Revised (Slide 10)

Planning & Programming #14
Finance, Budget, and Audit #27
Executive Management #47

Long Range Transportation Plan

"30/10" Initiative
Project Acceleration
Methodologies

Planning and Programming Committee
Finance, Budget, & Audit Committee
Executive Management Committee

I want a mobile future.

2009 Long Range Transportation Plan

Metro

April 2012



"30/10" Status & On-Going Efforts

30/10 Initiative MTA Board's April 2010 Policies and Principles

- Main goal: Accelerate projects in Long Range Transportation Plan sequence
 - MTA approval of accelerated schedules required
 - No re-programming of highway funding for use on transit or vice versa
 - Project costs capped at Long Range Plan amounts
 - Priorities from 2009 Long Range Plan and Measure R
- Coordinate with P3 program to maximize leverage
 - Include project planning, design, delivery, and operations
- Seek federal aid for accelerated financial assistance
 - Ask LA County Congressional delegation to work with the Administration on financing mechanisms

30/10 Initiative Progress & Project Acceleration Methods

- Progress of 30/10 project acceleration efforts include:
 - Pursuing Federal finance mechanisms to accelerate projects "America Fast Forward"
 - Other financing options include:
 - Seeking large Federal grants
 - Low interest rate loans including foreign
- Local options currently being evaluated include:
 - Extending Measure R beyond 2039
 - Evaluating Public Private Partnerships (P3)

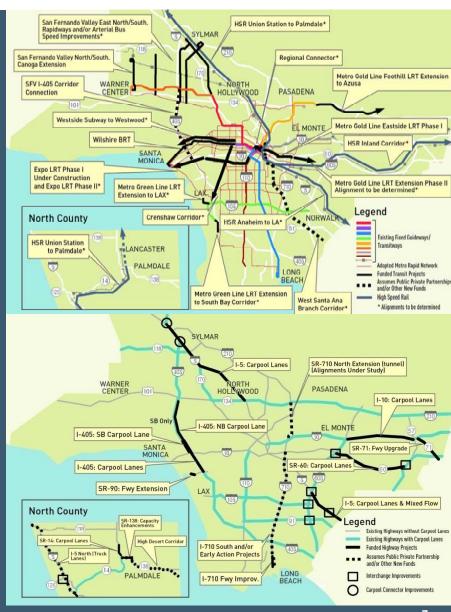
"30/10" Initiative Federal Financing Mechanisms

- Federal Strategy (America Fast Forward)
 - Various financing strategies have been explored to accelerate both highway and transit projects
- Qualified Transportation Improvement Bonds
 - New class of "qualified" bonds for surface transportation
 - Federal tax credits in lieu of cash interest payments
 - Issuance volume legislatively capped
 - Permitted purposes carefully defined
 - Not yet included in Moving Ahead for the 21st Century (MAP-21)
- Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA)
 - Loans direct from USDOT at Treasury rates
 - Flexible payment terms
 - Enhancements included in MAP-21

"30/10" Acceleration Benefits

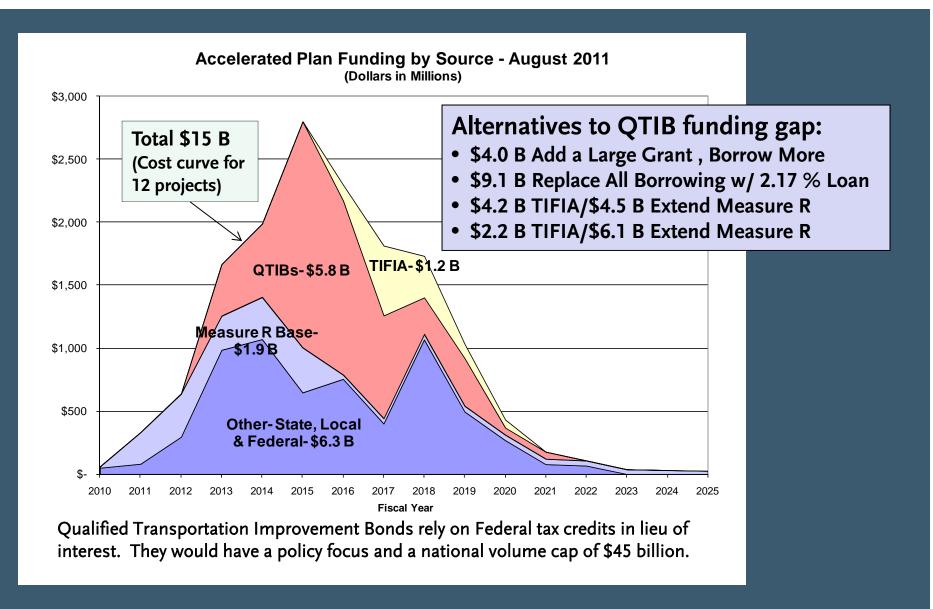
Transit and Highway Acceleration Benefits

- Complete 12 transit projects in 10 years
 - Create 152,000 jobs (updated)
 - Eliminate 522,000 lbs of carbon emissions every day
 - Reduce vehicle miles traveled by 191 million
 - Increase transit boardings by 77 million
- Seek to accelerate 15 <u>highway</u> projects
 - Create 256,000 jobs (updated)
 - Relieve Congestion Countywide
 - Improve goods movement



Project Costs & Financing Alternatives

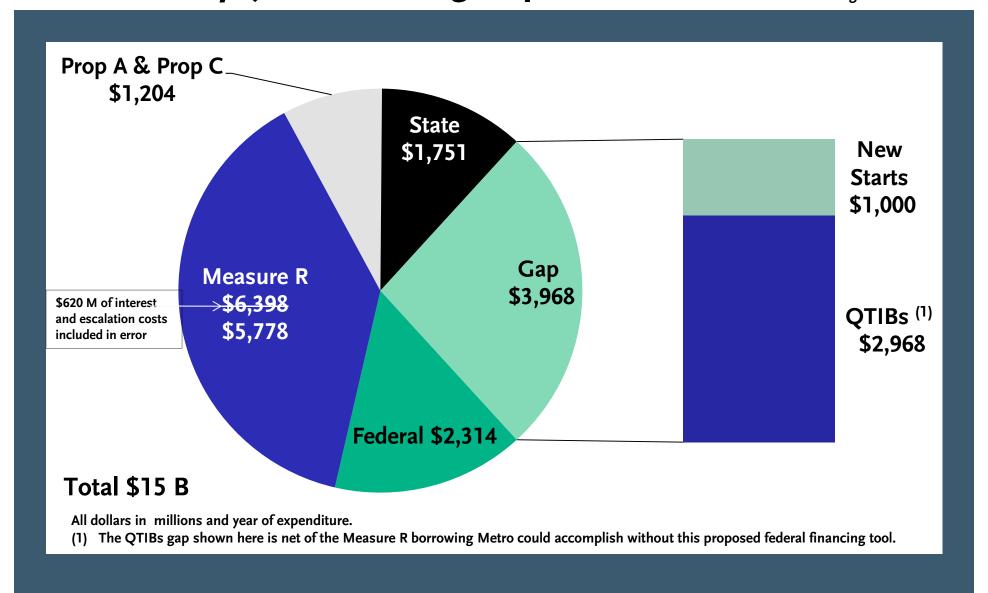
Measure R Transit Program Progress on Federal Financing Mechanisms



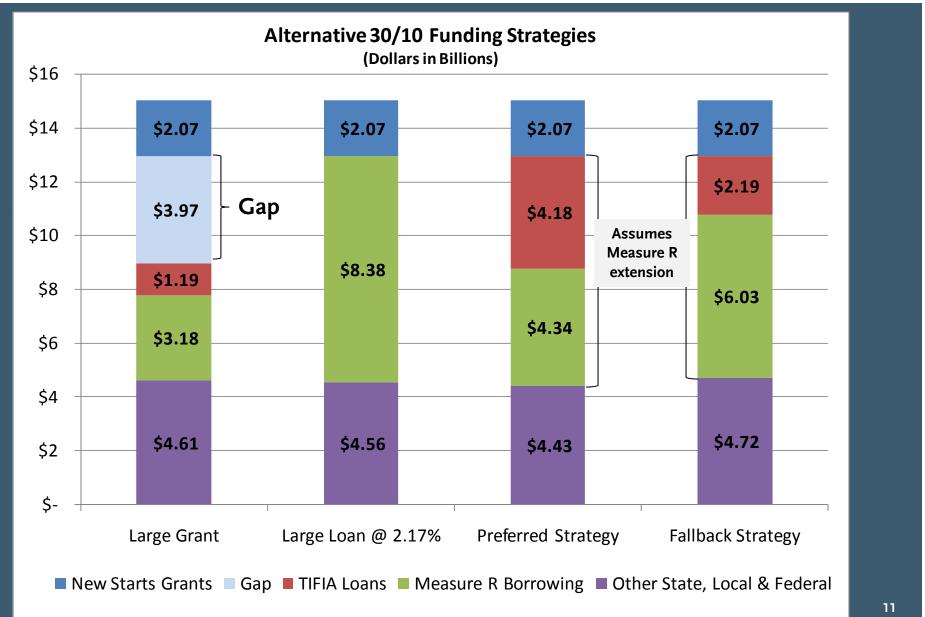
Measure R Transit Program New Starts/QTIBs Funding Gap

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Measure R Transit Program Alternatives to QTIBs Funding Gap



Measure R Transit Program Funding Gap Alternatives

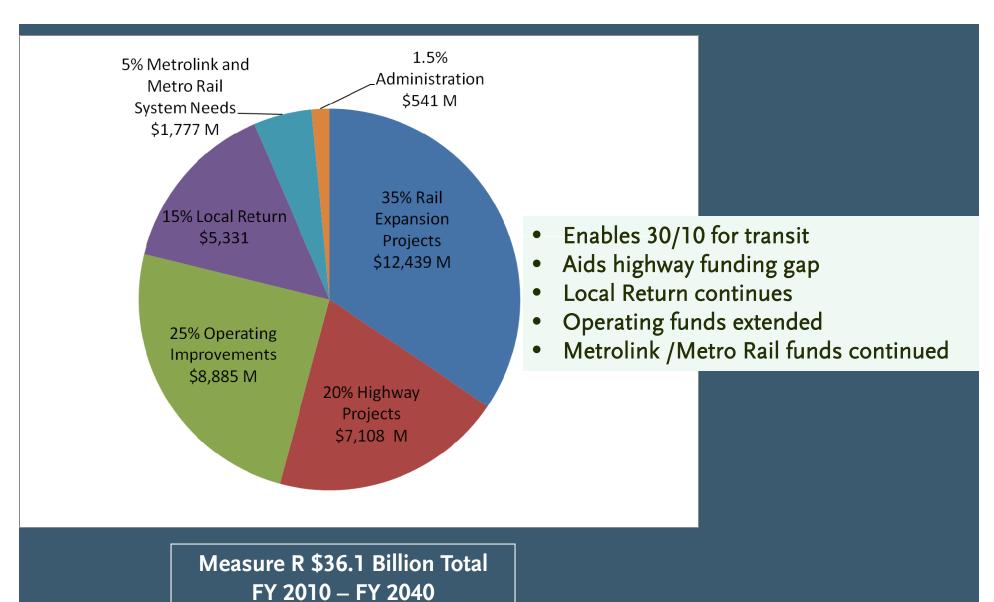
	Selected Variable Assumptions				
Alternatives	New Starts Grants	TIFIA Loans	Measure R Borrowing	Transit Projects Optimized	Conclusion
Large Grant	\$2.07 B +\$3.97 B	\$1.19 B	\$3.18 B	12 Optimal	Not Available
Large Loan @ 2.17%	\$2.07 B		\$8.38 B	12 Optimal	Not Available
Extend Meas. R & More TIFIA	\$2.07 B	\$4.18 B	\$4.34 B	12 Optimal	Preferred
Extend Meas. R & Some TIFIA	\$2.07 B	\$2.19 B	\$6.03 B	11 Optimal/ 1 in 2025	Fallback

Note: P3 strategies may aid attainment of these project schedules while lowering project risks.

Measure R Preferred Acceleration Options

- A funding strategy will be finalized to accelerate both highway and transit projects
- Extending Measure R is an option
 - Analysis needs to be finalized
 - Consider using TIFIA financing tools
 - Consider using Master Credit Agreements, rate locks, & ascending debt payments: All optimize an extended
 Measure R program
- What if MAP-21 does not pass?
 - Subordinate Capital Appreciation Bonds can serve as a fallback plan – Interest rates much higher than TIFIA

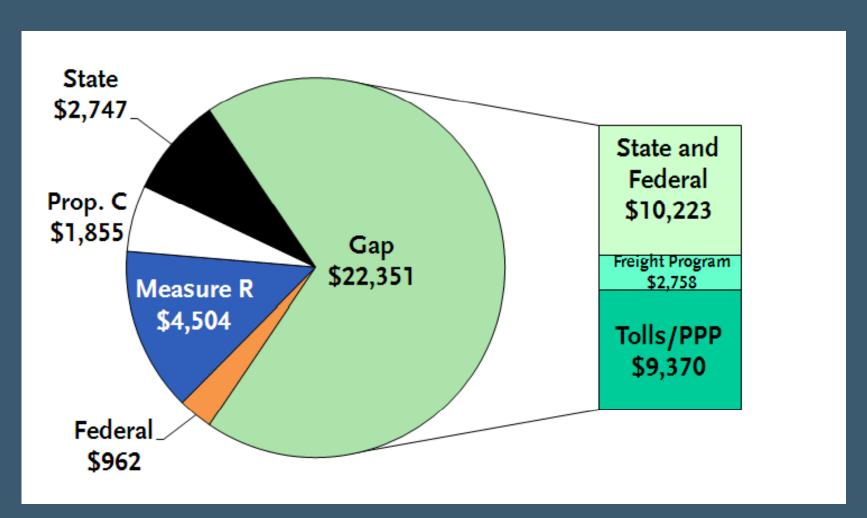
Measure R Categorical Funding Extended



Measure R Acceleration Preferred Option – New Highway Funding Capacity

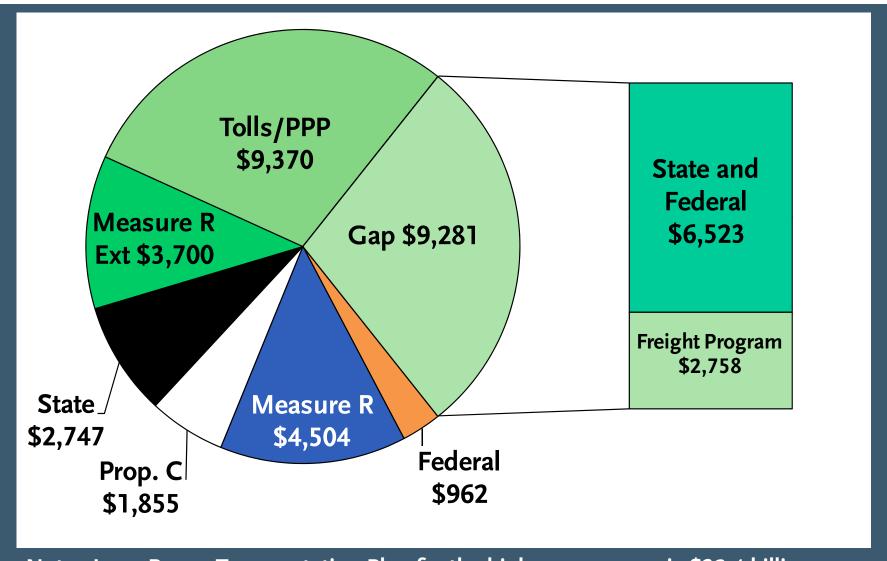
- Highway funding capacity expands by \$3.7 B
 - \$2.3 B in MAP-21 TIFIA loans
 - \$1.4 B in new Measure R borrowing
- Suggested framework for allocation includes
 - Use original Measure R process for guidance
 - Some sub-regions received more highway funds
 - Population equity by sub-region
 - Employment burden equity by sub-region

Measure R Highway Program – Long Range Transportation Plan Funding Gap



Note: Long Range Transportation Plan for the highway program is \$32.4 billion.

Measure R Highway Program Long Range Plan Funding Gap After Extension



Note: Long Range Transportation Plan for the highway program is \$32.4 billion.

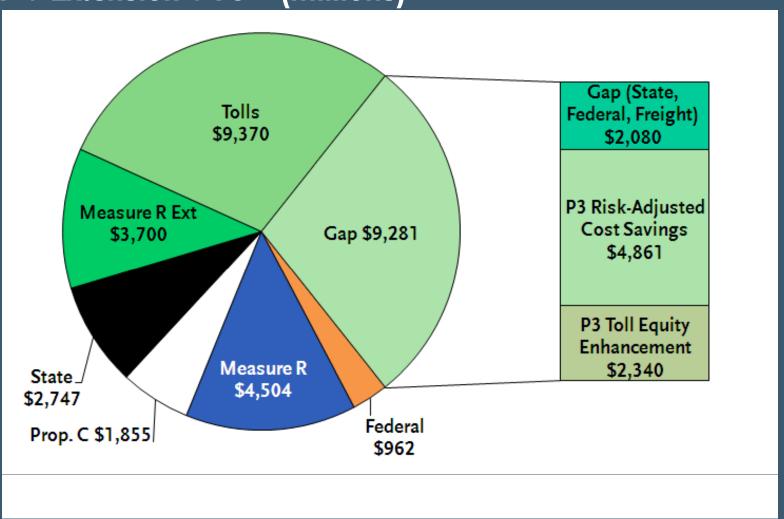
Fallback Strategy New Highway Funding Capacity

- Without MAP-21 less TIFIA will be available
 - Very competitive TIFIA program will mean less for our Highway Program
- Highway funding capacity expands by \$2.8 B
 - \$700 M in TIFIA loans
 - \$1.4 B in new Measure R borrowing
 - \$700 M in Capital Appreciation Bonds

Public Private Partnership (P3) Strategies

Measure R Highway Program P3 Potential Comparison of Potential Sources and Uses





Note: Long Range Transportation Plan for the Highway Program is \$32.4 billion

Measure R Highway Program P3 Potential Potential Tolling & P3 Program Contributions

- Tolls support acceleration of highway program delivery by providing a new source of funding
 - Tolls and extending Measure R work well together
 - Provides two independent revenue sources
 - Variation in leveraging methods helps achieve efficient financing and delivery
- P3 program can aid project delivery (our next challenge)
 - Transfers key schedule and cost overrun risks to private sector
 - Typically reduces whole-life costs of projects from 20-30% on a riskadjusted basis
 - Reduces Metro's reliance on other future federal, state, and local funds that have not yet been secured
 - Brings private equity capital that can increase the total toll-based financing capacity – frequently by 25% or more on robust highway projects

P3 Program Potential Tolling & P3 Program Next Steps

- Additional work on highway projects will enable greater precision on tolling/P3 delivery
 - Refined cost estimates and potential delivery timetables
 - Better revenue forecasts and financing capacity estimates under P3 scenarios
 - Assess project risks and potential risk transfer opportunities
 - Complete value for money analyses

Conclusions & Next Steps

Conclusions & Next Steps

- Accelerating both transit & highway programs adheres to MTA Board policy
 - Provides optimal regional mobility & economic benefits
- We are further defining financing options made possible by extending Measure R
- Current results show that extending Measure R makes:
 - "30/10" financially feasible for all twelve transit projects
 - Benefits (job creation, mobility, & emission reductions) will outweigh costs
 - Highway program acceleration also feasible if
 - P3 and toll based finance strategies are implemented
 - Benefits will also outweigh costs when P3 evaluation is complete