vested	286	2,134	1,056	1,119	
Non-vested	<u>377</u>	1,889	863	588	
Total	<u>769</u>	5,120	2,256	2,032	

All employees, except non-contract employees contribute specified percentages, as recommended by the Plans' actuary, of their annual salaries to the plan in which they participate.

### Funding Status and Progress

The amount shown below as the "pension benefit obligation" is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and any step rate benefits estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. This measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the Plans on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparison among employers. The measure is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits and is independent of the actuarial funding method used.

The pension benefit obligation was computed as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 1992 (the most recent actuarial valuations). The significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation to compute the pension benefit obligation was an assumed rate of return on investment assets of 8% as of December 31, 1992, annual salary increases of 5% and no post-retirement benefit increases.

Total underfunded pension benefit obligation applicable to the MTA at December 31, 1992 is as follows:

	TCU	<u>970</u>	ATU	Non-contract	Total
Pension benefit obligation: Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	5 7,433,261	\$ 92,306,707.	s 25,870,407	\$ 35,070,046	\$159,680,421
Current employees: Accumulated employee contributions, including allocated investment income Employer-financed vested Employer-financed Nonvested	3,441,324 6,140,606 10,103,065	31,194,014 67,138,056 83,501,224	12,644,511 30,985,378 38,169,770	7,718,243 34,895,537 28,368,447	54,998,092 139,159,577 160,142,506
Total pension benefit obligation	27,118,256	264,140,001	107,670,066	106,052,273	504,980,596
Net assets available for plan benefits, at cost	\$25,031,958	\$ 225,533,936	\$ 92,215,800	<u>\$ 98,097,860</u>	\$440,879,554

Net assets available for plan benefits at market value were \$511,282,459 at December 31, 1992.

# Actuarially Determined Contributions Required and Contributions Made

funding policy of the Plans provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions by the MTA at rates such that sufficient assets will be available to pay plan benefits when due. contribution rate for normal cost is determined by using the projected unit credit method. This method is also used to amortize the surplus of net assets available for benefits in excess of the pension benefit obligation over a thirty-year period. The assumptions used to compute the actuarially determined contribution are the same as those used to compute the pension The MTA's contributions to the benefit obligation. Plans for the year ended June 30, 1993 were made in accordance with the actuarially determined requirements computed as of December 31, 1992.

Contributions to the Plans and the rate to covered employees for the year ended June 30, 1993 are summarized as follows:

	TCU	UTU	UTA	NON- CONTRACT
MTA's contributions: For normal cost For unfunded	\$ 806,192	\$6,686,043	\$3,379,369	\$3,983,609
<pre>actuarial accrued liability(surplus)</pre>	(327,547)	(2,219,924)	(327,405)	22,641
MTA's contribution Employees' contribution	478,645	4,466,119	3,051,964	4,006,250
	612,502	5,432,411	1,612,802	16,178
Total contributions	\$ <u>1,091,147</u>	\$ <u>9,898,530</u>	\$ <u>4,664,766</u>	\$ <u>4,022,428</u>
Contributions as a percentage of union/non-contract covered employees' payroll:				
MTA's contribution Employees'	2.37%	2.92	4.04%	4.84%
contribution	2.97%	3.53%	2.08%	0.02%

The above presentations include the combined funding status and contributions to the "base plan" and the "23 years/50% plan" for union-represented employees. These employees contributed 1% to the base plan, with the balance funded by District contributions. The 23 years/50% plan is to be fully funded only by employee contributions over a 15-year period. The actuarial accrued liability of the 23 years/50% component totaled \$55,266,322 at December 31, 1992. The related fund deficit of the 23 years/50% component totaled \$1,685,498 at December 31, 1992.

#### Trend Information

Trend information shows the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. As of December 31, available assets (at cost) were sufficient to fund the following percentage of the

pension benefit obligation per plan:

		PLAN YEARS	
	1992	1991	1990
TCU	92.3%	96.1%	100.5%
UTU	85.4%	89.5%	95.4%
ATU	85.7%	89.2%	94.2%
Non-contract	92.5%	95.2%	99.1%

The unfunded pension benefit obligations, at cost as of December 31, represented the following percentages of covered payroll by plan:

		PLAN YEARS	
	1992	1991	1990
TCU	10.0%	4.9%	(0.6%)
UTU	25.3%	17.1%	7.2%
ATU	20.3%	14.5%	7.5%
Non-contract	8.9%	5.9%	1.1%

The MTA's contributions to the Plans, which were all made in accordance with actuarially determined requirements, were the following percentage of annual payroll:

		PLAN YEARS	
	1992	1991	1990
TCU	2.37%	2.06%	2.18%
UTU	2.92%	4.06%	4.43%
ATU	4.04%	3.10%	3.06%
Non-contract	4.84%	4.47%	4.41%

Ten-year trend information is publicly available from the MTA's separate Plan reports. These reports include the following information: net assets available for benefits, pension benefit obligation, unfunded pension benefit obligation and annual covered payroll.

#### Post-Retirement Benefits

The MTA provides post-retirement benefits which consist of health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees and families. Substantially all retirees of the MTA may become eligible for those benefits if they reach the appropriate eligibility requirements for retirement while working for the MTA. The benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by collective bargaining agreements and/or Board of Directors' actions. The cost of providing these benefits for approximately 2,100 participants was

\$4,278,000 in fiscal year 1993. The liability of providing these benefits is included in the balance sheet caption, Compensated Absences Payable, is \$30,729,000 at June 30, 1993.

#### 10. INTERFUND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following is a table summarizing receivables and payables between funds at June 30, 1993 (in thousands):

General Fund         \$	
Funds       25       14,500         Proposition C       18       92,231         Ridesharing       1,094       594         Total Special       1,137       107,325         Capital Project       1,137       107,325         Capital Project       41,976       966         Commuter Rail       0       520         Total Capital       42,977       1,486         Enterprise       42,977       1,486	
Proposition A       25       14,500         Proposition C       18       92,231         Ridesharing       1,094       594         Total Special       1,137       107,325         Capital Project       1,001       0         Funds:       1,001       0         Light Rail       41,976       966         Commuter Rail       0       520         Total Capital       42,977       1,486         Enterprise	
Ridesharing 1,094 594 Total Special Revenue Funds 1,137 107,325  Capital Project Funds: Light Rail 1,001 0 Heavy Rail 41,976 966 Commuter Rail 0 520 Total Capital Project 42,977 1,486	
Total Special Revenue Funds  1,137  107,325  Capital Project Funds: Light Rail Heavy Rail Commuter Rail Project Total Capital Project  42,977  1,486  Enterprise	
Revenue Funds       1,137       107,325         Capital Project       Funds:         Light Rail       1,001       0         Heavy Rail       41,976       966         Commuter Rail       0       520         Total Capital       42,977       1,486         Enterprise	
Funds: Light Rail 1,001 0 Heavy Rail 41,976 966 Commuter Rail 0 520 Total Capital Project 42,977 1,486  Enterprise	
Light Rail 1,001 0  Heavy Rail 41,976 966  Commuter Rail 0 520  Total Capital  Project 42,977 1,486  Enterprise	
Heavy Rail       41,976       966         Commuter Rail       0       520         Total Capital       42,977       1,486         Enterprise	
Total Capital Project 42,977 1,486  Enterprise	
Project 42,977 1,486 Enterprise	
Fund <u>64,755</u> <u>64,840</u>	
Internal Service Fund 66,9150	
Trust and Agency Fund025	
Total \$175,784 \$175,784	

Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. As a result of the merger, equity in the debt service fund (primarily the COPs) related to the Metro Rail, MOS-1, was transferred to the enterprise fund.

### 11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND 401(K) SAVINGS PLANS

#### Deferred Compensation Plans

The MTA offers its employees deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 401(k). The market value of plan assets at June 30, 1993 was \$89,943,000. The MTA has two deferred compensation plans, established in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, for its employees. Under the deferred compensation plans, employees may defer on a pre-tax basis a portion of their annual earnings up to the lesser of 25% or \$7,500.

The first plan covers former SCRTD employees and MTA employees, hired after April 1, 1993, and is administered by the MTA. Employee deferrals can be allocated between four investment vehicles, as authorized by the California code covering such plans.

The second plan covers former LACTC employees and is administered by a third-party administrator. Employee deferrals can be allocated between seven investment funds as managed by the fund administrator.

All deferred compensation held or invested under the plan and any income thereon are solely the property of the MTA until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary. This amount is subject only to the claims of the MTA's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of the general creditors of the MTA in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

Benefits under this plan are not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The deferred compensation plan assets and accumulated earnings thereon remain an asset of the MTA until paid or made available to participants and/or beneficiaries.

At June 30, 1993, monies on deposit and credited to participants' accounts, at market value, totalled \$3,351,000. Since the MTA has a fiduciary responsibility to handle the general plan, such contributions are included in the accompanying general purpose financial statements as part of the fiduciary fund types - Agency Funds or the Enterprise fund as appropriate.

It is the opinion of the MTA's management that the MTA has no liability for losses but does have the fiduciary responsibility of due professional care that would be required from a prudent investor. The MTA believes that it is unlikely that it will use the plan's assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

#### 401(k) Sayings Plan

The MTA has a 401(k) Savings Plan for noncontract employees of the former District created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). Under the 401(k) Savings Plan, noncontract employees may contribute from a minimum of \$15 per pay period up to 15% of their earnings not exceeding \$8,994 in calendar 1993. For taxable years beginning after January 1, 1989, amounts deferred in the deferred compensation plan must be reduced by the deferrals made in the 401(K) Savings Plan. The maximum annual combined contributions per calendar year using both plans is \$7,500. Plan withdrawals are not generally available to employees until termination, retirement, age 59 1/2, death or Investments held for the 401(k) unforeseeable emergency. Savings Plan and the resulting 401(k) Savings Plan liabilities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements as part of the Enterprise Fund at the market value of the plan.

The plan bases benefits solely on amounts contributed by employees to their own accounts.

#### 12. RESERVED AND DESIGNATED FUND BALANCES

The following descriptions relate to the MTA's reservations and designations of fund balances:

#### Reserved for Memoranda of Understanding

Established to segregate a portion of the fund balance for contractual commitments.

#### Reserved for Encumbrances

Established to segregate part of the fund balance for outstanding commitments related to unperformed contracts.

## Reserved for Notes Receivable, Resale Property, and Prepaid Items

Established to set aside a portion of fund balance to indicate that Note Receivable, Resale Property, and Prepaid Items do not represent available spendable resources even though they are a component of assets.

#### Reserved for Debt Service

Established to reflect any fund balance legally restricted to the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest maturing in future years.

#### Reserved for Construction

Established to designate that portion of bond proceeds received for construction project costs, which are not available for general use.

#### Reserved for Issuance Costs

Established to reflect that portion of bond proceeds designated in the bond indenture for payment of issuance costs, which have been billed to the MTA at June 30, 1993.

#### 13. DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

As of June 30, 1993, the MTA's general fund balance was a deficit of \$2,637,000. However, the MTA's management believes that this deficit will be recovered from future operating transfers. See management's plans at Note 19.

#### 14. CHANGES IN ENTERPRISE FUND BALANCES

The changes in the enterprise fund balances are as follows (in thousands):

	RETAINED	CAPITAL GRAN	TS (CONTRIBUT	ED CAPITAL)	
	EARNINGS	FEDERAL	STATE	LOCAL	TOTAL
Balance, July 1, 1992 as restated (Note 5)	\$ (11,689)	\$942,148	\$210,232	\$1,381,528	\$2,522,219
Net loss	(89,022)	-	_	=	(89,022)
Depreciation on fixed assets acquired by grants externally restricted for capital acquisition and construction	83,811	(34,619)	(2,776)	(46,416)	_
Capital grants	_	68,441	18,802	33,338	120,581
	1 150	-	10,002		120,001
Contributed capital	1,158			(1,158)	
Balance, June 30, 1993	<u>\$(15.742)</u>	<u>\$975,970</u>	\$226,258	\$1,367,292	\$2,553,778

#### 15. BENEFIT ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS

In July 1985, the MTA established Benefit Assessment Districts ("BADs") pursuant to California Public Utilities Code Section 33000. The BADs have been included in the MTA's financial statements (as discussed in Note 2). The purpose of the BADs is to provide up to \$130,300,000 of construction costs needed to finance five (5) Metro Rail stations. The BADs' share of project costs will be raised through assessments levied on assessed properties located within the BADs.

At June 30, 1993, the BADs' share of the MOS-1 project costs was approximately \$130,300,000 of which \$19,200,000 has been collected from assessments, and the balance of approximately \$111,100,000 has been funded by the issuance of the BAD bonds, and is included in the accompanying financial statements. See Note 7.

#### 16. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

The MTA has several major construction projects underway as reported in Construction in Process in the general fixed asset account group. Four of these major projects are the MOS-2, MOS-3, the Metro Green Line, and the Metro Pasadena Blue Line.

The MOS-2 is a 13.2 mile project. The overall budget for MOS-2 is \$1,446 billion, of which \$393 million has been expended as of June 30, 1993. The MOS-2 Full Funding Grant Agreement between the MTA and the Federal Transit Administration ("FTA") was executed in April 1990. Under this agreement, the FTA has committed a total of \$667 million, subject to annual appropriations.

The MOS-3 is a 11.6 mile project with three branches. The three branches include: the North Hollywood branch, the East Los Angeles branch and the Mid-City branch. The preliminary cost estimate is \$2.4 billion of which \$30.7 million has been expended as of June 30, 1993. The planned opening date for this project is in the year 2001. The MOS-3 Full Funding Grant Agreement between the MTA and the FTA was executed in May 1993. Under this agreement, the FTA has committed a total of \$1.4 billion, subject to annual appropriations.

The Metro Green Line is a 19.5 mile line linking the El Segundo employment area near the Los Angeles International Airport to the City of Norwalk and other communities. The Metro Green Line Project budget of \$772 million has been approved by the MTA. No federal funds will be used to fund this project. The project commitments through June 1993 are \$577 million representing approximately 75% of the total budget, of which \$308 million is reported in construction-in-progress.

The Metro Pasadena Blue Line is a 13.6 mile line extending from Union Station to the eastern area of Pasadena. The Metro Pasadena Blue Line Project budget of \$841 million has been approved by the MTA in January 1993. No federal funds will be used to fund this project. The project commitments through June 1993 are \$44 million representing approximately 5% of the total budget, of which \$20.4 million is reported in construction-in-progress.

#### Purchase Commitment

The MTA has entered into a contract to purchase 15 rail cars from the Sumitomo Corporation. The total amount of the purchase is expected to be approximately \$15-20 million.

The MTA has entered into a contract in December 1993 to procure 74 rail vehicles from the Siemens Corp. (i.e., the L.A. Rail Car Contract) at a total cost of \$215 million.

#### 17. LITIGATION AND OTHER CONTINGENCIES

The MTA is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the MTA.

The MTA receives significant funding from federal, state and other governmental grant funds as reimbursement for costs incurred in certain programs it administers. Such programs are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audit could result in requests for reimbursements to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant or in reductions of future grant monies. Based on prior experience, the MTA management believes that costs ultimately disallowed, if any, would not materially affect the financial condition of the MTA.

#### 18. JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY

The MTA is a member of the Southern California Regional Rail Authority (SCRRA), which was created as an exercise of joint powers between the transportation commissions of the counties of Los Angeles (MTA), San Bernardino (SANBAG), Orange (OCTA), Riverside (RCTC), and Ventura (VCTC). The SCRRA has assumed the overall responsibility of providing a regional commuter rail system, Metrolink, linking the participating counties.

The SCRRA consists of an independent governing board of eleven members appointed by the member agencies with voting powers as follows:

MTA	4
OCTA	2
RCTC	2
SANBAG	2
VCTC	1

Funding for the SCRRA during the initial period has been primarily through capital contributions from member agencies and the State of California.

The MTA has made capital contributions to the SCRRA totaling \$82,936,000. These capital contributions are recorded in the MTA's Capital Projects Fund and are reported in the general fixed asset account group as contributed capital. (See Note 4)

Summary financial information as of and for the year ended June 30, 1993 is as follows: (in thousands)

Current assets Property and equipment, net Total assets	\$ \$	27,474 429,343 456,817
Total liabilities Total equity	\$	54,960 401,857
Total liabilities and equity	\$	456,817
Total revenues Total expenses Contributed capital adjustment for	\$	19,272 (31,226)
depreciation  Net increase in retained earnings	ş	<u>12.272</u> 318

On October 26, 1992, SCRRA commenced the Metrolink Commuter Rail Service on three lines: San Bernardino, Santa Clarita and Ventura County to Los Angeles Union Station. The MTA is also obligated to fund the majority of the system operating costs in fiscal year 1993/94.

#### 19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On September 15, 1993, the Community Redevelopment A. Financing Authority of the Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Los Angeles, California, issued the following bonds of which the MTA is a partial quarantor, 1) \$22,225,000 Grand Central Square Multifamily Housing Bonds, 1993 Series A, \$6,975,000 and \$15,360,000, due December 1,, 2013, and 2026, respectively, and, 2) \$21,665,000 Grand Central Square Qualified Redevelopment Bonds, 1993 Series A, \$6,665,000 and \$15,000,000, due December 1, 2013, and 2026, respectively. Both the Housing Bonds and the Redevelopment Bonds are special, limited obligations of the Community Redevelopment Financing Authority. The sources of payment for the Housing Bonds are different from the source of payment for the Redevelopment Bonds.

The source of all payments of principal and of interest on the Housing Bonds <u>prior</u> to Completion and Reconveyance of the Project (or if the Completion and Reconveyance never occurs, until all Housing Bonds are paid) will be tax increment revenues received by The Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Los Angeles, California (the "Agency") from the Agency's Bunker Hill Urban Renewal Project 1B. <u>After</u> Completion and Reconveyance of the Project (if such event occurs), the source of payment of the Housing Bonds will be (i) in part from the tax increment funds received by the Agency from its Bunker

Hill Urban Renewal Project 1B and (ii) in part from a portion of the Proposition A sales tax revenues (as described herein) received by the MTA.

The Redevelopment Bonds are payable primarily from a portion of the Proposition A sales tax revenues received by the MTA.

- B. On November 15, 1993, the MTA issued \$312,350,000 of Proposition C Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Second Senior Bonds, Series 1993B, due July 1, 1997 2013 at interest rates from 4.75 8.00%. The notes are special obligations payable from and secured by a pledge of the receipts from the imposition in the County of Los Angeles for public transit purposes of a one-half cent retail transactions and use tax, less 20% thereof paid to local jurisdictions and certain administrative fees.
- C. On February 15, 1994, the MTA issued \$14,650,000 of Proposition A tax-exempt commercial paper and \$10,100,000 of Proposition C taxable commercial paper. The issues are to pay costs of the Union Station Gateway Intermodel Transit Center and related facilities and of the Union Station Gateway Headquarters Building and related facilities, respectively. These commercial paper issues will be refunded through long-term bond issues related to the projects.
- D. On March 15, 1994, the MTA issued \$60,000,000 of Revenue Anticipation Notes, Series 1994-A, due March 14, 1994 at an interest rate of 3.75%. The notes are collateralized by a pledge of, and will be repaid from, federal, state and local funds. The purpose of the issue is to fund current operations until the collection of the pledged revenues.
- E. On May 12, 1994, the MTA issued \$66,492,000 of tax-exempt Second Subordinate Sales Tax Revenue Commercial Paper Notes Series A pursuant to a First Supplemental Subordinate Trust Agreement, as amended, dated as of January 1, 1991. The proceeds are for the 1) current refunding of outstanding taxable commercial paper issued February 15, 1994 (\$22,880,000) to be held by the trustee and 2) interim financing for current and previous advanced costs for the Union Station Gateway Headquarters Building and related facilities. Although the individual Notes are "short-term" with maturities ranging from seven to two hundred days at various interest rates from 3.25% to 4.35%

per annum (payable at each maturity), it is the intention of the MTA to pay the accrued interest and rollover or reissue the principal amounts as they mature on a year by year basis.

- F. Due to the general economic conditions in the State of California, the MTA is expected to experienced a shortfall in the budget during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1994 as a result of reduced funding from sales tax and ridesharing revenues. The budget deficit for fiscal year 1994-1995 is expected to be approximately \$126,000,000. The MTA's plans to alleviate the budget deficit is as follows:
  - Reevaluating and restructuring of the fare system.
  - Reduction of staff and restructuring of operations for efficiencies.
  - Proposed salary/hiring freezes for contract and noncontract employees which will result in an estimated savings of \$14 million.
  - Proposed delays on certain capital projects in order to provide funding for operational needs.



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Leading the Way to Greater Mobility



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Leading the Way to Greater Mobility

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Proposition A		Proposition C	State Transit Assistance		Ridesharing and CMAQ	-	Service Authority for Freeway Emergencies
Assets ·		_			_			
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 235,823	\$	316,485	\$ 47,641	\$	12,835	\$	10,071
Notes	10,582		0	0		0		0
Interest	1,869		2,581	346		106		97
Sales tax	14.626		14,449	0		0		0
Intergovernmental	0		30	0		426		Ö
Leases and other	0		0	ō		0		501
Interfund	25		18	0		1,094		0
Prepaids and other assets	0		452	0_		0		0
Total assets	\$ 262,925	\$	334,015	\$ 47,987	\$	14,461	\$_	10,669
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 1,742	\$	26,467	\$ 7,833	\$	1,453	\$	576
Due to other governments	0		0	0		0		614
Interfund payable	14,500	_	92,231	0		594	_	0
Total liabilities	 16,242	-	118,698	7,833		2,047	-	1,190
Fund Balances: Reserved for memoranda								
of understanding	236,831		162,203	40,154		4,800		3,700
Reserved for notes receivable	9,852		0	0		0		0
Unreserved, undesignated	0		53,114	0		7,614		5,779
Total fund balances	246,683		215,317	40,154		12,414	-	9,479
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$ 262,925	\$	334,015	\$ 47,987	\$	14,461	\$	10,669

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

-	Transportation Development Act	· ·	PVEA	-	Federal Aid Urban		Ports Highway Improvements Match	·	FTA Pass – Through	-	Total 1993
\$	97,115	\$	659	\$	17,316	\$	8,849	\$	0	\$	746,794
	0		0		0		o .		0		10,582
	1,354		7		130		74		0		6,564
	0		0		0		0		0		29,075
	0		0		9,195		0		0		9,651
	0		0		0		0		0		501
	0		0		0		0		0		1,137
122	0	-	0_	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	452
\$_	98,469	\$	666	<b>\$</b> _	26,641	\$	8,923	\$	0_	\$ _	804,756
\$	862 0 0 862	\$	336 0 0	\$	1,168 0 0 1,168	\$	0 0 0	\$	0 0 0	, <b>\$</b> 	40,437 614 107,325 148,376
_	97,607 0 0 97,607		330 0 0		25,473 0 0 25,473		0 0 8,923 8,923		0 0 0	_	571,098 9,852 75,430 656,380
\$_	98,469	\$	66 <b>6</b>	\$_	26,641	\$	8,923	\$	0_	<b>\$</b> _	804,756

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	_	Proposition A	Proposition C	State Transit Assistance		Ridesharing and CMAQ	1-	Service Authority for Freeway Emergencies
Revenues:								
Sales taxes	\$	371,452	\$ 368,272	\$	\$	0	\$	0
Licenses/fines		0	0	0		0		6,523
Intergovernmental		0	0	17,036		3,330		0
Interest		5,832	12,565	1,331		608		551
Miscellaneous	=	0	0	0		0	-	0
Total revenues	_	377,284	380,837	18,367	6	3,938		7,074
Expenditures:								
Current: Administration and other		690	921	30		485		242
		302,444	333,122	8,871		8,692		9,654
Transportation subsidies	-	302,444	333,122	0,071		0,032	-	9,034
Total expenditures	_	303,134	334,043	8,901	12	9,177	-	9,896
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	_	74,150	46,794	9,466	,-	(5,239)	_	(2,822)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Operating transfers in		64,010	0	7		0		0
Operating transfers out		(143,809)	(231,998)	0		0		0
Contributions from property owners	-	84,770		0	9	0	-	0
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	4,971	(231,998)	7_	3	0	-	0
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over								
expenditures and other financing uses		79,121	(185,20 <b>4)</b>	9,473		(5,239)		(2,822)
Fund balances, July 1	_	167,562	400,521	30,681		17,653	n=	12,301
Fund balances, June 30	\$ _	246,683	\$ 215,317	\$ 40,154	\$	12,414	\$ _	9,479

,-	Transportation Development Act		PVEA		Federal Aid Urban		Ports Highway Improvements Match		FTA Pass – Through	-	Total 1993
\$	289.823	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,029,547
	0	•	ŏ	•	Ö	•	. 0	•	ō	•	6.523
	346		3.093		18,695		0		500		43,000
	5,013		46		637		329		0		26,912
E	720			-	0		0		0	-	720
-	295,902		3,139	,	19,332		329		500	_	1,106,702
_	96 198,575		0 3,322		19 11,721		0	1-	0 500	1-	2,483 876,901
-	198,671		3,322		11,740		0		500	-	879,384
-	97,231		(183)		7,592		329	15	0		227,318
	0		0		0		0		0		64,017
	0		0		0		0		0		(375,807)
-	0_		0		0		0		0	_	84,770
=	0		0	•	0		0		0_	-	(227,020)
	97,231		(183)		7,592		329		o		298
_	376		513		17,881		8,594	7.4	0	_	656,082
\$ _	97,607	\$	330	\$	25,473	\$	8,923	\$	0	\$ _	656,380

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Proposition A Special Revenue Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

				199 <b>3</b>		
		Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:						
Sales taxes	\$	364,341	\$	371,452	•	7,111
Interest	·	4,000	<b>*</b>	5,832	-	1,832
Total revenues	-	368,341	_	377,284	_	8,943
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Administration and other		400		690		(290)
Transportation subsidies	-	231,462	_	302,444	_	(70,982)
Total expenditures		231,862	_	303,134	1-	(71,272)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-	136,479	_	74,150	п_	(62,329)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in:						
Proposition C fund		46,600		64,010		17,410
Operating transfers out:						
Debt service fund		(95,000)		(91,734)		3,266
Capital projects funds		(24,000)		(26,474)		(2,474)
General fund		(25,505)		(25,594)		(89)
STA fund		0		(7)		(7)
Contributions from property owners	-	0	_	84,770	-	84,770
Total other financing sources (uses)		(97,905)	-	4,971		102,876
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures						
and other financing uses		38,574		79,121		40,547
Fund balances, July 1		118,562	_	167,562	_	49,000
Fund balances, June 30	\$	157,136	\$_	246,683	\$_	89,547

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Proposition C Special Revenue Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	_	1993				
	_	Budget	-	Actual	19	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	28					
Sales taxes	\$	346,124	\$	368,272	\$	22,148
Interest	^_	23,000	_	12,565		(10,435)
Total revenues		369,124	_	380,837		11,713
Expenditures:						
Current:		4 000		004		70
Administration and other		1,000		921		79
Transportation subsidies	-	345,000	-	333,122	10-	11,878
Total expenditures	a <del></del>	346,000		334,043	31.	11,957
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		23,124		46,794		23,670
Other Financing (Uses):						
Operating transfers out: General fund		(40.400)		(40.074)		(0.074)
Proposition A fund		(10,100) (100,000)		(13,374) (63,910)		(3,274) 36,090
Rail startup fund		(100,000)		(03,910)		(100)
Debt service		0		(2,384)		(2,384)
Capital projects fund	_	(168,380)	_	(152,230)		16,150
Total other financing (uses)	_	(278,480)	_	(231,998)		46,482
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other financing uses		(255,356)		(185,204)		70,152
Fund balances, July 1	_	400,521		400,521		0
Fund balances, June 30	\$_	145,165	\$_	215,317	\$	70,152

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority State Transit Assistance Special Revenue Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

				4000	
	19	Dicyc. 4 Kod arganistic a market a		1993	
u ·		Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	17,450	\$	17,036	\$ (414)
Interest		1,555		1,331	(224)
Total revenues		10.005	_	10.067	(639)
Total revenues	-	19,005	-	18,367	(638)
Expenditures: Current:					
Administration and other		0		30	(30)
Transportation subsidies		7,500		8,871	(1,371)
	_		_		
Total expenditures	-	7,500		8,901	(1,401)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		11,505		9,466	(2,772)
Other Financing Sources:					
Operating transfers in: Proposition A fund		0		7	(7)
1 Toposition A fund	9	<u>_</u>	_	<b>-</b> -	
Total other financing sources	re-	0		7	(7)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources					
over expenditures		11,505		9,473	2,032
Fund balances, July 1	. <del>.</del>	30,681	_	30,681	0
Fund balances, June 30	\$.	42,186	\$_	40,154	\$ 2,032

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Ridesharing and CMAQ Special Revenue Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	-	1993					
	* -	Budget		Actual	9	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental Interest	\$	23,300 950	\$	3,330 608	\$	(19,970) (342)	
Total revenues	-	24,250		3,938		(20,312)	
Expenditures: Current:							
Administration and other		50 <b>6</b>		485		21	
Transportation subsidy	-	41,045		8,692		32,353	
Total expenditures		41,551		9,177		32,374	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		(17,301)		(5,239)		12,062	
Fund balances, July 1	_	17,653		17,653	( )	0	
Fund balances, June 30	\$ _	352	\$	12,414	\$	12,062	

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Service Authority for Freeway Emergencies Special Revenue Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	-		 199 <b>3</b>					
		Budget	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
Revenues:								
Licenses (motor vehicles)	\$	6,630	\$ 6,523	\$	(107)			
Interest	_	758	551		(207)			
Total revenues	_	7,388	7,074		(314)			
Expenditures:								
Current:		440	. 040		(0.0)			
Administration and other		149	242		(93)			
Transportation subsidies	=	11,753	9,654		2,099			
Total expenditures	-	11,902	9,896		2,006			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(4,514)	(2,822)		1,692			
Fund balances, July 1	9	12,301	12,301		0			
Fund balances June 30	\$	7,787	\$ 9,479	\$	1,692			

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Transportation Development Act Special Revenue Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual For the years ended June 30, 1993

For the years ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

•	_			1993	
	-	Budget *	s -	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:					
Sales tax	\$	0	\$	289,823	\$ 289,823
Intergovernmental		720		346	(374)
Interest		30		5,0 <b>13</b>	4,983
Miscellaneous	_	0		720	720
Total revenues	-	750		295,902	295,152
Expenditures: Current:					
Administration and other		151		96	55
Transportation subsidies		33 <b>8</b>		198,575	(198,237)
Total expenditures	-	489		198,671	(198,182)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		261		97,231	96,970
Fund balances, July 1	-	376		376	0
Fund balances, June 30	\$ _	637	\$	97,607	\$ 96,970

<sup>\*</sup> Budget was prepared for administrative costs only.

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority PVEA Special Revenue Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance — Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

		1993							
	is	Budget	19	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	0	\$.	3,093	\$	3,093			
Interest		0	_	46		46			
Total revenues	÷	0		3,139		3,139			
Expenditures: Current:									
Transportation subsidies		1,031	,,	3,322		(2,291)			
Total expenditures		1,031	3-	3,322		(2,291)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures		(1,031)		(183)		848			
Fund balances, July 1		513		513		0			
Fund balances, June 30	\$	(518)	\$	330	\$	848			

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Federal Aid Urban Special Revenue Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

		1993								
	1	Budget	13 <del>5</del>	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)				
Revenues: Intergovernmental Interest	\$	6,500 1,770	\$	18,695 637	\$	12,195 (1,133)				
Total revenues	,	8,270	_	19,332		11,062				
Expenditures: Current: Administration and other Transportation subsidies		10 10,019		19 11,721		(9) (1,702)				
Total expenditures		10,029	_	11,740		(1,711)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,759)		7,592		9,351				
Fund balances, July 1		17,881	-	17,881		0				
Fund balances, June 30	\$	16,122	\$	25,473	\$	9,351				

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Ports Highway Improvements Match Special Revenue Fund Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances — Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

AND 10 MIN 10 MI					10.0		
				1993			
	-	Budget	· <u>-</u>	Actual	(1)	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues: Interest	\$	425	\$_	329	\$_	(96)	
Total revenues		425	-	329	_	(96)	
Fund balances, July 1		8,594	-	8,594	1	0	
Fund balances, June 30	\$	9,019	\$_	8,923	\$_	(96)	



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Leading the Way to Greater Mobility

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	73	Light Rail		Metro Rail	Commuter Rail	Total 1993
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and investments	\$	209,803	\$	70,028	\$ 53,327	\$ 333,158
Receivables:						
Interest		0		675	0	675
Benefits assessment		0		21,231	0	21,231
Intergovernmental		1,211		115,898	9,049	126,158
Lease and other		491		25	579	1,095
Interfund		1,001		41,976	0	42,977
Prepaid and other		358		3,221	0	3,579
Interest in property held for resale	-	700		0	0	700
Total assets	\$ _	213,564	\$	253,054	\$ 62,955	\$ 529,573_
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	51,246	\$	61,572	\$ A 201 (A) (A)	\$ 113,332
Accrued salaries		0		0	0	0
Compensated absences payable		0		0	0	0
Claims and judgments payable		1,248		12,044	0	13,292
Due to other governments		0		87	497	584
Due to other funds		0		966	520	1,486
Deferred revenue - intergovermental		0		96,319	0	96,319
Other liabilities		44		130	28	202
Total liabilities	-	52,538	. E	171,118	1,559	225,215
Fund balances:						
Reserved for encumbrances		159,96 <b>8</b>		78,715	61,396	300,079
Reserved for resale property		700		0	0	700
Reserved for prepaid items		358		3,221	0	3,579
Total fund balances	_	161,026	-	81,936	61,396	304,358
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	213,564	\$	253,054	\$ 62,955	\$ 529,573

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Light Rail	Metro Rail	Commuter Rail	Total 1993
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 0	\$ 259,242	\$ 65,864	\$ 325,106
Interest	1,216	3,422	179	4,817
Lease rentals	0	3	5,65 <b>6</b>	5,659
Miscellaneous	337	150	3	490
Total revenues	1,553	262,817	71,702	336,072_
Expenditures:				
Administration:				
Salaries and administration	15,284	21,208	9,597	46,089
Capital outlay:				
Rail development	240,834	427,478	295,001	963,313
Total expenditures	256,118	448,686	304,598	1,009,402
(Deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(254,565)	(185,869)	(232,896)	(673,330)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in:				
Proposition A fund	0	26,474	0	26,474
Proposition C fund	23,725	42,189	86,316	152,230
Debt service fund	83,144	23,765	0	106,909
Operating transfers out:			_	_
Proposition A fund	0	0	0	0
Debt service fund TOP foundation	(107)	0	0	(107)
Proceeds from financing	(107) 326,646	24,000	155,144	(107) 505,790
Proceeds from mancing	320,040	24,000	155,144	303,790
Total other financing sources	433,408	116,428	241,460	791,296
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other		(60.444)	0.564	117.000
financing sources over expenditures	178,843	(69,441)	8,564	117,966
Fund balances, July 1	(17,817)	151,377	52,832	186,392
Fund balances, June 30	\$161,026	\$81,936	\$61,396_	\$304,358

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Trust and Agency Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Expendable Trust				Agency				
	Land Preservation Corporation		Deferred Compensation				Benefit Assessment District	_	Total
Assets									
Cash	\$ 25	\$	0	\$	153	\$	0	\$	178
Cash and investments									
with fiscal agents	0		3,351	_	0	10	20,768	-	24,119
Total assets	\$ 25	\$	3,351	\$_	153	\$	20,768	\$_	24,297
Liabilities and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ 0	\$	c	\$	0	\$	25	\$	25
Accrued liabilities	0		0		0		3,039		3,039
Interfund payable	25		0		0		0		25
Bonds and notes payable	0		0		0		17,704		17,704
Deferred compensation benefits payable	0		3,351	_	0		0	_	3,351
Total liabilities	25		3,351	-	0		20,768	_	24,144
Fund balances:									
Unreserved, undesignated	0		0	: :=	153		0	-	153
Total fund balances	0		0	-	153		0		153
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 25	\$	3,351	\$	153	\$	20,768	\$	24,297

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Trust and Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Land Preservation Corporation - Expendable Trust	Balance July 1, 1992	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 1993
Assets				
Cash	\$ 25	\$ 0 \$ 0	\$ 0 \$ 0	\$ 25 \$ 25
Total assets	\$25_	\$0	<b>5</b> 0	\$ 25
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities: '				
Interfund payable Total Ilabilities	25 25	0 0	0 0	25 25
i otal lizolitus				
Total flabilities and fund balances	\$25	\$0	\$0	\$25
Deferred Compensation - Agency Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	. 2174	e 1177	• 0	\$ 3.351
Total assets	\$ 2,174	\$ 1,177 \$ 1,177	\$ 0 \$ 0	\$ 3,351
Liabilities and Fund Balances	18			
Liabilities;				
Deferred compensation benfits payable	\$ 2,174	\$1,177	<b>s</b> 0	\$ 3,351
Total liabilities	2,174	1,177	0	\$ 3,351 3,351
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,174	\$1,177	<b>\$</b>	\$ 3,351
Transportation Foundation—Agency Fund				
A				
Assets Cash	\$ 0	\$ 153	\$ 0	\$ 153
Total assets	\$ 0	\$ 153 \$ 153	\$ 0	\$ 153 \$ 153
Liabilities and Fund Balances	,			
Fund balances:				
Unreserved, undesignated	\$0	\$ 153	\$ 0	\$ 153
Total fund balances	0	153	0	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$0	\$153	\$0	\$153
Benefit Assessment Districts - Agency Fund				
Assets				
Cash and investments				
with fiscal agents		\$ 20,768	\$0	\$ 20,768
Total assets	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 20,768	\$0	\$ 20,768
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable		\$ 25		\$ 25
Accrued liabilities	0	3,039	0	3.039
Deferred compensation benefits payable Total liabilities	0	17,704 20,768	0	17,704 20,76 <b>8</b>
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$0	\$ 20,768	\$0	\$ 20,768

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Schedule of General Fixed Assets—By Source June 30, 1993 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

		1993
General Fixed Assets:		
Construction in progress:		
Land	\$	818,928
Light Rail Vehicles		24,982
Call Boxes		7,750
Other Equipment		7,698
Leasehold Improvements		1,731
Contributed Capital - SCRRA		82,936
Metro Green Line		308,381
Metro Rail, MOS 2 Construction		393,102
Metro Rail, MOS 3 Construction		30,757
Pasadena line		21,623
Other Construction in Progress	-	45,685
Total General Fixed Assets	\$_	1,743,573
Investments in General Fixed Assets by Source:		
General Fund	\$	6,556
Capital Projects Fund	-	1,737,017
		., ,. ,.
Total Investment in General Fixed Assets	\$_	1,743,573

Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Schedule of General Fixed Assets — By Activity and Function June 30, 1993

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Activity and Function		Administration	Transportation Facilities	Construction in Progress	2 4	Total
Construction in Progress:						
Land	\$	0	\$ 818,928	\$ 0	\$	818,928
Rail Line/Site Improvements		0	0	0		0
Light Rail Vehicles		0	24,982	0		24,982
Call boxes		0	7,750	0		7,750
Other Equipment		4,825	2,873	0		7,698
Leasehold Improvements		1,731	0	0		1,731
Equity in JPA/SCRRA						
Contributed Capital - SCRRA		0	82,936	0		82,936
Metro Green Line		0	0	308,381		308,381
Metro Rail, MOS 2 Construction		0	0	393,102		393,102
Metro Rail, MOS 3 Construction		0	0	30,757		30,757
Pasadena line		0	0	21,623		21,623
Other Construction in Progress	,	0	0	45,685	. 9	45,685
Total General Fixed Assets	\$	6,556	\$ 937,469	\$ 799,548	\$	1,743,573