

SOAC

STATE-OF-THE-ART CAR DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FINAL TEST REPORT

VOLUME 3: ACCEPTANCE TESTING

Boeing Vertol Company
(A division of The Boeing Company)
Surface Transportation Systems Branch
Philadelphia, Pa. 19142

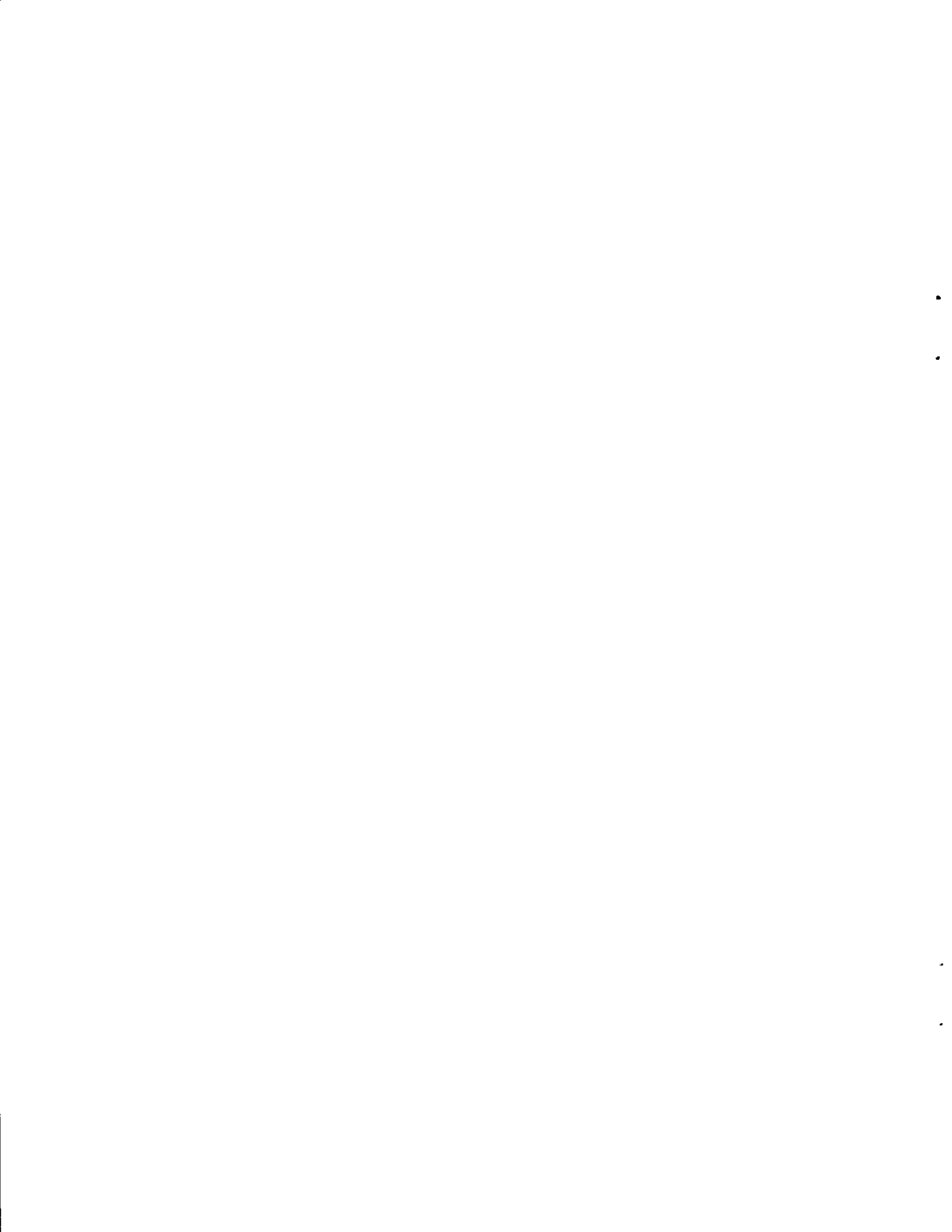


APRIL 1974
FINAL REPORT

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Prepared for
URBAN MASS TRANSPORTATION ADMINISTRATION
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<p>This document, Volume III of SOAC Final Test Report D174-10024, presents the test results for the vehicle acceptance testing of two state-of-the-art transit cars. The SOAC has been developed under UMTA's Urban Rapid Rail Vehicle and Systems Program which has the objective of enhancing the attractiveness of rapid rail transportation to the urban traveler by providing him with transit vehicles that are as comfortable, reliable, safe and economical as possible. The SOAC is one phase of this program.</p> <p>All Performance, Ride Quality, Noise and EMI Acceptance Tests were conducted by Boeing Vertol Company, St. Louis Car Division, and GSI Castings Division of General Steel Industries, Inc. at the High Speed Ground Test Center at Pueblo, Colorado.</p> <p>This document, Volume III plus the following additional volumes comprise Boeing Vertol Report D174-10024, State-of-the-Art Car Final Test Report as specified in Section 17.1.4.2 of the SOAC Detail Specification</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Volume I - Component Testing Volume II - Subsystem Functional Testing Volume IV - Simulated Demonstration Test Volume V - Post Repair Testing <p>The SOAC detail specification is available from the National Technical Information Services (NTIS).</p>			
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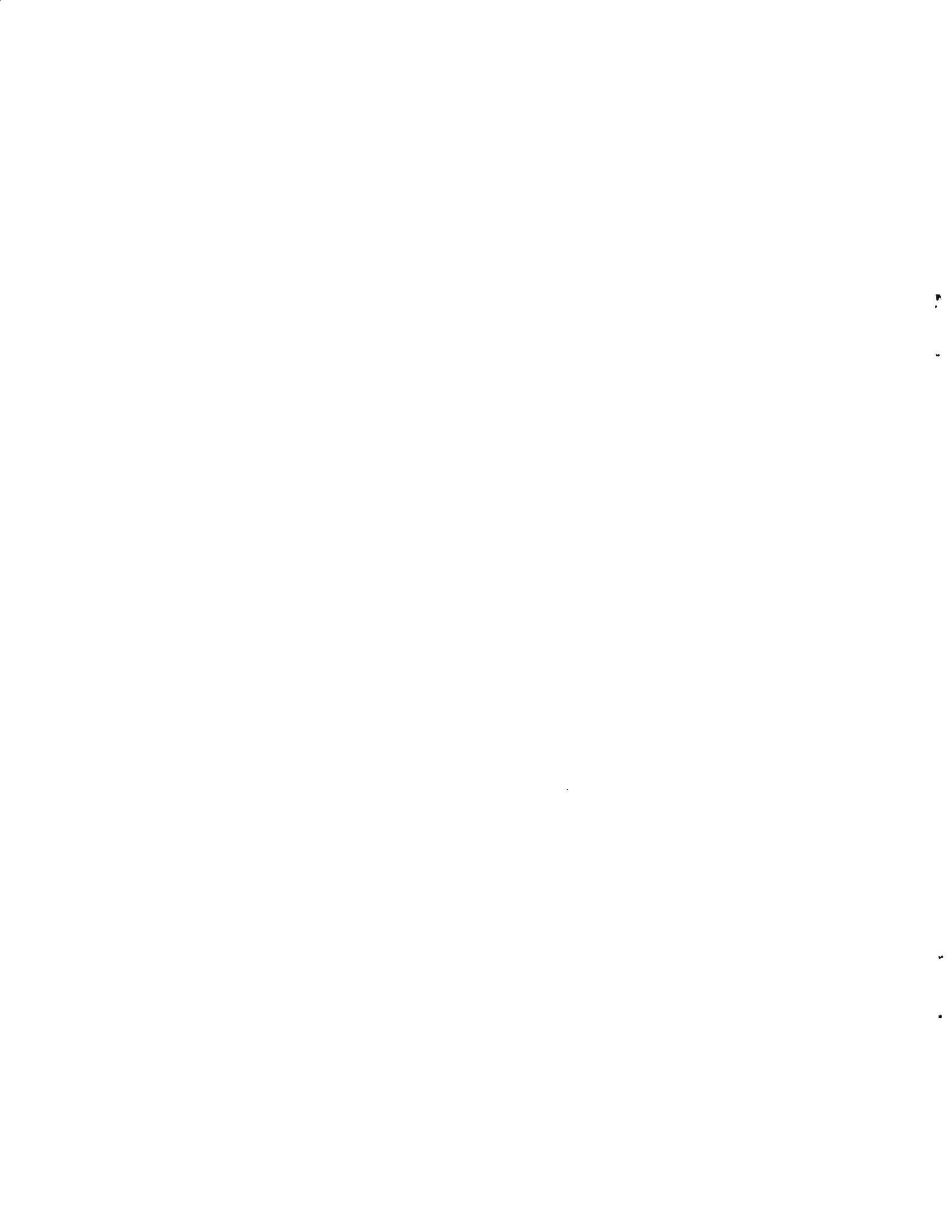
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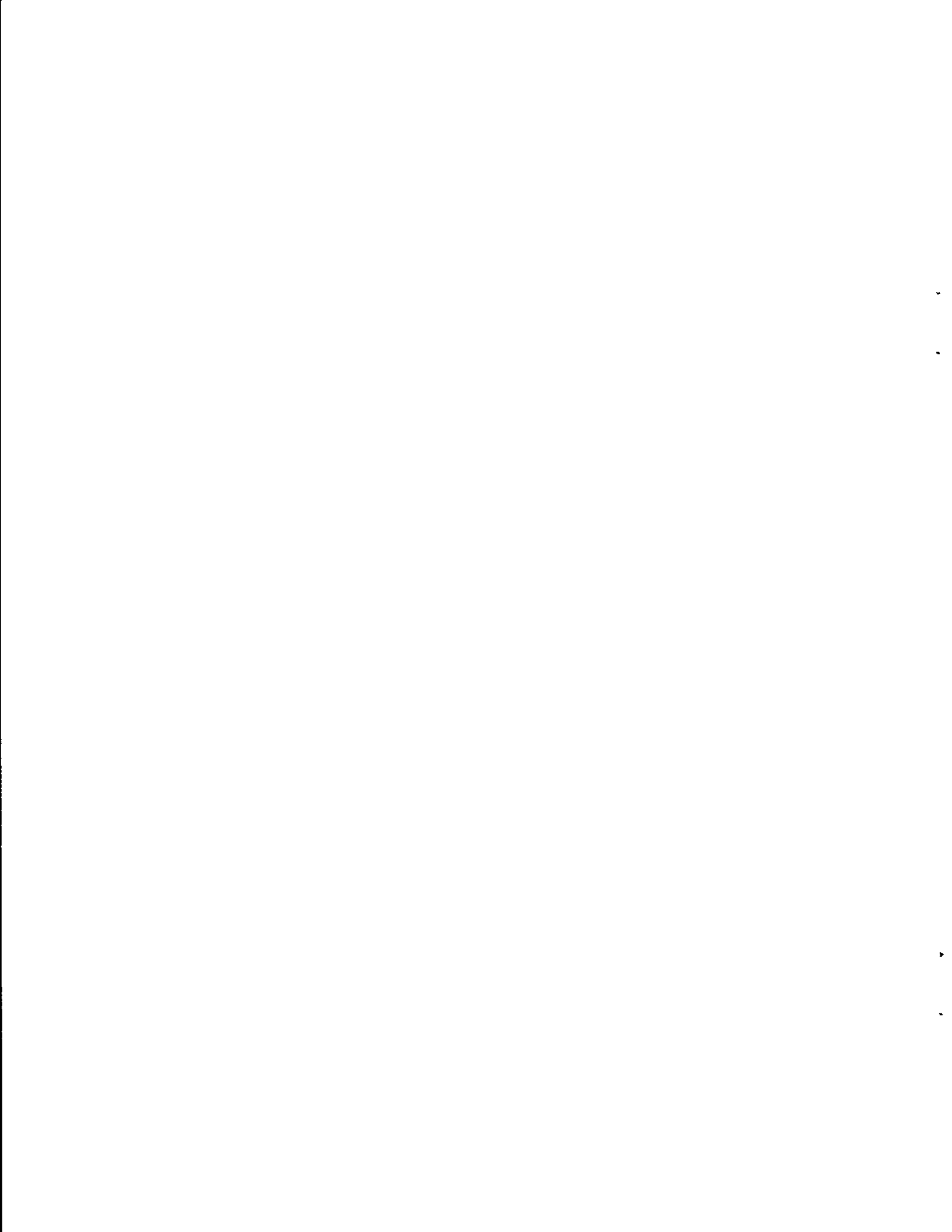
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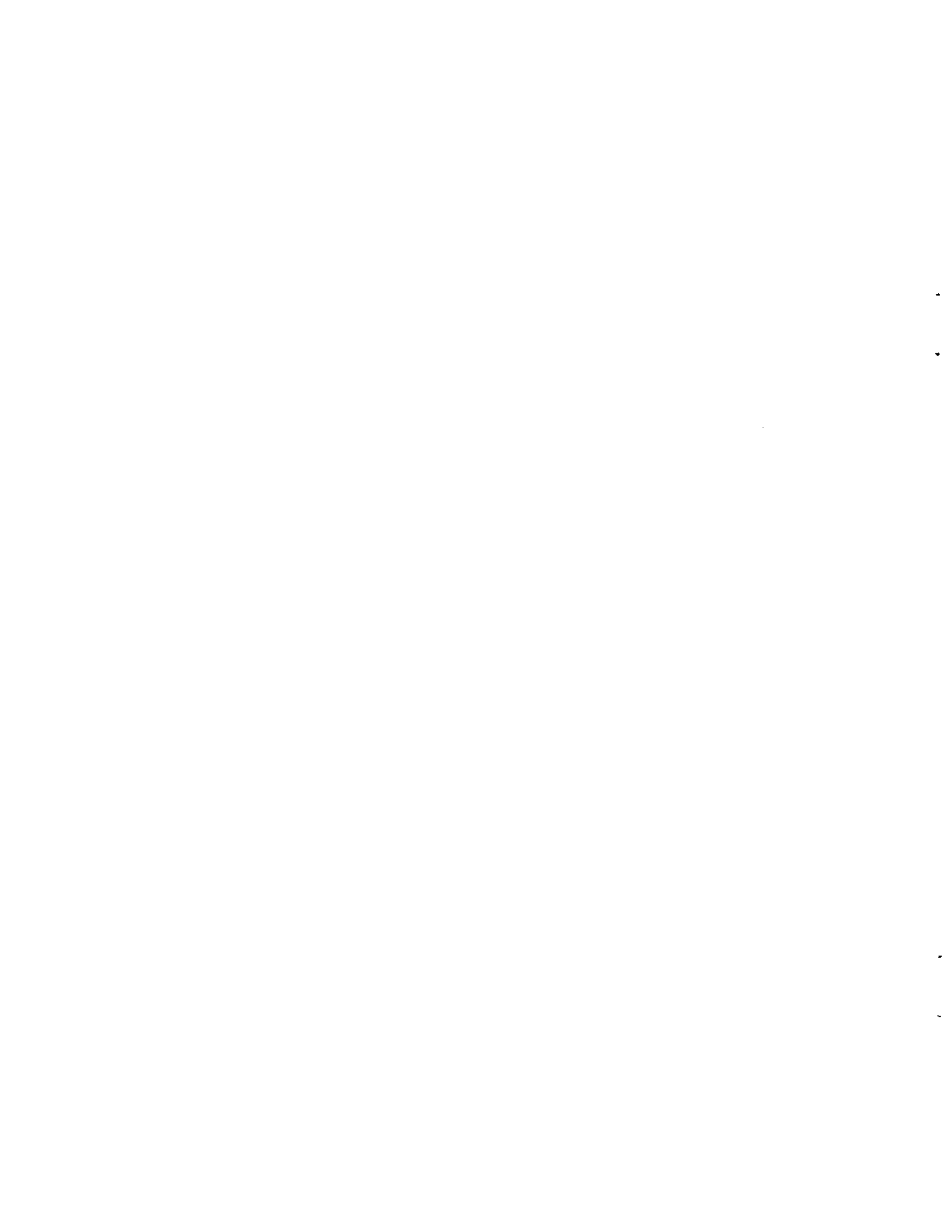
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- I. TEST RUN LOG (Test Runs 001-092 and 130, 131, 133)
- II. TEST DATA SHEETS - Performance, Ride Quality, Noise, EMI Tests
- III. RIDE QUALITY TEST REPORT - D174-10025-1
- IV. ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE TEST REPORT (WO 1152-T)







1. INTRODUCTION

The U.S. Department of Transportation, Urban Mass Transportation Administration (UMTA), under CONTRACT DOT-UT-10007, has engaged the Boeing Vertol Company to act as Systems Manager of the Urban Rapid Rail Vehicle and Systems Program. This program is an integrated development program directed toward improving high speed, frequent-stop urban rail systems. The overall objective is to enhance the attractiveness of rail transportation to the urban traveler by providing service that is as comfortable, reliable, safe and economical as possible.

The objective of the State-of-the-Art Car (SOAC) is to demonstrate the best state-of-the-art in rapid railcar design, with two new improved cars using existing proven technology. Primary goals for the cars are passenger convenience and operating efficiency.

This report presents the results of acceptance tests performed on the SOAC low and high-density cars individually and as a two-car train. These tests were conducted on the two cars at the U.S. Department of Transportation High Speed Ground Test Center in Pueblo, Colorado during the period November 1972 to April 17, 1973. Final acceptance testing was initiated on March 9, 1973 and completed on April 12, 1973.

The 80 mph transit oval, 9.1 miles in length, was utilized for all performance tests. Third rail power at a nominal 650 VDC was provided by DOT Locomotive No. 001, and two 500 KW auxiliary generators.

The SOAC final acceptance tests are outlined in Table I. The test program plan and procedures are described in Boeing Vertol Report D174-10007-1. The acceptance test procedures and test instrumentation were designed to prove compliance with Section 2.2 of the SOAC Detail Specification IT-06-0026-73-2.

This document, Volume III - Acceptance Testing, plus the following additional volumes comprise Boeing Vertol Report D174-10024, State-of-the-Art Car Final Test Report as specified in Section 17.1.4.2 of the SOAC Detail Specification.

- Volume I - Component Testing
- Volume II - Subsystem Functional Testing
- Volume IV - Simulated Demonstration Test
- Volume V - Post Repair Testing

TABLE I

FINAL ACCEPTANCE TESTS

Car Weight 105,000 lb.
Nominal 600 Volts dc

<u>TYPE OF TEST</u>	<u>TRAIN CONFIGURATION</u>
o Visual	L-D and H-D Cars
o Acceleration - Initial Rate - Time-Speed-Distance	L-D Car; H-D Car; 2-Car Train-Both Directions
o Maximum Speed	L-D Car; H-D Car; 2-Car Train-Both Directions
o Automatic Speed Maintaining System	L-D Car; H-D Car
o Blended Braking - Deceleration Rate - Stopping Distance	L-D Car; H-D Car; 2-Car Train-Both Directions
o Dynamic Braking Only - Deceleration Rate - Stopping Distance	L-D Car; H-D Car; 2-Car Train-Both Directions
o Service Friction Braking -Deceleration Rate -Stopping Distance	L-D Car; H-D Car; 2-Car Train-Both Directions
o Emergency Braking - Deceleration Rate - Stopping Distance	L-D Car; H-D Car; 2-Car Train-Both Directions
o Service Duty Cycle - Blended Braking - Service Friction Braking	L-D Car H-D Car
o Ride Quality	H-D Car 2-Car Train
o Noise	L-D Car H-D Car
o EMI-Electromagnetic Interference	2-Car Train

2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE DATA

The results of the final acceptance performance tests are summarized in Table II for the low-density car, the high-density car, and the two-car train. The data contained in these summaries are the results of car performance averaged over several data records.

For example, the acceleration rates and times to 700 feet distance are based on a two-direction average (forward and reverse) with two data records in each direction. Braking rates and distances are based on two stops in each car direction from four separate initial speeds. In addition to averaging rates over several data records, both a longitudinal accelerometer and a time differentiation of the speedometer instrumentation were used for each record.

Test instrumentation is outlined in Section 4. As noted in Table II, the individual cars and the two-car train meet the specified acceleration and braking performance. Actual test data showing the cars' performance characteristics are contained in Section 6.

2.2 RIDE QUALITY DATA

Figures 2-1, 2-2 and 2-3 summarize the results of the ride quality measurements taken on the cars following structural modifications to the motor-alternator support structure. The complete ride quality acceptance data package is contained in the Appendix III Test Report. Results of the later engineering tests are reported in the Engineering Test Report, D174-10026-1.

Test data for a 90,000-lb. single car is shown in Figure 2-1. Data for a 105,000-lb. car singly and in a two-car train are shown in Figures 2-2 and 2-3 respectively. At the 90,000-lb. car weight (empty car) the SOAC essentially met the ride quality goal in the frequency range associated with the rigid body suspension frequencies: 1-2 Hz. In the higher frequency range associated with car body flexible modes: 7-15 Hz, the goal could not be met with the existing car body structural characteristics. The vibration investigation program reported in Appendix III did result in a reduction of the maximum vibration levels in the 15 Hz range from .26g to .10g. Although this exceeds the design goal of .055g at this frequency, the SOAC is considered satisfactory by passenger observations.

TABLE II

S O A C A C C E P T A N C E T E S T S

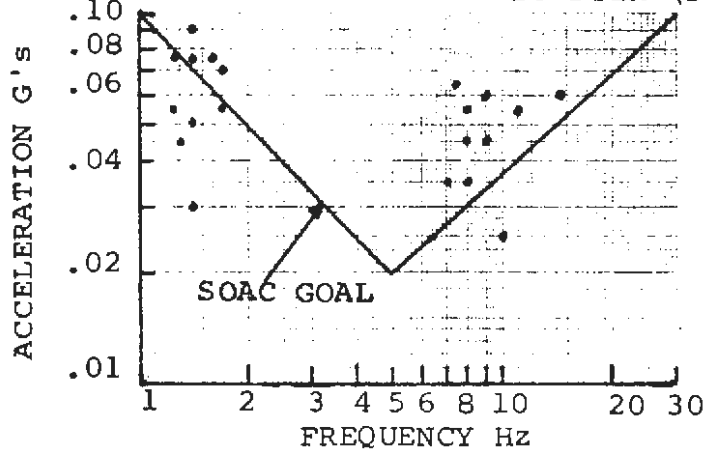
[105,000 LB CAR WEIGHT] 600 volts

PERFORMANCE ITEM	SPECIFICATION REQUIREMENT	R E S U L T S			
		LOW-DENSITY	HIGH-DENSITY	2-CAR TRAIN	
1. PEAK (INITIAL) ACCELERATION RATE	2.7-3.3 MPH/SEC	2.7 *	2.7 *	2.7 *	
2. TIME TO TRAVEL 700' FROM A STANDING START-LEVEL TANGENT TRACK	20 SEC	19.4	19.0	20.0	
3. SPEED ON A 3% ADVERSE GRADE	70 MPH	>75	>75	N/A	
4. MAXIMUM SPEED	80 MPH	80	80	80	
5. DECELERATION RATES (PEAK) }	{ BLENDED SERVICE	2.7-3.3 MPH/SEC	3.2	3.2	3.2
	{ DYNAMIC ONLY	2.7-3.3 MPH/SEC	3.0	3.0	3.1
	{ SERVICE FRICTION	2.7-3.3 MPH/SEC	3.1	3.2	3.2
6. JERK RATE }	{ ACCELERATION	2.5 MPH/SEC ²	1.9	2.3	1.8
	{ BRAKING	2.5 MPH/SEC ²	2.9	2.6	2.6
7. STOPPING DISTANCE (FROM 40 MPH) }	{ BLENDED SERVICE	450 FT	430	445	430
	{ SERVICE FRICTION	450 FT	440	425	420
8. STOPPING DISTANCE (FROM 80 MPH) }	{ BLENDED SERVICE	2250 FT	1650	1660	1660
	{ SERVICE FRICTION	2250 FT	1960	2000	1925
9. EMERGENCY BRAKING }	{ STOP FROM 40 MPH	425 FT	365	350	335
	{ STOP FROM 80 MPH	2200 FT	1630	1600	1635
	{ DECELERATION RATE	2.88-3.52 MPH/SEC	3.5	3.4	3.5

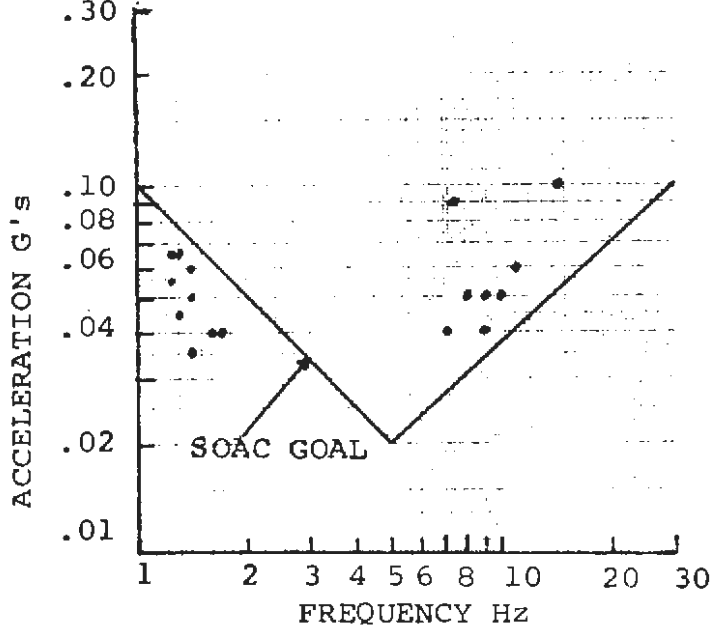
* Initial rates of 3.0 mph/sec. were recorded during Acceptance Testing prior to final current limit adjustments.

SOAC RIDE QUALITY
DATA COLLECTED AFTER MA SUPPORT STRUCTURAL MODIFICATION

VERTICAL ACCELERATION OVER BOLSTER (STA 108)



VERTICAL ACCELERATION OVER CENTER OF CAR (STA 450)



VERTICAL ACCELERATION OVER (STA 225)

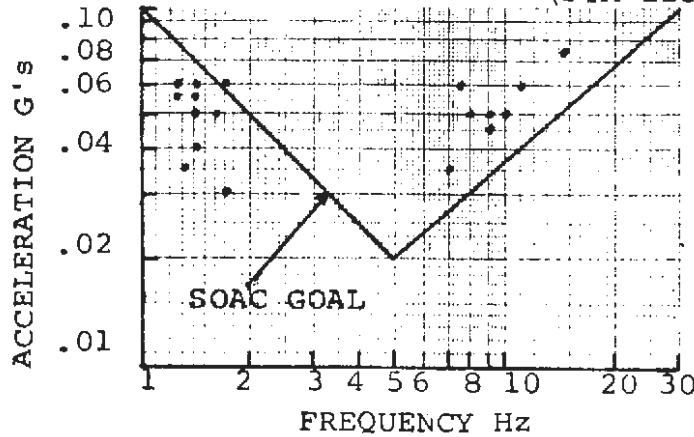


FIGURE 2-1

SOAC RIDE QUALITY

Resilient Wheels
Track Section = I
Gross Weight = 105,000 LBS.
High Density Car

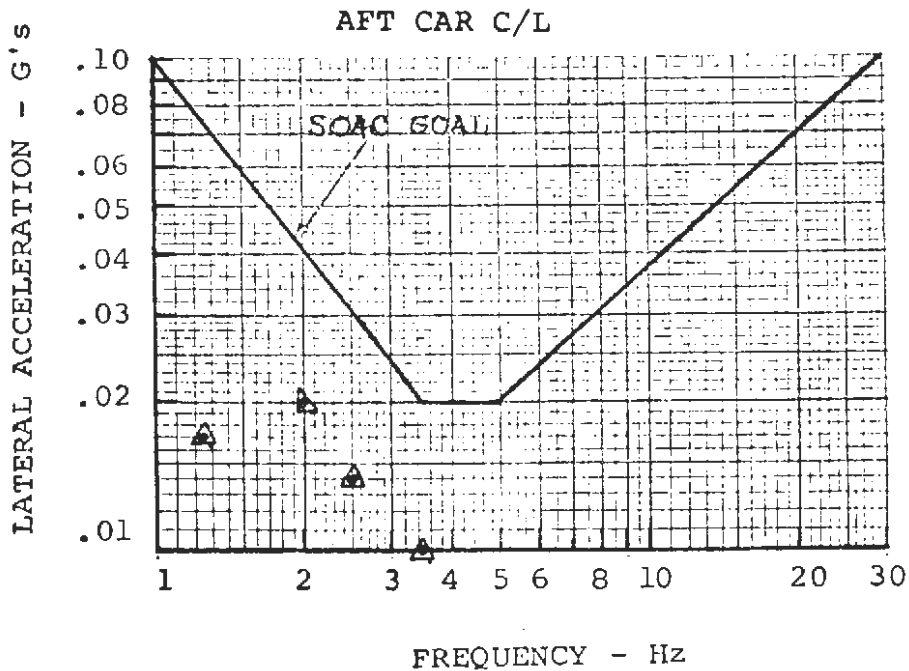
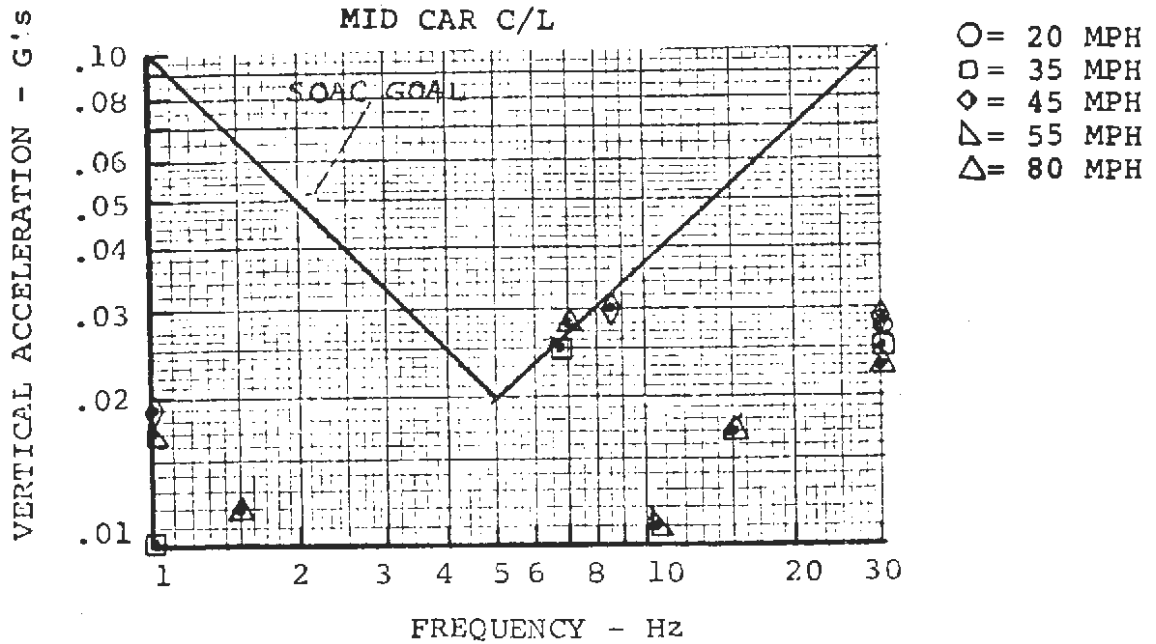


FIGURE 2-2

SOAC RIDE QUALITY

Resilient Wheels
Track Section = I
Gross Weight - 105,000LBS.
Train

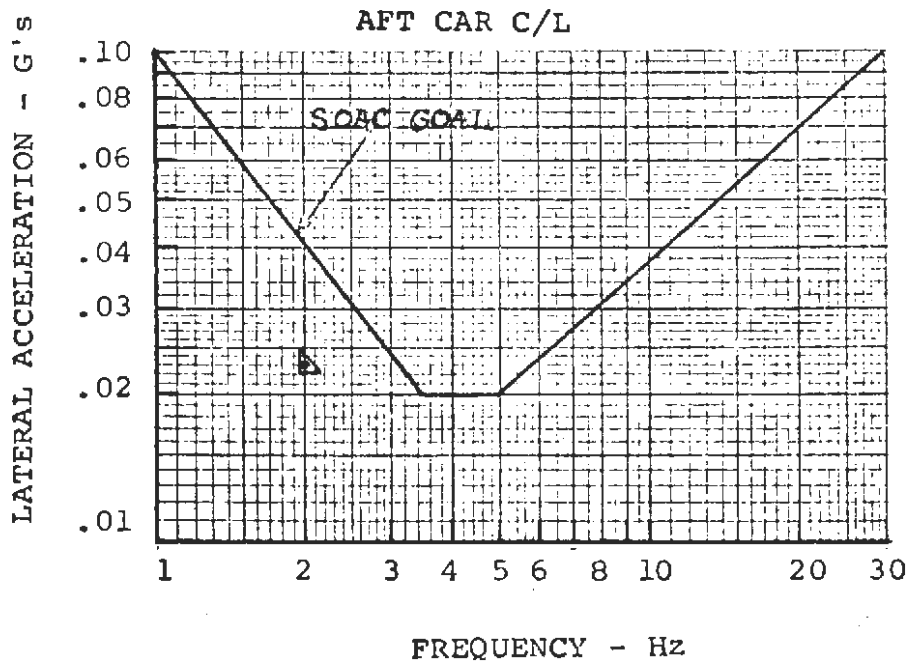
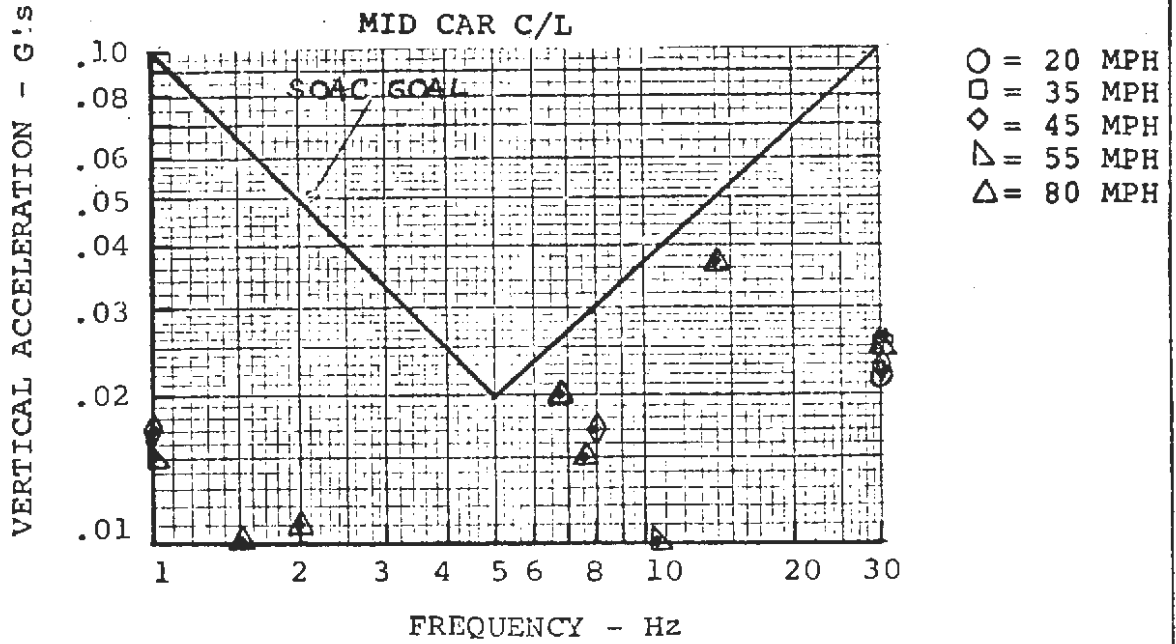


FIGURE 2-3

The results of testing the SOAC at the 105,000-lb. weight (100 passenger load) are shown in Figures 2-2 and 2-3. As noted in these figures the ride quality measurements show compliance with the SOAC goals over the frequency range at both mid and aft car centerlines. These data were obtained during later car tests and are based on the instrumentation system used during the Engineering Test Program.

Based on the above data the SOAC is capable of meeting all the ride quality goals under a loaded car condition representing normal operating car weights. The ride quality requirements were originally expressed as goals rather than as acceptance requirements due to the scope of the program which used a basic R44 car body.

2.3 NOISE DATA

Figure 2-4 presents a summary of interior and wayside noise data taken during the acceptance and engineering test programs on the SOAC. As noted in the upper portion of Figure 2-4, the interior noise measurements show that both cars meet the noise goal at all speeds. The SOAC also meets the wayside noise goal at speeds above 35 to 40 mph on Pueblo track Sections III to VI but only above 65 mph on Section I. Due to the increased rail roughness of this track section at speeds below those noted above, the car equipment noise level (cooling fans, motor-alternator set) results in a wayside sound level somewhat greater than the goal. A band of wayside noise levels for existing transit cars is also shown on Figure 2-4 for comparison with the SOAC data. As noted, the SOAC noise level is comparable to the lower level for contemporary equipment. The SOAC noise goal was based mainly on wheel-rail noise with little allowance for the actual car equipment required for the SOAC propulsion system (69 dBA at zero speed). Paragraph 6.10 presents a discussion of the noise tests.

2.4 ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE DATA (EMI)

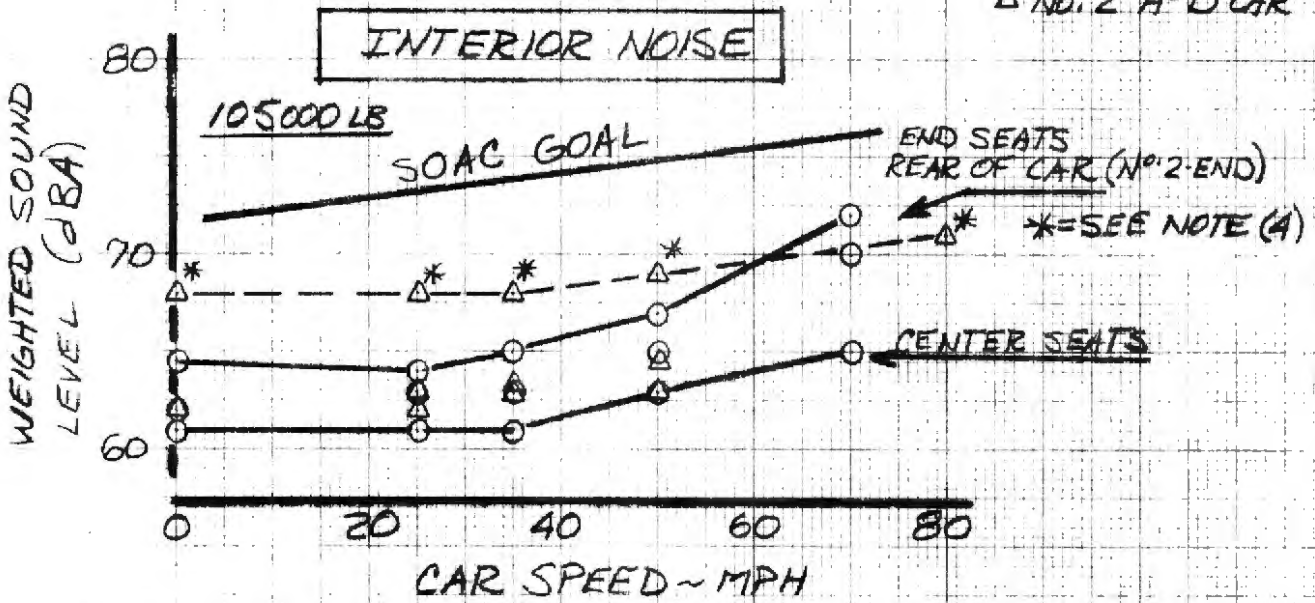
Testing to determine the electromagnetic field strength inside the SOAC as well as at the wayside was performed at the HSGTC on April 2 and 3, 1973. As shown in Figure 2-5 test data indicate the SOAC is within field limits from a frequency range of 150 KHz to 400 MHz. Since there was no substantial noise peak within the car body, it was not necessary to track down corresponding sources.

FIGURE 2-4

SOAC NOISE MEASUREMENT TESTS

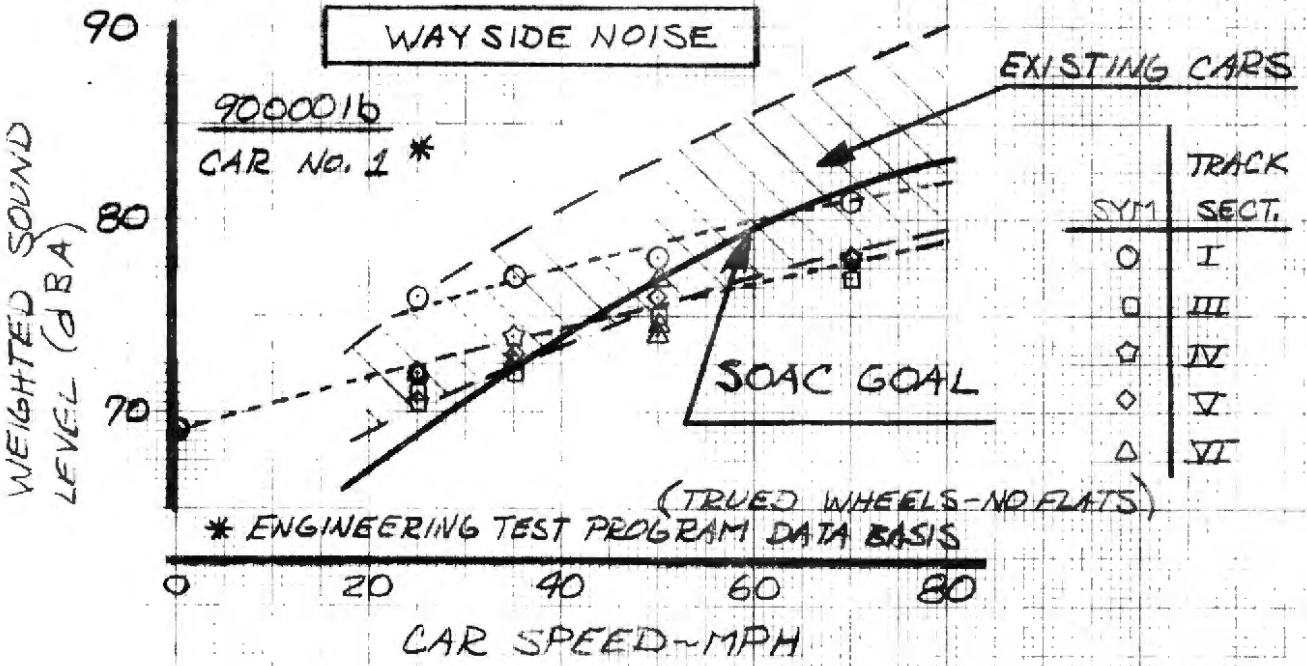
HSGTC-PUEBLO

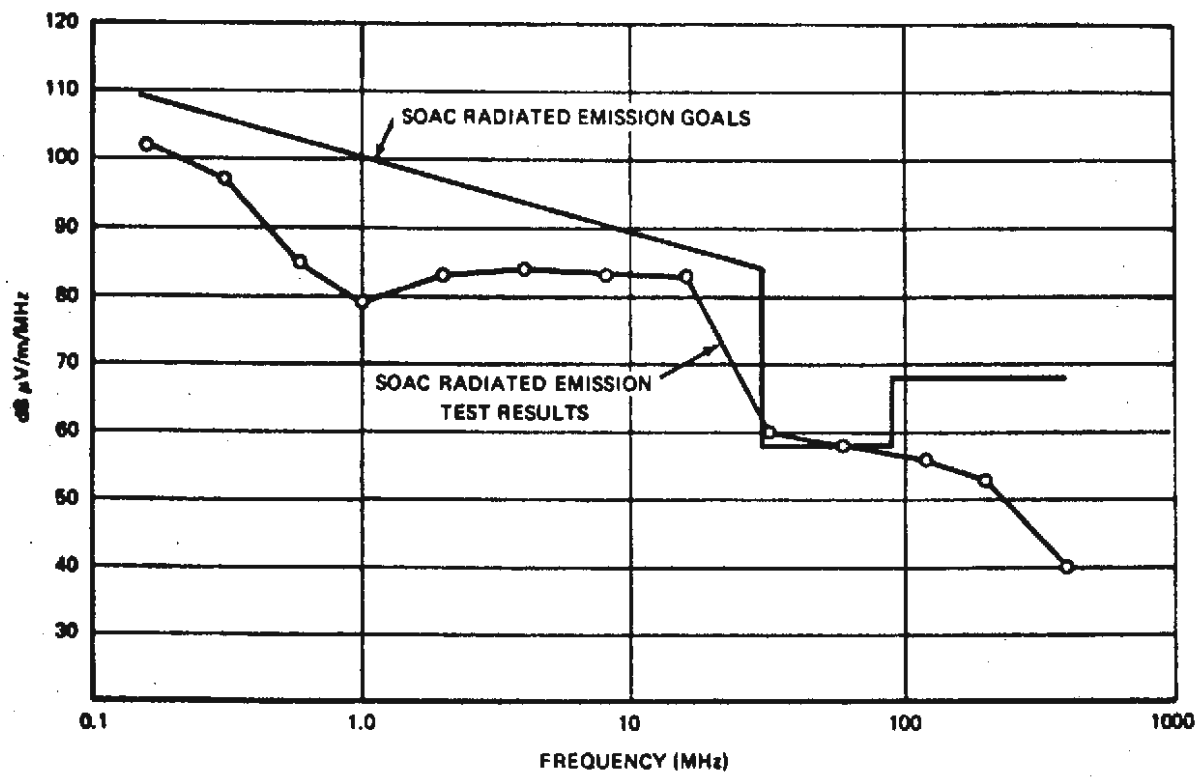
○ No. 1 L-D CAR
△ No. 2 H-D CAR



NOTES:

- 1) TANGENT, WELDED RAIL, WOODEN TIES: SECTION I (INTERIOR)
- 2) SOLID STEEL WHEELS
- 3) MICROPHONE LOCATIONS: INTERIOR - EAR LEVEL OF SEATED PASSENGER; WAYSIDE - 50 FT FROM TRACK CENTERLINE
- 4) FRESH/RETURN AIR SPLITTER CONFIGURATION IN No. 2 CAR CREATES HIGHER INTERIOR NOISE LEVELS THAN No. 1 CAR.





SOAC Electromagnetic Field Test Data

FIGURE 2-5

3. CONFIGURATION

Acceptance tests were conducted on the low-density car (No. 1) and the high-density car (No. 2) individually and as a two-car train. Both cars were ballasted with lead weights to the normal load (AW1) of 105,000 lb., representing the light car plus 100 passengers at 150 lb. each. The weight breakdown for each car is presented in Table III.

TABLE III

CAR WEIGHTS - SOAC

	<u>HDC</u>	<u>LDC</u>
Light Weight at St. Louis Car	88,320#	89,080#
Pantograph Scale Weight, March 15, 1973	775#	775#
*Equipment Brackets added at Pueblo	320#	320#
Miscellaneous	169#	114#
Light Weight at Rail Ready to Run	89,584#	90,289#
Lead Bars (HDC 328) (LDC 313)	15,416#	14,711#
AW1	105,000#	105,000#

*Equipment Brackets - estimated weight.

HDC and LDC were loaded to AW1 night of March 13, 1973.

4. TEST EQUIPMENT AND INSTRUMENTATION

The following facilities, equipment and instrumentation were used during the acceptance testing.

4.1 FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

The 80 mph Rail Transit Test Track at the High Speed Ground Test Center consisting of 9.1 miles of running rails and electrified third rail was used for all performance, ride quality, noise, and EMI tests. The test track is powered by a modified General Electric U30C Diesel-Electric Locomotive rated at 3000 hp for traction or 3400 amps at 600 VDC. Two auxiliary caterpillar diesel-generator sets rated at 500 KW each (600-700 VDC) were positioned around the oval to minimize track voltage drops during high-power acceleration testing.

Figure 4-1 illustrates the basic electrical layout of the track and the locations of the power supplies.

Figure 4-2 illustrates the relationship of the running and third rails. The following additional facilities were also used:

- o General Electric 44-ton, 380 hp switch engine and gondola-transition car.
- o Transit maintenance building: 200 ft. long by 40 ft. wide with AC and 600 VDC power, and a 6 ft. maintenance pit.
- o Office facilities in the Project Management Bldg.
- o Track communications: Four-channel Motorola walkie-talkies.

4.2 INSTRUMENTATION - PERFORMANCE TESTS

4.2.1 Static test and checkout equipment used to modify and adjust the propulsion, brake components and systems at the test facility were as follows:

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>
Oscilloscope Simulator	Tektronix
SOAC System Simulator	AiResearch (Figure 4-3)
SOAC System Monitor	AiResearch (Figure 4-4)

4.2.2 Carborne instrumentation used in the acceptance testing is outlined in the following paragraphs.

CONTACT RAIL & POWER
 KEY PLAN
 UMTA RAIL TRANSIT TEST TRACK
 HIGH SPEED GROUND TEST CENTER
 PUEBLO, COLORADO

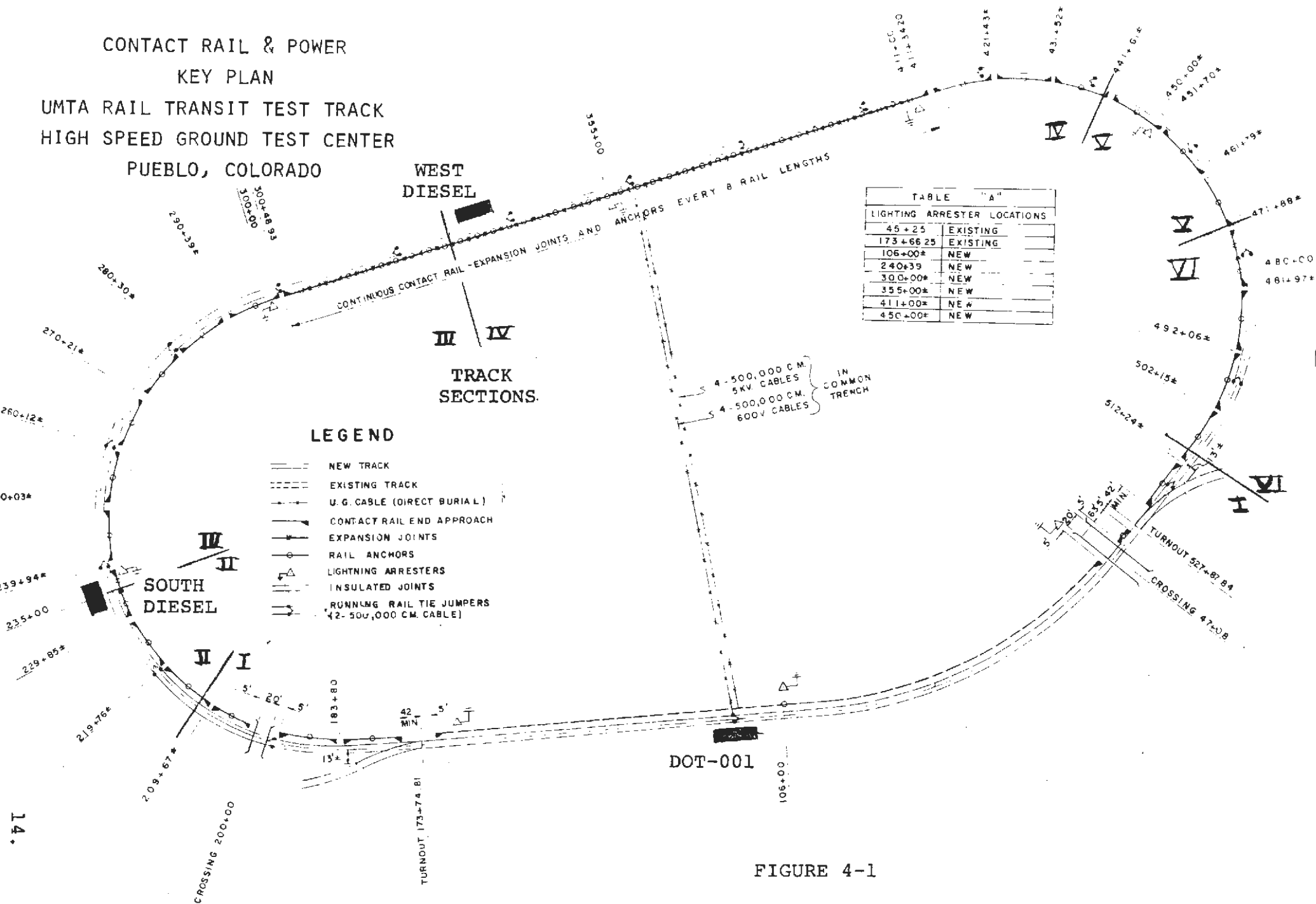
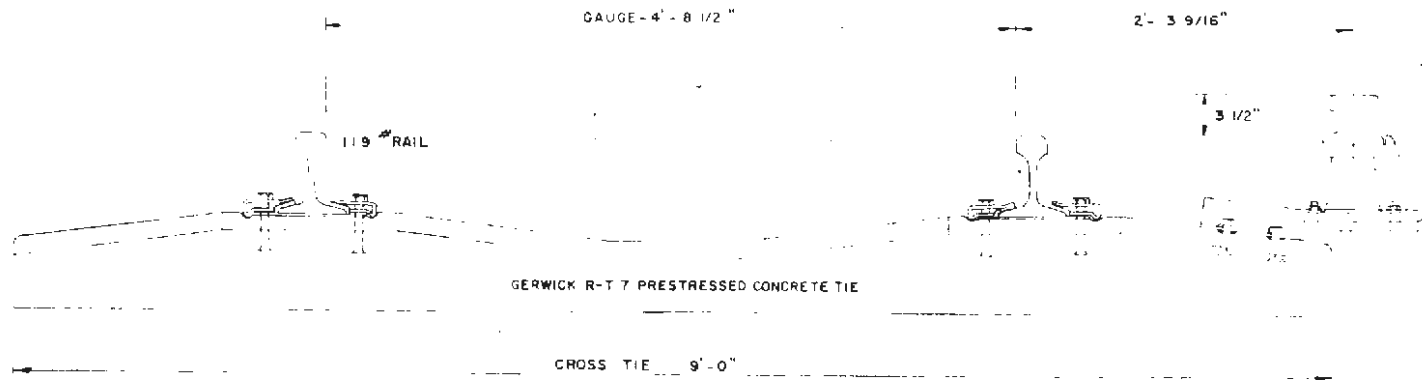


FIGURE 4-1

UMTA RAIL TRANSIT TEST TRACK
HIGH SPEED GROUND TEST CENTER
PUEBLO, COLORADO

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CROSS SECTION OF TRACK ASSEMBLY
SECTION IV, V & VI

FIGURE 4-2

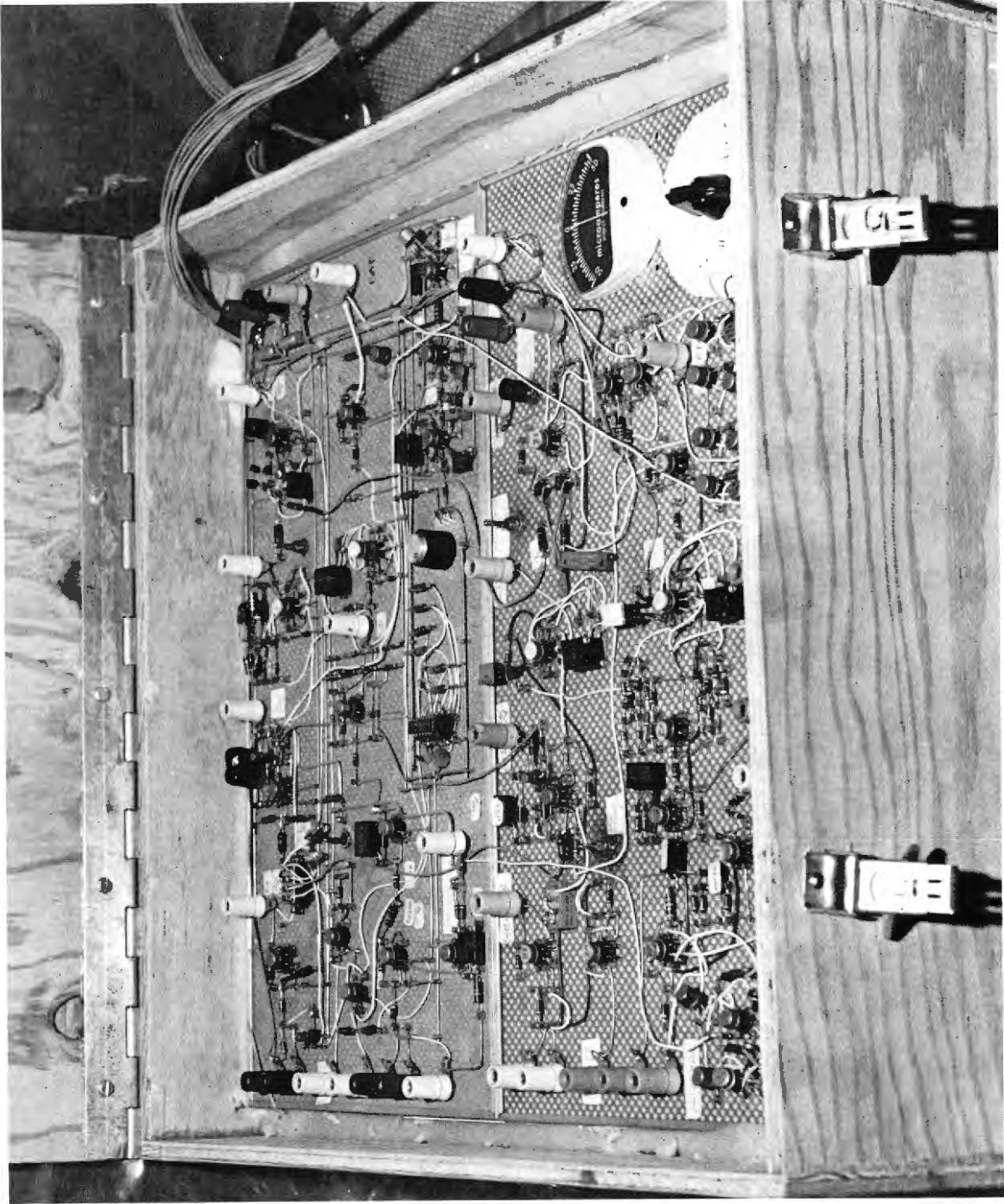


Figure 4-1. SOAC System Simulator

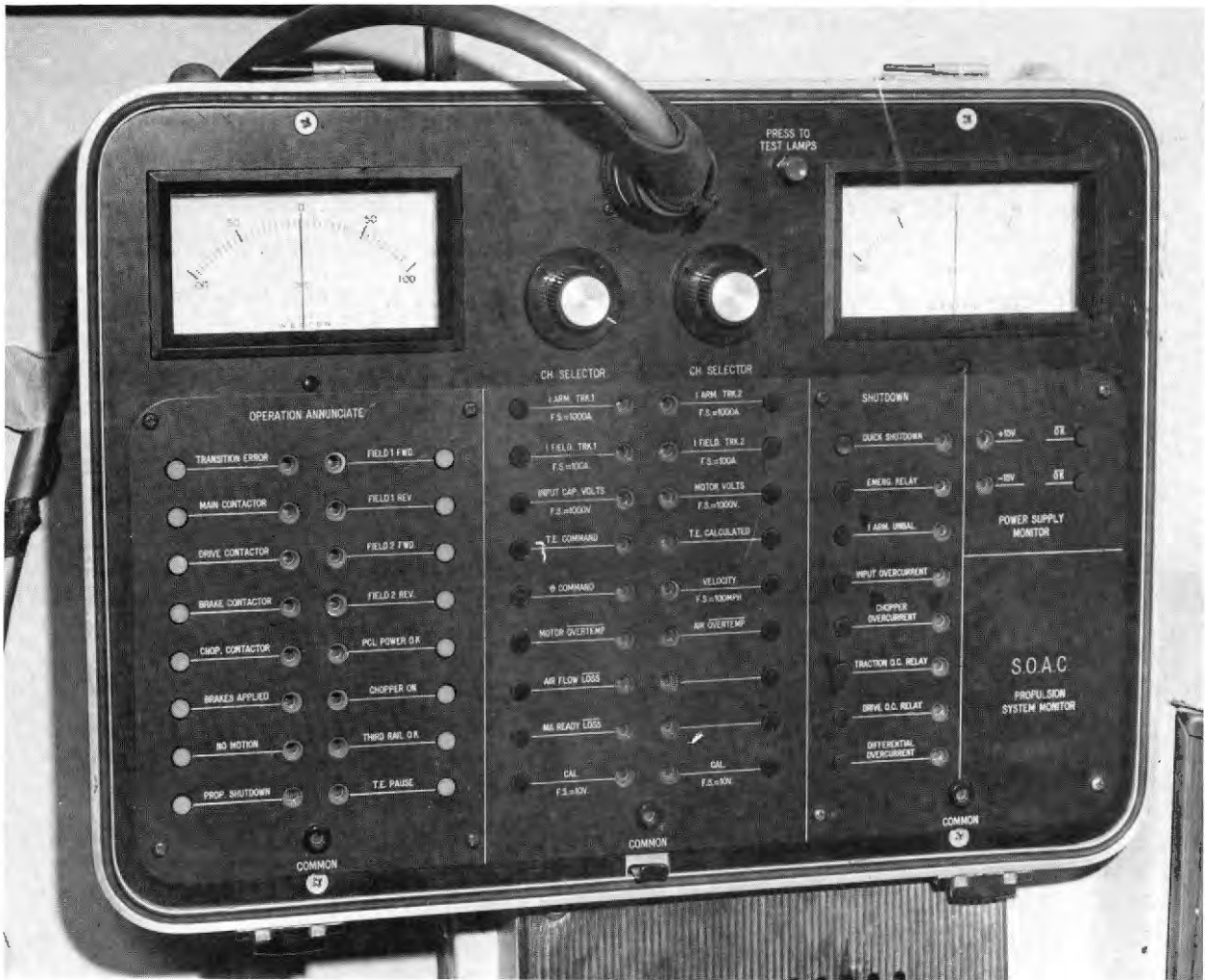


Figure 4-2. SOAC Monitor Panel

4.2.2.1 Garrett/SOAC Propulsion System Monitor Panel

This panel was temporarily mounted in the operator's cab of each car and was connected to the various low-voltage logic and feedback circuits contained in the SOAC propulsion control system.

The monitor panel performs several functions:

- o Annunciator lights for indication of propulsion and braking events and modes.
- o Fault indicator lights.
- o Calibrated meters for indication of the following:

Armature currents	Car speed
Field currents	Calculated tractive effort
Capacitor bank voltage	Thyristor firing (0) command
Motor voltage	Tractive effort command

Plus additional internal system functions.

- o Terminals for connecting the above parameters with a recording oscillograph.

4.2.2.2 CEC Recording Oscillograph (5-124A)

This recorder uses direct print, light-sensitive paper and has a maximum of 18 channels of output. Nine channels were utilized for data during the SOAC testing. Several data channels were taken directly from the output of the monitor panel with scale factors derived from the calibrated meters on the panel. The following parameters were recorded.

- o P-signal
- o Armature current (forward and aft)
- o Field current
- o Capacitor bank voltage (third rail)
- o Longitudinal acceleration
- o Car speed
- o Analog brake current (BCP command signal)

4.2.2.3 Accelerometer and Signal Conditioning Units

The longitudinal accelerometer for performance data and its power and signal conditioning unit were supplied by AiResearch. The accelerometer was secured to a 47-lb. ballast bar and oriented longitudinally in the car interior over the forward truck.

4.2.2.4 The Garrett/SOAC monitor panels remained in their respective cabs during all tests. The CEC oscillograph and accelerometer/signal conditioner were moved from car to car for the various tests. Scale factors remained essentially constant throughout the testing.

4.2.2.5 Calibration

As previously noted, the two armature currents, field current and capacitor bank voltage were calibrated from the monitor panel meters (+5 percent accuracy). The longitudinal accelerometer was calibrated using a level surface and angular displacement equivalent to several "g" values. Car speed was calibrated during constant speed runs over a measured distance. Both cab indicator error and oscillograph calibrations were determined in this manner.

The tractive effort reference or "P" wire was calibrated directly off the cab "P" wire meter. Analog brake current (BCP command) was referenced to the cab BCP gauge and gauge installed on the rear truck. The event mark was used both as a baseline reference for trace deflection and as a track distance or event reference.

The oscillograph was operated during each test record with a paper speed sufficient to detail the specific car characteristic being tested. Generally, paper speeds of .25 and 1.0 inches per second were used. Timing lines printed on the paper during recording were calibrated against a stopwatch, using the event marker.

Time and distance data were obtained using stopwatches and actual ground distance measurements.

4.3 INSTRUMENTATION - RIDE QUALITY

(See Appendix III)

4.4 INSTRUMENTATION - NOISE MEASUREMENTS

(See Paragraph 6.10)

4.5 INSTRUMENTATION - EMI TESTS

(See Appendix IV)

5. TEST PROCEDURES

Test procedures used during the SOAC acceptance tests generally follow the procedures outlined in Section V.C. of the D174-10007-1 SOAC Test Document. They are summarized as follows:

5.1 ACCELERATION (Maximum)

- o Position car on one end of the 400 ft. level tangent track (station 298 + 00 59 338 + 00).
- o Put master controller handle in full power position while still in "deadman" position.
- o Start recorder.
- o Twist handle from "deadman" to operating condition.
- o Record data as required.
- o Maintain controller position until maximum speed of 80 mph is attained.

5.2 AUTOMATIC SPEED MAINTAINING SYSTEM (ASMS)

- o Select speed limit of 3 mph.
- o Put master controller handle in full power position while still in "deadman" position.
- o Start recorder.
- o Twist handle from "deadman" to operating condition. Handle remains in full power position for remainder of ASMS Tests.
- o Record data as required.
- o Select additional speed limits in following sequence: 15, 25, 35, 50, 70, 80, 70, 50, 35, 25, 15, 3.
- o Maintain each above speed a sufficient time to record system speed accuracy.

5.3 BRAKING TESTS (Full Service Rates)

- o Approach braking course (station 298 + 00 to 338 + 00) with tractive effort handle in position to stabilize at test speed.
- o Start recorder.
- o At the outer marker for the course release the handle to its "deadman" position for full service braking.
- o Bring car to complete "hands-off" stop.
- o Record time and distance to stop.

The above procedure is used for blended braking, dynamic braking only, and with slight modification for service friction braking only. For friction braking the dynamic brake must be cancelled by a switch (airflow "loss") for test purposes just prior to initiating braking.

5.4 BRAKING TESTS (Emergency)

- o Procedure similar to paragraph 5.3 except at the outer marker for the course, activate the motorman's "Emergency Stop" pushbutton.

5.5 SERVICE DUTY CYCLES

The service duty cycles are repetitive driving cycles consisting of acceleration to 80 mph at maximum rate, immediate transition to full service braking followed by a 30-second station stop. The cycle is repeated 24 times with blended braking and 24 times with service friction braking only.

5.6 RIDE QUALITY

(See Appendix III)

5.7 NOISE TESTS - INTERIOR

5.8 NOISE TESTS - WAYSIDE

5.9 EMI TESTS

(See Appendix IV)

6. TEST RESULTS

6.1 VISUAL TESTS

The following visual and check tests were performed on each car prior to the start of the performance acceptance tests.

- 6.1.1 Place car on trucks over a pit which will allow safe access to undercar equipment. Set handbrake.
- 6.1.2 Remove motor cooling air exhaust covers, shipping covers, freight service adapters and coupler adapters.
- 6.1.3 Visually inspect for damage, loose parts or missing items.
- 6.1.4 Install traction motor brushes and disconnect traction motor flexible ducts. Tighten all drain plugs, drain cocks and inspection covers.
- 6.1.5 Turn on "BATT", "CAB LIT", "MAIN LT", "RADIO" circuit breakers on LVCBP and HVCBP. Observe that lighting and radio function.
- 6.1.6 Provide 600 VDC. Turn on one at a time the following, and check for function and unusual noise or vibration.

- Alternator field
- Motor alternator field
- Dynamic brake
- Battery charger
- Traction motor cooling #1
- Traction motor cooling #2
- Air brake
- Brake compressor

- 6.1.7 Turn on motor alternator and traction cooling blowers and allow to run for 15 minutes (or until traction cooling ducts are free of debris).
- 6.1.8 Disable third rail power and reconnect motor flexible ducts.
- 6.1.9 Restore third rail power and turn on all circuit breakers and observe the following:
 - o Motor alternator running
 - o Traction motor cooling blowers running
 - o Air compressor running
 - o All lights on
 - o Headlights and taillights function
 - o Side doors function
 - o Main reservoir pressure 150 psi
 - o Air conditioning blower running

- o Windshield wiper, washer and defroster function
- o Horn blows
- o Emergency valve functions
- o Track trip functions
- o Trainline functions for cars coupled
- o Hostling mode operation
- o Pantograph extension and retraction
- o End door operation

6.1.10 Set tread brakes (58-64 psi control pressure, 90,000-lb. and 91-97 psi control pressure, 132,000 lb. car).

6.1.11 Turn on instruments and release handbrake.

6.1.12 Rolling Checkout Tests

6.1.12.1 Put direction control switch in FORWARD.

6.1.12.2 Move controller to 1/4 power position. Accelerate to 10 mph; monitor motor current. Stop the test if motor current exceeds 500-amp peak.

6.1.12.3 Brake car by moving controller to 1/4 brake position. Motor current should not exceed 250 amps.

6.1.13 Performance Setup Tests

6.1.13.1 Accelerate car in full power position to 20 mph. Monitor motor current and acceleration rate. Stop test if:

- o Motor current exceeds 1700 amps.
- o Acceleration rate exceeds 3.0 mphps.
- o Peak acceleration rate is less than 2.5 mphps.
- o Any circuit breaker trips.
- o Wheels slide.

6.1.13.2 Brake car in full service position. Stop test if:

- o Motor current exceeds 1900 amps.
- o Motor current is zero.
- o Wheels slide; circuit test only.
- o Deceleration rate exceeds 3.0 mphps.
- o Deceleration rate is less than 2.0 mphps.

6.1.13.3 Repeat step 6.1.13 adjusting acceleration and deceleration rate to within 2.7 to 3.3 mphps peak values.

6.2 ACCELERATION

The acceleration performance and time to travel 700 feet from a standing start are shown on Figure 6-1 for the low-density car.

**SOAC PERFORMANCE
ACCELERATION RATE**

FIGURE 6-1

LOW-DENSITY CAR No. 1

CAR WEIGHT: 105000 LB

SOAC SPECIFICATIONS

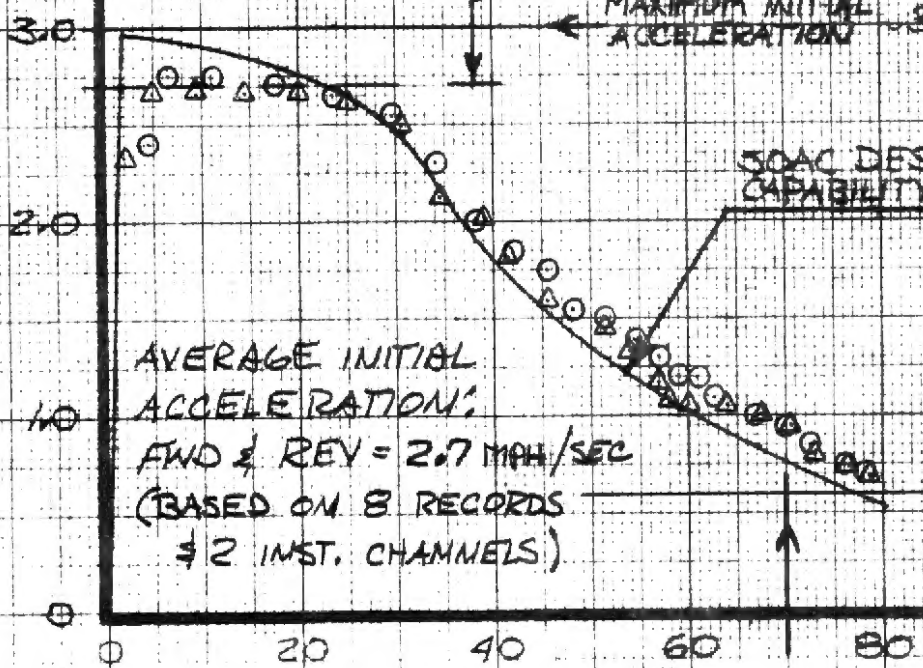
MAX. ALLOWABLE DEVIATION (±10%)

MAXIMUM INITIAL ACCELERATION 3.0 MPH/SEC

SOAC DESIGN CAPABILITY @ 600 VOLTS

TEST RUN 076

ACCELERATION RATE - MPH/SEC



AVERAGE INITIAL ACCELERATION:
FWD & REV = 2.7 MPH/SEC
(BASED ON 8 RECORDS
& 2 INST. CHANNELS)

REC	SYM	DIR.
345	○	FWD
350	△	REV

EQUIVALENT TO A 3% GRADE

CAR SPEED - MPH

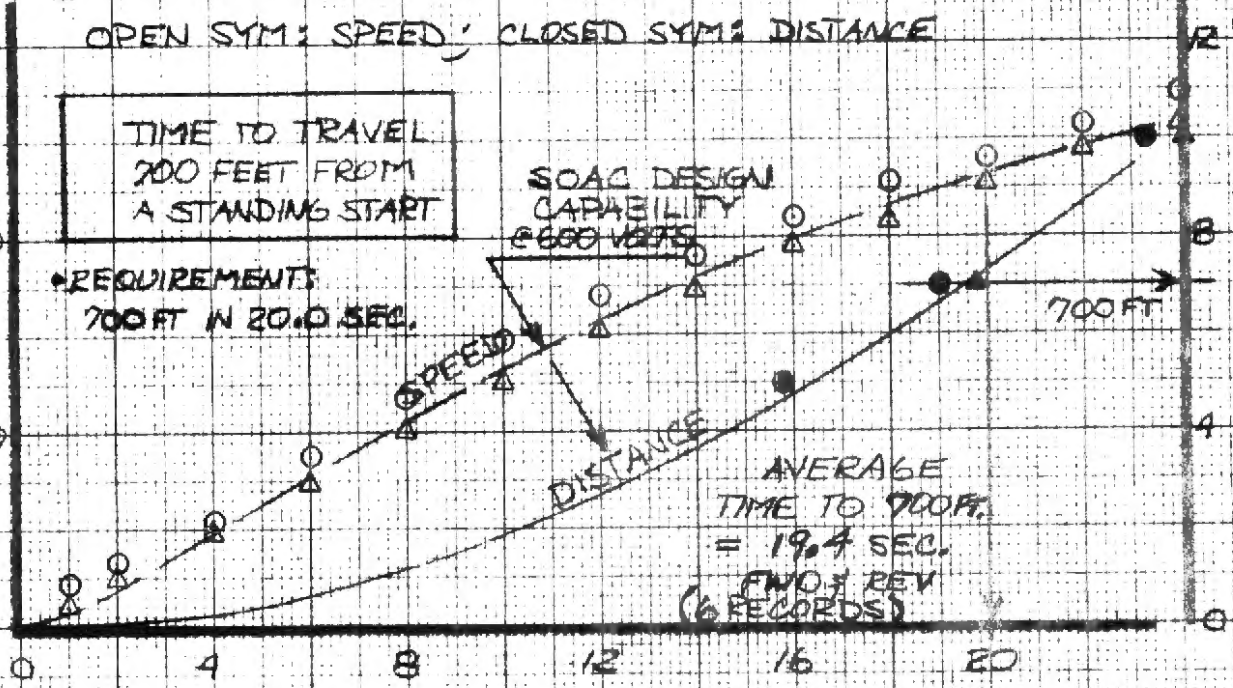
CAR SPEED - MPH

OPEN SYM: SPEED; CLOSED SYM: DISTANCE

TIME TO TRAVEL 700 FEET FROM A STANDING START

REQUIREMENTS
700 FT IN 20.0 SEC.

SOAC DESIGN CAPABILITY @ 600 VOLTS



AVERAGE TIME TO 700 FT.
= 19.4 SEC.
FWD & REV RECORDS

ELAPSED TIME - SECONDS

DISTANCE TRAVELLED - 700 FEET

Acceleration testing was completed on the 4000-ft. section of level tangent track with a maximum speed of 79 mph reached at the end of the section. During the test, third rail voltage was a nominal 620 volts (+). Tests were made in the forward and reverse car direction for two runs to the 700-ft. point and one run to 80 mph in each direction. Figure 6-2 presents a complete time-and-distance-to-speed characteristics for the low-density car.

The initial SOAC design capability is shown on Figures 6-1 and 6-2 as a comparison to the test data. The acceleration capability of the car is equal to or better than the initial design capability above the motor base speed of approximately 30 mph. The reduced acceleration rate below 30 mph is based on the revised current limits selected to maintain the braking rate within allowable tolerances.

The acceleration performance of the high-density SOAC is presented in Figures 6-3 and 6-4 in formats similar to Figures 6-1 and 6-2 previously shown for the low-density SOAC. The performance is essentially similar to the low-density car. The initial SOAC design capability is shown on Figures 6-3 and 6-4 for comparison.

Two-car train acceleration testing was performed to determine the peak initial rate and the time to 700 ft. distance. The large power demand of the two cars (3000-3200 amps) resulted in a large track voltage drop from the nominal 600-650 volts. Test run voltages of 500-550 volts were experienced which resulted in a reduced performance level above about 30 mph. Because of this fact the performance curves for the two-car train are not included in this report. The data of Table II verify that the initial acceleration rate and time to 700 ft. are within specifications and that the two-car train performance is similar to each car operated separately.

6.3 MAXIMUM SPEED AND ASMS

The service maximum speed of the cars is 80 mph based on the test data of Figures 6-1 and 6-3, an acceleration rate of approximately .65 mphps is available at 80 mph. Both cars have exceeded 90 mph in a two-car consist during controlled test conditions.

The Automatic Speed Maintaining System (ASMS) provides the capability to control and limit car speed to the 80 mph maximum or additional speeds of 3, 15, 25, 35, 50, or 70 mph. This system was tested using the procedures contained in paragraph 5.2. With the control handle in the full power position the car will accelerate to the selected speed at the maximum acceleration rate for the car's weight. (Rates for a 105,000-lb. car are shown in Figures 6-1 and 6-3.

FIGURE 6-2

**SOAC PERFORMANCE
TIME AND DISTANCE TO SPEED**

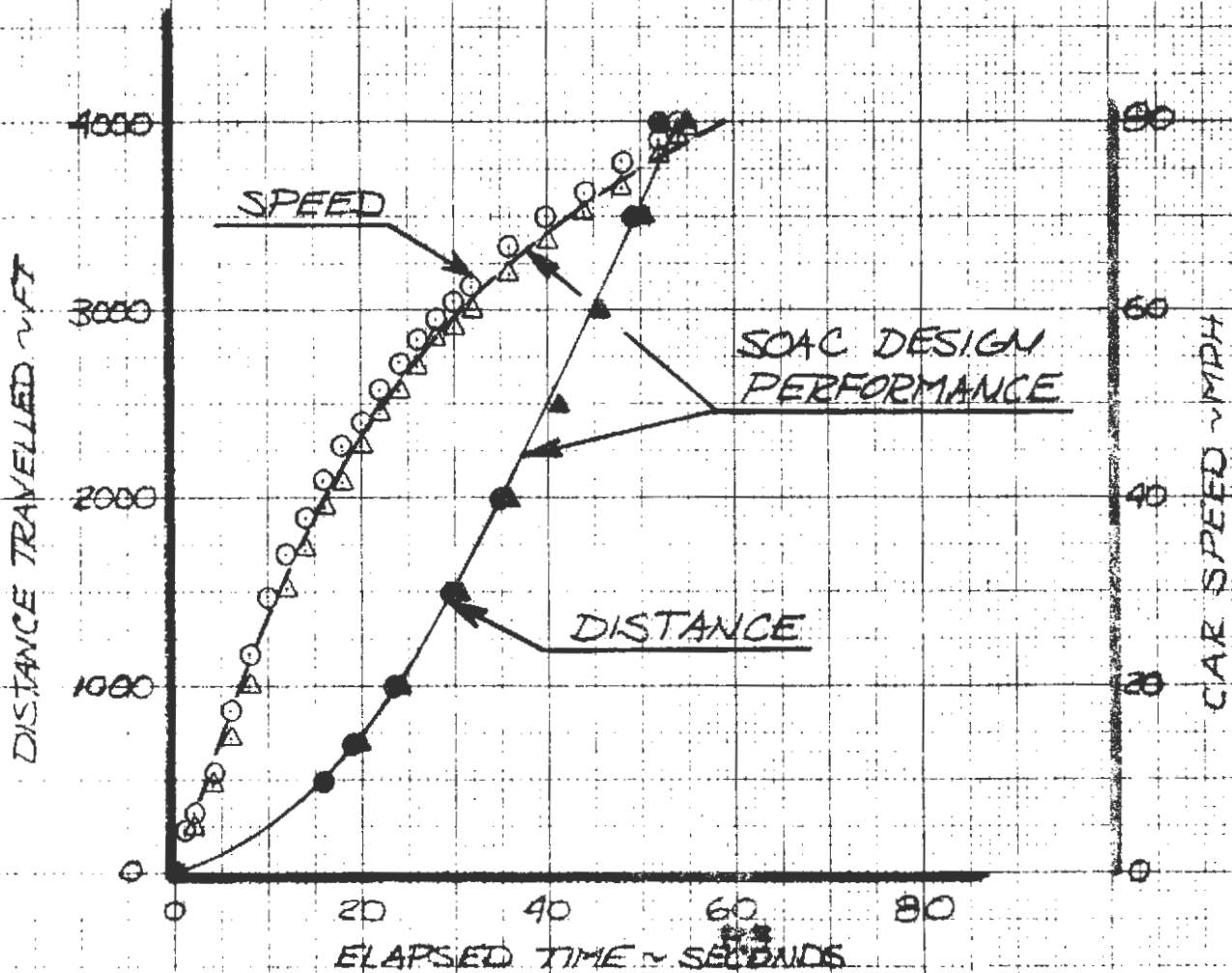
LOW DENSITY CAR (No. 1)

DATA BASIS:

CAR WEIGHT: 105000 LB

- 1) HSBTC TEST RUN NO. 076
- 2) THIRD RAIL VOLTAGE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 600V DC EXCEPT AS NOTED
- 3) TEST LOCATION & TRACK: STA. 298+00 to 338+00 LEVEL-TANGENT TRACK

SYM.	CAR DIRECTION
○	FORWARD
△	REVERSE



**SOAC PERFORMANCE
ACCELERATION RATE**

FIGURE 6-3

HIGH-DENSITY CAR No. 2

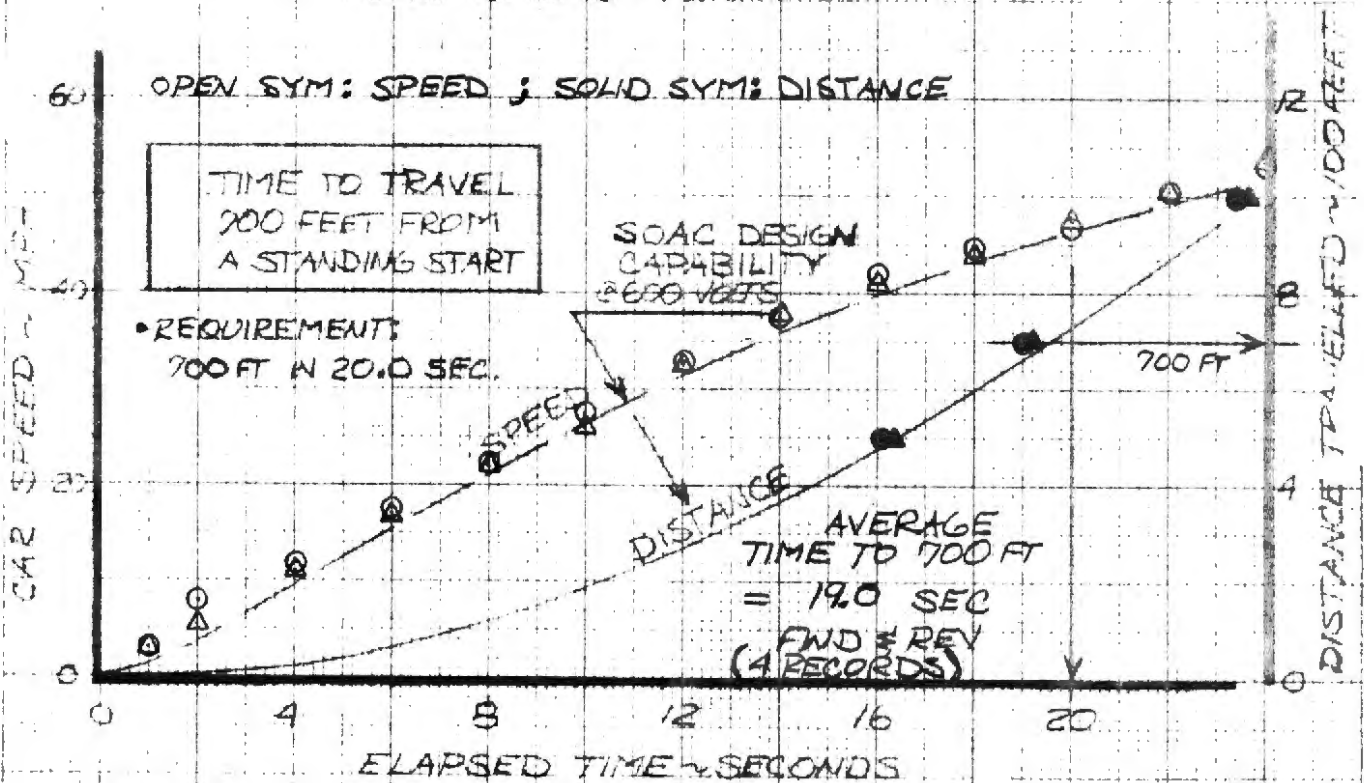
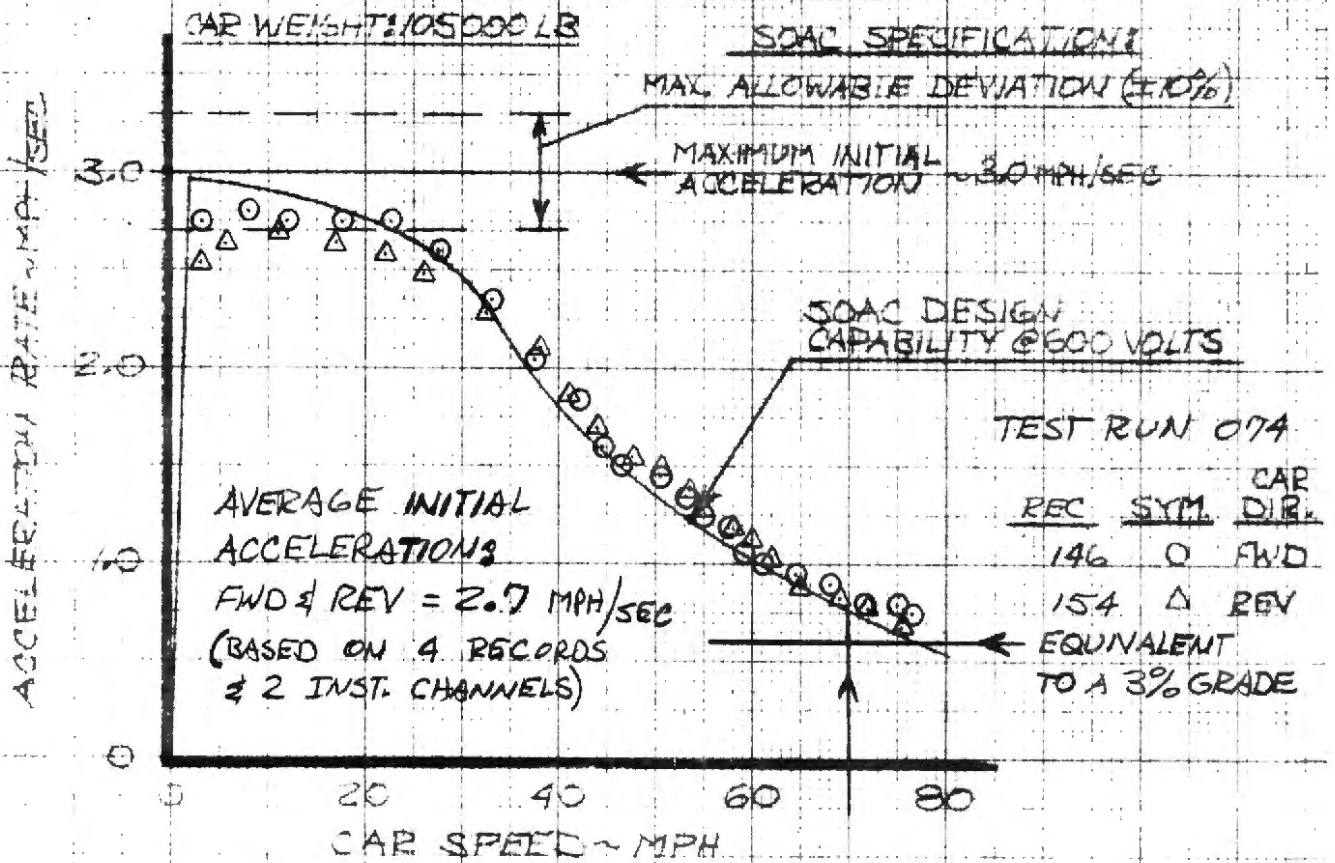


FIGURE 6-4

**SOAC PERFORMANCE
TIME AND DISTANCE TO SPEED**

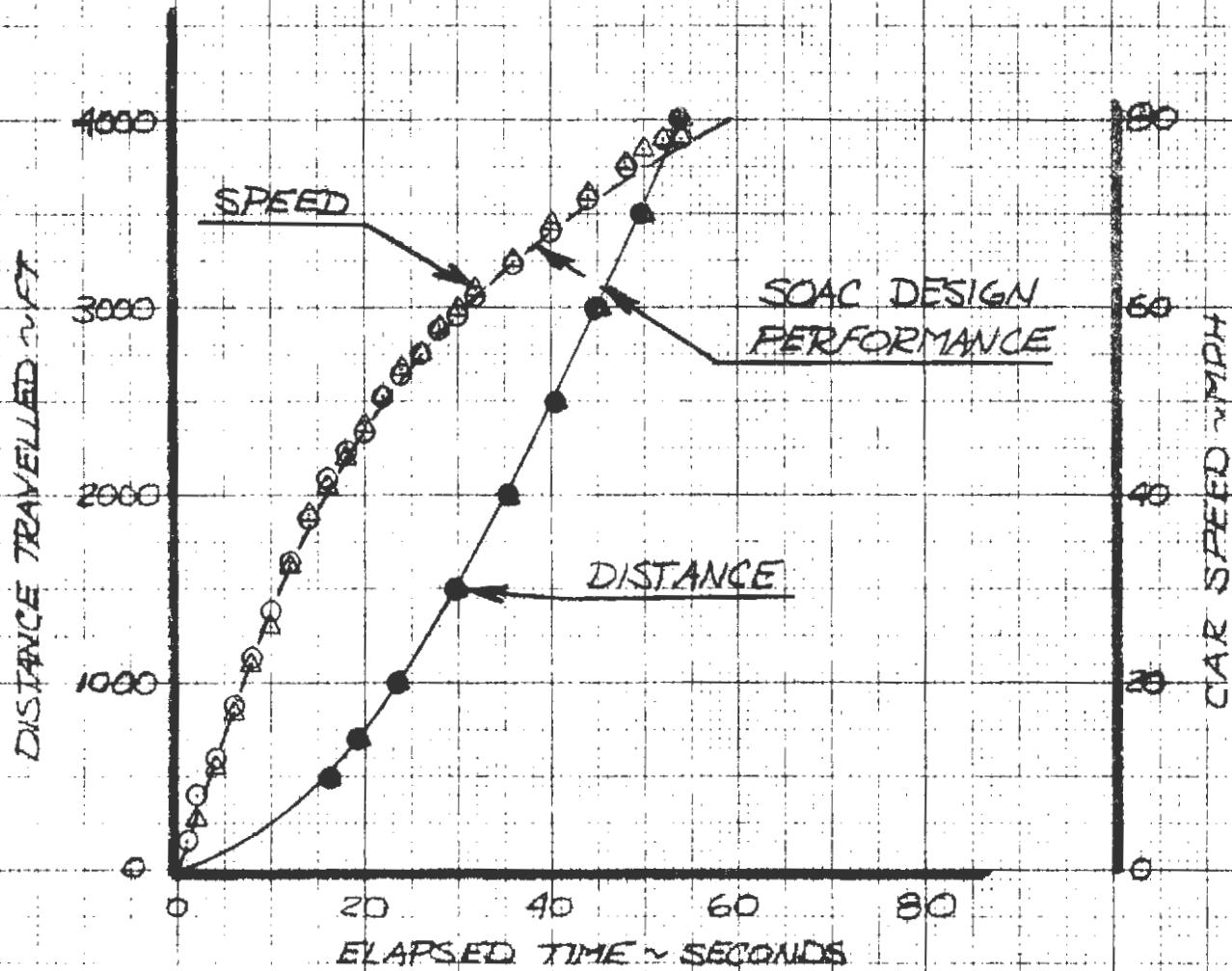
HIGH DENSITY CAR (No. 2)

DATA BASIS:

- 1) HSEIC TEST RUN NO. 079
- 2) THIRD RAIL VOLTAGE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 600V_{dc} EXCEPT AS NOTED
- 3) TEST LOCATION & TRACK STA. 298+00 to 338+00 LEVEL-TANGENT TRACK

CAR WEIGHT: 105000 LB

SYM.	CAR DIRECTION
○	FORWARD
△	REVERSE



As the selected speed is approached within 2 to 3 mph the tractive effort reference signal ("P" signal) is automatically reduced until the desired speed is maintained to within ± 1 mph. The P signal is then adjusted automatically to regulate the tractive (or brake) effort required to maintain the selected speed on various track grades or curves. The control handle may remain in the full power position at all times, or it may be set at a reduced level which results in at least the P signal required to produce the "balancing" tractive effort. The P signal meter in the cab reads the P value associated with the ASMS and not the actual control handle position. The band for speed regulation enlarges as the controller is decreased from the P = 1.0 amp position: ± 1 mph at P = 1.0 to approximately -2 to -3 mph at "balancing" P value.

The ASMS pushbuttons may also be used to decrease speed from a previously selected value. With the control handle still in the full power position, activating a command for a lower speed will automatically apply full service blended braking until the car speed has been reduced to the selected value. Speed regulation about the new value is again ± 1 mph.

A speedometer calibration curve for the low density car is shown in Figure 6-5. The actual speed was determined over a timed, measured course on level tangent track.

The ASMS on the high-density car performs similarly to that on the low-density car as previously stated. The complete range of tests noted for the low-density car were conducted on the high-density car; speed regulation was again within ± 1 mph of selected speed with the tractive effort handle in the full power position. A speedometer calibration for the high-density car is shown in Figure 6-6.

6.4 BLENDED AND DYNAMIC BRAKING

Figure 6-7 presents the blended service braking and dynamic braking (only) capability for the low-density car in terms of deceleration rate and stopping distance. The upper scale illustrates the blended and dynamic brake rates during two test records from 80 mph. The design characteristics of the dynamic brake system are shown on this upper scale in comparison to the test data.

The dynamic brake alone, without service friction braking, is capable of providing the SOAC's nominal deceleration rate of 3 mphps ($\pm 10\%$) down to a speed of approximately 3 mph. The increased brake rate associated with the normal configuration of blended dynamic/friction braking is due to the inshot pressure of approximately 8 psi sent to the friction brake cylinders under all braking commands.

FIGURE 6-5

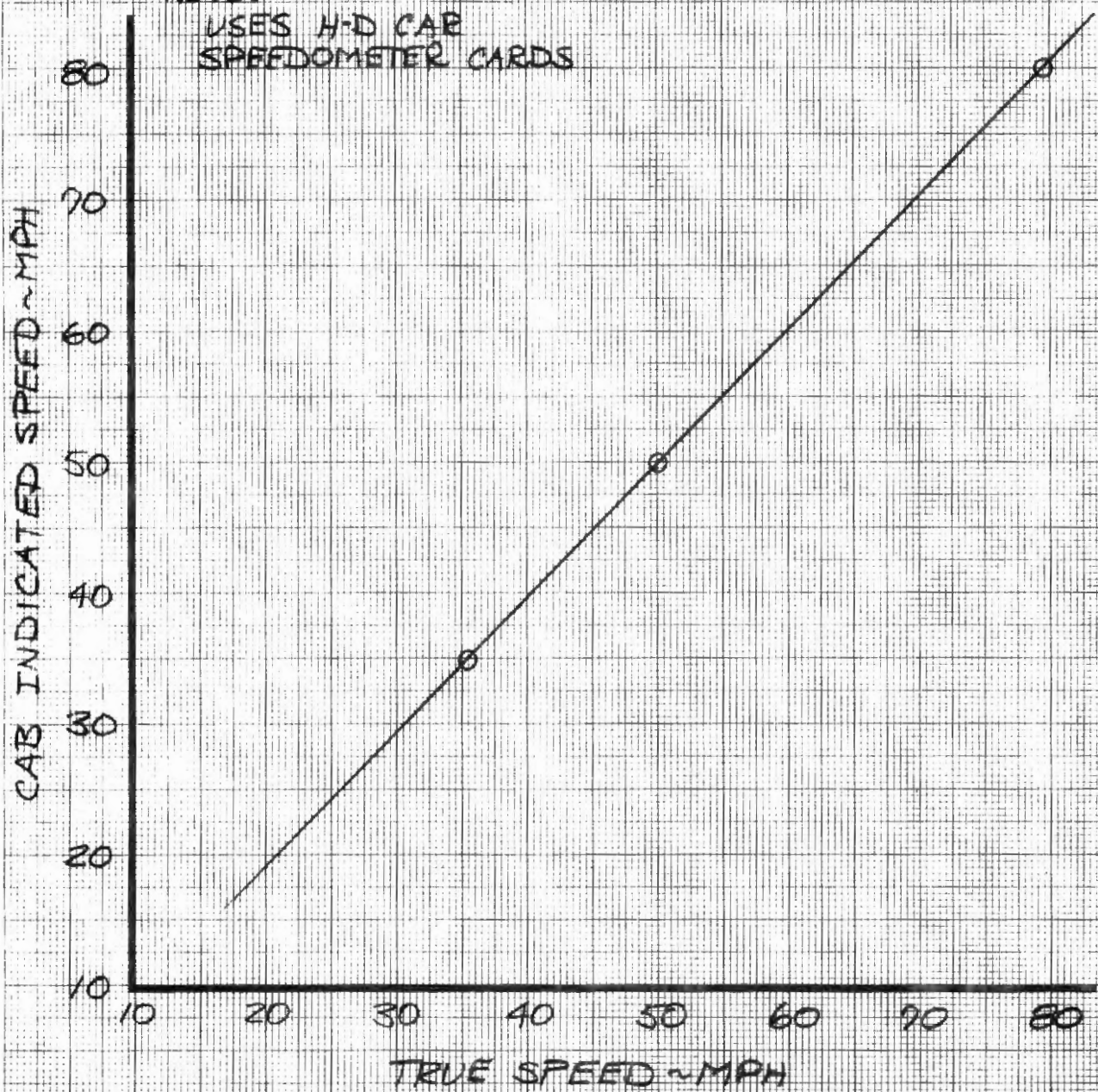
SOAC SPEEDOMETER
CALIBRATION

LOW-DENSITY CAR

• DATA USED FOR
OSCILLOGRAPH
CALIB. ALSO.

○ RUN 076 4/10/23

NOTES
USES H-D CAR
SPEEDOMETER CARDS



P. B. RICH
4/10/23

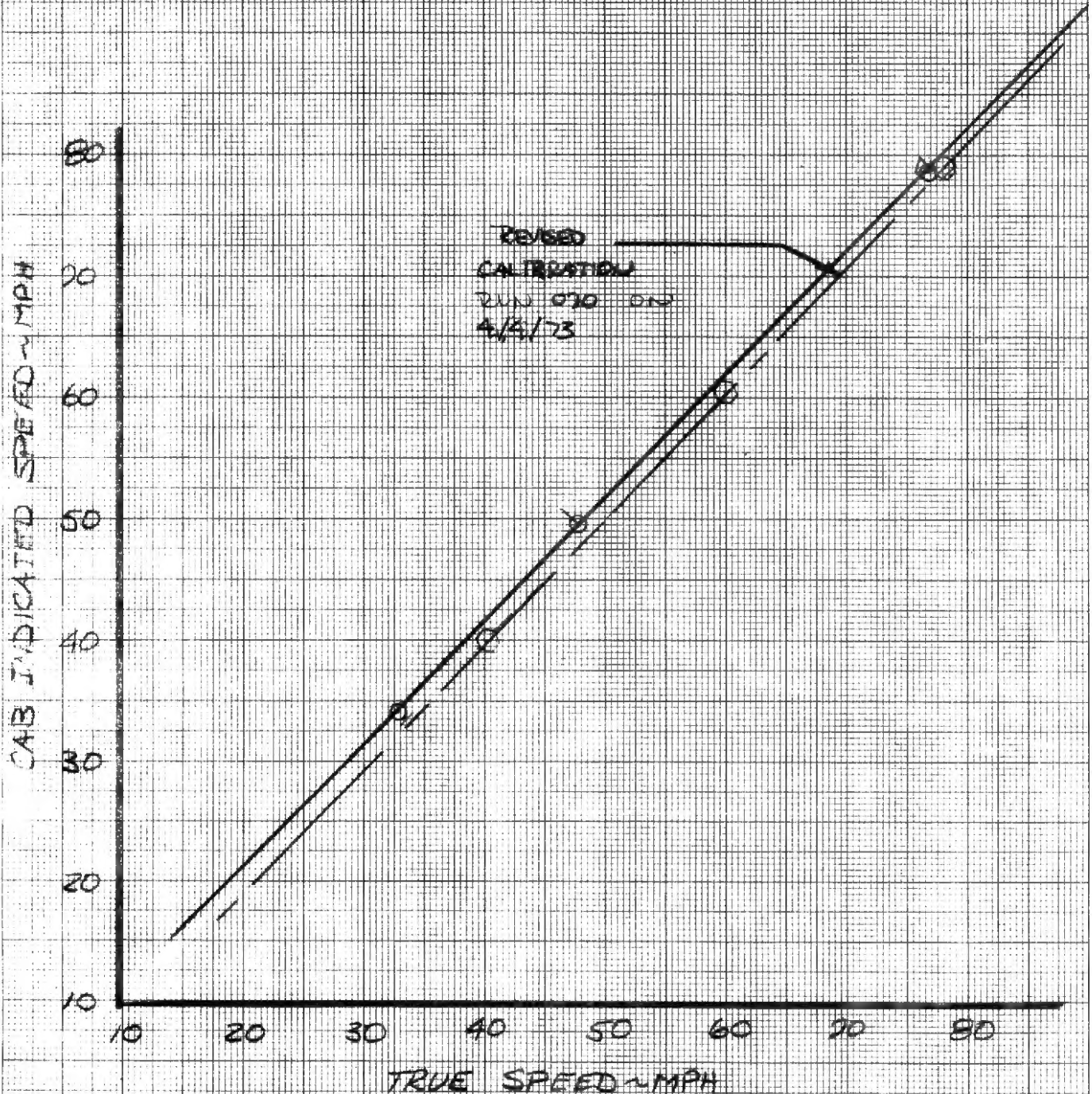
FIGURE 6-6

**SOAC SPEEDOMETER
CALIBRATION**

HIGH-DENSITY CAR

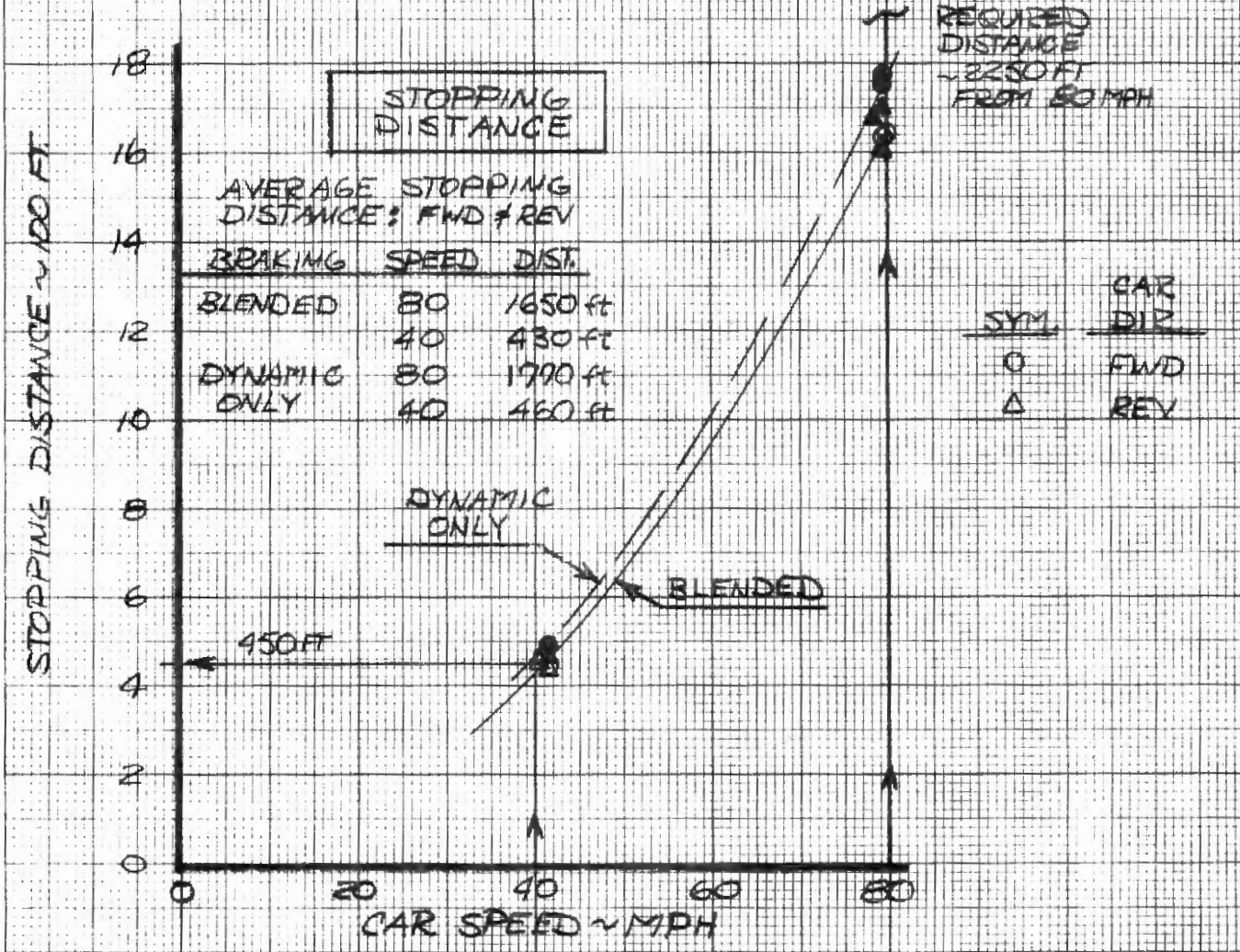
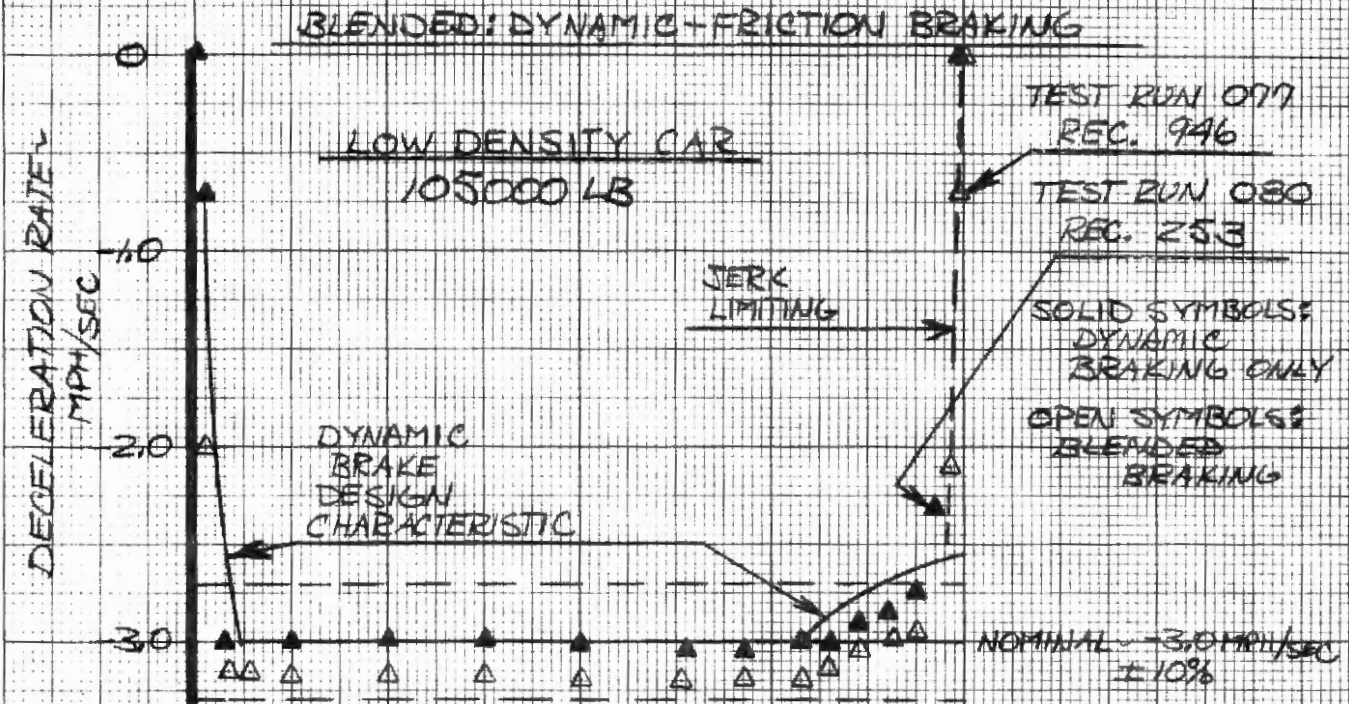
• DATA USED FOR
OSCILLOGRAPH
CALIBRATION ALSO

• TEST RUN 038 3/10/73
• TEST RUN 052 3/15/73



**SOAC PERFORMANCE
SERVICE BRAKING**

FIGURE 6-7



Stop distances from speeds of 40 mph and 80 mph are shown on the lower scale of Figure 6-7. Data was taken at the specification speeds of 40 and 80 mph for the final acceptance test. The shape of the stopping distance curves is based on additional preliminary data when the propulsion system was adjusted to a lower braking rate (armature current).

Figure 6-8 presents the results of the blended braking and dynamic braking (without friction brakes) tests, or the high-density cars; Figure 6-9 for the two-car train.

6.4.1 System Response Characteristics - Blended Braking

Figure 6-10 illustrates a typical transition from the propulsion mode to the blended braking mode at 40 mph car speed. At time $t = 0$, the master controller "deadman" handle is released, providing a step input to the traction system. In the next .5 second, the jerk rate limiting circuit removes the tractive effort at a rate of 425 amps per second until zero armature current is attained.

During the .7 second "control dead time" the field current is reduced to zero, the "drive" contactors open, the "brake" contactors close, and the motor field current is reversed in sense by the field control. After the "dead time", the jerk limit circuitry again limits the rate of change of (braking) current, the field current is ramped to maximum value, and the chopper controls the armature current to achieve the selected braking effort (deceleration rate). Full service rate is attained approximately 2.5 seconds after release of the "deadman". The stopping distances shown in the performance plots reflect the jerk rates and dead times as shown in Figure 6-10.

6.4.2 Dynamic Brake Failure Simulation

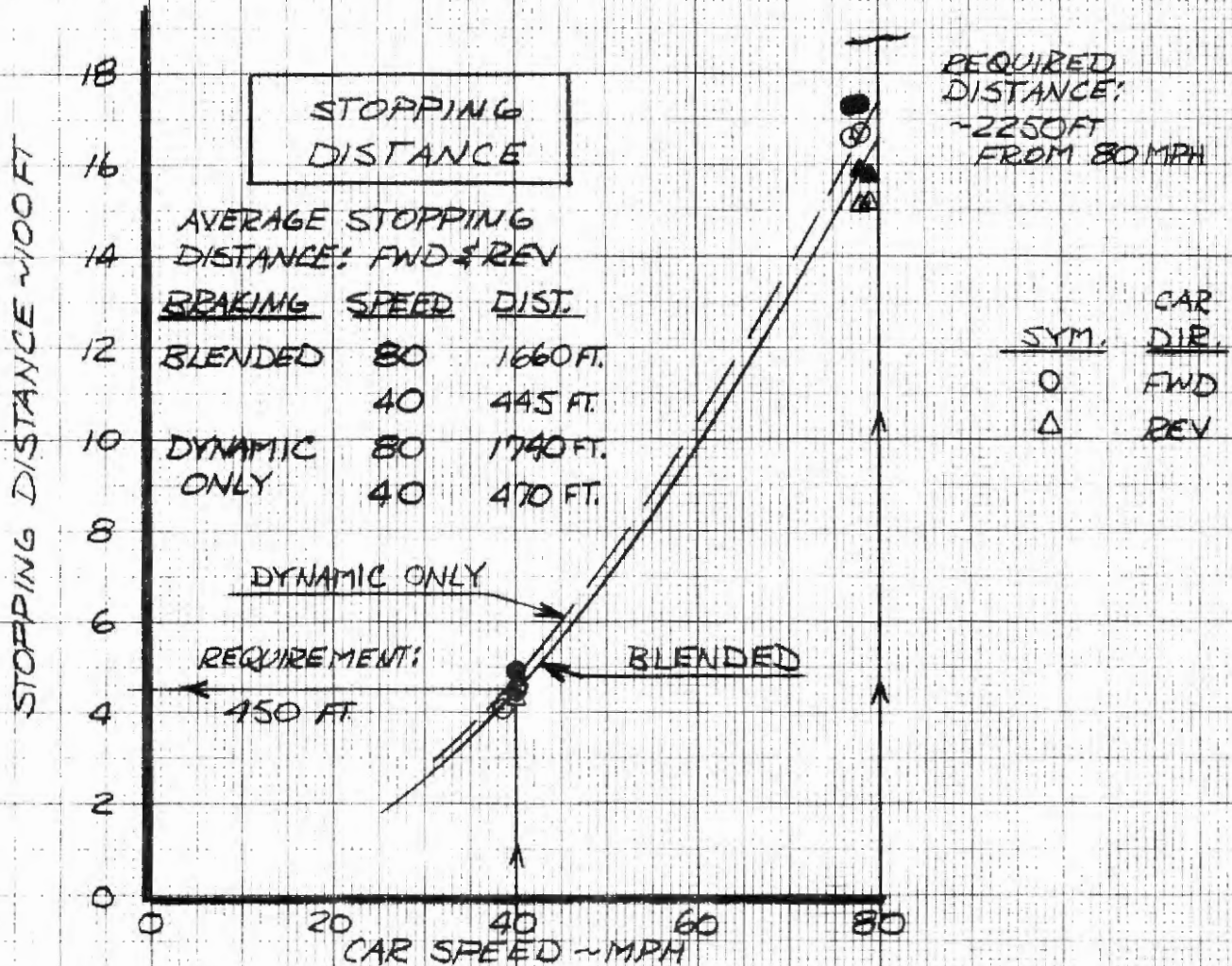
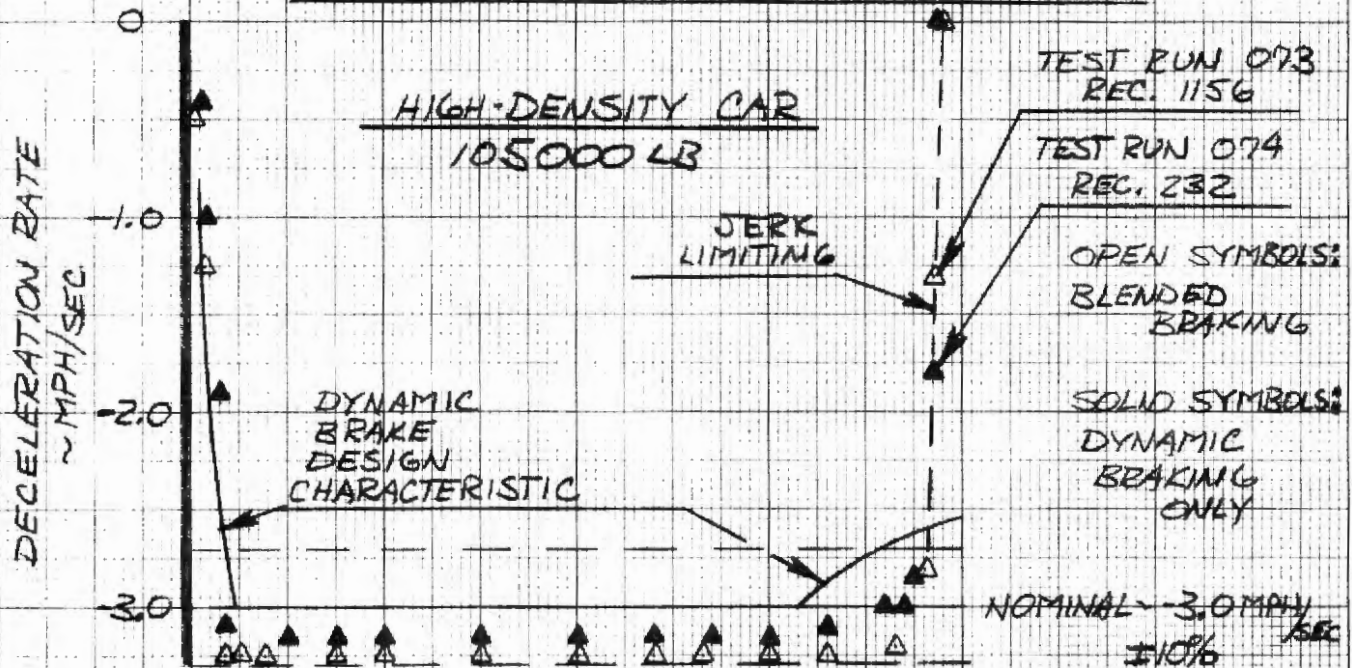
During the test program, but prior to the final adjustment of blended braking rates, several simulated dynamic brake failures during normal blended braking from 80 mph were completed. These tests were accomplished to determine the time and rate response of the friction brake backup system and the impact on stopping distance. These tests were performed on the high-density car and Figure 6-11 illustrates a time history of one simulated dynamic brake failure. Since this data was obtained during testing prior to the final adjustments of the dynamic brake current limits, the performance thus reflects slightly lower deceleration rates and slightly longer stopping distances than the data of Table II and Figure 6-8.

Two stops with simulated dynamic brake failures were accomplished; both stops within the 2250 ft. required distance from 80 mph. The following table outlines the test results.

**SOAC PERFORMANCE
SERVICE BRAKING**

FIGURE 6-8

BLENDED: DYNAMIC + FRICTION BRAKING

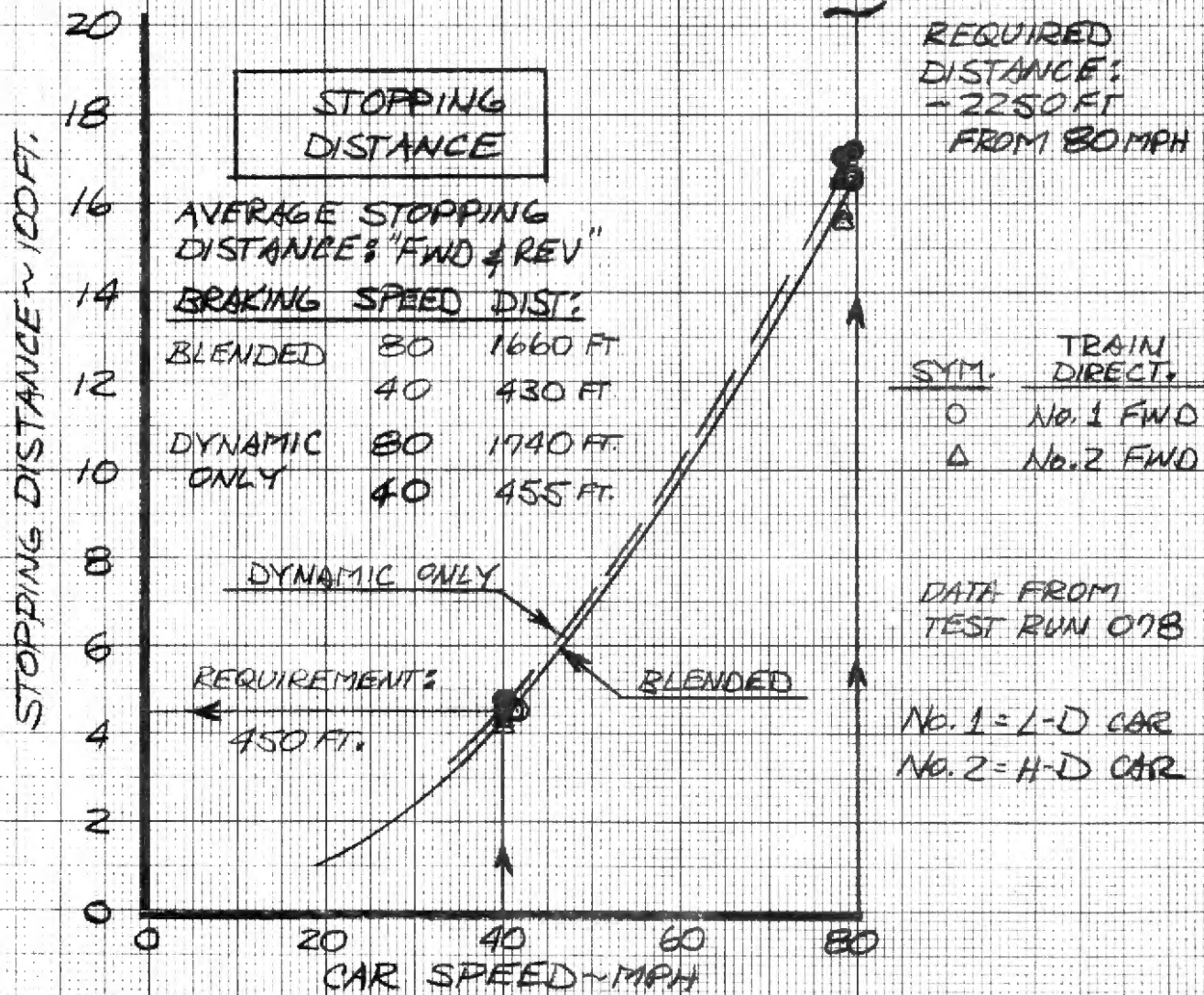


**SOAC PERFORMANCE
SERVICE BRAKING**

FIGURE 6-9

BLENDED: DYNAMIC + FRICTION BRAKING

TWO-CAR TRAIN
105000 LB



MADE IN U. S. A.

20 X 20 PER INCH

**TIME CONSTANTS FOR
 BLENDED BRAKING APPLICATION**

SOAC TWO-CAR TRAIN DATA
 105,000 LB

TEST RUN: 078
 RECORD: 1243
 V_i = 40 MPH

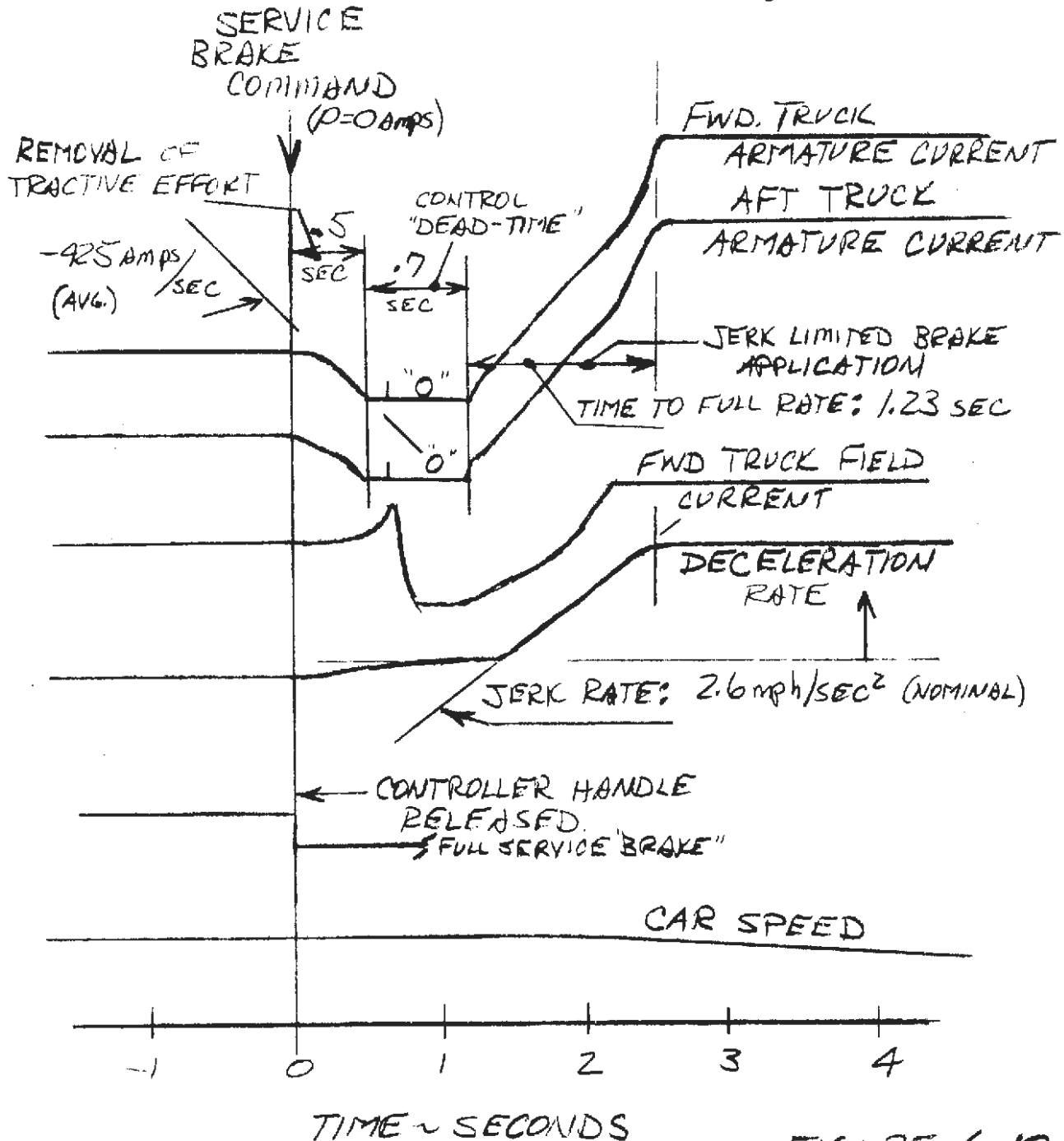


FIGURE 6-10

**TIME CONSTANTS FOR
TRANSITION FROM DYNAMIC
TO SERVICE FRICTION BRAKING**

SOAC H-D CAR 105000LB

TEST RUN: 041
RECORD: 146

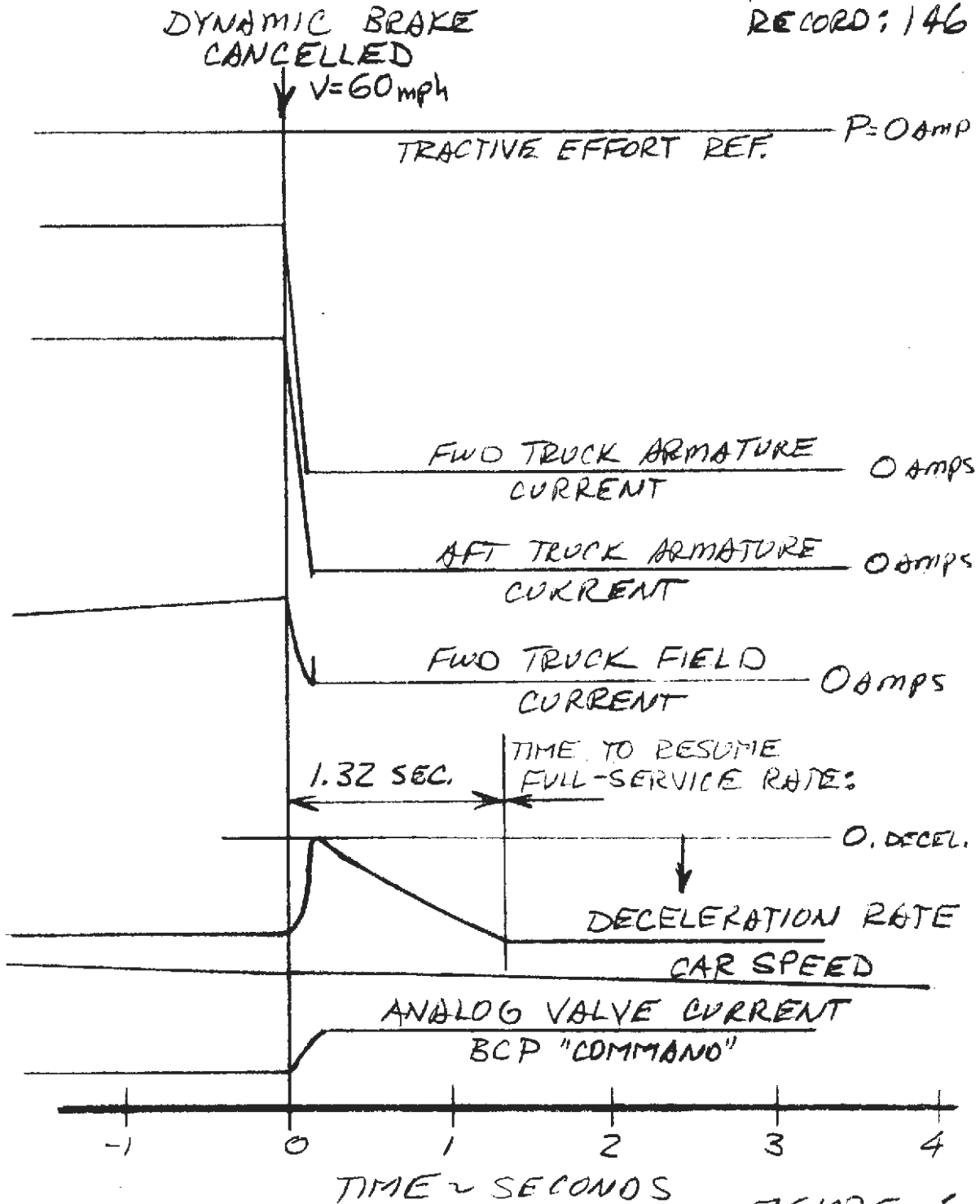


FIGURE 6-11

INITIAL SPEED (TRUE)	FAIL DYNAMIC BRAKE @ SPEED	TIME TO STOP	DISTANCE TO STOP
----------------------------	-------------------------------	-----------------	---------------------

FORWARD DIRECTION

76 mph	59 mph	29.0 sec.	1852 ft.
76 mph	Blended Svc.	29.3 sec.	1698 ft.

REVERSE DIRECTION

77 mph	60 mph	28.8 sec.	1766 ft.
77.5 mph	Blended Svc.	29.2 sec.	1719 ft.

In each of the above car directions, the stop with the simulated failure is compared with a similar stop with blended braking. As noted above, the stopping distance is increased by approximately 50 to 150 ft. from 76-77 mph. The reduced time-to-stop noted on the "failure" stops may be attributed to the different brake rate vs. speed characteristic between blended and friction brake systems (see Figures 6-8 and 6-12). Test procedure for the simulated dynamic brake failures was similar to the procedure used for friction braking (paragraph 5.3) except that the dynamic brake was cancelled at 60 mph instead of just prior to initiating braking at 80 mph. The stops were completed using service friction brakes only following the simulated dynamic brake failure at 60 mph.

6.5 SERVICE FRICTION BRAKING

The service friction brake capability (without dynamic brake) is shown in Figure 6-12 for the low-density car. Sample test data from a stop from 80 mph is shown on the upper scale and stopping distances from speeds of 20, 40, 60 and 80 mph are shown on the lower scale. Two stopping tests in each direction from each speed were used to determine the specification compliance at 40 and 80 mph and the general shape of the stopping distance curve. Brake cylinder pressure is set to 68 psi as measured on the cab pressure indicator. Figures 6-13 and 6-14 present similar data for the high-density car and the two-car train.

The deceleration rates shown on Table II are based on average over the speed range of all test points shown in Figures 6-12, 6-13 and 6-14. The deceleration rate for each stop was determined using both the accelerometer and by differentiating the calibrated speedometer channel on the oscillograph. A time period of 10 seconds or greater was used where possible to determine the average deceleration rate during a test record.

SOAC PERFORMANCE
FRICTION BRAKING

FIGURE 6-12

SERVICE FRICTION BRAKING

LOW DENSITY CAR
105000 LB

TEST RUN 049
REC. 1130

DECELERATION RATE
~MPH/SEC

JERK
LIMITING

NOMINAL ~3.0 MPH/SEC
±10%

REQUIREMENT: 2250 FT

STOPPING
DISTANCE

AVERAGE STOPPING
DISTANCE: FWD & REV

SPEED	DIST.
80	1960 FT.
40	440 FT.

BRAKE CYLINDER
PRESSURE: 68 PSI

SYM	CAR D/R
○	FWD
△	REV

STOPPING DISTANCE ~100 FT.

REQUIREMENT:
450 FT

CAR SPEED ~MPH

**SOAC PERFORMANCE
FRICTION BRAKING**

FIGURE 6-13

SERVICE FRICTION BRAKING

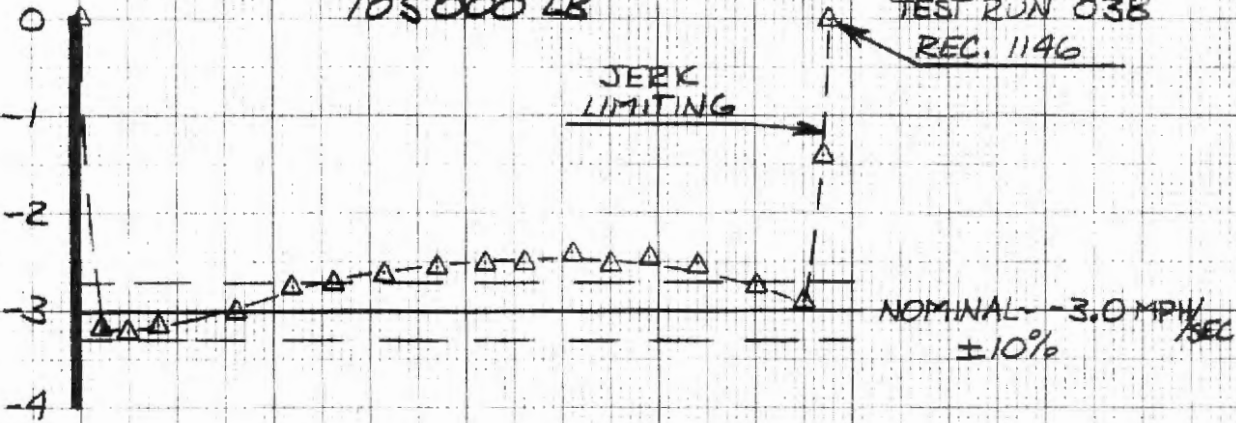
HIGH DENSITY CAR

105000 LB

TEST RUN 038
REC. 1146

JERK
LIMITING

DECELERATION RATE
~MPH/SEC



REQUIREMENT: 2250 FT

**STOPPING
DISTANCE**

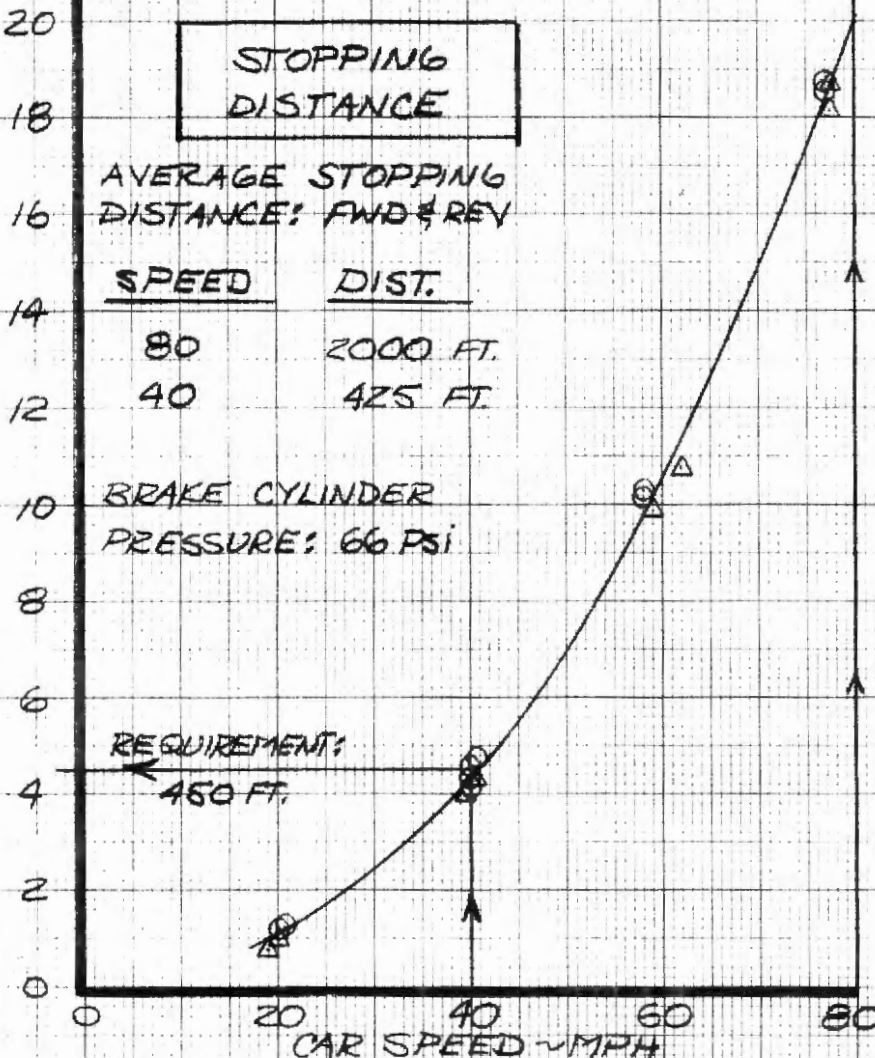
AVERAGE STOPPING
DISTANCE: FWD & REV

SPEED	DIST.
80	2000 FT.
40	425 FT.

BRAKE CYLINDER
PRESSURE: 66 PSI

SYM.	CAR DIR.
○	FWD
△	REV

STOPPING DISTANCE ~100 FT.



REQUIREMENT:
450 FT.

CAR SPEED ~MPH

**SOAC PERFORMANCE
FRICTION BRAKING**

FIGURE 6-14

SERVICE FRICTION BRAKING

**TWO-CAR TRAIN
105000 LB**

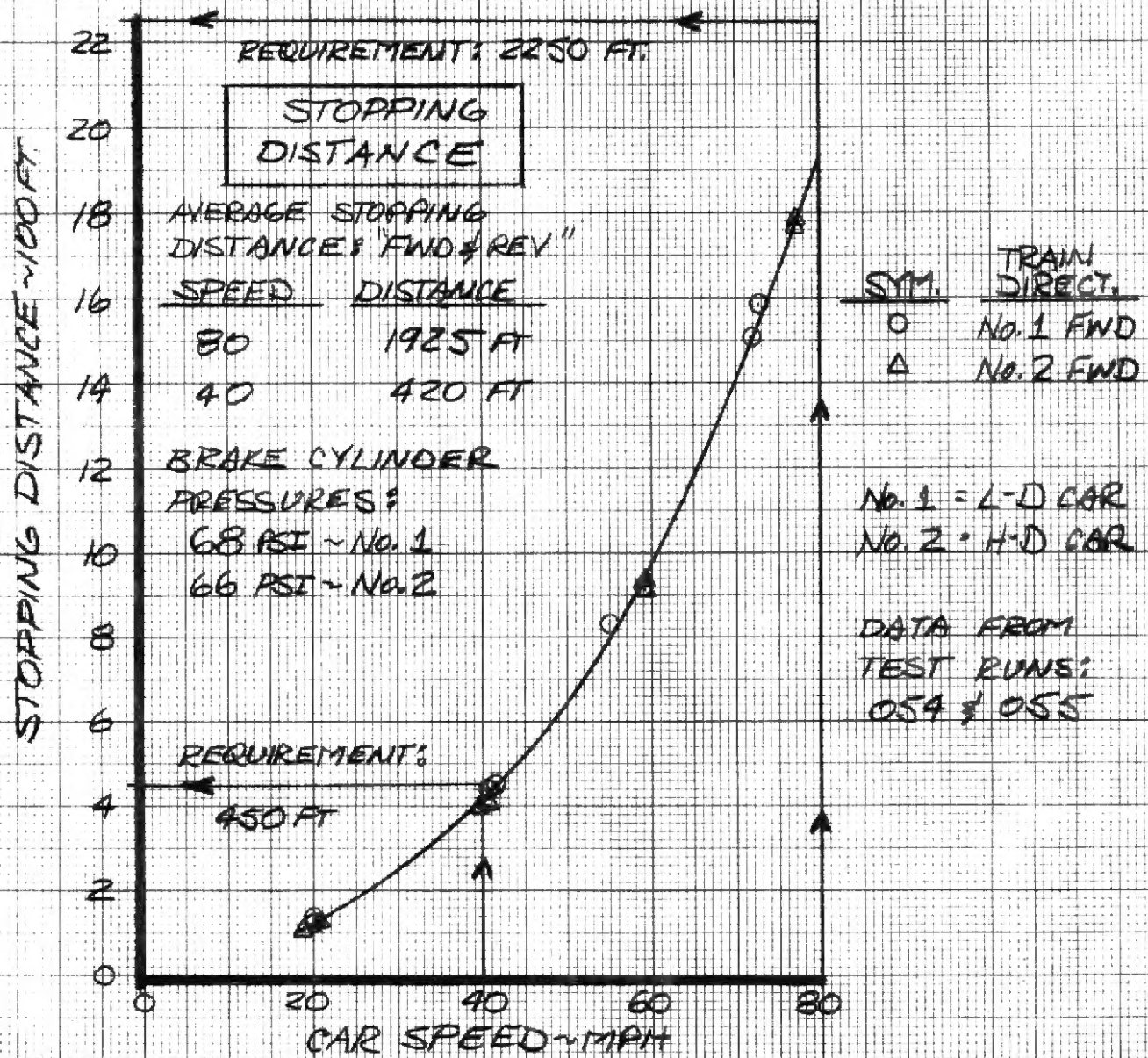


Figure 6-15 illustrates the time constants and jerk rates associated with application of full service friction braking using a step input command.

6.6 EMERGENCY FRICTION BRAKING

Figure 6-16 presents the results of brake on the low-density car tests using the emergency brake system which consists of friction brakes only. As before, the upper scale illustrates a typical test stop from 80 mph while the lower scale shows the resulting stopping distances for the 14 emergency stops performed during the tests. Emergency brake cylinder pressure is set at 78 psi for both cars.

Test results for the high-density car and the two-car train are shown in Figures 6-17 and 6-18 respectively. As with the service friction and blended braking data, the deceleration rate shown in Table II is an average of all runs shown in Figures 6-16, 6-17 and 6-18.

The time constants associated with an emergency brake application are shown in Figure 6-19. As noted, full brake pressure (and deceleration rate) are reached in seconds.

6.7 JERK RATE

The time rate of change of acceleration or deceleration while under control of the jerk rate limiting system was determined by evaluating the time-slope of the accelerometer channel on the oscillograph. Jerk rate measurements were made on all acceleration and service blended braking tests for both cars, and an average rate for each mode is shown on Table II. Illustrations of jerk rate limiting are shown in Figures 6-10 and 6-15 for the braking mode.

6.8 SERVICE DUTY CYCLE

The SOAC traction system was designed for a duty cycle of repetitive 0 to 80 mph to 0 runs with a 30-second dwell time after each stop as shown in Figure 6-20. At the design weight of 105,000 lb. these repeated cycles resulted in an RMS armature current of 637 amps. The design continuous current is 460 amps; the one-hour current is 600 amps. Thus the duty cycle represents operation at a performance level somewhat above the one-hour rating of the traction motors, but well below the peak current rating of 750 amps.

6.8.1 Blended Braking Cycles - Service Configuration

Table IV summarizes the results of the 24 cycles of blended braking performed on each car. A summary duty cycle plot is shown in Figure 6-21 based on measured car performance on level tangent track. The cycle of Figure 6-21 differs from Figure 6-20 due to the higher level of performance measured

TIME CONSTANTS FOR
SERVICE FRICTION BRAKE
APPLICATION

SOAC HIGH-DENSITY CAR
105,000 LB

TEST RUN: 144
RECORD: 1732
 $V_i = 58 \text{ mph}$

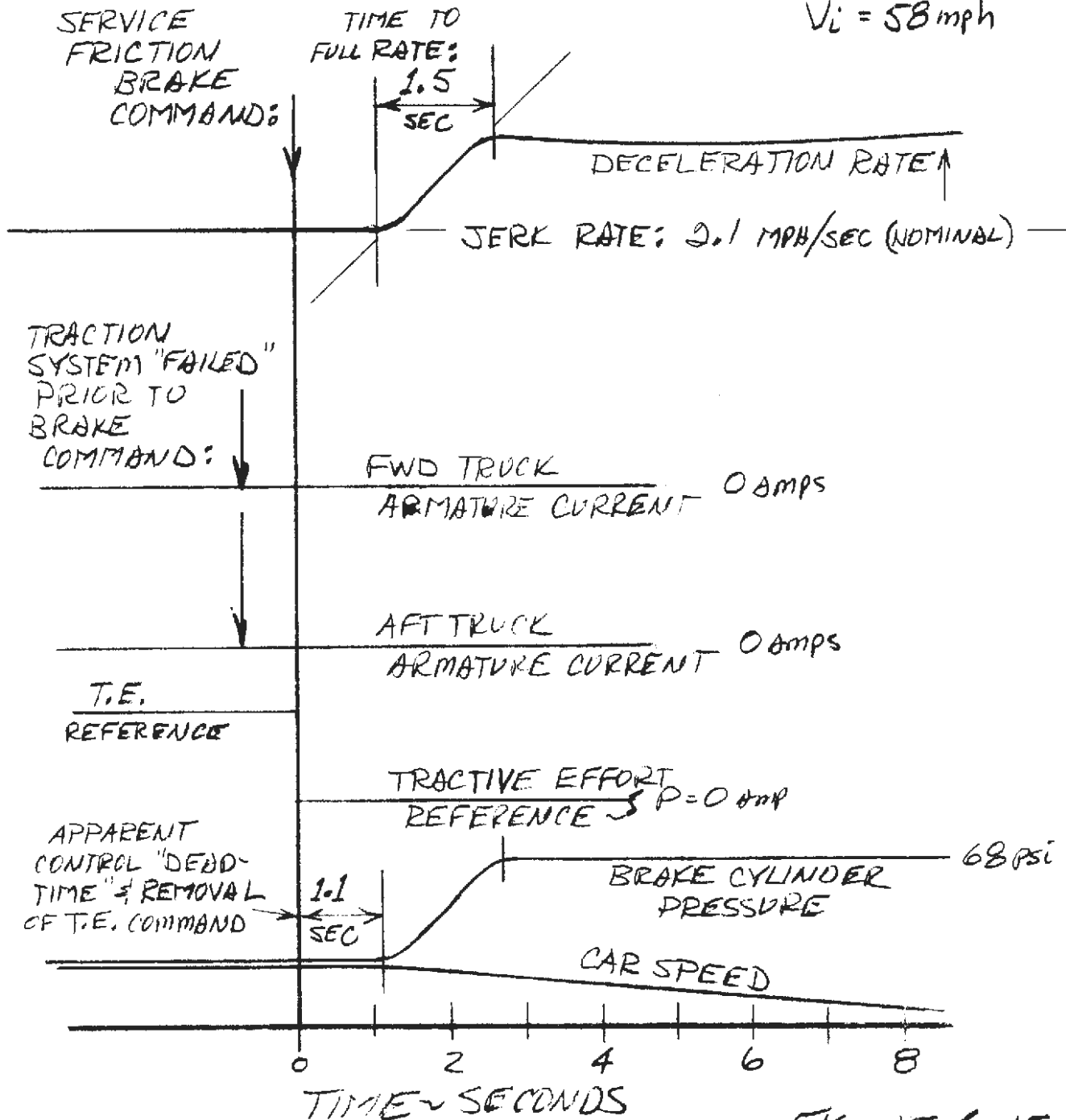


FIGURE 6-15

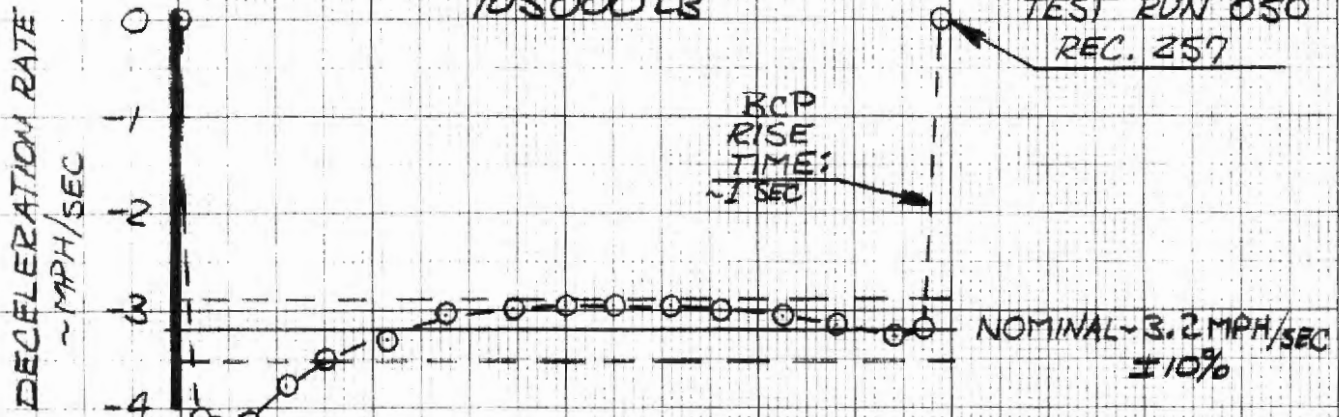
**SOAC PERFORMANCE
FRICTION BRAKING**

FIGURE 6-16

EMERGENCY BRAKING

LOW DENSITY CAR

105000 LB



← REQUIREMENT: 2200 FT →

STOPPING DISTANCE

AVERAGE STOPPING DISTANCE: FWD & REV

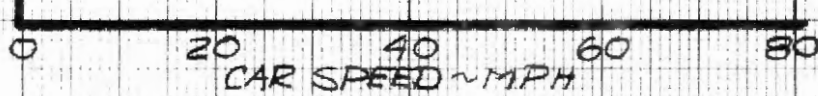
SPEED	DIST.
80	1630 FT.
40	365 FT.

SYM	CAR DIR.
○	FWD
△	REV

BRAKE CYLINDER PRESSURE: 78 PSI

STOPPING DISTANCE ~ 100 FT.

← REQUIREMENT: 425 FT →



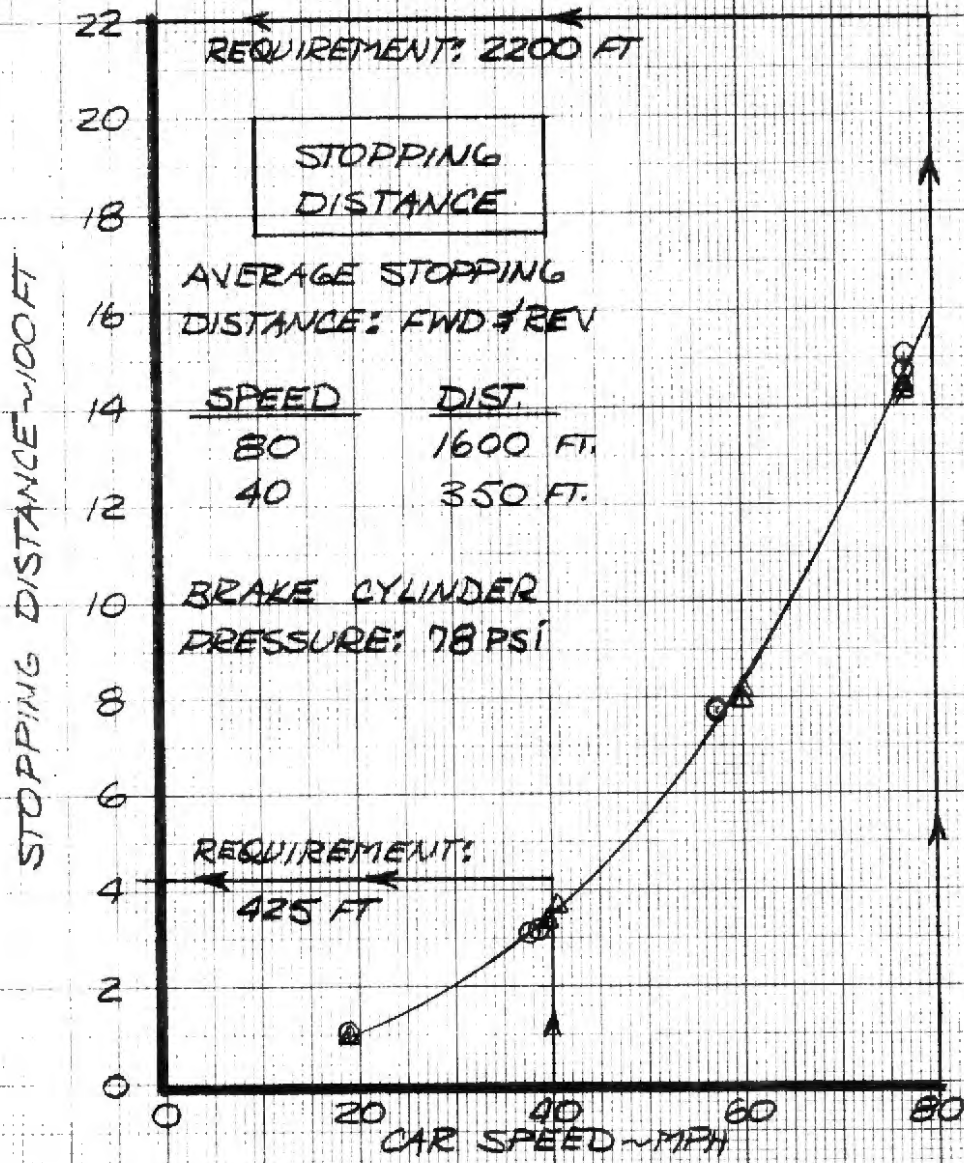
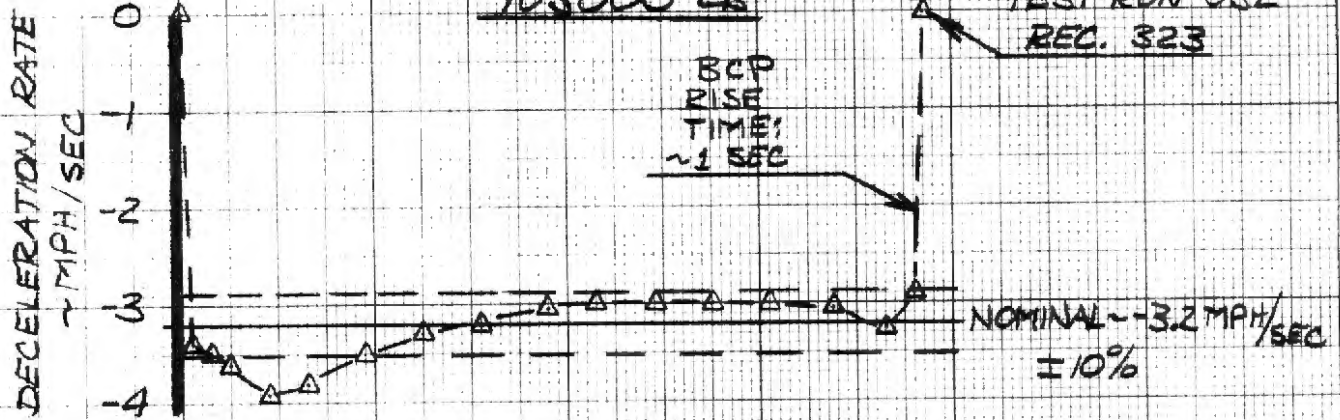
SOAC PERFORMANCE
FRICTION BRAKING

FIGURE 6-17

EMERGENCY BRAKING

HIGH-DENSITY CAR

105000 LB



AVERAGE STOPPING
DISTANCE: FWD & REV

SPEED	DIST.
80	1600 FT.
40	350 FT.

BRAKE CYLINDER
PRESSURE: 78 PSI

SYM.	CAR DIR.
○	FWD
△	REV

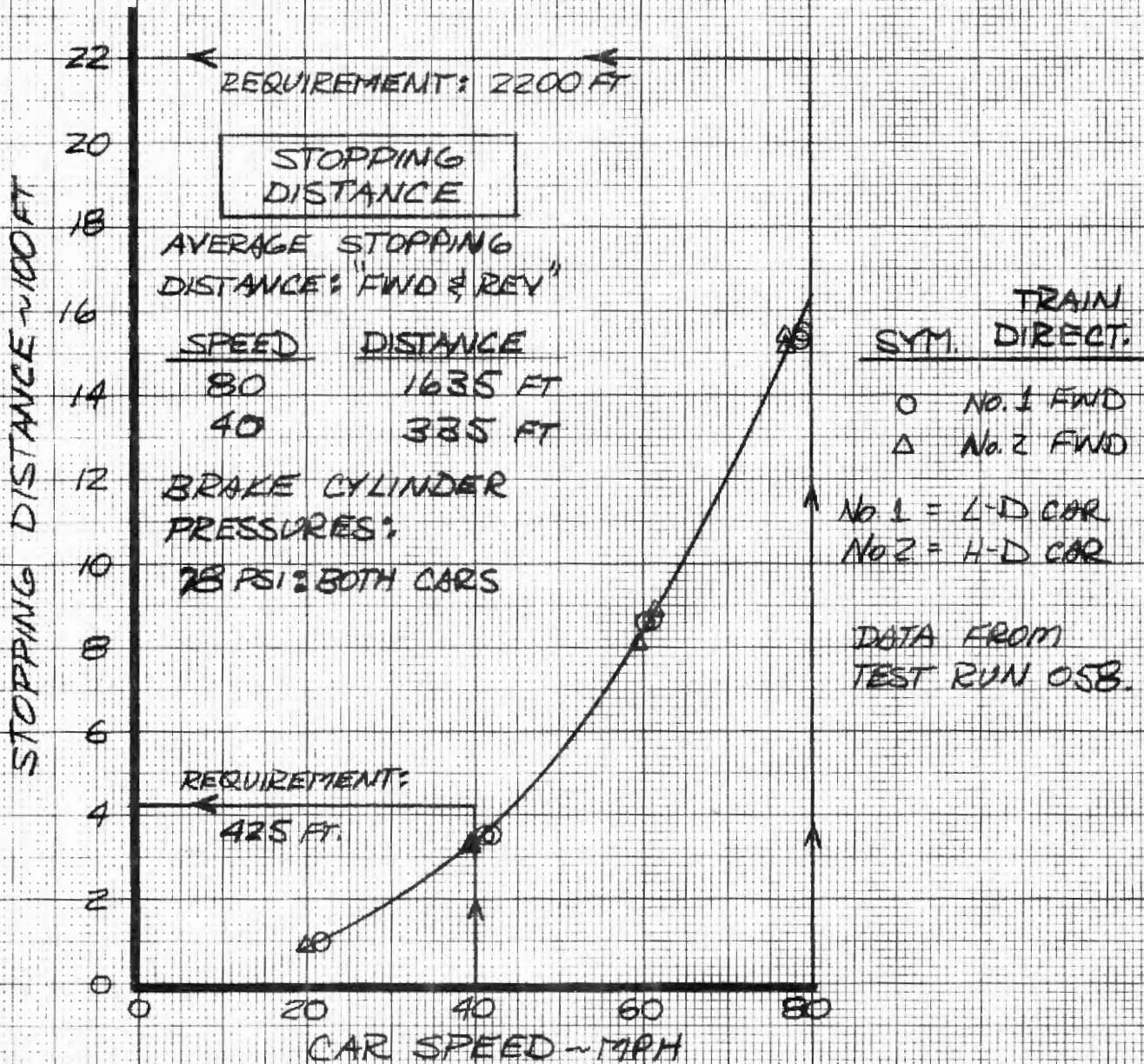
EUGENE DIETZ

**SOAC PERFORMANCE
FRICTION BRAKING**

FIGURE 6-18

EMERGENCY BRAKING

**TWO-CAR TRAIN
105000 LB**



**TIME CONSTANTS FOR
EMERGENCY BRAKE APPLICATION**

SOBC HIGH-DENSITY CAR
105,000 LB

TEST RUN: 144
RECORD: 1855
V_i = 80 mph

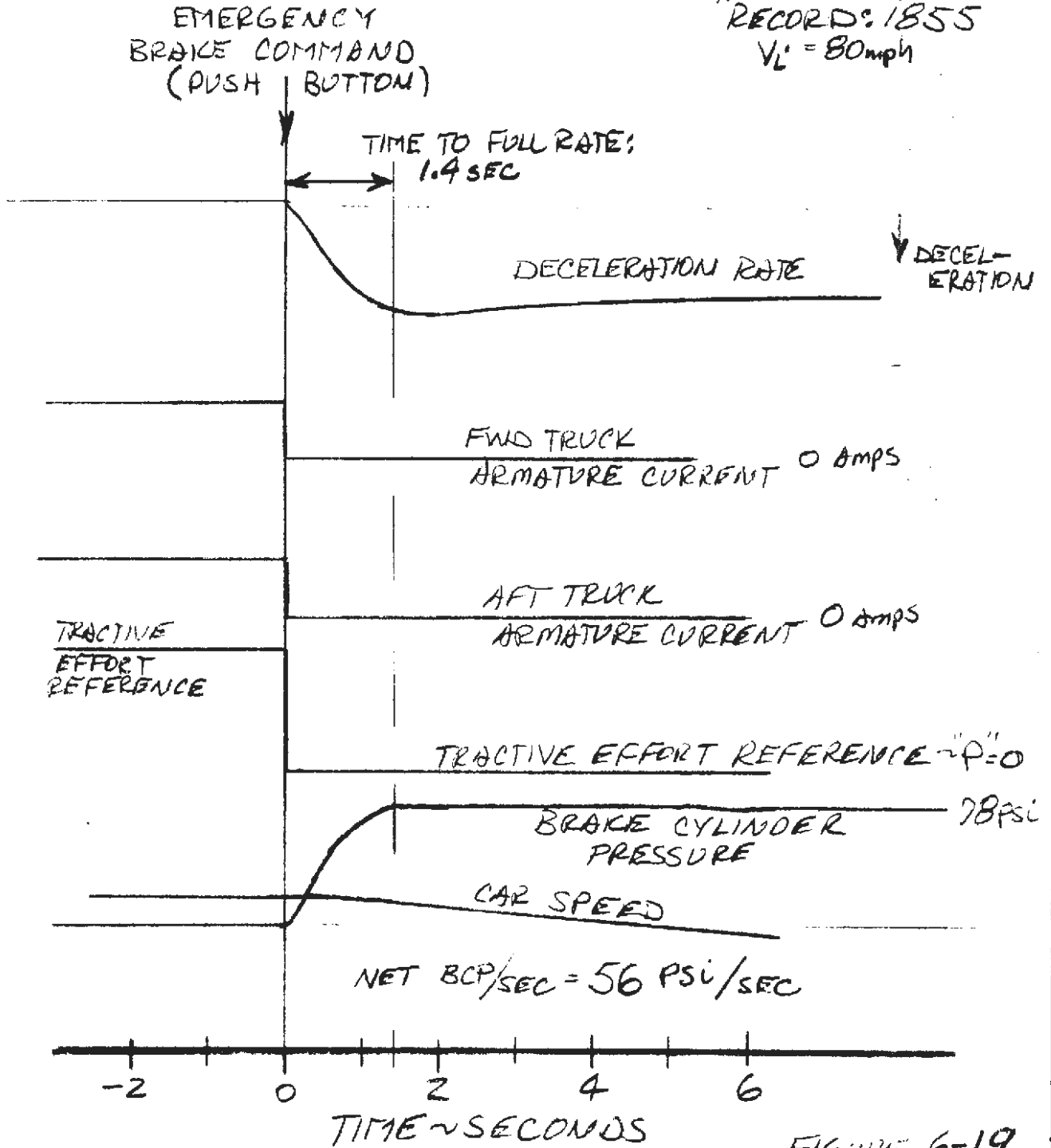
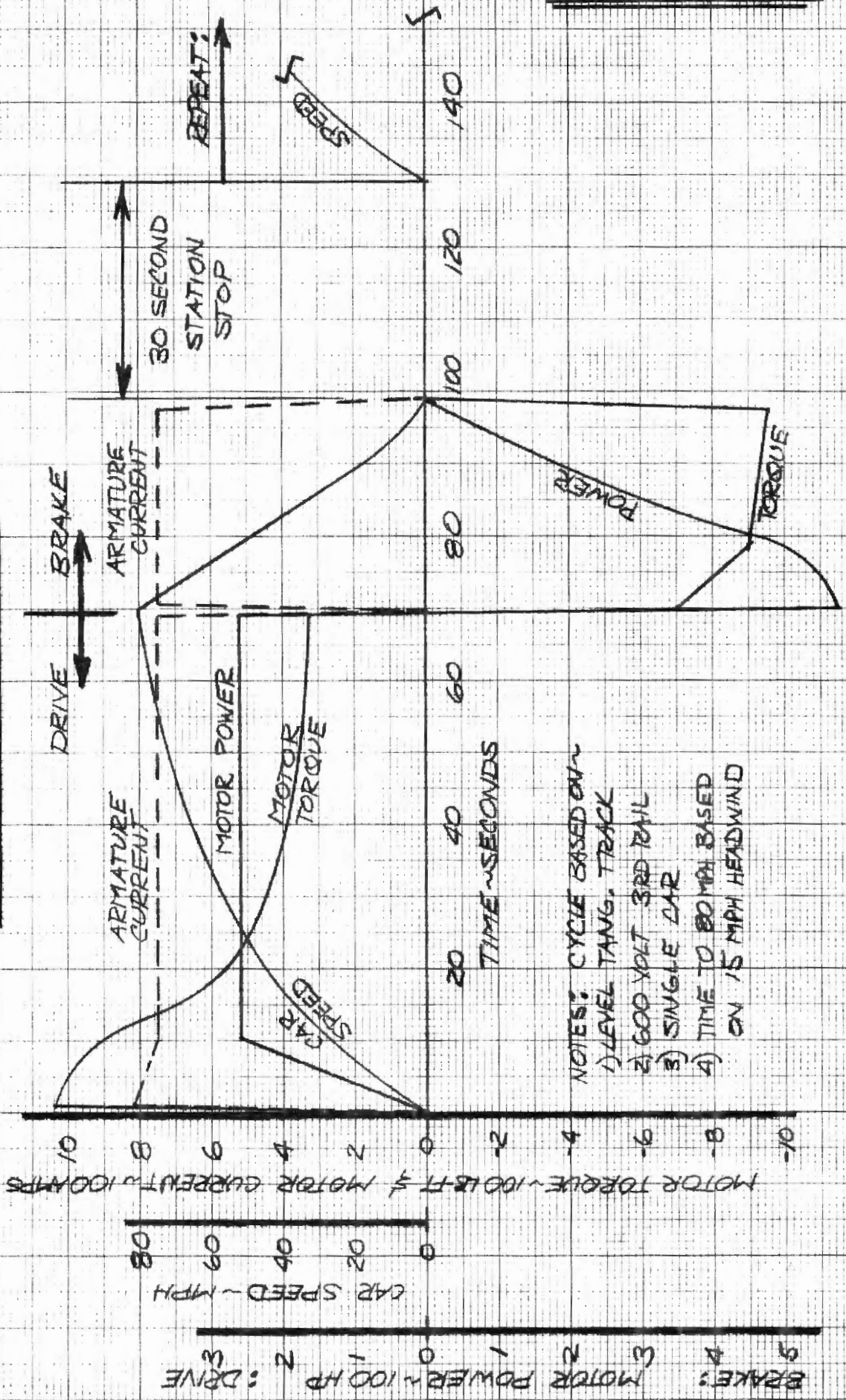


FIGURE 6-19

FIGURE 6-20

SOAC DESIGN DUTY CYCLE

CAR WEIGHT: 105000 LB



- NOTES: CYCLE BASED ON ~
- 1) LEVEL TANG. TRACK
 - 2) 600 VOLT 3RD RAIL
 - 3) SINGLE CAR
 - 4) TIME TO 80 MPH BASED ON 15 MPH HEADWIND

BRAKE: MOTOR POWER ~ 100 HP : DRIVE

CAR SPEED ~ MPH

MOTOR TORQUE ~ 100 LB-FT & MOTOR CURRENT ~ 100 AMPS

TABLE IV

SERVICE DUTY CYCLES - BLENDED BRAKING

I. LOW-DENSITY CAR

24 CYCLES (STOP TO 80 MPH TO STOP) WITH A 30-SECOND STOP TIME.

RESULTS: DISTANCE TRAVELED	28.9 MILES
TOTAL TIME	47.0 MINUTES
MILES PER CYCLE	1.2 MILES
MINUTES PER CYCLE	1.9 MINUTES
SCHEDULED SPEED	37.0 MPH

(RUN COUNTERCLOCKWISE ON TEST OVAL)

II. HIGH-DENSITY CAR

24 CYCLES (STOP TO 80 MPH TO STOP) WITH A 30-SECOND STOP TIME.

RESULTS: DISTANCE TRAVELED	26.0 MILES
TOTAL TIME	42.9 MINUTES
MILES PER CYCLES	1.08 MILES
MINUTES PER CYCLE	1.8 MINUTES
SCHEDULE SPEED	36.0 MPH

(RUN CLOCKWISE ON TEST OVAL)

ACCEPTANCE TEST

Car Weight: AW1 = 105,000 Lbs.

NOTES

1. Single car.
2. Level tangent track.
3. Zero wind.
4. Gear ratio: 4.78
5. Wheel Dia.: 30 in. (new)
6. Gear losses included.
7. Data Basis: HSGTC Acceptance tests - 4/73.

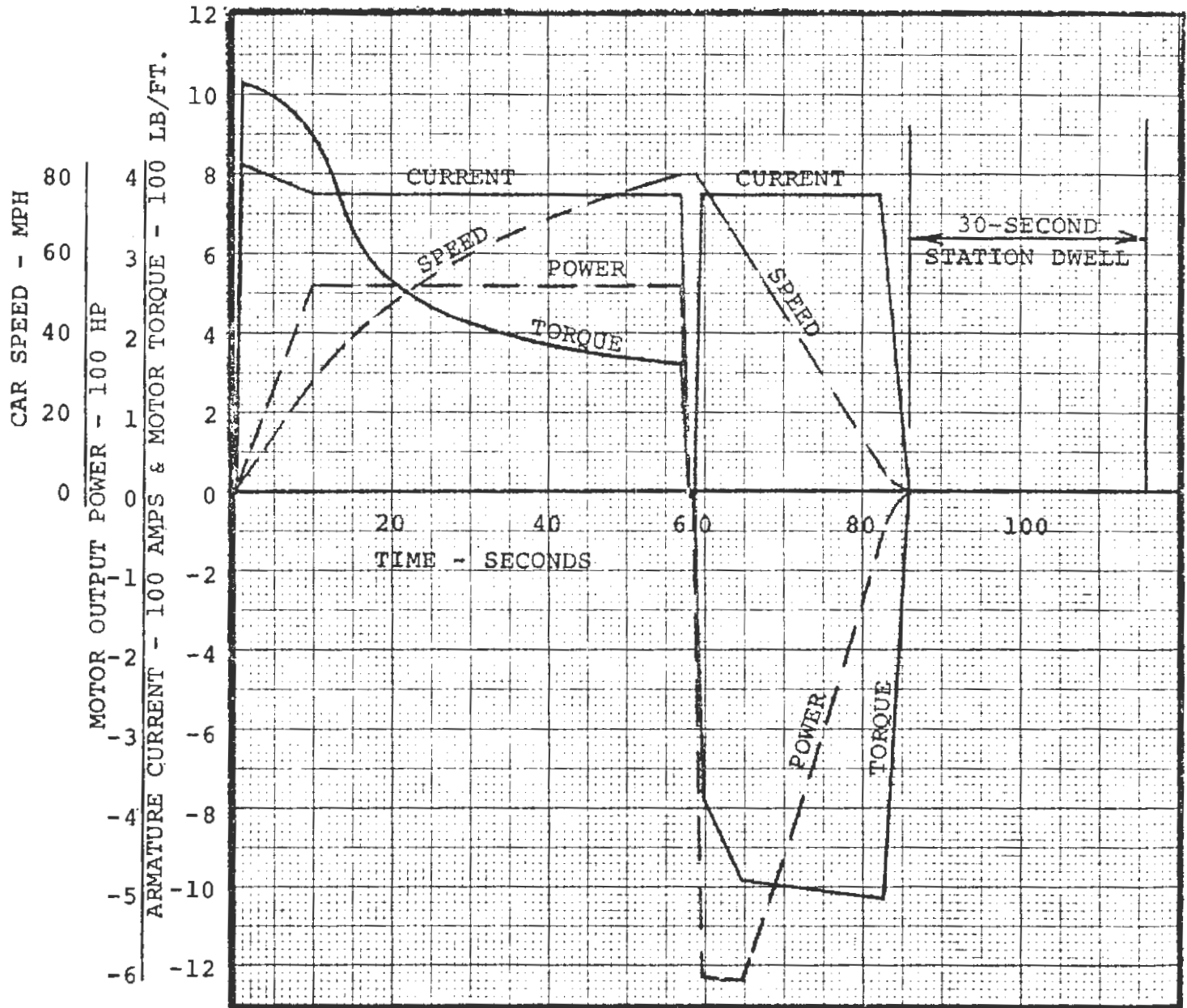


FIGURE 6-21

on the cars and the deletion of the 15 mph wind condition (not included in test data). The RMS armature current resulting from Figure 6-21 is 623 amps compared to 637 amps for Figure 6-20 and the 600 amp one-hour rating. No propulsion system problems were encountered during the duty cycle tests.

6.8.2 Service Friction Braking Cycles - No Dynamic Brake

Table V presents a summary of the 24 cycles of friction braking performed on each car following the tests of paragraph 6.8.1. The friction braking cycles were run to determine the effects of operating a car with the electric traction system cutout but with service friction brakes in operation. This condition simulates the worst case operation of a two-car train with one dead car (propulsion system).

Wheel tread temperatures were measured following several stops using an infrared pyrometer. The tabulated temperatures were recorded following the stop and thus do not represent a peak temperature. Stopping rates and distances measured at the end of the 24 cycles were within the specifications shown in Table II.

Brake pad smoking and some pad ignition were noted on the last four or five cycles. The stopping distance on the last stop with the low-density car was measured at 2010 ft. compared to an average 1960 ft. distance recorded earlier in the same car direction. The friction characteristics of the SOAC cobra composition brake show results in relatively consistent stopping performance throughout the temperature range generated by the severe duty cycles tested.

6.9 RIDE QUALITY

The results of the ride quality testing are summarized in paragraph 2.2 and detailed in the Appendix III report and the D174-10026-1 Engineering Test Report.

TABLE V

SERVICE DUTY CYCLES FRICTION BRAKINGI. Low-Density Car

-24 Cycles - (Stop to 80 mph to stop) with a 30 second stop time.

RESULTS: Distance Travelled -	32.9	Miles
Total Time -	58.0	Minutes
Miles Per Cycle -	1.37	Miles
Minutes Per Cycle -	2.4	Minutes
Schedule Speed -	33.0	MPH
Energy Per Stop -	22.4	Million Ft.-Lb.
Maximum Tread Temp. -	320°	F
Maximum Rim Temp. -	280°	F

(Run counter-clockwise on test oval)

II. High-Density Car

-24 Cycles - (Stop to 80 mph to stop) with a 30 second stop time.

RESULTS: Distance Travelled -	27.4	Miles
Total Time -	51.0	Minutes
Miles Per Cycle -	1.14	Miles
Minutes Per Cycle -	2.1	Minutes
Scheduled Speed -	32.0	MPH
Energy Per Stop -	22.4	Million Ft.-Lb.
Maximum Tread Temp. -	250°	F
Maximum Rim Temp. -	170°	F

(Run clockwise on test oval)

6.10 NOISE MEASUREMENTS

Noise level tests were completed on the two SOAC vehicles in November 1972. All measurements were made with a Bruel & Kjaer Precision Sound Level Meter Type 2203, using the I.E.C. "A" weighting network scales, with manual recording of meter readings.

For the interior noise tests, the vehicles were ballasted to 105,000 pounds and operated at a steady speed around the UMTA transit test track. No significant differences were noted for track construction types. Interior measurements were made at a standing and seated passenger ear level for three car locations: over the front truck, over the rear truck, and in the center of the car. Exterior noise measurements were made at a height of 3 ft. above the rail and 50 ft. from the car side.

Data for the low-density car, SOAC No. 1, was completed during Test Run 5 and is shown on Table VI. Data for the high-density car, SOAC No. 2 was completed during Test Run 10 and is shown on Table VII.

Wayside noise data is from Test Runs 87, 89 and 110, for Pueblo Track Sections I, III, IV, V and VI. The data of Figure 6-22 show compliance of the SOAC vehicles with the interior noise goal at all speeds, and the wayside goal at speeds above 35 to 40 mph. Also shown on Figure 6-22 is the band of wayside noise levels for contemporary transit cars for comparison to the SOAC goal and the test data. As noted on the figure, the wayside data for Section I is approximately 3 dBA higher than that for Sections III through VI. This lower level is used to show compliance above 35 to 40 mph and also as a favorable comparison with the lower level for existing cars. The wayside noise data was taken with "trued" solid steel wheels at a car weight of 90,000 lbs.

Figure 6-22 presents a summary of SOAC noise levels in comparison to the SOAC goals. As noted, the measured interior noise data band is significantly lower than the SOAC goal. Figure 6-22 also presents the results of the wayside noise tests conducted at the beginning of the Engineering Test Program. As noted, at zero car speed the wayside noise level of the traction motor cooling fans (2) and the self-ventilated motor alternator set are higher than the SOAC goal which was primarily based on wheel-rail noise. Analysis of equipment noise data is contained in the Engineering Test Report D174-10026-1, parts 10 and 11. As previously noted in the summary, the SOAC noise requirements were considered a goal rather than an acceptance criterion.

TABLE VI - INTERIOR NOISE LEVELS

SOAC #1 LOW DENSITY CAR

'A' WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL dB(A)

ALL EQUIPMENT OPERATING

WT = 105 Klb,

Run #5 - 11/16/72

		FRONT OVER #1 Trk.	CENTER	REAR OVER #2 Trk.	
SEATED (Ear Level)	ACCELERATION	63	62.5	65	(2)
	0	62	61	64.5	
	25	63	61	64	
	35	63	61	65	
	50	65	63	67	
	70	72	65	70	
STANDING (Ear Level)	ACCELERATION	63	62.5	66	(2)
	0	62	62	65	
	25	63	61.5	64	
	35	63	62	65	
	50	65	63	67	
	70	72	65	70	

(1) Effect of track location not considered.

(2) Acceleration noise levels are a function of speed.

TABLE VII - INTERIOR NOISE LEVELS

SOAC #2 HIGH DENSITY CAR

'A' WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL dB(A)

ALL EQUIPMENT OPERATING

WT = 105,000 Lb.
Run #10 - 11/29/72

		FRONT OVER #1 Trk.	CENTER	REAR OVER #2 Trk.
SEATED (Ear Level)	ACCELERATION	(2)	(2)	(2)
	0	-	62	68
	25	63	62	68
	35	63.5	63	68
	50	64.5	63	69
	80	-	-	71
STANDING (ear Level)	ACCELERATION	(2)	(2)	(2)
	0	-	62	64
	25	63	62	65
	35	63	63	67
	50	64	63	66
	80	-		71

(1) Effect of track location not considered.

(2) Acceleration Noise levels were determined to be a function of speed.

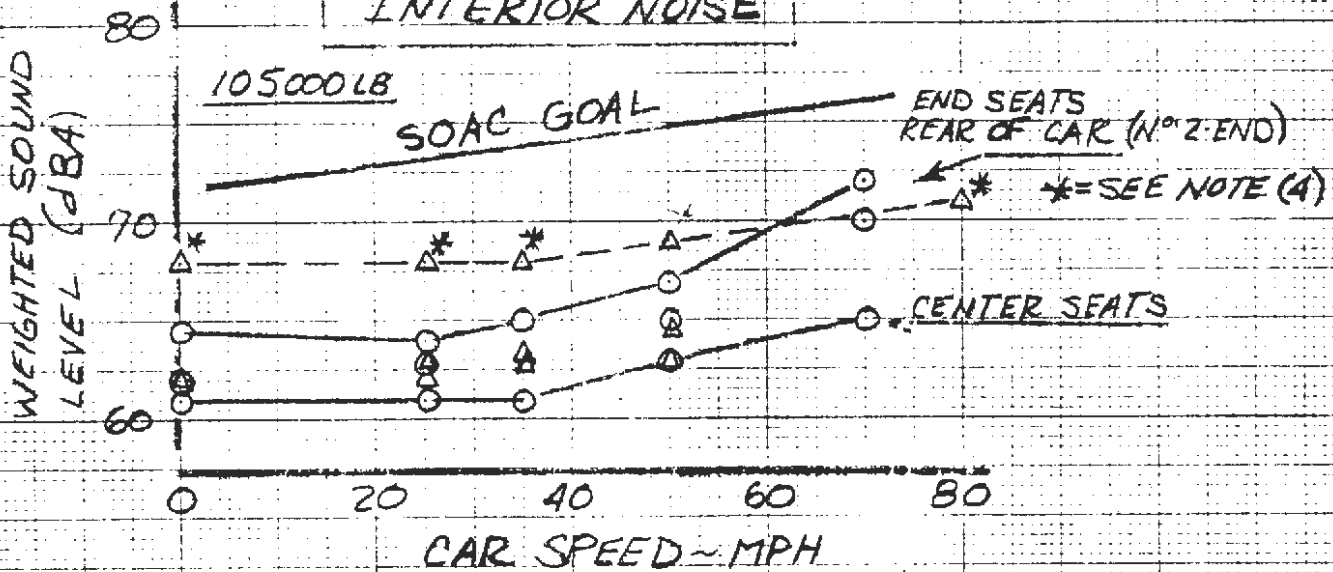
FIGURE 2-4

SOAC NOISE
MEASUREMENT TESTS

HSGTC-PUEBLO

○ No. 1 L-D CAR
△ No. 2 H-D CAR

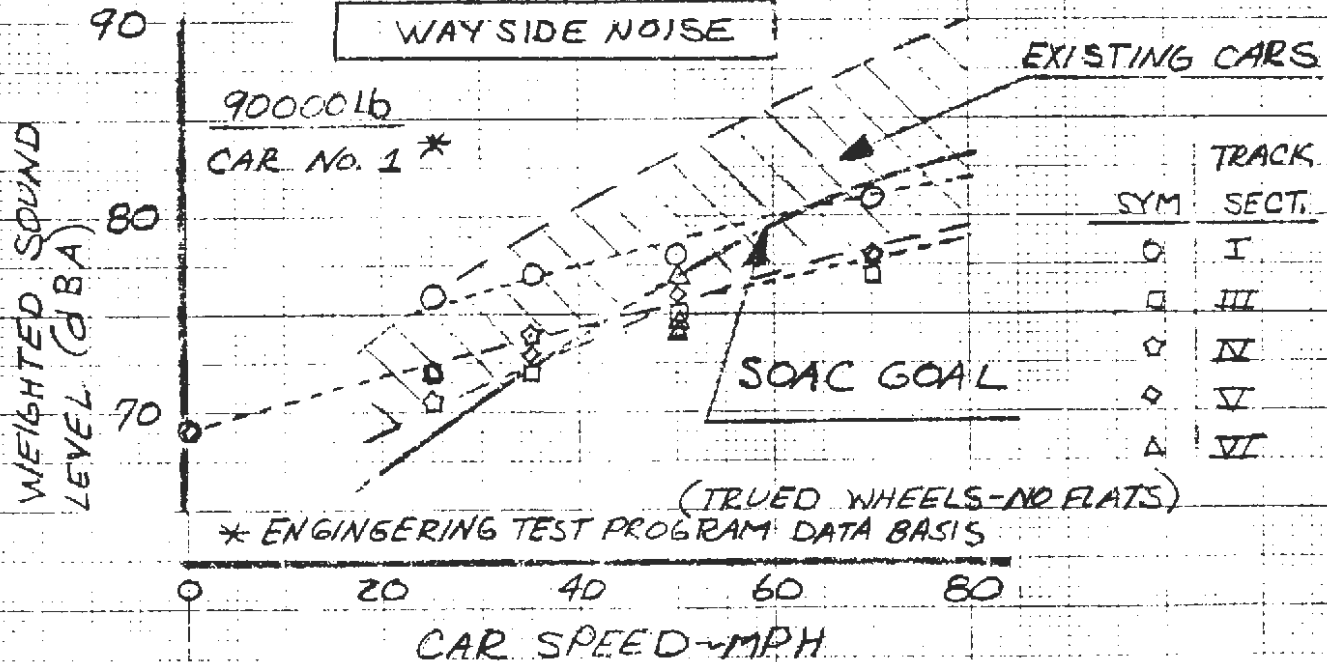
INTERIOR NOISE



NOTES:

- 1) TANGENT, WELDED RAIL, WOODEN TIES; SECTION I (INTERIOR)
- 2) SOLID STEEL WHEELS
- 3) MICROPHONE LOCATIONS; INTERIOR-EAR LEVEL OF SEATED PASSENGER; WAYSIDE - 50 FT FROM TRACK CENTERLINE
- 4) FRESH/RETURN AIR SPLITTER CONFIGURATION IN No. 2 CAR CREATES HIGHER INTERIOR NOISE LEVELS THAN No. 1 CAR.

WAYSIDE NOISE



6.11 ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE

Results of the EMI testing are summarized in paragraph 2.4 and detailed in the Appendix IV EMI Test Report.

7. CONCLUSIONS

7.1 PERFORMANCE

The SOAC cars, individually and as a two-car train, met all specification performance goals for acceleration and braking. Test results are summarized in Table II, page

7.2 RIDE QUALITY

Initial ride quality acceptance testing confirmed an observed mild vibration near 64 MPH and a severe vibration near 80 MPH. Car body vertical accelerometer wave forms indicated that the severe vibration near 80 MPH was caused by a high amplitude vibration with a 9 second beat at the center of the car. Subsequent diagnostic tests and analyses (Appendix III) led to a structural beef-up of the motor alternator support structure.

The modification to the motor alternator support structure eliminated the vibration near 64 MPH and the beating phenomenon near 80 MPH. Data taken at the light car weight (90,000 lbs.) show maximum vibration levels at the higher frequencies (15 Hz) reduced from .26 g's to .1 g. Although this exceeds the design goal of .055 g's at this frequency, this is probably the result of manual reduction of the 90,000 lb. data as explained in Appendix III, Section 2.4. Data taken at the Normal Load Car Weight (100 passengers - 105,000 lbs.) using the Engineering Test instrumentation system meet or better the design goals for all frequencies at both mid and aft car centerlines.

7.3 NOISE DATA

Interior noise level measurements show that both cars meet the interior noise level goals at all speeds.

The SOAC also meets the wayside noise goal at speeds above 35 to 40 mph and is comparable to the quietest of existing transit cars. Below 35 mph the SOAC noise level exceeds the design goal. This is attributable to the noise generated by the under-car equipment in comparison to a noise goal based mainly on wheel-rail noise. The magnitude of the equipment noise level is illustrated by a 69 dBA level measured at zero car speed.

7.4 ELECTRO MAGNETIC INTERFERENCE (EMI)

The wayside and interior test data results plotted as a composite graph in Figure 2-5 demonstrate compliance with the specified limits of Section 9.9.2 (Figure 9-2) of the SOAC Detail Specification. Appendix IV presents the EMI test report and the recorded data.

APPENDIX I

TEST RUN LOG

SOAC TEST LOG

DATE	RUN No.	PURPOSE - CONFIGURATION	ODOMETER READING
11-14-72	001	105,000 LB CARS: TWO CAR TRAIN NO. 1 (L-D) CAR UNDER POWER: NO. 2 (H-D) NO POWER	
11-14-72	002	105,000 LB CARS: TWO CAR TRAIN - VIP RUN NO. 1 POWER: NO. 2 NO POWER	
11-15-72	003	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY SPEEDOMETER CALIBRATION	
11-15-72	004	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY BRAKING TESTS	
11-16-72	005	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: ACCEL. & DECEL. & NOISE TESTS: MOTOR FLASH-OVER EVALUATION (#2 CAR PDR)	
11-16-72	006	105,000 LB CARS: TWO CAR TRAIN - VIP RUN NO. 1 POWER: NO. 2 NO POWER	
11-17-72	007	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: MOTOR EVAL. AT HIGH SPEED: SET-UP THIRD RAIL SHOES	
11-25-72	008	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: THEN 2 CAR TRAIN: RUN- IN BRUSHES (LOST THIRD RAIL SHOE-ADJUSTED) CHECK TRAIN	
11-26-72	009	105,000 LB CARS: TWO CAR TRAIN: NO. 1 CAR DRIVING, (FAILED PDR) THEN NO. 2 CAR DRIVING-VIP RUNS	
11-29-72	010	105,000 LB CARS: TWO CAR TRAIN THEN NO. 2 CAR ONLY: VIP RUNS: SPEED LIMITING, RIDE QUALITY, NOISE TESTS	

NO. 1 CAR (LOW DENSITY): NO. 2 CAR (HIGH DENSITY)

SOAC TEST LOG

DATE	RUN No.	PURPOSE - CONFIGURATION	ODOMETER READING
11-30-72	011	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: RIDE QUALITY AND NOISE TESTS	
12-1-72	012	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: BRAKING PERFORMANCE	
2-8-73	013	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: INSTRUMENTATION CHECK OUT: MOTOR FLASH-OVER INVESTIGATION	
2-9-73	014	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: FLASH-OVER INVESTIGATION	
2-12-73	015	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: EVALUATE INSTALLATION OF NEW MOTORS	
2-13-73	016	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: EVALUATE MOTORS AND MOTOR INSTABILITY	
2-13-73	017	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: INVESTIGATE MOTOR INSTABILITY	
2-14-73	018	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: MOTOR INSTABILITY TESTING, EVALUATE SPEED LIMITING	
2-20-73	019	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: VARIOUS SYSTEM CHECKS AND BRUSH RUN-IN	
2-21-73	020	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: VARIOUS SYSTEM CHECKS	

NO. 1 CAR (LOW DENSITY): NO. 2 CAR (HIGH DENSITY)

I-2

SOAC TEST LOG

DATE	RUN No.	PURPOSE - CONFIGURATION	ODOMETER READING
2-21-73	021	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: SPIN-SLIDE SYSTEM CHECKS: PRELIMINARY BRAKE TESTS	
2-22-73	022	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: MAX. ACCELERATION CAPABILITY CHECKS	
2-22-73	023	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: MAX. ACCELERATION CAPABILITY CHECKS	
2-26-73	024	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: RUN-IN NEW SET OF BRUSHES, MONITOR MOTOR VIBRATION	
2-27-73	025	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: ACCEPTANCE TESTING-BLENDED BRAKING (INCOMPLETE)	
2-28-73	026	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: RUN-IN NEW SET OF BRUSHES: MANY PROPULSION TRIPS: CHOPPER PROBLEM	
2-28-73	027	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: BRAKING TESTS, FRICTION, BLENDED, DYNAMIC: SPIN-SLIDE PROBLEMS	
3-1-73	028	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: MOTOR VIBRATION TESTS: FRICTION BRAKING: SPIN-SLIDE PROBLEMS	
3-1-73	029	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: CONTROLS PROGRAM CHECK-OUT: LURCHING AT BASE SPEED AND LOW CURRENT	
3-2-73	030	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: BRUSH RUN-IN PROGRAM: ACCEL. & DECEL. TESTS: SPIN-SLIDE IS OK	

I-3

NO. 1 CAR (LOW DENSITY): NO. 2 CAR (HIGH DENSITY)

SOAC TEST LOG

DATE	RUN No.	PURPOSE - CONFIGURATION	ODOMETER READING
3-2-73	031	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: CHECK CAR FOR CHOPPER LURCH PROBLEM (RUN 029): NOT FOUND	
3-5-73	032	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: BRUSH RUN-IN: FULL SERVICE BLENDED BRAKE TESTS: SEEMS OK	
3-6-73	033	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: TROUBLESHOOT SPIN-SLIDE SYSTEM: INDICATES SLIDES ABOVE 50 MPH	
3-6-73	034	105,000 LB CARS: TWO CAR TRAIN: CHECK-OUT TRAINLINES: DRIVE FROM NO. 2: MANY PROPULSION TRIPS	
3-7-73	035	105,000 LB CARS: TWO CAR TRAIN: CHECK TRAINLINES, C/S RELAY PROBLEM, CHOPPER LURCHES AT V BASE, CURRENT UNBALANCE TRIPS IN NO. 1 DRAGGED NO. 1 HANDBRAKE	
3-8-73	036	105,000 LB CARS: TWO CAR TRAIN: SPEED CALIB. E&I CHECK WITH LOCO, HOSTLER OPS, COUPLE/UNCOUPLE, CURRENT UNBALANCE TRIPS IN BRAKING (WET RAILS)	2241
3-9-73	037	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: BLENDED BRAKING ACCEL. TESTS (0 TO 700 FT.)	
3-10-73	038	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: BLENDED BRAKING, FRICTION BRAKING, SPEEDOMETER CALIBRATION	2345
3-10-73	039	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: BRAKING TESTS, FRICTION AND DYNAMIC ONLY	
3-12-73	040	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: ASMS TESTING IN DRIVE AND BRAKE: ACCEL. TESTS (0 TO 700 FT.)	

NO. 1 CAR (LOW DENSITY): NO. 2 CAR (HIGH DENSITY)

I-4

SOAC TEST LOG

DATE	RUN No.	PURPOSE - CONFIGURATION	ODOMETER READING
3-12-73	041	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2: DYNAMIC BRAKE "FAILURES" FROM 80 MPH - EMERGENCY BRAKING	
3-13-73	042	130,000 LB CAR: NO. 2: CHECK-OUT OF 130K LB. VMAX = 50 MPH WET RAIL S/SLIDES, INITIAL ACCEL. (CHECK AND SERVICE BRAKE FROM 40 MPH)	
3-14-73	043	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1: CHECK-OUT PROPULSION SYSTEM MODIFICATIONS - INOPERATIVE FIELD PDR AT END, REDUCED DEAD TIME TO .7 SEC.	
3-14-73	044	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1: CHECK-OUT NEW PDR FIELD SUPPLY: CHECK NEW SLIP/SLIDE SETTING (UNSTABLE FIELD SUPP.)	
3-15-73	045	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1: SPEED-CALIB: TRAIL RUNS FOR BLENDED BRAKING, INITIAL ACCEL. MANY SLIP/SLIDES	
3-15-73	046	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1: CHECK-OUT SLIP/SLIDE PROBLEMS BY INTERCHANGING CARDS IN PCU - FOUND NOISY S/S CARD: BLENDED BRAKE	
3-16-73	047	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1: DYNAMIC BRAKE ONLY TESTS: FRICTION BRAKING: BCP TOO HIGH - S/SLIDES	
3-16-73	048	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1: INITIAL ACCEL. & TIME TO 700 FT. AT 600 VOLT LINE FRICTION AND EMERGENCY BRAKING AT VARIOUS BCP SETTINGS	
3-17-73	049	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1: FRICTION BRAKING WITH REVISED BCP'S SIMILAR TO NO. 2 CAR: ASMS TESTS	
3-17-73	050	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1: EMERGENCY BRAKING: CHECK OUT NEW PDR: BLENDED BRAKING CHECKS: INITIAL ACCEL.	

SOAC TEST LOG

DATE	RUN No.	PURPOSE - CONFIGURATION	ODOMETER READING
3-19-73	051	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2: CHECK-OUT PROPULSION MODS: CHECK LOW I, BASE-SPEED CHOPPER LURCHING: CHECK EMERG. BCP	
3-19-73	052	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2: INITIAL ACCEL. TIME TO 700 FT. 0-VMAX: BRAKING-EMERGENCY AND BLENDED, SPEED CALIBRATION	
3-20-73	053	105,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: CHECKED OUT 2-CAR TRAIN CONFIGURATION COMPATIBILITY, CHECKED ACCEL. & BRAKE FUNCTION - OPER. FROM #1 & 2 CAB, LOCO OFF LINE,	
3-20-73	054	105,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: RUN FROM #1 CAB - BRAKE TESTS BLENDED, FRICTION AND EMERGENCY - NO 80 MPH DATA: WEST DIESEL ONLY. RUN FROM #2 CAB-BRAKE TESTS -BLENDED 80MPH	
3-21-73	055	105,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: BRAKE TESTS FROM BOTH DIRECTIONS, COMPLETED BLENDED AND FRICTION	
3-21-73	056	105,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: BLENDED, FRICTION & DYN. BRAKING FOR BOTH DIRECTIONS - ONE ACCELERATION RUN	
3-22-73	057	105,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: ASMS RUNS AND RIDE QUALITY TESTS FOR GSI	
3-22-73	058	105,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: TWO CAR EMERGENCY BRAKE TESTS & TWO ACCEL. RUNS-COMPLETED RIDE QUALITY RUNS FOR GSI	
3-26-73	059	105,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: CHECK-OUT OF CHOPPER MOD. & PDR STABILITY CHECKS	
3-26-73	060	105,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: CONTINUED CHECK OUT OF CHOPPER FIXES & INITIAL BUMP (LURCH) ELIMINATION	

9-1

SOAC TEST LOG

DATE	RUN No.	PURPOSE - CONFIGURATION	ODOMETER READING
3-28-73	061	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR: ARMATURE CURRENT CHECKS ON FWD & AFT TRUCKS IN BOTH DIRECTIONS & BRAKE GRID TEMP. DATA	
3-28-73	062	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR: ARMATURE CURRENT CHECKS ON FWD & AFT TRUCKS IN BOTH DIRECTIONS & RIDE QUALITY TESTS FOR GSI WITH 3" SHIMS REMOVED FROM TRUCKS	
3-29-73	063	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR: STARTING LURCH CHECK AND ADDITIONAL RIDE QUALITY DATA FOR GSI	3100
3-29-73	064	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR: CONTINUED RIDE QUALITY TESTING FOR GSI WITH 3" SHIMS REMOVED	
3-31-73	065	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR: MEASURED FWD TRUCK ARMATURE CURRENTS FOR ACCELERATION FIX	
4-3-73	066	105,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: EMI TESTS AND ARMATURE CURRENT DATA	
4-2-73	067	105,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: MEASURED ARMATURE CURRENTS ON ALL TRUCKS WITH SHUNT- CONTINUED EMI TESTS	
4-3-73	068	105,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: EMI TESTS COMPLETED	
4-4-73	069	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR: CHECKED OUT INCREASE CHOPPER CURRENT LIMIT PROBLEMS WITH PROPULSION TRIPS - DIFFERENTIAL CURRENT TRIP LIGHT	3401
4-4-73	070	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR: CONTINUED CHECK OUT WITH DIFF. CURRENT RELAY DISABLED AND RUN ACCEL. & BRAKE CHECK	

SOAC TEST LOG

DATE	RUN No.	PURPOSE - CONFIGURATION	ODOMETER READING
4-6-73	071	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR: SHUNT ON FWD TRUCK: CURRENT SENSOR CHECKS	
4-6-73	072	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR: SHUNT ON AFT TRUCK: CURRENT SENSOR CHECKS	
4-9-73	073	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR: SHUNT ON AFT: THEN FWD TRUCK CURRENTS OK: BLENDED BRAKING: INITIAL ACCEL. RATES	
4-9-73	074	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR: SHUNTS OFF: INITIAL ACCEL'S & TIME TO 700 FT: 0-80 MPH (3) DIESELS ON-LINE: DYNAM. BRAKING: DUTY CYCLE	
4-10-73	075	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR: CURRENT CALIBRATION CHECK S/ SLIDE: LURCHING AT 20 MPH: TROUBLESHOOT PROP. TRIPS	
4-10-73	076	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR: CURRENT CALIBRATION AND TROUBLESHOOTING	
4-11-73	077	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR: BLENDED BRAKING TESTS	
4-11-73	078	105,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: ACCEL. & BLENDED BRAKING TESTS	
4-11-73	079	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR: DYNAMIC BRAKING; SERVICE DUTY CYCLE	
4-12-73	080	105,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR: DYNAMIC BRAKING, BLENDED/ FRICTION DYNAMIC BRAKING ONLY	

SOAC TEST LOG

DATE	RUN No.	PURPOSE - CONFIGURATION	ODOMETER READING
4-16-73	081	90,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: MINOR TRAIN CHECKS: PANTOGRAPH OPERATION	
4-16-73	082	90,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: PANTOGRAPH CHECKS RADIO AND P-WIRE CHECKS	
4-17-73	083	90,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: LT. WT. DEMO RUN AND CHECK OUT	
4-17-73	084	90,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: DEMO. TO TRANSIT AUTHORITY PERSONNEL: ACCEPTANCE DEMO.	
4-17-73	085	90,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: DEMO. TO TRANSIT AUTHORITY SPECIAL RUNS & TRANSIT DRIVERS	
4-19-73	086	90,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS (ENGINEERING TEST PROGRAM: ETP)	
4-24-73	087	90,000 LB CAR: CAR NO. 1: NOISE TESTING SINGLE CAR INTERNAL-WAYSIDE (ETP) (ACCEPTANCE)	
4-24-73	088	90,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR: NOISE TESTING SINGLE CAR INTERIOR-WAYSIDE (ETP)	
4-26-73	089	90,000 LB CAR: CAR. NO. 1: NOISE TESTING - STRUCTURAL INTERNAL-WAYSIDE (ETP)	
4-26-73	090	90,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 & NO. 2 CARS: VIBRATION ACCEPTANCE ONE CAR DEAD - INSTR. NO. 2 CAR (ETP)	

SOAC TEST LOG

DATE	RUN No.	PURPOSE - CONFIGURATION	ODOMETER READING
4-27-73	091	90,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: VIBRATION INVESTIGATION - VERT. DAMPERS REMOVED (ACCEPTANCE)	
4-27-73	092	90,000 LB CAR: TWO CAR TRAIN: VIBRATION INVESTIGATION - WITH AND WITHOUT SHIMS (ACCEPTANCE)	
5-18-74	110	90,000 LB CAR: NO. 1 CAR ONLY: (WAYSIDE NOISE TEST (ETP AND ACCEPTANCE)	
7-5-73	129	90,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: CAR CHECK OUT AND RIDE QUALITY TESTS (GSI)	
7-5-73	130	90,000 LB CAR: NO. 2 CAR ONLY: CAR CHECK OUT AND RIDE QUALITY TESTS (GSI)	5996

I-10

APPENDIX II

TEST RUN SHEETS

Section 1: Performance Tests

Section 2: Ride Quality Tests

Section 3: Noise Measurement Tests

Section 4: EMI Tests

SECTION 1: PERFORMANCE TESTS

SOAC ACCEPTANCE TESTS

PERFORMANCE

LOW DENSITY CAR (No. 1)

PERFORMANCE	CAR DIRECTION	TEST RUN	RECORD NUMBERS	NOTES
Acceleration: & 700 ft. T & D to 80 mph	Forward	076	345; 353; 421	Also: Jerk rates
	Reverse	076	350; 356; 422; 437; 443	
	Forward	076	345	
	Reverse	076	350	
V max.	Forward Reverse	076 & others		Also: ASMS
Braking: Blended:	Forward	076	40 mph → 404; 458	Jerk Rates
	Reverse	076	40 mph → 415; 453	"
	Forward	077	80 mph → 920; 928	"
	Reverse	077	80 mph → 940; 946	
Dynamic only	Forward	080	231 thru 247)	
	Reverse	080	253 thru 307) 40 & 80 mph	
Service Friction	Forward	049	1059 thru 1125	"
	Reverse	049	1134 thru 1201	"
Emergency Braking	Forward	050	235 thru 315	
	Reverse	050	320 thru 341	
Duty Cycles	Forward	080	311 thru 358 (Blended) 411 thru 509 (Friction)	

SOAC ACCEPTANCE TESTS

PERFORMANCE

HIGH DENSITY CAR (No. 2)

PERFORMANCE	DIRECTION	TEST RUN	RECORD NUMBERS	NOTES
Acceleration & 700 Ft. T & D to 80 mph " " " " " "	Forward Reverse Forward Reverse	074 074 074 074	146; 200 154; 202 146 154	Also: Jerk Rates "
V Max.	F & R	074	Various Runs	Also: ASMS
Braking: Blended:	Forward Reverse	073 073	1116 thru 1145 1156 thru 1211	Jerk Rates " "
Dynamic only:	Forward Reverse	074 074	213 thru 228 232 thru 246	
Service Friction:	Forward Reverse	039 038	159 thru 254 1116 thru 1154	
Emergency Braking:	Forward Reverse	052 052	346 thru 407 318 thru 340	
Duty Cycles:	Forward	074	252 thru 336 (Blended) 346 thru 437 (Friction)	

SOAC ACCEPTANCE TESTS

PERFORMANCE

TWO-CAR TRAIN (No. 1 & 2)

Forward = #1 Forward; Reverse = #2 Forward.

PERFORMANCE	CAR DIRECTION	TEST RUN	RECORD NUMBERS	NOTES
Acceleration: & 700 Ft. T & D to 80 mph	Forward	078	1123; 1131	Also: Jerk Rate
	Reverse	078	1209; 1215	
	Forward	078	1123 (less than 600 volts)	
	Reverse	078	1209	
V Max.	F & R	078	Various	
Braking:				
Blended:	Forward	078	1141 thru 1157	"
	Reverse	078	1229 thru 1246	"
Dynamic only:	Forward	078	115 thru 132	
	Reverse	078	1254 thru 108	
Service Friction:	Forward	054	330 thru 430	"
	Reverse	055	1043 thru 1118	
Emergency Braking:	Forward	058	312 thru 350	
	Reverse	058	223 thru 302	
Duty Cycles:		Not done	(Low track voltage with 2-car train.)	

SOAC ACCEPTANCE TESTS

RIDE QUALITY, NOISE, EMI

TEST TYPE	CAR NO.	TEST RUNS	LBS. CAR WEIGHT
RIDE QUALITY (Section 2)	2 (H-D)	10, 11	105,000
	1&2 Train	57, 58	105,000
	2 (H-D)	62, 63, 64	105,000
	1&2 Train	90, 91, 92	90,000
	2 (H-D)	129, 130	90,000
NOISE MEASUREMENT			
Interior/Wayside	1 (L-D)	005	105,000
Interior/Wayside	2 (H-D)	010	105,000
(Section 3)	2 (H-D)	087, 089	90,000
	2 (H-D)	110	90,000
EMI TESTS (Section 4)	1&2 Train	66, 67, 68	105,000

SECTION 1. PERFORMANCE TESTS

SOAC TEST RUN

038

DATE:

3/10/73

TIME:

START 9:15 STOP 12:15

PURPOSE: SPEED INDICATOR CHECK,
BLENDED BRAKING CCW
FRICTION BRAKING CCW

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED

5-15

DIRECTION

?

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

[]

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

START 46°
STOP

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER R. PARKER

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR R. OREN

MOTORMAN Bill Curran

DATA CONTROLLER P. BROWN

GROUND CONTROLLER Don HASKILL

INSTRUMENTATION _____

REAR MONITOR Grey Davis

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL _____

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION:

CAR 1 CAR 2 105000 LB ±.5%
2345 ODOMETER

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, 'QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

FRICTION BRAKING **SOAC #2**

COUNTER CLOCKWISE **Run 022**²⁸

INITIAL SPEED (ASMS)	DEAD TIME SEC	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER OR TIME OF DAY	JERK RATE MPH/SEC ²
20 <small>ACTUAL INDICATED</small> 19		6.3	78	1116 1113 BND SPOT	
20	21	6.6	100	1124	
40	42	13	431	1124	
40	41 37	12.2 11.8	398 BND SPOT. S/S	1132 1130	
60	64	22.2	1079	1136	
60	61	21.	987	1141	
80	79	31.5	1873	1146	
80	79	30.5	1819	1154	

338
320

338
319
- 1900
27
1823

338
22
316

338
320 21
1079

SOAC BREAKING

PREPARED BY: P. BROWN
 CHECKED BY:
 DATE: CAR No. 2
TYPE: HI-DEN

ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

PAGE NO.
 REPORT NO.

①

EST. CR WT = 105000 LB

T IN	REC No.	DIRECT- ION	INITIAL SPEED mph	STOPPING DATA		DEAD TIME SEC	JERK RATE mph/sec	DECEL. RATE		MEAN DECEL. RATE	ΔV/Δt		ARMATURE CURRENT		D.T. + 1/2 Δt SEC	ACCEPT ? NOT DEAL TIME		
				TIME SEC	Dist. FT			INITIAL	PEAK		Δt CONST RATE	SPEED ERRANCE ΔV/Δt	FWD TRK AMP	AFT TRK AMP				
O L A N J E D	037	444 FWD	CW 78	76	29.3	1678	1.4	2.6	2.5	3.0	2.7	10+	2.8	10	790	755	2.4	✓
		452 "	" 79	72.5	30.3	1822	1.4	2.6	2.6	3.1	2.5	10+	2.8	10	780	750	2.9	✓
		502 "	" 60	58	22.8	1043	1.4	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.8	10+	2.9	8	785	750	2.7	✓
		507 "	" 60	58	22.8	1020	1.4	3.0	3.0	3.2	2.8	10+	2.8	8	790	755	2.6	✓
		512 "	" 41	39.5	15.6	488*	1.2	3.1	3.0	3.25	2.95	10+	2.95	8	790	750	2.2	NO*
		515 "	" 42	40.5	15.9	497*	1.3	3.1	3.0	3.2	2.8	10+	2.8	8	790	750	2.0	NO*
		518 "	" 20	19	8.5	123	.6	2.6	3.0	3.4	3.0	4	2.95	4			1.9	✓
	521 "	" 22	20	9.2	134	.6	2.7	3.0	3.2	3.0	4.5	2.95	4	800	750	1.6	✓	
B L E N J E D	038	1033 REV	CCW 80	78	28.7	1670	1.5	2.5	3.0	3.1	3.0	10+	2.9	10	790	780	2.5	✓
		1042 "	" 79.5	72.5	29.2	1719	1.6	2.6	3.05	3.1	3.05	10+	2.95	10	790	790	2.6	✓
		1048 "	" 60	58.5	22.1	962	.6	2.0	-	-	3.0	10+	2.9	8	780	780	1.7	✓
		1052 "	" 60	58.5	21.7	971	1.4	3.1	-	3.3	3.05	10+	2.9	8	790	790	2.3	✓
		1056 "	" 40	38.5	14.5	419*	1.3	3.5*	-	-	3.15	10+	3.05	8			1.8	NO*
		1102 "	" 41	39.5	15.0	449*	1.4	4.1*	-	-	3.1	10+	3.1	8	790	790	2.0	NO*
		1105 "	" 21	20	9.1	118	.1	2.2	-	-	2.9	5+	2.9	4	790	780	.6	✓
	1108 "	" 21	20	8.5	116	1.3	4.4*	-	4.0	3.2	4+	3.1	3	790	790	1.8	NO*	
F I O N O N L Y	038	1116 REV	CCW 19	18	6.3	78	.4	3.0	3.5	4.7	4.2	0	3.9	3	-	-	1.5	
		1121 "	" 21	20	6.6	100	.4	2.6	3.6	4.7	4.2	0	4.1	3	-	-	1.5	
		1124 "	" 42	40.5	13.0	431	.9	3.1	3.3	5.0	3.4	6	3.35	8	-	-	1.9	✓
		1132 "	" 41	39.5	12.2	398	.9	2.8	3.4	4.8	3.5	6	3.4	5	-	-	1.9	✓
		1136 "	" 64	62	22.2	1079	1.1	2.5	3.3	4.0	3.0	13+	2.9	10	-	-	2.2	✓
		1141 "	" 61	59	21.0	987	1.0	2.0	3.3	4.1	3.0	13	2.9	10	-	-	2.1	✓
		1146 "	" 79	72.5	31.5	1823	1.3	1.9	3.0	3.3	2.7	20+	2.5	20	-	-	2.2	✓
		1154 "	" 79	72.5	30.5	1819	1.2	2.4	2.9	3.3	2.6	20+	2.5	20	-	-	2.2	✓

BLENDED BRAKING

SOAC #2

COUNTERCLOCKWISE

38
RUN 003

INITIAL SPEED (ASMS)	DEAD TIME (SEC)	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER OR TIME OF DAY	JERK RATE MPH/SEC
20 21		8.5	116	1108	
20 21		9.1	118	1105	
40 41		15.0	449	1102	
40		14.5	419	1056	
60		21.7	971	1052	
60		22.1	962	1048	
80 79.5		29.2	1719	1042	
80		29.7	1670	1033	

L9
71

338
18
320

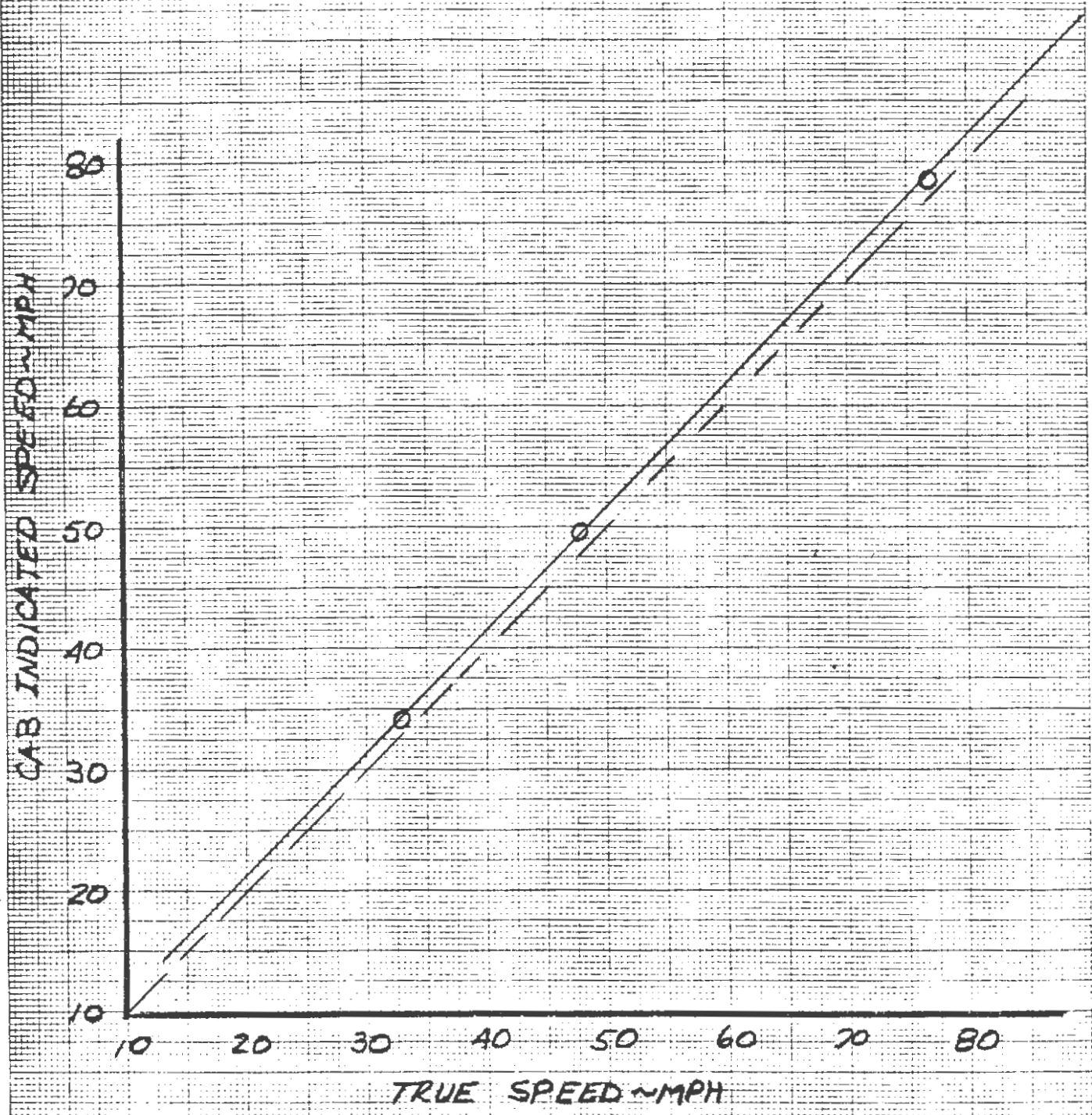
338 36
321
1700
1686

SOAC SPEEDOMETER
CALIBRATION

HIGH-DENSITY CAR

• DATA USED FOR
OSCILLOGRAPH
CALIBRATION ALSO

• TEST RUN 038 3/10/73



945	SPEED	INDICATOR	CHECK		RECORD
	DIST	TIME	END	TRUE	
	2000'	41.7	34	32.7	946
	2000'	28.6	49.5	47.7	951
	3500	31.1	78.5	76.7	957

SOAC TEST RUN

039

DATE:

3/10/73

TIME:

START STOP
1:30pm

PURPOSE: FRICTION BRAKING CW
DYNAMIC BRAKING GW
" " CCW

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED

157

DIRECTION

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

START STOP

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER R. PARKER

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR ROY OREN

MOTORMAN BILL CURRAN

DATA CONTROLLER P. BROWN

GROUND CONTROLLER DICK HASKELL

INSTRUMENTATION _____

REAR MONITOR GARY HALL

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL _____

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION:

CAR 1 (CAR 2) 105000 LB ±.5%

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

FRICTION BRAKING 304C #2
CLOCKWISE RUN ~~039~~ ⁰³⁹ ~~039~~

FM

INITIAL SPEED (ASMS)	DEAD TIME (SEC)	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER OR TIME OF DAY	JERK RATE MPH/SEC
79		29.5	1851	159	
79		30.3	1878	206	
60		22	1015	214	
60		21.5	1028	219	
42		14.4	478	228	
				223	
41		14.2	455	234	
42		13.5	446	238	
41		14.0	417	242	
41		13.7	431	246	
21		7.5	719	249 252	
22		7.1	125	254	

STAGE 318

298
20
218

DYNAMIC BRAKING

SOAL #2

COUNTERCLOCKWISE

RUN # 21

39

INITIAL SPEED (ASMS)	DEAD TIME (SEC)	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER OR TIME OF DAY	JERK RATE MPH/SEC ²
20 21		8.3	119	435	
28 21		9.1	107	433	
38 42		17.5	522	430	
40 42		17.8	528	426	
60 64		25.8	1197	422	
60 62		25.0	1136	417 415	
80 79.5		31.6	1819	408	
80		31.1	1826	400	

DYNAMIC BRAKING **SORL #2**

CLOCKWISE **Run #21** **039**

INITIAL SPEED (ASMS)	DEAD TIME SEC	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER OR TIME OF DAY	JERK RATE MPH/SEC ²
21		9.2 COR 9.4 AVG <u>9.5</u>	120	3:55	
20 23		10.3 AVG 10.5 COR <u>10.0</u>	150	3:52	
40 41		17.5 18.5	539	345	
40 41.5		17.5	545	338	
60 61		25.4	1121	332	
60 60		24.7	1085	324 326	
70 78		32.7	1877	317	
80 X		33.2	1915	308	

CAR No: 2

ACCEPTANCE TEST DATA

REVISION NO.

TYPE: HI- DEN

EST. CAR WEIGHT = 105000 LB

TEST RUN	REC. No.	DIRECTION		INITIAL SPEED		STOPPING DATA		DEAD TIME ?	JERK RATE	DECEL. RATE		MEAN DECEL.		ΔV/Δt		ARMATURE CURRENT		D.T. + 1/2 Δt _s	ACCEP ?	
		CAR	TRACK	IND.	AVG TRUE	TIME	DIST			INITIAL	PEAK	RATE	Δt CONST. RATE	SPEED TRACE	FWD TRK	AFT TRK	+ Δt _s			- Δt _s
				mph	mph	SEC	FE	SEC	mph/SEC ²	mph/SEC	mph/SEC	mph/SEC	SEC	SEC	amp	amp	SEC			
FRICTION ONLY	039	159	FWD	CW	79	77	29.5	1851	1.5	1.7	3.0	3.4	2.5	10+	2.6	10	-	-	2.2	✓
		206	"	"	79	77	30.3	1818	1.7	1.9	2.6	3.3	2.5	10+	2.6	10	-	-	2.9	✓
		214	"	"	60	58	22.0	1015	1.2	2.0	2.8	3.7	2.8	10+	2.9	10	-	-	2.5	✓ S.
		219	"	"	60	58	21.5	1028	1.3	2.8	2.9	3.8	2.8	10+	2.8	10	-	-	2.2	✓
		228	"	"	42	40.5	14.4	478*	1.0	2.2	3.0	3.8	3.2	6+	3.1	5	-	-	2.1	NO*
		234	"	"	41	40	14.2	455*	.9	2.6	3.2	4.1	3.2	7+	3.3	5	-	-	2.2	?* S.
		238	"	"	42	40.5	13.5	446	.8	2.4	3.3	4.3	3.4	6+	3.3	5	-	-	2.2	✓ S/
		242	"	"	41	40	14.0	417	1.0	2.5	3.4	4.5	3.4	6	3.4	5	-	-	2.3	✓ S/S
		246	"	"	41	40	13.7	431	.9	2.5	3.3	4.3	3.4	6+	3.4	5	-	-	2.1	✓ S/S
DYNAMIC ONLY	039	308	FWD	CW	80	78	33.2	1915	1.4	1.6	2.2	2.6	2.5	10+	2.6	15	295	245	3.0	
		317	"	"	78	76	32.7	1877	1.5	1.5	2.3	2.6	2.5	10+	2.6	15	295	240	2.6	
		326	"	"	60	58	24.7	1085	1.4	2.1	2.6	2.6	2.6	10+	2.65	10	800	245	2.8	
		332	"	"	61	59	25.4	1121	1.4	1.9	2.65	2.65	2.55	10+	2.6	10	295	250	2.8	
		338	"	"	41.5	40	12.5	545	1.4	1.9	2.6	2.6	2.55	10+	2.55	10	295	250	2.6	
		345	"	"	41	40	12.5	539	1.2	1.8	2.6	2.6	2.55	10+	2.6	10	295	245	2.6	
		352	"	"	23	21.5	10.3	150	.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	7	2.6	5	295	240	1.5	
		355	"	"	21	20	9.4	120	.6	2.4	2.55	2.55	2.55	6	2.65	5	290	245	1.6	
DYN IC ONLY	039	400	REV	CW	80	78	31.1	1826	1.5	2.0	2.6	2.9	2.9	10+	2.8	10	290	280	2.6	✓
		408	"	"	79.5	72.5	31.6	1819	1.4	1.7	2.4	2.9	2.9	10+	2.8	10	295	295	2.5	✓
		417	"	"	62	60	25.0	1136	1.4	2.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	10+	2.8	10	290	800	2.7	✓
		422	"	"	64	62	25.8	1197	1.5	2.1	2.8	2.9	2.9	10+	2.8	10	285	285	2.8	✓
		426	"	"	42	40.5	12.8	528	1.3	1.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	10+	2.8	10	290	270	2.5	✓
		430	"	"	42	40.5	12.5	522	1.3	2.1	2.8	2.8	2.8	10+	2.8	10	290	280	2.3	✓
		433	"	"	21	19.5	9.1	107	.6	2.2	2.8	2.9	2.9	5	2.8	3	290	270	1.4	✓
	435	"	"	21	19.5	8.3	119	.2	2.9	2.8	2.9	2.9	5	2.8	3	290	270	1.4	✓	

TIME AND DISTANCE TO STOP
DYNAMIC BRAKING ONLY

[CAR WEIGHT CW1 105,000 LBS]

NOTES:

- 1) LEVEL TANGENT TRACK
- 2) TRAIN RESISTANCE INCLUDED
(ZERO WIND)
- 3) GEAR RATIO 4.78

- 4) WHEEL DIAMETER 30 IN.
- 5) JERK LIMITS AND DEAD
TIME NOT INCLUDED

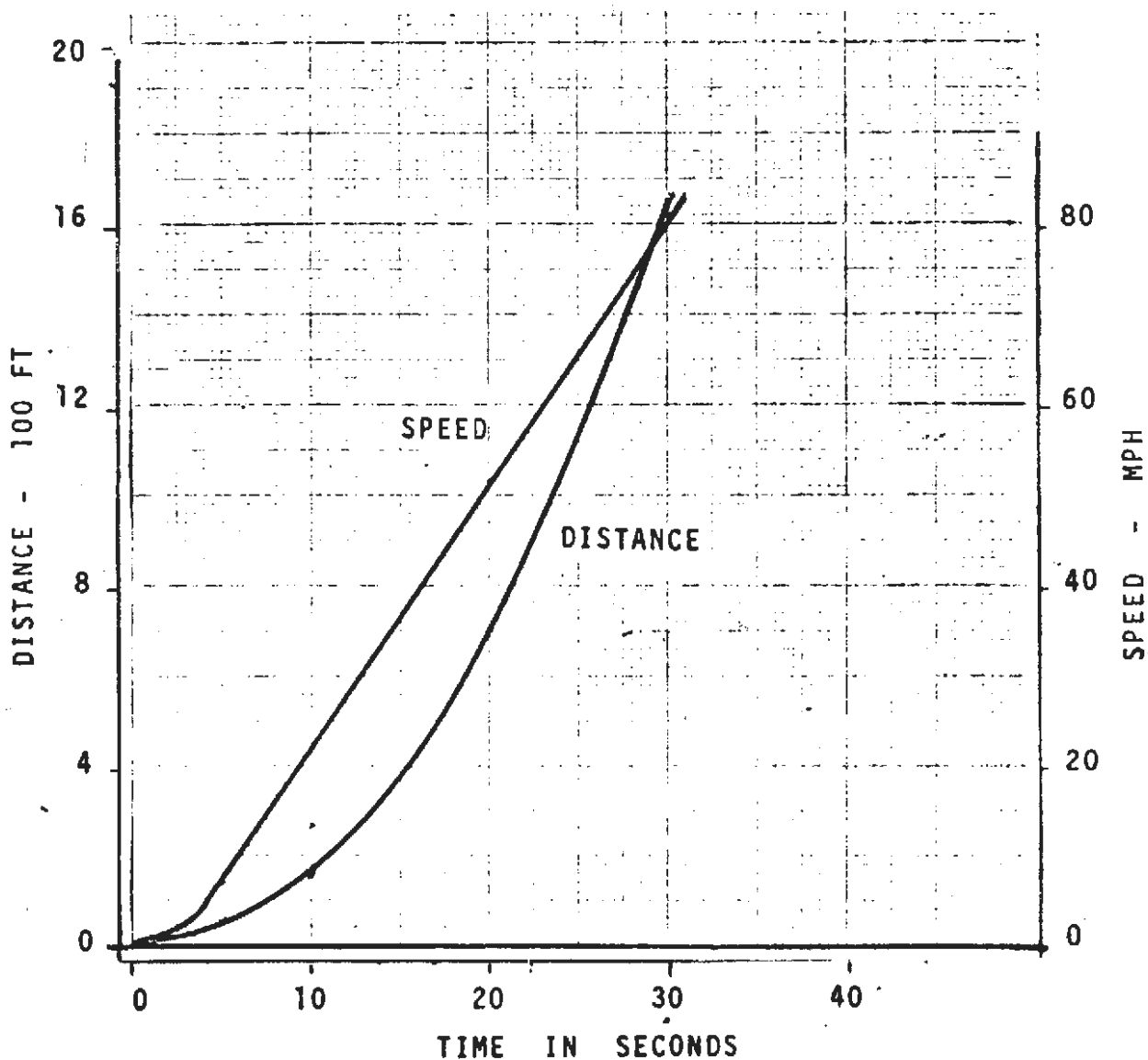


FIG. 2-7
II-17

SOAC SPEC.

TIME AND DISTANCE TO STOP
SERVICE AND EMERGENCY FRICTION BRAKING

CAR WEIGHT: AWL ~ 105000 LB

- NOTES:
 1) LEVEL TANGENT TRACK
 2) INCLUDES JERK LIMITS AND DEAD TIME

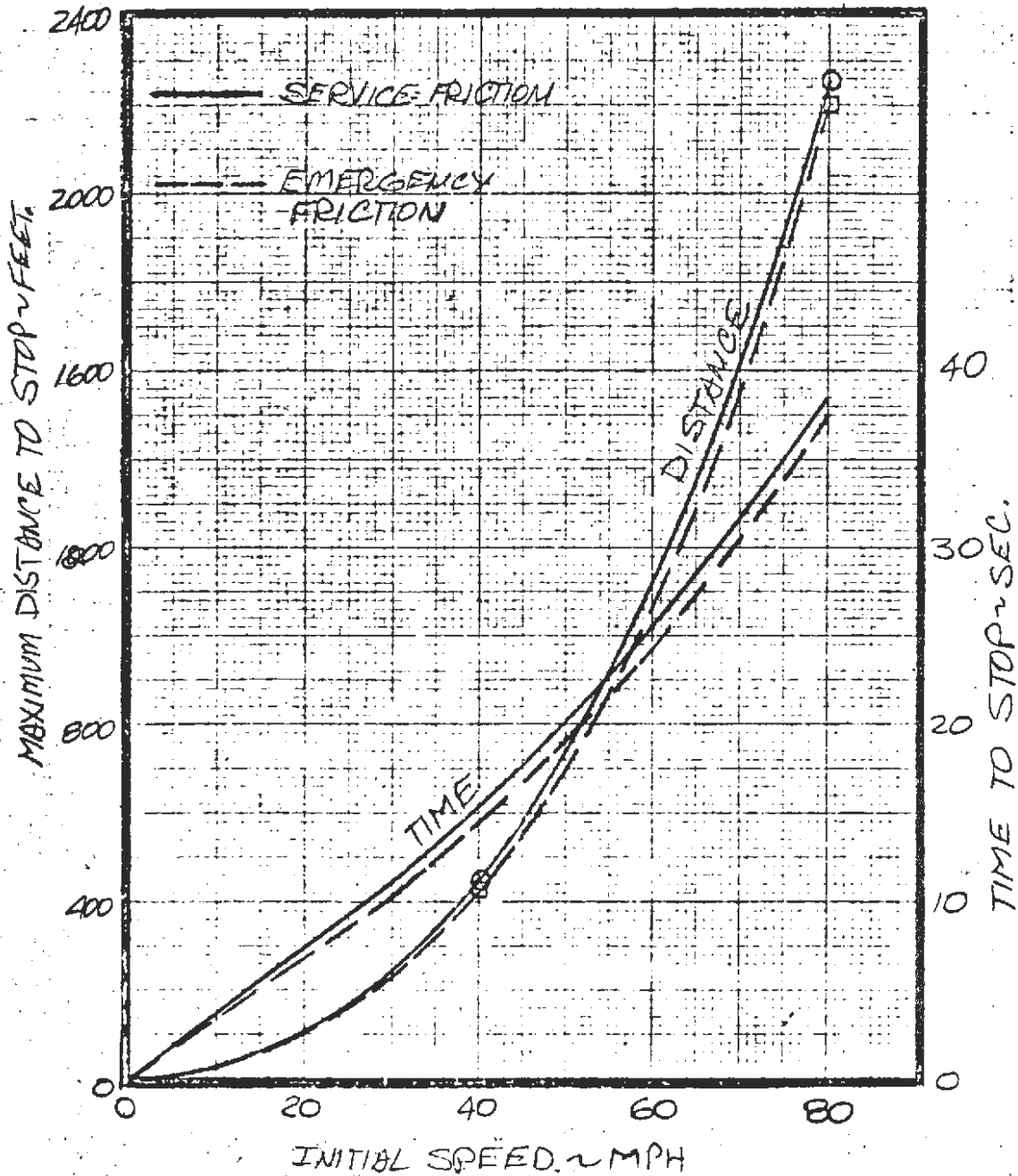


FIGURE Z-8

SOAC TEST RUN

049

DATE:

3/17/23

TIME:

1000 / 233
am P.M.

PURPOSE:

- FRICTION BRAKING WITH ADJ. BCP'S (FWD & REV)
- ASMS ~ FWD-CCW

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED

—

DIRECTION

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

START
STOP

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER

R. BROSH

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR

J. HAZLEY

NOTORMAN

W. CURRAN

DATA CONTROLLER

P. BROWN

GROUND CONTROLLER

INSTRUMENTATION

REAR MONITOR

R. HASKELL

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL

J. FOGEL

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION:

CAR 1 CAR 2 105000 LB

EMERG. TIME DELAY RECHARGE: 27.2 SEC TO START: 32.5 SEC TO 110PSE

TRIP LIGHT "OUT"

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

BCP'S 60.5/60.5 ^{FWD} ^{AFT} SERVICE FIRST @ 10:00 82/
1033 { ADJ. TO 66/66 — SERVICE }
ADJ. TO 78/76 — EMERGENCY }

EMERG.

FRICITION BRAKING

SAC #1 LD

COUNTERCLOCKWISE-FWD

049

END-
ED

INITIAL SPEED	ACT. INV.	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER	BCP
40	41	15.6	475	1122	1122
20					
20	21	7.0	108	1125	
40	40.5	12.5	414	1118	68
40	41.5	13.5	453	1115	
60	58	19.2	907	1112	69/69 AFTER 69/
60	61	21.0	1032	1106	69
80	80	29.0	1793	1130	69
80	80	30.2	1901	1059	69

33800
31899

1901

33800
31893

907

33800
33347

453

33800
33286

414

33800
32007

1793

FRICTION BRAKING SOAC #1 L-D
 CLOCKWISE-REV. 049

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
	Imd.			
20	21	7.8	139	1134
40	40	13.1	416	1140
40	41	14.0	470	1136
40	42.5	14.4	500	1138
60	58	20.4	953	1144
60	61	21.9	1066	1146
80	80	30.6	1887	1153
80	80	31.8	1970	1201

BCP

$$\begin{array}{r} 32270 \\ 31800 \\ \hline 470 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 32753 \\ 31800 \\ \hline 953 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 32866 \\ 31800 \\ \hline 1066 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 31800 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

P. BROWN

SUITE NO. 1 & 2 COR

TEST RUN:
049 3/17/73

FRICTION BRAKING
105000 LB

SEC. No.	DIRECTION		INITIAL SPEED		STOPPING DATA		DEAD TIME SEC.	"JERK" mph/sec ²	DECEL. RATE		DECEL. AVG. ACCEL. F2-OMETER mph/sec	DECEL. ΔV/ΔT SPEED TRACE mph/sec	ACCEPT ?
	TR BACK	CA R	IND. mph	TRU E mph	TIME SEC	DIST FT			INIT- IAL	PE AK			
1059	CCW	FWD	80	78.5	30.2	1901	1.0	1.7	3.0	3.9	2.25	2.7	✓
1130	"	"	80	78.5	29.0	1793	1.0	2.1	3.0	3.9	3.0	2.9	✓
1106	"	"	61	60	21.0	1032	.9	2.0	3.1	4.5	3.1	3.0	✓
1112	"	"	58	57.5	19.2	907	.7	2.0	3.1	4.6	3.1	3.0	✓
1115	"	"	41.5	40.5	13.5	453	.6	2.1	3.1	4.5	3.4	3.5	✓
1118	"	"	40.5	40	12.5	414	.7	2.1	3.3	4.7	3.5	3.4	✓
1125	"	"	21	20	7.0	108	.3	2.5	3.5	4.7	3.6	3.4	✓
1134	CW	REV	21	20.5	7.8	139	.6	2.2	3.0	4.3	3.5	3.4	✓
1136	"	"	41	40.5	14.0	470	.7	2.2	3.0	4.3	3.3	3.4	
38	"	"	42.5	41	14.4	500	.7	2.2	2.8	4.6	3.3	3.4	
1140	"	"	40	39	13.1	416	.6	2.5	3.1	4.5	3.4	3.45	✓
1144	"	"	58	57.5	20.4	953	.8	1.9	2.8	3.8	3.0	3.05	✓
1146	"	"	61	60	21.9	1066	1.0	1.9	2.8	3.6	2.9	2.85	✓
1153	"	"	80	79	30.6	1887	1.1	1.8	2.6	3.1	2.7	2.6	✓
1201	"	"	80	78.5	31.8	1970	1.0	1.9	2.5	3.0	2.5	2.5	✓

4.3 Automatic Speed Maintaining System

4.3.1. Accelerate car to each of the following pre-selected speeds with Controller Handle in Full Power position. Monitor parameters as in paragraph 4.1. Evaluate capability of the speed maintaining system over a 15-30 second time period.

Run No. 049 3/17/73

RECORD NO.	SPEED SETTING	INDICATED SPEED
<i>1215</i>	3	
<i>1217</i>	15	
<i>1218</i>	25	<i>25</i>
<i>1219</i>	35	<i>36</i>
<i>1220</i>	50	<i>51</i>
<i>1221</i>	70	<i>70</i>
<i>1222</i>	80	<i>80</i>

FWD - CCW

4.3.2. From an initial pre-selected speed of 80 mph perform the following speed reductions using speed select inputs with Controller Handle in Full Power position. Monitor parameters as in paragraph 4.1. Hold reduced speeds for at least 15 seconds. Evaluate speed maintaining capability at each reduced speed. Record data per performance test instrumentation configuration given in Table II.

Run No. 049 3/17/73

RECORD NO.	SPEED	FINAL INDICATED SPEED
<i>1223</i>	80-70	<i>70</i>
<i>1224</i>	70-50	<i>50</i>
<i>1225</i>	50-35	
<i>1226</i>	35-25	
<i>1227</i>	25-15	
<i>1228</i>	15-3	

SOAC TEST RUN

050

DATE: 3/17/73

TIME:

START 2:20 P.M. STOP 4:00 P.M.

PURPOSE: - EMERGENCY BRAKING
- CHECK BLENDED BRAKING WITH LOWERED BCP'S
- CHECK OUT NEW "PRODUCTION" PDR ACCEL. & BRAKE

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED []
DIRECTION []

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE []

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE []
START []
STOP []

CREW: TEST CONTROLLER R. BRUSH

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR J. HAZLEY
DATA CONTROLLER P. BROWN
INSTRUMENTATION []
MOTORMAN W. CURRAN
GROUND CONTROLLER []
REAR MONITOR R. HASKELL

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL J. VOGEL (2 GUESTS) - BRUSH

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION:

CAR 1 CAR 2 105000 LB L-D CAR

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, 'QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

CHANGES: REPLACED "OLD-STYLE" PDR WITH "PRODUCTION" PDR
- SWITCHED 2 CARS DURING RUN @ 3:50 P.M.
- ARM OSCILL. IN REV - DR & BRK WITH BOTH CARO SETS: LESS WITH SECOND SET.

BLENDED
SOAC #1 L-D
COUNTERCLOCKWISE - FWD
050

INITIAL SPEED	IND,	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20				
20				
40	40.5	15.7	451	355
40	40	16.3	514	352
60				
60				
80				
80	80	30.5	1805	346

FAST
ACCEL.

31995
370
33800
31995
1805
33800

RSC
400

700 ft IN 20.4 SEC → STOPWATCH
21.0 SEC → OSCILLOGRAPH

CCW - FWD DIRECTION.

EMERGENCY BRAKING
105 K16

SOAC #1
L-D

CLOCKWISE - REV

Run ~~to~~ 050

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
	<i>Two</i>			
20	22	7.0	115	320
20				
40	41	12.0	359	322
40	46.5	11.4	359	324
60	59.5	17.4	785	327
60	60	18.0	826	330
80	80	25.8	1533	336
80	80	27.0	1614	341

BCP

$\begin{array}{r} 31800 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 32159 \\ 31800 \\ \hline 359 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 32159 \\ 31800 \\ \hline 359 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 32585 \\ 31800 \\ \hline 785 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r} 32626 \\ 31800 \\ \hline 826 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 33353 \\ 31800 \\ \hline 1533 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 33414 \\ 31800 \\ \hline 1614 \end{array}$	

EMERGENCY BRAKING SPAC #1 L-0

CCW - FWD 050

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20				
20	23	6.8	109	315
40	42	11.7	376	313
40	41.5	12.1	376	311
60	62	18.4	875	308
60	61	18.3	847	304
80	80	25.3	1534	257
80	80	25.8	1595	235

BCP

F
18/

$$\begin{array}{r} 33800 \\ 32205 \\ \hline 1595 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 33800 \\ 32266 \\ \hline 1534 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 33800 \\ 30953 \\ \hline 847 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 33800 \\ 30925 \\ \hline 875 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 33800 \\ 33424 \\ \hline 376 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 33800 \\ 33691 \\ \hline 109 \end{array}$$

P. BROWN

SUAC NO. 1-2-D-100

TEST RUN'S
OSD 3/17/73

EMERGENCY BRAKING
105000 LB

EC. No.	DIRECTION		INITIAL SPEED		STOPPING DATA		DEAD TIME SEC	"JERK" mph/SEC ²	DECEL. RATE		DECEL. AVG. ACCELEROMETER mph/SEC	DECEL. $\Delta V/\Delta t$ SPEED TRACE mph/SEC	ACCEPT. ?
	TRACK	CAR	IND. mph	TRUE mph	TIME SEC	DIST FT			INITIAL	PEAK			
235	CCW	FWD	80	78.5	25.8	1595	-	2.0	3.4	4.3	3.0	2.90	✓
257	"	"	80	78.5	25.3	1534	-	3.1	3.4	4.4	3.2	3.0	✓
304	"	"	61	60	18.3	847	-	2.8	3.4	4.7	3.5	3.4	s/s ✓
308	"	"	62	61	18.4	875	-	2.7	3.3	4.8	3.4	3.3	✓
311	"	"	41.5	40.5	12.1	376	-	2.8	3.5	5.0	3.6	3.7	s/s ✓
313	"	"	42	40.5	11.7	376	-	3.1	3.6	5.0	3.8	3.8	✓
315	"	"	23	22	6.8	109	-	3.2	3.6	5.0	4.4	3.9	s/s ✓
320	CW	REV	22	22	9.0	115	-	4.0	3.3	4.5	3.8	3.6	s/s ✓
322	"	"	41	40	12.0	359	-	3.6	3.5	4.7	3.7	3.8	s/s ✓
324	"	"	41.5	40.5	11.4	359	-	3.6	3.7	5.0	3.9	3.9	✓
327	"	"	59.5	59	12.4	785	-	3.4	3.2	4.3	3.4	3.35	✓
330	"	"	60	59	18.0	826	-	3.7	3.1	4.4	3.3	3.25	✓
336	"	"	80	79	25.8	1533	-	2.7	3.2	3.7	3.1	3.05	✓
341	"	"	80	78	27.0	1614	-	2.5	3.2	3.5	3.0	3.1	✓
— BLENDED BRAKING CHECK —													
346	CCW	FWD	80	78	30.5	1805	.8	2.2	2.7	3.0	2.95	2.8	✓
352	"	"	40	39.5	16.3	514	.6	2.8	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.8	1.6 SEC
355	"	"	40.5		15.7	451	.6	2.8	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.8	.6 SEC TIMER ZERO RATE

SOAC TEST RUN

052

DATE:

3/19/73

TIME:

START 2:24 STOP 5:17

P.M.

- PURPOSE:**
- CHOPPER BOSE SPEED, LOW I CHECK
 - BLENDED BRACING 40 & 80 mph
 - EMERGENCY BRAKING
 - INITIAL ACCELERATIONS: 0-700 ft

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED

DIRECTION

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

--

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

START

STOP

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER P. PARKER

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR J. HAZLEY

MOTORMAN W. CURTIN

DATA CONTROLLER W. BALLMER

GROUND CONTROLLER P. BROWN

INSTRUMENTATION _____

REAR MONITOR R. HASKELL

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL _____

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION:

CAR 1	CAR 2	105000 LB	H-DEAR
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THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

M/A "OSCILLATES" DURING CHOPPER LURCHES

	ACCELS DIR	TIME TO 700'	ACCEL	V _{MAX}
253	FWD-CW	?		27 mph
257	REV-CW	20.0		28 mph
305	FWD-CW	21.1		200'
307	FWD-CW	20.5 or 21.5		200'

EMERGENCY

PAR # ZH-D

REV - CCW

052

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
	INA			
20				
20		7.25 / 8.4?	95	340
40	41	7.5 / 11.5	335	338
40	42	12 / 12	361	335
60	62	17.9 / 18.1	812	331
60	62	18 / 18.6	798	328
77#	79	23.4 / 24.4	1439	323
	79	24.15 / 24.6	1433	318
<u>BLEND</u>	79	28.5	1780	310

33002

32440
 39
 32361

32440
 3
 32369

33800
 32120
 1780

33800
 32367
 1433

33800
 32361
 1439

33800
 33002
 798

33800
 32088
 812

33800
 33439
 861

33800
 33465
 335

33800
 33705
 95

EMERGENCY CAR # 2 H-D
 FWD - CW 052

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20				
20		7.1 / 7.3	105	407
40		10.8 / -	315	405
40	39	11.1 / 10.5	312	402
60	59	17.4 / 17.2	769	359
60	59	17. / 17.55	766	355
80	79	25.5 / 25.6	1508	350
80	79	24.75 / 24.8	1477	346

33200
 3323
 3327

32600
 34
 32566
 32600
 31

33277
 31500
 1977

33308
 31500
 1508

32566
 31800
 766

569
 31800
 769

321

32112
 31500
 312

32115
 31500

31905
 31500

BLEND-D
 REV - CCW
 CAR NO 2 HD
 052

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20	110			
20				
40	41	13.5 / 13.5	455	429
	44	- / 13.5	519	426
40	41	14.9 / 14.5	436	423
60				
60				
60				4 418 SCRATCH
80	79	28.2 / 29.0	1718	411

32100
 18
 32082

33800
 32082
 1718
 33800
 3

BLUNDED

CAR NO 2 H-D

FWD-LW

052

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20				
20				
40	40	19.6 / 15.0	498	453
40	41	14.7 / 14.6	456	450
40	41	14.6 / 15.3	477	445
60				
60				
80	79	29 / 29	1742	439
80	79	29 / 29.3	1736	435

31500

SPEED COLIB

RECORD NO	SPEED	TIME	TRUE
500	49.51 m/s	28.5 / 28.6	47.8 -1.7
504	34	91.7 / 91.7	32.7 -13
510	59	17.17 / 35.15 <small>2000 4000</small>	77 / 76.8 -2.1
511	CHECK RUN ON		

28.5
11.7

SOAC NO 2 COIL (H-D) ACCELERATION
 TEST RUN 052 3/20/73

REC NO	TIME SEC	ACCEL MPH/SEC	CURRENTS		VOLTAGE (CAP BANK)	CARL SPEED	COMMENTS
			FWD	APT			
253	0	1.05	854	811	605	1	FWD - CW Vmax = 77MPH T to 700 = ? T ₀ = FIRST MOTION RL 700 ft.
	.35	1.72	869	822	600	1	
	2.35	2.53	873	822	593	7.2	
	4.35	2.44	873	807	575	10.5	
	6.35	2.44	854	801	563	15	
	8.35	2.32	838	790	556	20	
	10.35	2.32	814	770	556	23.5	
	12.35	2.27	787	760	545	24.6	
	14.35	1.89	783	749	550	33.7	
	16.35	1.77	773	737	550	36.6	
	18.35	1.67	783	749	545	39.7	
	20.35	1.56	783	755	550	42.5	
	20.98	1.39	778	755	550	43.8	
	57		2.40			575	
Q MAX MIN 700 S MAX 700	2554					30.4	
305		2.52			550		<u>FWD - CW</u>
Q MAX V MIN 700 700	24.6					43.8	
07		2.56			575		<u>FWD - CW</u>
Q MAX V MIN 700 700	24.47					43.2	
					II-36		

TEST RUN:
052 3/20/73

BRAKING TESTS
105,000 LB

REC NO	DIRECTION		INITIAL SPEED		STOPPING DATA		ROAD JERK TIME SEC	DECEL RATE		DECEL AVG ACCELEROMETER MPH/SEC	DECEL AV/AC SPEED TRACK MPH/SEC	ACCEPT. ?	
	TRACK	CR	IND MPH	TRK MPH	TIME SEC	DIST FT		INITIAL	PEAK				
EMERGENCY BRAKING													
318	CCW	REV	79	77	24.7	1433	-	3.22	3.36	4.21	2.9	3.14	✓
323	"	"	79	77	24.7	1439	-	3.49	3.29	4.00	3.07	3.14	S/S ✓
328	"	"	62	60	18.3	798	-	2.99	3.41	4.13	3.37	3.29	S/S ✓
331	"	"	62	60	18.0	812	-	3.26	3.36	4.42	3.41	3.27	S/S ✓
335	"	"	42	40.5	12.0	361	-	3.41	3.58	4.46	3.66	3.66	S/S (2) ✓
338	"	"	41	39.5	11.5	335	-	3.32	3.62	4.67	3.83	3.80	S/S LONG ✓
340	"	"	20	18.75	7.25	95	-	4.38	4.12	4.34	-	3.28	S/S ✓
346	CW	FWD	79	77	24.8	1477	-	3.24	3.24	3.83	3.08	2.94	✓ 3.2
350	"	"	79	77	24.5	1508	-	2.36	3.24	3.66	3.03	2.88	✓ 3.0
355	"	"	59	57.25	17.3	766	-	2.52	3.15	4.24	3.36	3.28	✓ 2.8
359	"	"	59	57.25	17.3	769	-	3.12	3.45	4.21	3.20	3.20	PAPER SPEED CHANGED ✓ 2.8
402	"	"	39	37.5	10.8	312	-	4.63	3.42	4.72	3.75	3.47	✓
405	"	"	40	38.5	10.8	315	-	4.00	3.66	4.67	3.75	3.80	S/S ✓
407	"	"	20	18.75	7.2	105	-	4.28	3.75	4.28	-	4.57	S/S ✓
BLENDED BRAKING													
310	CCW	REV	79	77	28.5	1780	1.36	2.32	2.65	3.16	2.95	2.81	✓
411	"	"	79	77	28.6	1718	1.40	2.10	2.57	3.41	2.82	2.95	✓
423	"	"	41	39.5	14.7	436	1.0	2.23	3.07	3.16	3.03	2.94	✓
426	"	"	44	39.5	15.5	519	1.24	2.69	2.78	2.98	2.89	2.86	?
429	"	"	41	39.5	15.5	485	1.58	1.77	2.78	2.91	2.74	2.68	?

SOAC ACCEPTANCE TESTS

BRAKING

WTRAVLUT

2 OF 2

RUN NO: 052 CONFIG: NO 2 CAR (H-D)

DATE: 3/20/73 WT: 105K LB/CAR

REC NO	DIRECT.		INITIAL SPEED		STOPPING DATA		DEAD TIME	JERK	DECEL RATE		DECEL AVG (ACCELEROMETER) MPH/SEC	DECEL AV/AC (SPEED TRACE) MPH/SEC	COMMENTS	ACCEPT.
	TRACK	CAR	IND	TRU	TIME SEC	DIST FT			INITIAL	PEAK				
BLENDDED BRAKING														
435	CW	FWD	79	77	29.15	1736	1.48	2.48	2.69	2.94	2.94	2.75		✓
439	"	"	79	77	29	1742	1.60	2.73	2.65	2.95	2.95	2.75		✓
445	"	"	41	39.5	14.95	477	1.16	2.82	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.82		✓
450	"	"	41	39.5	14.65	456	.6	2.44	2.95	2.95	2.95	2.88		✓
453	"	"	40	33.5	14.6	448	.6	1.86	2.91	2.91	2.91	2.88		✓

№ 2 CAR (H-D) SPEED CALIB

3/29/73

RUN 052

REC NO	SPEED mph	TIME 100L 2000 ft	SPEED TIME CALC	SPEED-TRUE TRACE
500	49.5	28.5/28.6	47.8/47.7 (47.75)	47.75
504	34	41.7/41.7	32.7/32.7 (32.7)	32.7
510	79	17.7 / 36.5 (2000 ft) (4000 ft)	77 / 76.9 (76.95)	76.5

SOAC TEST RUN

054

DATE: 3/20/73

TIME:

START 2:00 STOP 3:30

PURPOSE: CONTINUE RUNNING 2-CAR CHECKS AND
BRAKE TESTS - BLENDING
FRICTION
DYNAMIC
EMERGENCY

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED []
DIRECTION []

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE []

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE []
START []
STOP []

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER BBS BRUSH (LEWIS BOLS)

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR Jack NOBLEY
DATA CONTROLLER Walt BALLARD
INSTRUMENTATION GARY DAVIS

MOTORMAN BILL CURRAN
GROUND CONTROLLER _____
REAR MONITOR DICK HASKEL

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL GARY WOLEY (SLC)

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION:

CAR 1 CAR 2 105K LB.

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

NR 2 CAR HD OVER CURRENT SET UP TO 300% ON MA SET

RUN 054

BLENDED BETWEEN
2 CAR TRAIN
CCW - No. 7 PWD

217 Roll Clock & INITIAL "Slow" Accel

INITIAL SPEED	IND	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20	21.5	8.8 / 8.6	141	324
20	21.5	9.0 / 9.5	141	321
40	41.5 43	15.6 / 16.0 16.7 / 16.3	500 543	317 312
40	41	15.3 / 14.9	483	307
50	61	22.3 / 23.2	1032	300
60	60	22. / 22.2	1000	250
80	70	25.6 / -	1374	238
80	71	26.5 / 26.6	1441	224

33450
32359

33502
32357

33500
32357

1441

33800
32426

1374

33800
32800

1000

33800
32768

1032

33800
33317

483

33800
32757

543

33800
33350

500

33800
33859

141

32800
32

33317

RUN 054

FRICTION - BREAKING	NR ↑ CHIL FWD
CCW	NFL FWD

32300
32292

32900
2
32879

33000
31
32969

33700
35
33665
33700
77
33673

33400
40
33360
33400
65

INITIAL SPEED	IND	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20	23	8/7.7	135	330
20	20	7.5/7.0	127	334
40	41	13/13.2	440	339
40	42	13/13.1	449	344
60	56	18.2/18.1	831	350
60	60	19.2/19.2	921	406
80	74	26.8/26.9	1587	416
80	73	25.5/25.6	1508	430

33800
33665
135

33800
33673
127

33800
33360
440

33700
32969
831

33600
32879
921

33800
32213
1587

33800
32292
1508

RUN 054

3/20/73

2 COIL TRAIN	NO. 1 COIL T-20
105K LB	CCW DIRECTION
EMERGENCY	

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20				
20				
40				
40				
60				
60	62	19.3/19.8	859	440
80				
80				

¹⁷
 33800
 32941

 859

RUN 054 3/20/73

BLENDING BRICKS CONTROL TRAIN NO 2 ENG
 2-COIL TRAIN
 CW NR 2 FWD

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20	20	8.2/7.9	121	527
20	20	8.4/	117	523
40	41.5	15.9/15.8	492	517
40	41	15.8/15.6	480	511
50	49	18.2/18.0	666	504
50	53	19.2/19.3	778	453
30				
30				

32600
 22
 32578
 32500
 32466
 31917

32578
 31800

 778

32466
 31800

 666

31917
 31800

 117

SOAC ACCEPTANCE TESTS BRAKING

WBRALAW

1 OF 1

RUN NO: 054 CONFIG: 2-CAR TRAIN

DATE: 3/20/73 WT: 105K LB

REC NO	DIRECT.		INITIAL SPEED		STOPPING DATA		READ TIME SEC	HIT PERK MPH/SEC ²	DECEL RATE		DECEL AVG (ACCELEROMETER) MPH/SEC	DECEL AV/AC (SPEED TRACE) MPH/SEC	COMMENTS	ACCEPT.
	TRACK	CAR	IND	TRV E	T ME SEC	D IST FT			N TIAL	P EAK				
BLENDDED BRAKING														
224	CCW	FLD	71	65.5	26.5	1441	1.36	2.61	2.86	3.62	3.11	2.94	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ a = 2.97 d = .92 s = .27	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓
238	"	"	70	69	25.6	1374	1.32	2.82	2.86	3.20	2.99	2.94		
250	"	"	60	59	22.1	1000	1.0	2.98	3.03	3.03	2.99	2.82		
300	"	"	61	60	22.7	1032	.92	2.69	3.15	3.15	3.07	3.01		
307	"	"	41	40.25	15.1	483	1.04	3.15	2.98	3.20	2.94	2.95		
312	"	"	43	42.25	16.5	543	.60	2.02	2.86	2.86	2.86	2.94		
317	"	"	41.5	40.75	15.8	500	.64	2.23	2.80	2.80	2.86	2.82		
321	"	"	21.5	20	9.25	141	.68	2.74	3.71	3.71	3.07	2.94		
324	"	"	21.5	20	8.7	141	.72	2.94	3.36	3.36	3.07	3.08		
FRICITION BRAKING														
430	CCW	FLD	73	71.75	25.5	1508	1.12	1.98	2.95	4.25	2.94	2.81	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ a = 3.1 w/o 20 mph a = 2.4 d = .9 s = .2	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ LATE SHOT REAR OFF PANNING AXES
41	"	"	74	72.75	26.8	1587	1.24	2.14	3.24	4.04	2.82	2.68		
420	"	"	60	59	19.2	921	.76	2.12	2.82	3.54	3.49	2.55		
350	"	"	56	55	18.2	831	1.20	2.44	3.32	4.97	3.32	3.37		
344	"	"	42	41.25	13.7	449	.76	2.48	3.45	5.05	3.37	3.00		
339	"	"	41	40.25	13.1	440	.84	2.69	3.49	4.59	3.74	3.60		
331	"	"	20	20	7.3	127	.60	-	-	4.75	4.21	3.92		
330	"	"	21	20.5	7.8	135	1.00	2.73	3.49	5.05	4.21	3.92		
BLENDDED BRAKING														
453	CW	FLD	53	51	19.2	778							WILL USE RUN 055 DATA FOR CW DIRECTOR (TR 15) COMPLETE SET	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓
504	"	"	49	47	18.1	666								
511	"	"	41	39.5	15.7	460								
517	"	"	41.5	40	15.8	492								
523	"	"	20	19.5	8.4	117								
527	"	"	20	18.5	8.0	121								

SOAC TEST RUN

055

DATE: 3/21/73

TIME:

START 9:40 STOP 12:35

PURPOSE:

- CONTINUE 2-CAR TRAIN BRAKING TEST -
- HIGH SPEED (80MPH) BLENDING, FRICTION, IN LOW DIRECTION NO. 1 CAB
- BLENDING, FRICTION, EMERGENCY FROM NO. 2 CAB

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED []
DIRECTION []

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE []

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE []
START []
STOP []

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER BOB BRUSH

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR JACK HAZLEY

NOTORMAN GARY DAVIS

DATA CONTROLLER WALT BALLARD

GROUND CONTROLLER BOB HASKEL

INSTRUMENTATION FRANK DOSLIER (GSI)

REAR MONITOR GARY WOLBY

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL GUS KUNSE (GSI), DENNIS (GROUND CONTROL)

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION:

CAR 1 CAR 2 105 K LB

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

NO CHANGES -

FOUND ONE BRAKE GRID CONNECTION ON NO. 1 CAR LOOSE - REPLACED BOLT & FIXED.

TRACK CONDITIONS VERY GOOD TO DRY

RUN 055

BLENDED BRAKING 2-CAR TRAIN CW DIRECTION - REV	NR2 CAB CONTINUED
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INITIAL SPEED	IMD	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20	22	9.3 / —	133	1040
20	21	8.5 / 8.3	119	1036
40	43	15.8 / 15.3	484	1031
40	42	15.5 / 15.5	459	1028
60	60	22.6 / 22.4	1008	1024
60	61	23.0 / 22.7	1055	1018
80	79	29.6 / 29.5	1757	1010
80	79.5	29.2 / 29.6	1765	1001
	75	28.7 / 29.5?	—	957

319

323⁰⁰₄₁
 32259
 323⁰⁰₁₂
 32264

336⁰⁰₃₅
 33565

336⁰⁰₄₃
 33557

329⁰⁰₄₁
 32855

328

33565 31800 1765	33557 31800 1757	32767 31800 4	31800
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RUN 055

BLENDING BREAKING

NEZ CAR CONTIN

2-CAR TRAIN

CW DIRECTION - REV

INITIAL SPEED	IMD	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20	22	9.3 / —	133	1040
20	21	8.6 / 8.3	119	1036
40	43	15.8 / 15.3	484	1031
40	42	15.5 / 15.5	459	1028
60	60	22.6 / 22.4	1008	1024
60	61	23.0 / 22.7	1055	1018
80	79	29.6 / 29.5	1757	1010
80	75	29.2 / 29.6	1765	1001
	75	28.7 / 29.5?	—	957

319
 323^{00}
 41
 $\hline 32259$
 323^{00}
 16
 $\hline 32264$
 336^{00}
 35
 $\hline 33565$
 336^{00}
 43
 $\hline 33557$
 329^{00}
 55
 $\hline 32855$
 328

33565
 31800
 $\hline 1765$

33557
 31800
 $\hline 1757$

32787
 31800
 $\hline 9$

51800

RUN 055

FRICION BRAKING
 2-CAR TRAIN
 CW - REV N#2 CAR

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20	20	6.8 / 6.9	103	1043
20	22	7.3 / 7.3	123	1047
40	42	13.0 / 12.9	400	1050
40	41	13.3 / 13.0	399	1054
60	61	20.1 / 20.	938	1057
60	61	19.5 / 20.	915	1102
80	79	28.6 / 28.6	1763	1111
80	79	29.2 / 29.2	1784	1118

32
 31
 336
 16
 84

5/5
 5/5

3 300
 27
 63

8 P =
 65 / 66
 40 / 110

32738
 31500
 938

33563
 31500
 1763

RUN 055

BLENDED BRAKING
 CCW FWD
 2-CAR TRAIN NO. 1 COB

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20				
20				
40	42	15.1/15.3	477	1129
40	43	16.2/16.0	508	1134
60				
60				
80	80	29.5/29.9	1709	1143
80	80	29.4/30.2	1704	1201

33323
~~33300~~
 33292
 32000
 31991
 32000
 31996

33800
~~33323~~
 477

33800
~~33292~~
 508

33800
~~31991~~
 1709

33800
~~31996~~
 1704

PUN OSS
 FRICTION BRAKING
 ECM - PWD
 2-CAR TRAIN No 1 CAB

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20				
20				
40				
40				
60				
60				
80	80	29.2/28.8	1791	1220
80	80	31./31.2	1923	1210

31900
 23
 31877

33800
 31817

 1923

33800
 32009

 1791

SOAC ACCEPTANCE TESTS

BRAKING

WALLSHELL

1 OF 1

RUN NO: 055 CONFIG: 2-CAR TRAIN

DATE: 3/28/73 WT: 105 K LB

REC NO	DIRECT.		INITIAL SPEED		STOPPING DATA		DEAD TIME SEC	JERK MPH/SEC	DECEL RATE		DECEL AVG (ACCELEROMETER) MPH/SEC	DECEL AV/DC (SPEED TRACE) MPH/SEC	COMMENTS	ACCEPT.
	TRACK	CAR	IND	TRK	TIME SEC	DIST FT			INITIAL	PEAK				
BLENDED BRAKING														
1001	CW	REV	75.5	77.5	79.4	1765	1.36	2.86	2.78	2.86	2.86	2.82		✓
1010	"	"	75	77	79.5	1757	1.28	2.86	2.82	2.86	2.86	2.82		✓
1018	"	"	61	55.25	72.8	1065	1.36	2.82	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.88		✓
1024	"	"	60	56.25	72.5	1008	1.16	2.35	2.94	2.94	2.94	2.88		✓
1028	"	"	42	40.5	15.5	455	0	1.85	2.86	2.86	2.86	2.75	W.G. TRACK TOO WET.	✓
1031	"	"	43	41.5	15.5	484	.56	2.84	2.86	2.86	2.86	2.90		✓
1036	"	"	21	20	8.4	119		2.69	2.86	2.86	2.86	3.01		✓
1040	"	"	22	20.75	7.3	133	0	2.84	2.86	2.86	2.86	3.01		✓
FRICTION BRAKING														
1118	CW	REV	79	77	79.2	1761	1.08	1.52	2.82	3.46	2.82	2.88		$a = 3.22$ w/o 20 mph. ≈ 2.8 W.D
1111	"	"	79	77	79.6	1763	1.12	1.72	2.95	3.74	2.95	2.68		
1112	"	"	61	55.25	19.7	915	.64	2.35	3.15	4.62	3.36	3.27		
1057	"	"	61	55.25	20	936	.84	2.52	3.24	4.63	3.24	3.27		
1054	"	"	41	39.5	12.2	399	.68	2.78	3.62	4.45	3.74	3.90		
1050	"	"	42	40.5	12.9	400	.48	2.52	3.49	4.88	3.53	3.60		
1047	"	"	22	20.75	7.3	133	.40	2.65	3.2	4.80	3.21	4.44		
1043	"	"	20	18.75	6.8	102	.52	2.31	3.2	4.54	3.83	3.92		
BLENDED BRAKING														
1201	CW	FWD	80	78.75	29.8	1704	1.04	2.18	2.99	2.99	2.99	3.01		
1143	"	"	80	78.75	29.7	1709	1.0	2.68	2.86	2.86	2.86	3.01		
1134	"	"	43	42.25	16.1	508	-	2.32	2.99	2.99	2.99	2.86		
1129	"	"	42	41	15.2	477	.32	2.23	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.08		
FRICTION BRAKING														
1210	CW	FWD	80	78.75	31.1	1923	.92	1.77	3.03	3.66	-	2.62		
1220	"	"	80	78.75	29.0	1791	.96	1.68	2.95	3.95	2.82	2.82		

SOAC TEST RUN

058

DATE: 3/22/73

TIME: START 2:02 STOP 9:30

PURPOSE: • EMERGENCY BRAKE TESTS
2 CAR TRAIN BOTH DIRECTIONS
• SPEED SWEEPS ON ROUGH SECTION
OF TRACK (V. 40-50 & 80)

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED

15-25
MPH @ 3:45

DIRECTION

SW

BAROMETRIC
PRESSURE

[]

AMBIENT AIR
TEMPERATURE

START
STOP

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER Bert Brusis

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR J. Wazley

MOTORMAN GARY PAVIS

DATA CONTROLLER WALT BALLARD

GROUND CONTROLLER DICK HASKELL

INSTRUMENTATION THOMAS DOSCHER

REAR MONITOR _____

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL GARY WELBY, GUS KRUGER, KELLY JACKSON

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION:

CAR 1 CAR 2 105 K LB

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, 'QUICK-LOOK
INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR
RECORDED DATA.

RUN 056

EMERGENCY BRAKING
 2-CAR TRAIN
 CW - REV NO 2 CAR

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20				
20	21	8.4/7.5	86	302
40	41	11.3	325	256
40	41	12.5	337	248
60	61	18.0/17.6	806	242
60	63	18.8/18.9	881	235
80	79	25.7/25.5	1520	230
80	79	27/26.5	1541	223
-	80			219

327
 15
 32681
 31800
 14
 31886

33341
 31800
 1541

32606
 31800
 806

32681
 31800
 881

32137
 31800
 337

32225
 3

319

EMERGENCY BRAKING
 CCW - FWD
 2 CAR - TRAIN NO 1 CAB

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RECORD NUMBER
20				
20	22	7.4/7.5	100	350
40	42	11.2/11.5	347	346
40	41	12.3 / -	350	342
60	61	18.4/18.5	860	335
60	62	18.7/18.7	864	328
80	80	25.5/25.0	1527	320
80	80	25.8 / 25.9	1555	312

MISSED FIRST CAR 56 SECONDS.

33800
 32245

 1555

 33800
 33450

 350

33800
 32273

 1527

 3
 3

33800
 32936

 864

38000
 32940

 60

RECORD 357

ACCEL IN CCM (FWD)

TIME TO 700 = 20. / 20.4 SEC

SPEED @ 4000 ft = 72 MPH

417

TIME @ 700 ft = 20.4 / 20.4

SPEED @ 4000 ft = 72

SOAC ACCEPTANCE TESTS BRAKING

1 of 1

RUN NO: 058 CONFIG: 2-CAR TRAIN

DATE: 3/27/73 WT: 105K LB

REC NO	DIRECT.		INITIAL SPEED		STOPPING DATA		READ TIME SEC	DECEL RATE MIN/SEC ²	DECEL RATE		DECEL AVG ACCELEROMETER MPH/SEC	DECEL AV/DC SPEED TRACE MPH/SEC	COMMENTS	ACCEP.
	TRACK	CAR	IND	TRU	TIME SEC	DIST FT			NATURAL	PEAK				
EMERGENCY BRAKING														
223	CCW	REV	79	77	7.7	1541	-	2.73	3.49	3.91	2.99	2.81		
230	"	"	79	77	75.6	1520	-	2.69	3.36	4.21	2.94	2.88		
235	"	"	63	61.25	18.8	881	-	2.86	3.36	4.79	3.41	3.20		Q35
242	"	"	61	59.25	17.8	506	-	3.41	3.28	5.00	3.86	3.40		
248	"	"	41	39.5	12.5	337	-	3.94	3.57	4.54	3.89	3.99		
256	"	"	41	39.5	11.3	325	-	3.87	3.83	5.00	4.03	3.99		
302	"	"	21	19.75	7.9	86	-	3.87	3.85	4.71	4.33	4.32		
EMERGENCY BRAKING														
312	CCW	FWD	80	78.75	25.8	1565	-	2.65	3.41	4.08	2.74	2.88		
320	"	"	80	78.75	25.2	1527	-	2.69	3.20	4.08	2.94	3.01		Q37
333	"	"	62	61	18.7	864	-	3.20	3.03	4.35	3.15	3.27		
335	"	"	61	60	18.4	860	-	2.94	3.30	4.84	3.24	3.34		
342	"	"	41	40.25	12.3	352	-	3.45	3.26	4.67	3.82	3.86		
346	"	"	47	46.25	11.5	377	-	-	-	5.31	3.78	4.18		
350	"	"	22	21.5	7.4	100	-	4.21	3.57	4.83	4.08	4.32		

RUN 058
3/22/73

TC NO	TIME	ACCEL	VOLTAGE	SPEED IND	SPEED TRUE	JERK
357	20.0 20.4	252	510	72		2.52
417	20.4 20.4	256	496	72		1.85
AVG	20.3	254	503	72		2.18

DATE:

4-9-73

TIME:

START 9:35 STOP 12:20

DIRECTION

PURPOSE: ① CHECK OUT MONITOR/SHUNT CURRENT. AFT & FWD TRUCK

② DIFF. I TRIPS INVESTIG. ~ NO TRIPS/LIGHTS

③ BLENDED BRAKING

④ INITIAL ACCEL TO 200 FT. e < 600 VOLTS (DOT-001 ONLY)



AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 CAR 2 105000 LB.

CURRENT SHUNT ON AFT TRUCK INITIALLY MOVED TO FWD TRUCK @ 10:20 REMOVED COMPLETELY AFTER TUNT.

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER F. THOMPSON

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR R. OREN

MOTORMAN J. HIX

DATA CONTROLLER P. BROWN

GROUND CONTROLLER _____

INSTRUMENTATION _____

REAR MONITOR _____

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL GENE BROWN, BILL SEARLY

CONFIG: NOTES -

① REDUCED $I_A \approx 11\%$ FROM FRIDAY 4/6 (NOW $\approx 1-2\%$) FROM CLO. LEVEL

② PCL & A/B START UP SLOWLY

PROB. → ③ DIFF. I X'FORM. GIVES OUTPUT (ON EVENT MARK) - DISCONNECTED FROM TRIPPING -

④ REMOVED MONITOR & REPLACED PWR SUPPLY TO LITE BULBS

→ ⑤ OVERCURRENT LITE ON WITHOUT TRIP - FOUND LOOSE WIRE.

⑥ HAVE TO FIX #2 TO ALLOW RESET OF PROP. ON THE FLY

→ STILL GOT OVERCURRENT LIGHT DURING RUN 073

Run #1

4/9/73 Monday
(REAR TRUCK)

9:40 AM

	<u>RUN #1</u>		<u>2ND</u>	<u>NET</u>
END -	13.5 MV	WIND	300 AMPS	275.4 AMPS
"	19.5 MV	BRAKE	430 AMPS	398 AMPS
"	24.5 MV	BRAKE	520 AMPS	500 AMPS
"	28.3 MV	DR	700 AMPS	683 "
"	34.5	DR	750 AMPS	744 "
"	38.0	DR	500 AMPS	775 "
"	45.0	DR	380 AMPS	367 "

4/9/73 (FRONT TRUCK)

10:30 AM

RUN #2

END	24.5	DR	500 AMPS	499 AMPS
}	25.0	DR	510 "	510 "
	37.5	DR	750 "	765 "
	37.0	DA	755 "	755 "
	39.5	BRAKE	800	806 "
	41.0	"	825	836 "

BLENDED #2 H-D
 BRAKING FWD-CW RUN 073

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	DECEL% APPROX.	RECORD NUMBER
	FWD				
20					
40 40	40	14.3	457	-3.2	1145
40	40	14.2	459	-3.25	1140
40	38	13.8	407	-3.2	1137
60					
60					
80	79	27.3	1670	-3.1	1125
80	78	27.3	1660	-3.0	1116

29800

29800

NO WEST/SOUTH DIESEL
 300' - CW - 1153 - 19.2 SEC (2 WATCHES)

BLENDED
 BRAKING
 REV-10W
 #2 H-D
 RUN 073

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RATE APPROX.	RECORD NUMBER
	END				
20					
20					
40	40	13.6	428	3.25	1211
40	40	14.0	428	3.25	1207
60					
60					
80	80	25.7	1516	3.25	1202
80	79	25.4	1508	3.25	1156

33800

DATE: 4/9/73

074 RUN

TIME:

START 1:35 STOP 4:45

DIRECTION

- PURPOSE:
- ① ACCELERATIONS - 0-700ft & 0-80mph
 - ② DYNAMIC BRAKING ONLY
 - ③ DUTY CYCLE -



AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 CAR 2 105000LB
 CURRENT SHUNT REMOVED

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER F. THOMPSON

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR R. OREN

MOTORMAN J. HIX

DATA CONTROLLER P. BROWN

GROUND CONTROLLER _____

INSTRUMENTATION _____

REAR MONITOR _____

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL _____

NOTES: ACCELERATIONS

DIR.	TIME TO 200ft	MAX. SPEED 4000 ft INDICATED	RECORD No.	INITIAL RATE } OSCILLOGRAPH DATA
FWD-CW	19.0 SEC. 18.9 "	79mph	146	2.80 ACCEL. / 2.89 ΔV/Δt 19.25 SEC. OSC.
REV-CW	19.0 19.4	79mph	154	2.60 ACCEL. / 2.76 ΔV/Δt
FWD-CW	18.9 " 19.1 "	200' ONLY	200	2.75 / 2.75 ΔV/Δt
REV-CW	18.9 " 19.4 "	200' ONLY	202	2.70 / 2.75 ΔV/Δt

SOAC HI-DENSITY CAR (#2)
 TEST RUN 074 (4/19/73)
 ACCELERATION DATA.

REC. No.	DIR-ECT-ION	INITIAL RATE (mph/SEC)	TIME @ INITIAL RATE (SEC)	$\Delta V / \Delta T$ (5 SEC)	VOLTS @ PEAK ACCEL	VOLTS @ BASE SPEED	TIME TO 200ft SEC WATCH	TIME TO 200ft OSCILL. (SEC)	SPEED @ 200ft mph	VOLTS @ 200ft
46	FWD-CW	2.80	~7	2.89	615	584	19.0 18.9	19.2	47.2	584
54	REV-CCW	2.60	~7	2.76	628	604	19.0 19.4	19.5	47.2	604
200	FWD-CW	2.75	~6	2.75	615	592	18.9 19.1	19.2	46.0	584
202	REV-CCW	2.70	~7	2.75	628	615	18.9 19.4	19.5	46.6	603
		REC. No.	PEAK SLOPE JERK RATE (mph/SEC) .5 SEC	1.0 SEC $\Delta a / \Delta t$ JERK RATE (mph/SEC) 1.0 SEC						
		146	4.5	2.4						
		154	3.1	2.3						
		200	3.7	2.5						
		202	3.3	2.2						

DYNAMIC BRAKING ONLY #2 SOAC
 FWD - CW H-D CAR
 RUN 004

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)		RECORD NUMBER
	IND.			RATE	
20					
20					
40	40	15.7	484	3.0	228
40	40	15.8	484	3.0	224
60					
60					
80	78	29.7	1722	3.0	218
80	79	29.5	1734	3.0	213

31536
 29800

 1736

DYNAMIC BRAKING ONLY #2 SOAC
 H-D CAR
 REV - CCW RUN 074

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)		RECORD NUMBER
				RAVE	
20	IND				
20					
40	40	14.6	449	3.1-	246
40	40	15.0	450	3.1	242
60					
60					
80	79	26.6	1585	3.1+	239
80	80	26.5	1577	3.1	232

33800
 -450

33350

CAR #2
HI-DEN.

ACCEPTANCE TESTS
RUNS: 073 & 074

105000LB

TEST RUN	REC	INITIAL SPEED		STOPPING DATA		DEAD TIME (SEC)	SE RE (MIL/SEC)	DECEL. RATE ACCELEROMETER	DECEL RATE $\Delta V/\Delta T$	Σ D.T. +1/2 JPKT -STE/ST
		I _{ND} mph	T _{RE} mph	TIME (SEC)	DIST (FE)					
BLENDED BRAKING: FWD-CW										
073 ↓ ↓	1116	78	77	27.3	1660	-	-	3.0	3.21	N.A.
	1125	79	78	27.3	1670	.8	2.4	3.1	3.06	
	1137	38	38.5	13.8	407	.6	2.1	3.2	3.28	
	1140	40	40	14.2	459	.7	2.4	3.2	3.28	
	1145	40	40	14.3	457	.7	2.3	3.1	3.30	↓
BLENDED BRAKING: REV-CCW										
073 ↓ ↓	1156	79	78	25.4	1508	.9	2.9	3.2	3.28	N.A.
	1202	80	79	25.7	1516	.9	2.4	3.3	3.28	
	1207	40	40	14.0	428	.8	2.7	3.2	3.36	
	1211	40	40	13.6	428	.8	3.2	3.3	-	↓
DYNAMIC BRAKING ONLY: FWD-CW										
074 ↓ ↓	213	79	78	29.5	1734	.8	2.4	2.95	3.01	2.1
	218	78	77	29.7	1722	.8	1.7	2.95	3.01	2.4
	224	40	40	15.8	484	.75	2.2	3.00	3.01	1.9
	228	40	40	15.7	484	.8	2.0	3.00	3.08	1.9
DYNAMIC BRAKING ONLY: REV-CCW										
074 ↓ ↓	232	80	79	26.5	1577	.9	2.3	3.25	3.15	2.0
	239	79	78	26.6	1585	.8	2.5	3.25	3.18	2.1
	242	40	40	15.0	450	.8	2.4	3.20	3.14	1.7
	246	40	40	14.6	449	.8	2.3	3.10	3.08	1.8

SERVICE DUTY CYCLE

CAR No. 2

- HIGH DENSITY -

FWD - CW DIRECTION

FRICION

FLANGE/RIM

WHEEL TREAD

BLENDED

~~Motor~~

CYCLE	TEMPERATURE TIME	STA. #
1 ✓	2:52	3:350 START.
2 ✓		
3 ✓		
4 ✓		
5 ✓		10000
6 ✓		
7 ✓		
8 ✓		
9 ✓		
10 ✓		
11 ✓		
12 ✓	3:13	
13 ✓		7100
14 ✓		
15 ✓		
16 ✓		
17 ✓		
18 ✓		
19 ✓	3:26	
20 ✓		
21 ✓		
22 ✓	3:32	
23 ✓		
24 ✓	3:36:55	264 5

250° (RED)
370° (RED)
370° RED 200° END.

CYCLE	TEMPERATURE STA.
1 L	298
2 L	
3 L	
4 L	M.G.)
5 L	N.G.V
6 L	
7 L	
8 L	140/150°
9 L	
10 L	4:05
11 L	4:06.5
12 L	150/165°
13 L	1200°
14 L	
15 L	F.B.I.F.
16 L	SCIP 0.2012
17 L	CUT - 5/5?
18 L	
19 L	11/30
20 L	
21 L	RESIDUAL CIV
22 L	SLIP/SLIDING
23 L	
24 L	250/170° 300

3:46
4:00
1 LAP 4:05
LTT
PAD FIRE
51 437

2 LAPS

2 LAPS ≠ 33500 ⇒ 26400

1 LAP ≈ 9.12 MILES

9.12
9.12
2.79
26.03 MILES
IN 42.92 MIN
V = 36.4 mph

52796
33500
19296
26400
4625
31775
19296
41071 =

3 LAPS + 30000

↳ + → Δ = 200 FT,

9.12
9.12
9.12
.04
27.40 MILES
IN 51.0 MINUTES
V = 32.2 mph

SOAC TEST RUN

076

WIND SPEED

DATE:

4/10/73

TIME:

START

STOP

1:38

5:15

DIRECTION

- PURPOSE:
- ① TROUBLE SHOOT PROPULSION TRIPS
 - ② FIND BAD SPEEDO-CARD (22 mph LURCH) S/S
 - ③ PUT CURRENT SHUNT ON FWD TRUCK
 - ④ ACCELS. TO 200 ft
 - ⑤ BLENDED BRAKING
 - ⑥ SPEEDOMETER CALIB.

 AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 CAR 2 105000 LB

- LOGIC CARD SWAPPING TO LOCATE PROP. TRIPS @ 22 mph
- 1 S/S LURCHING
- PUT CURRENT SHUNT ON FWD TRUCK @ 1:47

CREW:TEST CONTROLLER F. THOMPSONOPERATIONS DIRECTOR R. DRENMOTORMAN G. BROWNDATA CONTROLLER P. BROWN

GROUND CONTROLLER _____

INSTRUMENTATION _____

REAR MONITOR _____

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL J. HIXRUN NOTES:

- ① REPLACED J34 WITH #2 A-D CAR J34; REPLACED TOP SPEEDO-CARD 46 WITH ORIGINAL THAT WAS IN L-D CAR (ONLY 49 IS SWAPPED NOW) NEED TO REWORK APP. VOLTAGE FEEDBACK CIRCUIT IN BOTH CARS: FIELD TOO STRONG ABOVE V_{BASE} ? (1:38)
- ② RAN WITH #① MODS ABOVE: GOT S/S @ 20 mph BAD CARD WAS CARD 46 TOP SPEEDO CARD: AXLE #1 DID NOT GET TRIPS - CARD J34 IS PROB. BAD. (1:47)
- ③ REPLACE ORIGINAL No. 1 CAR (CARDS: J25; J37; J35) & LEFT J34 FROM No. 2 IN. PUT CARD 46 FROM OTHER CAR BACK IN.

RUN NOTES:

④ SHUNT ON FWD TRUCK - MODS. FROM #③
ABOVE @ 2:03: NO S/S LURCHING @ 20 mph.
CARD 46 WAS BAD. "H-D46" NO TRIPS IN
TRANSITION;

FWD TRUCK

MODE	I MON	I SHUNT	DIR	V A/B BASE	REC
------	----------	------------	-----	------------------	-----

DR	625	315	622	FWD	
----	-----	-----	-----	-----	--

640

DR	650	325	663	FWD	
----	-----	-----	-----	-----	--

SPEEDOMETER CALIBRATION:

<u>VIND</u>	<u>COURSE</u>	<u>TIME</u>	<u>MPH TRUE</u>	<u>REC.</u>
80	4000'	34.25	29.6	211
200 AMPS/TRUCK FOR 80 mph on LEV. LAN.				
50	2000'	27.25	50.0	219
35	2000'	38.55	35.4	223

STOP TO FIX CARD J34 @ 2:37

& ALSO CHECK ARMATURE VOLTS FEEDBACK → FIELD.

FINDINGS: FEEDBACK WIRE FOR ARM. VOLTS CONNECTED
WRONG - MONITOR IS READING THE GENERATED
VOLTAGE OF A DIODE COOLING FAN WHICH WAS

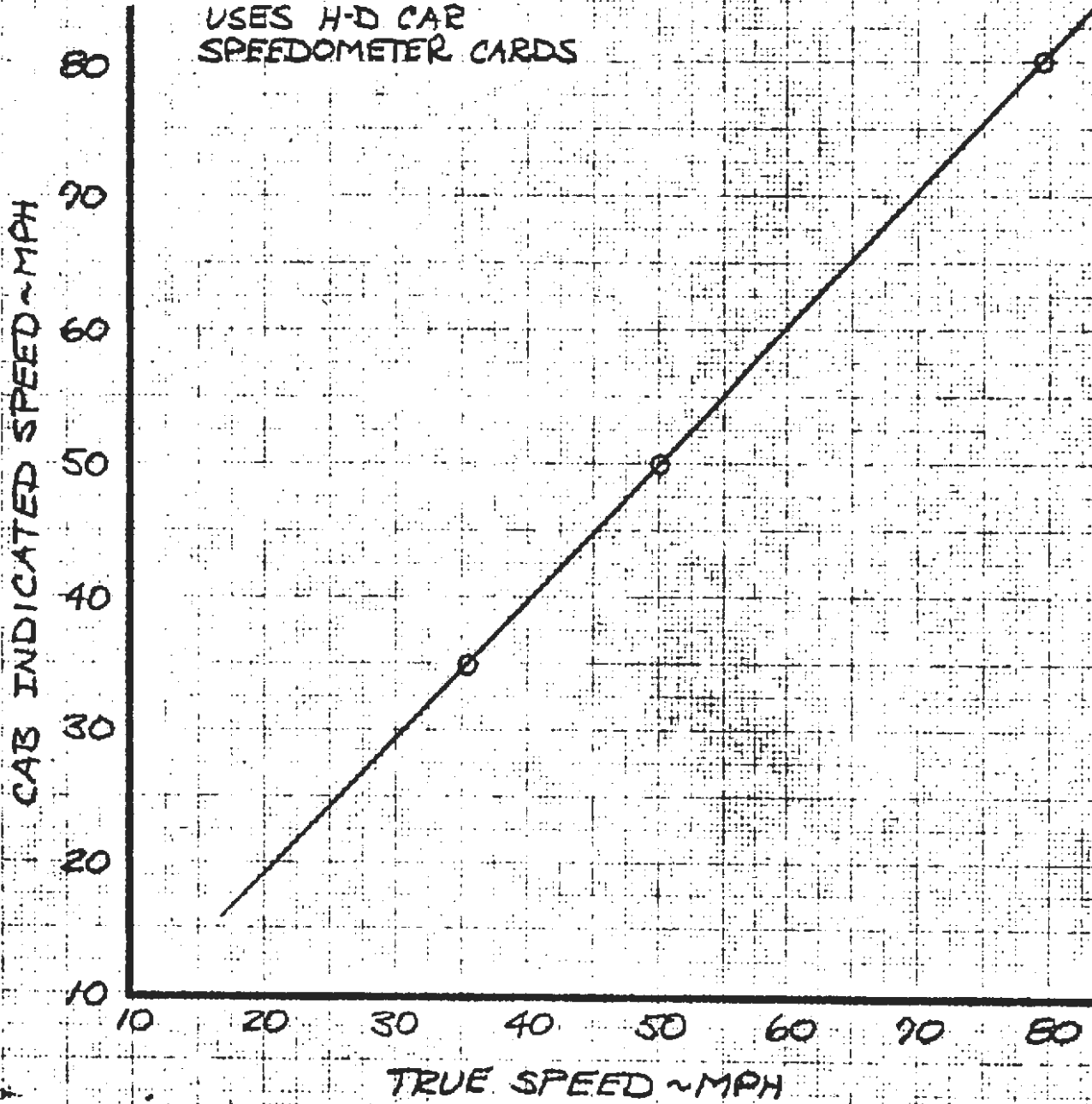
SOAC SPEEDOMETER
CALIBRATION

LOW-DENSITY CAR

• DATA USED FOR
OSCILLOGRAPH
CALIB. ALSO.

O RUN 076 4/10/73

NOTES:
USES H-D CAR
SPEEDOMETER CARDS



P. BROWN
4/10/73

NOT EVEN CONNECTED. (DIODES ADDED TO ~~BE~~ ^{BE} ~~PRE~~ ^{PRE} ~~VENT~~ ^{VENT} ~~THE~~ ^{THE} TWO TRUCK ARMATURE CURRENTS.) THIS IS THE SAME AS ON #2 H-D CAR ALSO & WE RUN THE FULL DUTY CYCLE ON UNCOOLED DIODES. GOOD DESIGN MARGIN... OR THE TWO DIODES IN PARALLEL STILL FUNCTION WITH ONE BLOWN --- TO BE DETERMINED ON #2 CAR; #1 LOOKS OK.

BACK ON LINE @ 3:35

- SMALL FIX ON CARD #34 REPLACED TRANSISTOR (DAMAGE FROM 600VOLT)
- FAN CONNECTED ON DIODES
- ARM. VOLT FEEDBACK INSTALLED
- NO TRIPS

	<u>MONITOR</u>	<u>SHUNT</u>	<u>ON FWD TRUCK</u>
DR	200 I _F	35.0 mV	→ 714 B
"	200 I _F	"	→ " A
BR	260 I _F	38.0	→ 775 CHOP ON,

ACCELERATION RUNS

<u>DIR</u>	<u>t_{200'}</u>	<u>V_{max} 4000'</u>	<u>REC. No.</u>	<u>ACCEL. RATE</u>
FWD.	19.0	29 mph	345	~2.25
REV.	19.7 19.9	29 mph	350	<2.50?
FWD	19.2 19.3	200' ONLY	353	~2.25
REV	19.5 19.7	200' ONLY	356	~2.50

SOAC LOW-DENSITY CAR
TEST RUN 076

ACCELERATION DATA
(3) DIESELS ON-LINE
S.+W. + DOT-001

REC. No.	DIRECTION	INITIAL RATE (mph/SEC)	TIME @ INITIAL RATE (SEC)	$\Delta V/\Delta T$ (mph/SEC) (5 SEC)	VOLTS @ PEAK ACCEL	VOLTS @ BASE SPEED	TIME TO 200 FT (SEC) WATCH	TIME TO 200 FT (SEC)	SPEED @ 200 FT (mph)	VOLTS @ 200 FT
345	FWD	2.75	~8	2.80	640	600	19.0 19.0	19.1	47.4	600
350	REV.	2.5	~6	2.66	650	600	19.7 19.9	20.	45.4	595
353	FWD	2.75	~6	2.78	645	605	19.2 19.3	19.2	46	610
356	REV	2.50	~6	2.66	650	610	19.5 19.7	19.7	45.3	615
421	FWD	2.70	~6	2.67	645	600	—	—	—	—
422	REV	2.55	~6	2.66	645	—	—	—	—	—
MADE ONE LAP IN REV (CW)					AT 80 MPH					
437	REV	2.65	~5	2.66	650	600	19.4 19.4	19.5	45.3	600
443	REV	2.6	~5	2.73	650	600	19.4 19.2	19.5	44.7	600
	AVG RATES ACCEL + $\Delta V/\Delta T$	<u>FWD</u> 2.74	<u>REV</u> 2.62	<u>TOTAL</u> <u>AVG.</u> 2.68						

TEST RUN 076

ACCELERATION DATA

JERK RATES (MPH/SEC²)

REC NO.	PEAK SLOPE .5 SEC	$\Delta a / \Delta t$ (1.0 SEC) 1.0 SEC.
345	3.1	2.1
350	2.5	1.5
353	3.1	2.0
356	2.7	1.8
421	3.1	2.0
422	2.5	2.0
437	2.6	1.8
443	2.6	2.0

TIME 502: LOST FWD TRUCK CURRENT: AFT TRUCK WORKS BUT NO PROPULSION

BLENDED BRKING #1 L-D
 FWD-CCW & REV-CCW RON 076

	INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)		RECORD NUMBER
		IND			RATE	
	20					
	20					
FWD	40	41	14.1	443	~3.1	458
FWD	40	40.5	14.9	461	~3.0	404
REV	40 40	40	14.3	453	~3.2	415
REV	40 40	41	14.6	446	~3.25	453
	80					
	80					

33800

REC	DIR	MODE	RATE
421	FWD	ACCEL	~2.75
422	REV	ACCEL	~2.50

437	REV	19.4/19.4/sec → 200'
443	REV	19.4/19.2 200'

REC- JRD 2.	INITIAL SPEED		STOPPING DATA		DEAD TIME (SEC)	JERK RATE (mph/sec ²)	DECEL RATE ACCELEROMETER (mph/sec)	DECEL RATE $\Delta V/\Delta T$ (mph/sec)	RATE AVG FOR DIRECTION (mph/sec)
	IND. (mph)	TRUE (mph)	TIME (SEC)	DIST (ft)					
<u>BLENDED BRAKING FORWARD DIRECTION</u>									
404	40.5	41	14.9	461	.7	2.6	3.05	3.20	3.19
458	41	41.4	14.1	443	.7	3.0	3.20	3.32	
<u>REVERSE DIRECTION</u>									
415	40	40.5	14.3	453	.7	3.0	3.25	3.32	3.30
453	41	41.4	14.6	446	.7	3.5	3.3	3.33	

SOAC TEST RUN

077

WEATHER CONDITIONS

DATE: 4/11/73

TIME:

START 8:58 STOP 10:00

WIND SPEED

DIRECTION

PURPOSE:

- ① BLENDED BRAKING
- ② CHECK OUT MOTOR CONNECTION



AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 CAR 2 105000 LB

REPAIRED MOTOR CONNECTION ON FWD TRUCK SAME CARDS AS LAST RECORD OF RUN 076 CARDS J34 & 46 ARE FROM #2 #0 CAR.

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER F. THOMPSON

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR R. OREN

MOTORMAN J. HIX

DATA CONTROLLER P. BROWN

GROUND CONTROLLER

INSTRUMENTATION

REAR MONITOR

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL

NOTES:

① DOT-001 NOT ON LINE (ON PURPOSE) WEST & SOUTH DIESELS ONLY ~650 VOLTS OPERATION IS OK.

② GOT SOME CURRENT SPIKES DURING TRANSITION IN SPEED LIMITING - RECORDS AVAILABLE

BLENDED BRAKING #1 L-O CAR
 FWD & REV RUN 097

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RATE	RECORD NUMBER	DIR.
	IND					
20						
20						
40						
40						
80 80	80	26.3	1614	-3.3	946	REV
80 80	80	26.5	1606	-3.3	940	REV
80	81	27.0	1648	-3.05	928	FWD
80	80	26.5	1636	-3.0	920	FWD

0m/s

750/160

750/160

160/110

150/100

CAR # 1 L-D

ACCEPTANCE TESTS
RUN 076

105000 LB.

REC- ORD No.	INITIAL SPEED		STOPPING DATA		DEAD TIME (sec)	JERK RATE (mph/sec ²)	DECEL RATE ACCELEROMETER (mph/sec)	DECEL RATE $\Delta V/\Delta t$ (mph/sec)	RATE AVG FOR DIRECTION (mph/sec)
	IND. (mph)	TRUE (mph)	TIME (SEC)	DIST (ft)					
<u>BLENDING BRAKING FORWARD DIRECTION</u>									
404	40.5	41	14.9	461	.7	2.6	3.05	3.20	3.19
458	41	41.4	14.1	443	.7	3.0	3.20	3.32	
<u>REVERSE DIRECTION</u>									
415	40	40.5	14.3	453	.7	3.0	3.25	3.32	3.30
453	41	41.4	14.6	446	.7	3.5	3.3	3.33	
<u>TEST RUN 077 FORWARD DIRECTION</u>									
920	80	79.5	26.5	1636		3.0	3.0	3.2	3.14
928	81	80.4	27.0	1648		—	3.15	3.2	
<u>REVERSE DIRECTION</u>									
940	80	79.5	26.5	1606		2.9	3.25	3.26	3.22
946	80	79.5	26.3	1614		2.9	3.20	3.16	
						<u>2.9</u> <u>AVG</u>			F&R AVG = <u>3.21</u> mph/sec

DATE:

4/11/23

TIME:

START 10:48 STOP 1:41 PM.

DIRECTION

PURPOSE:

- ① CHECK OUT 2-CAR CONSIST
- ② ACCELERATION
- ③ BLENDED BRAKING
- ④ DYNAMIC BRAKING ONLY



AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 CAR 2 105000 LB

#1 CAR SAME AS RUN 077

#2 CAR BROUGHT UP TO #1 CARDS BUT SOME PERF. AS LAST #2 CAR RUN. 074?

CREW: VARIOUS

TEST CONTROLLER F. THOMPSON

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR R. OPEN

MOTORMAN J. HIX

DATA CONTROLLER P. BROWN

GROUND CONTROLLER T. WEST

INSTRUMENTATION

REAR MONITOR

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL PURVIS DUNLAP G. BROWN

G. DAVIS, W. COBB + FRIENDS & R. BRUSH

NOTES:

① 1048 DRIVE FROM No. 1 N.G. AIR LEAKS.

1106 START AGAIN.

61mph #1 = 62mph #2

REC	DIR	CONTR.	TIME TO 900'	VELOCITY	PRELOAD
1123	FWD	#1	20.0/20.6	75 mph	NO PRELOAD
1128	"	"	20.3/20.4	700' ONLY	PRELOAD ^{WRONG}
1131	"	"	19.4/19.9	700'	PRELOAD

- LESS THAN 600 VOLTS PRIOR TO 900' -

② 1202 SWITCH CONTROL TO #2 H-D CAR

DATA STILL IN #1 CAR → BLEND BRK: ACCEL & DYNM. ONLY

③ CONTROL BACK IN #1 L-D @ 1:10 PM

L-D FWD

BLENDING BRAKING #14² SPEC

FWD DIR ON L-D CAR

RUN 078

TRACK: CCW

I_a

INITIAL SPEED		TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)		RECORD NUMBER
				RATE	
	END.				
20					
20					
40	41	14.3	454	~3.0	1157
40 ³²	41 ⁴¹⁻⁴²	14.0	453	~3.0	1154
60					
60					
80	80 ⁸⁰	27.0	1659	~3.0	1148
80	80	27.1	1664	~3.0	1141

BLENDED BRAKING #1 & #2 CARS
 #2 H-D FWD DIR. (TRACK-CW) RUN 078

INITIAL SPEED	H-D	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RATE	RECORD NUMBER
20	<u>IND CAR 2</u>			ACCEL. RATE - 0.115	
20					
40	40	14.3	417	~3.3	1246
40	40	14.2	423	~3.25	1243
60					
60					
80	79	26.3	1557	~3.3	1236
^{CAR #2} 80	79	26.5	1579	~3.3	1229

<u>REC</u>	<u>DIR</u>	<u>CAR</u>	<u>TIME</u> <u>100'</u>	<u>RATE</u>	<u>PRELIM</u>	<u>DIST</u>
1209	CW FWD	#2	20.2/20.3	~2.55	YES	4000'
1215	"	"	20.2/20.1	~2.55	"	200'

DYNAMIC BRAKING ONLY #1 & #2 SOWC
 #2 H-D FWD DIR. (CW) RUN 018

INITIAL SPEED	H-D	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RATE	RECORD NUMBER
20	IND				
20					
40	40	15.0	447	~3.15	108
40	40	14.5	453	~3.15	105 pm
60					
50					
80	79	28.3	1644	~3.15	100 pm
80	79	28.6	1646	~3.2	1254 pm

CONTROL TO #1 L-D CAB @ 1:10 pm.

DYNAMIC BRAKING ONLY. #1 & #2 500C
 #1 L-D FWD (CCW) RUN 098

INITIAL SPEED L-D #1	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RATE	RECORD NUMBER
20				
20				
40 41	15.2	463	~2.95	132
40 40	14.4	467	~2.95	128
60				
60				
80 80	28.2	1720	~2.95	124
80 79.5	28.4	1706	~2.95	115

DATE:

4/12/23

TIME:

START

STOP

1:35

5:15

DIRECTION

PURPOSE:

- ① CHECK OUT FIXES ON CAP. BANK & CHOPPER
- ② DYNAMIC BRAKING ONLY
- ③ DUTY CYCLES & BLEND./FRICT.

 AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION:

CAR 1

CAR 2

105000 LB

- ① PUT ALL (4) SPARE DRAWERS IN CHOPPER
- ② PUT FUSES FROM #2 (H-D) CAR INTO L-D CAP. BANK (11)
- ③ CHANGED OP. AMP. & SOME "GATE" PARTS

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER F. THOMPSONOPERATIONS DIRECTOR R. OREN

MOTORMAN

G. BROWNDATA CONTROLLER G. DAVIS

GROUND CONTROLLER

INSTRUMENTATION

REAR MONITOR

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL

PURVIS, P. BROWN

NOTES:

- ① RADIO TRANSMIT: LOSE "P" SIGNAL
POSSIBLE RFI INTO "P" GEN.
- ② NO TRIPS OR ARMATURE SPIKES:
D.B. ONLY TEST @ 2:37
- ③ ON CYCLE 9 AND FRICT. ONLY L/H DOOR: WOULD NOT INDICATE "CLOSED" RUN ON "BYPASS SWITCH. (RELEASE MEANS PROPULSION TRIP). HAVE TO HOLD DOWN. CYCLED DOOR CIRCUIT BREAKERS & PROBLEM WENT AWAY CONTINUED CYCLE WITH LITTLE OR NO DWELL TIME TO MATCH-UP. DATA LOOKS OK. GOT ONE MA TRIP IN S.E. RAIL GAP-COME BACK BY ITSELF.

DYNAMIC BRKING ONLY #1 L-0102
 FWD & REV DIRECTION RUN 080

INITIAL SPEED	TIME TO STOP (SEC)	DISTANCE TO STOP (FT)	RATE	RECORD NUMBER	<u>DIR.</u>
40 20 41	15.4	466	~3.1	307	REV
40 20 41	15.4	457	~3.1	304	REV
40 41	16.3	494	~2.5	247	FWD
40 41	15.8	491	~2.5	243	FWD
80 50 79	28.4	1679	~3.1	258	REV
80 50 80	28.0	1700	~3.1	253	REV
80 80	28.7	1759	~2.5	239	FWD
80 80	28.9	1774	~2.5	231	FWD

REC FULL
 240 ACCEL IN REV.
 250 " " FWD

* ACCELEROMETER IS IMPROPER IN BRK-FWD DATA; INTERMITTENT PROBLEM.
 — SEE FINAL TABULATED DATA FOR RATES.

TEST RUN 080

DYNAMIC ONLY

CAR No. 1 L-D

REC. NO.	INITIAL SPEED		STOPPING DATA		DEAD TIME SEC	JERK RATE mph/SEC ²	DECEL RATE ACCELER. DIMETER 2 mph/SEC	DECEL RATE 4/11 mph/SEC	S.D.T.	
	F. NO. mph	T. VE mph	TIME SEC	DIST. FE					+1/8 JERK	+1/8 DE
FORWARD - CCW ON TRACK										
231	80	19.5	28.7	1974	.7	2.5	N.G.	2.90	1.5	AVG. =
239	80	19.5	28.7	1759	.8	2.1	N.G.	2.93	1.7	2.96 mph/SEC
243	41	41.4	15.8	491	.8	2.3	N.G.	3.03	1.8	
247	41	41.4	16.3	494	.7	2.2	N.G.	2.97	1.7	

REVERSE - CW ON TRACK										
53	80	19.5	28.0	1700	.8	2.2	3.05	3.00	1.9	AVG. =
258	19	18.4	28.4	1679	.8	2.3	3.00	3.07	2.3	3.04 mph/SEC
304	41	41.4	15.4	457	.7	2.5	3.05	3.07	1.8	
307	41	41.4	15.4	466	.7	2.5	3.05	3.00	1.3	2-WAY AVG. = 3.00 mph/SEC

REF. TIME	RECORD 253 TIME HISTORY		
	DECEL RATE	SPEED	TIME RATE SPEED
0	0	29.5	
2.3	2.3	27	26.5 1.50 1.5
2.25	2.25	25	
2.85	2.85	23	
2.90	2.90	22	
3.00	3.00	21	
3.00	3.00	20	
3.05	3.05	19	
3.05	3.05	18	
3.05	3.05	17	
3.05	3.05	16	
3.05	3.05	15	
3.05	3.05	14	
3.05	3.05	13	
3.05	3.05	12	
3.05	3.05	11	
3.05	3.05	10	
3.05	3.05	9	
3.05	3.05	8	
3.05	3.05	7	
3.05	3.05	6	
3.05	3.05	5	
3.05	3.05	4	
3.05	3.05	3	
3.05	3.05	2	
3.05	3.05	1	
3.05	3.05	0	

SOHC L-D CAR
SERVICE DUTY CYCLE

RDN 4/1/73

BLENDED
MOTOR

FWD ~ CCW DIRECTION

FRICTION ONLY

WHEEL TREAD

CYCLE	TEMPERATURE	
	TIME	STATION
1 ✓	3:11	323
2 ✓		
3 ✓		
4 ✓	3:18	
5 ✓		
6 ✓		
7 ✓		
8 ✓		
9 ✓		296?
10 ✓		
11 ✓		
12 ✓		
13 ✓		
14 ✓		
15 ✓		
16 ✓		
17 ✓	3:43	
18 ✓		
19 ✓		
20 ✓		
21 ✓	3:52	
22 ✓		
23 ✓		
24 ✓		

CYCLE	TEMPERATURE	
	TIME	STATION
1 ✓	4:11	127
2 ✓		
3 ✓		
4 ✓		
5 ✓		LTT
6 ✓		
7 ✓		130
8 ✓		130
9 ✓		
10 ✓	4:40	DOOR PRO 134
11 ✓	35 SEC	STOP TIME 250
12 ✓		
13 ✓		
14 ✓		
15 ✓		
16 ✓		
17 ✓	250°	
18 ✓	33 SEC	STOP
19 ✓		
20 ✓	30 SEC	DWELL
21 ✓	3 LAPS	
22 ✓	"FIRE" SEC.	CLEAR
23 ✓	68 PSI	
24 ✓		

1 LAP

NO 68
30 SEC
DWELL

MA TRIP IN
SEGAP.

2 LAPS

STOP

LOST OSC. PWR
CONTINUE
TEST

30 SEC
DWELL

SOOP: 3:58 24/200

3 LAPS + 32300 TO 24200
24200
8100 FT

TIME: 47 min.
1.96 min./STOP.

9.12
9.12
9.12
1.53

$\bar{V} = 36.9 \text{ mph}$

28.89 mL OIST.

31.6 SEC

5:09 2010 FT

STA: 318

3 LAPS + 127 TO 318

320°/280°

IRTD/RIND

31800
12700
19100
-362
9.12
5.50
9.12
9.12
9.12

TIME: 58 min.
2.42 min./STOP

30.86 mL

$\bar{V} = 32.9 \text{ mph}$

SOAC #1 L-D CAR
TEST RUN 030

- INSTRUMENTATION CHECK -

ACCELERATION & BRAKING RATES

REC.	MODE	DIRECT.	ACCEL. ACCELEROMETER	K=66.7 $\Delta V/\Delta T$ SPEEDOMETER	DUTY CYCLE NUMBER
239	BRAKE	FWD	-2.75	-2.93	—
240	ACCEL	REV	2.45	2.67	—
253	BRAKE	REV	-3.05	-3.00	—
250	ACCEL.	FWD	2.80	2.78	—
<u>STOPPING</u>			<u>AVERAGES</u>		<u>FRICITION:</u>
	BRAKE	FWD	-2.30	-2.22	#5
	↓	↓	-2.50	-2.47	#11
2010	↓	↓	-2.75	-2.73	#24
DIST.					ALL ON LEV. TANG. TRK

NOTE: BASED ON ABOVE DATA THE ACCELEROMETER APPEARS TO BE IN ERROR FOR FWD-BRAKE & REV-ACCEL ON CAR No. 1, DATA VALIDATED BY SPEEDOMETER TRACE. THIS IS AN INTERMITTANT PROBLEM & SOME DATA IS OK.

MAX. RECORDED BRAKE TEMPS: 320° TREAD
FRICITION CYCLE #24: 280° RIM
- CAR MEETS BRAKE SPEC. RATE & DIST. ON
FINAL STOP.

SECTION 2. RIDE QUALITY TESTS

SOAC TEST RUN

011

DATE

11/30/72

TIME

START

1:00 PM

STOP

4:00 PM

CONFIGURATION

Motorman:

CREW:

CAR 1

CAR 2

105 K16

REASON

CONTINUED RIDE QUALITY & NOISE DATA

METHOD:

- (a) Operate Car around loop at ^{constant} ~~continuous~~ speed 50 MPH
- (b) RESET DAMPING
- (c) Repeat 50 MPH Run
- (d) When satisfied with settings (3 or 4 runs) take ride data at other speeds 25, 35, 80

* Noise Data Interior at 80 MPH

Check or walk thru Expansion joint at Loc 339+30

DATA:

* SPEED LIMIT; TEST CANCELLED

SOAC TEST RUN

057

DATE:

3/22/73

TIME:

START
11:20

STOP
12:30

PURPOSE:

2-CAR TRAIN TESTS -

- RUN ASMS TEST AND OBTAIN TRUCK MOTION DATA FOR GSI

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

WIND SPEED

DIRECTION

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

START
STOP

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER B Loco BRUSH (REGGIE PARKER) CAR

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR J HOEHL

MOTORMAN GARY DAVIS

DATA CONTROLLER WALT BALLAVER

GROUND CONTROLLER DAVE HASKEL

INSTRUMENTATION FRANK ROSSIGNOL

REAR MONITOR

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL GARY HOEHL (SLC) GUS KRAYSE (GSI)

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION:

CAR 1	CAR 2	105K LB
-------	-------	---------

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

- INSTALLED TRUCK MOTION INSTRUMENTATION
- NO CHANGES TO CARS FROM VESTALORY

DIRECTION: CW (REV)
CAB N^o 2 (HIDDEN)

DIRECTION:
CAB N^o

REC N ^o	SPEED COMMAND	SPEED IND	REC N ^o	SPEED COMMAND	SPEED IND
1135/1137	3	3	1200	3	
	15	15		15	15/16
	25	25		25	26/25
1140	35	35		35	35/36
1143	50	50		50	51
1145	70	70		70	70
1147	80	80		80	79
1150	70	70		70	70
1153	50	50		50	50
1154	35	35		35	35
	25	4		25	25
	15	14		15	15
	3	-		3	-
			1215	70	70
			1216	70	50

TRACK SECTION

TEST STATION

REF

I	1	205
II	2	230
III	39	250
	36	315
IV	49	365
	46	428
V	5	467
VI	6	490
	↑	

SOAC TEST RUN

062

DATE: 3/18/73

TIME:

START 3:50 STOP 5:30

PURPOSE: • MEASURE ALTERNATING CURRENTS ON NO 2 (1+D) CAR, • MEASURE RIDE QUALITY FOR GST WITH 3" BLOCK OUT

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED

WIND SPEED and DIRECTION input boxes

DIRECTION

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE input box

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

START

STOP

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER REGGIE PARKER

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR TROY DOMAR

MOTORMAN GARY DAVIS

DATA CONTROLLER WALT BALLOVCK

GROUND CONTROLLER

INSTRUMENTATION

REAR MONITOR DICK HASKEL

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL SUS KRAUSE, NELSON BAUM,

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 (CAR 2)

105K LB

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, 'QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

- REMOVED 3" SPACER BLOCKS FROM EACH TRUCK ON NO 2 CAR, • ADJUSTED SPEED SENSOR CARs TO SPEED TO TRY & ELIMINATE STARTING LURCH

Nº 2 CAR
CW (FWD)

FWD TRUCK

Run v-
3/28/73

MODEL	MOMENTUM	V	I	↑/↓ BASIC SPEED
D	650	1.67	668	↑
	600	1.65	660	↑
	300	.74	296	↑
	150	.25	100	↑
	125	.14	56	↑
<hr/> B	770	2.20	820	<hr/>
	800	2.15	900	
	800	2.25	900	<hr/>
<hr/> D	350	.55	340	↓
	410	1.04	416	↓
	510	1.40	560	↑
	500	1.33	532	↑
	650	1.73	692	↑
	600	1.65	660	↑
	750	2.12	848	↑
	200	.43	172	↑
	100	.10	40	↑
<hr/> B	200	.38	120	<hr/>
	300	.72	288	
	400	1.01	404	
	500	1.28	512	
	650	1.86	744	<hr/>
<hr/> D	500	2.27	888	↓
	750	2.02	808	↓
	725	2.01	804	↑ ↓
	500	2.21	884	↓
	500	1.33	532	↓
	400	.97	388	↑ ↓

N^o 2 H-D
REV (CCW)

FWD TRUCK

Run 063
3/28/73

MODE	MAN-TON	V	J	↓/↑ BASE SILL
D	800	2.19 ⁽²¹⁹⁾	876	↓
	500	1.31	524	↓
	600	1.65	660	↓
	700	1.94	792	↓
	200	2.37	148	↓
	300	.72	288	↓
	400	1.05	420	↓
	110	.15	60	↑
	200	.42	168	↑
	300	.75	300	↑
	400	1.04	416	↑
	500	1.35	540	↑
	740	2.09	836	↑
	B	760	2.10	840
100		.28	32	
200		.79	156	
300		.77	302	
400		1.06	424	
500		1.37	548	
600		1.64	656	
750		2.10	840	

№ 2 CS12
FWD (CW)

AFT T120C1C

RUN 061
3/28/63

MODE	MINITEL	V	I	↓/↑ BNSL SPLEN
D	100	.07	28	↓
	150	.10	40	↓
	200	.16	64	↓
	300	.37	148	↓
	400	.58	232	↓
	500	.81/78	324/312	↓
	600	1.03	412	↓
	500	1.42	565	↓
	750	1.35	556	↓
	725	1.38	552	↓
	735	1.40	560	↑
	600	1.14	456	↑
	100	.02	8	↑
	200	.26	104	↑
	300	.46	184	↑
	400	.68	272	↑
	510	.92	368	↑
625	1.12	440	↑	
B	100	.04	16	
	200			
	300	.42	168	
	400	.66	264	
	500	.86	344	
	700	1.35/37	540	
	740	1.41	564	
D	500	1.40	566	↓
	750	1.33	532	↓
B	200	.27	108	
	600	1.08	432	

N^o 2 CAR (A-D) AFT TRUCK
REV (CCU)

Run 062
3/28/73

MODE	MONITOR	V	I	↓ / ↑ BASE SPEED
D	100	.06	24	↓
	200	.27	108	↓
	300	.53	212	↓
	400	.79/.77	300	↓
	500	.95/.93	380	↓
	600	1.14	456	↓
	700	1.42	568	↓
	800	1.60	640	↓
	750	1.43	572	↑↓
	100	.03	12	↑
	200	.22	58	↑
	300	.42	168	↑
	400	.63	252	↑
	500	.84	336	↑
	600	1.06	424	↑
	770	1.36	544	↑
	B	800	1.52	568
100		.03	12	
200		.18	72	
300		.40	160	
400		.62	268	
500		.80	320	
600		1.03	412	
700		1.38	552	

SOAC TEST RUN

063

DATE:

3/29/78

TIME:

START 9:30 STOP 11:00

PURPOSE:

- CHECK-OUT STARTING LUNCH FIX
- OBTAIN ADDITIONAL RIDE QUALITY DATA
- REPERASE DUTY CYCLE TEST TECHNIQUE

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED []
DIRECTION []

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE []

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE []
START []
STOP []

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER BOB BRUSH

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR ROY BOMAR

MOTORMAN GARY DAVIS

DATA CONTROLLER WALT BALLMAN

GROUND CONTROLLER _____

INSTRUMENTATION _____

REAR MONITOR DICK NASKEL

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL GUS KRUSE (GSI), TED PETTEAM^{ST?} (GSI)

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 CAR 2

105 K LB.

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, 'QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

ODOMETER READING 3100 MILES.

938 - DECEL FILM STOP - SPIN-SLIDE

NO SPIN-SLIDE LITE INDICATION

942 - LURCH CHECK

} NO LURCH

943 - " "

-
- ELIMINATED LURCH AT START BY RE-CALIBRATION OF SPEED SENSOR CARDS (NEZ COR)
 - SLIP-SPIN FLIGHT IN CAP A INIT WORKING.
 - NOISE IS AWFUL NEEDS TO BE LOOKED AT.

SOAC TEST RUN

064

DATE:

3/29/73

TIME:

START 3:50	STOP 4:35
---------------	--------------

PURPOSE:

• RIDE QUALITY DATA FOR GSI WITH 3" SWIM REMOVED

WEATHER CONDITION:

SNOWING -

WIND SPEED

DIRECTION

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

--

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

START
STOP

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER BOB TRUSI

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR WALT BALLANCE

MOTORMAN GARY DAVIS

DATA CONTROLLER _____

GROUND CONTROLLER _____

INSTRUMENTATION _____

REAR MONITOR DICK HASKEL

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL GUS KRAUSE

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 CAR 2

105K LBS.

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, 'QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

RAN ABOUT 1HR. NO PROBLEMS - GUS KRAUSE GOT ALL THE DATA HE REQUIRED.

SOAC TEST RUN

090

WIND SPEED

DATE:

4-26-73

TIME:

START 14-16 STOP 11500
1607 1840

DIRECTION

PURPOSE:

1 VIBRATION - CAR 2 INSTR
2 WAY SIDE NOISE



AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 CAR 2

HYDEN-INSTR TRUCK
CAR BODY

PANTO - UP & DOWN

Hyden Cab
3rd rail fuel tank

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER THOMPSON

1 # 2

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR HAZLEY

MOTORMAN HASKALL

DATA CONTROLLER SPENCED

GROUND CONTROLLER

INSTRUMENTATION VLAMICK
KRAUSE

REAR MONITOR MURPHY

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL G DAVIS CORE

AND JAMIE WINESTEM

NO. NOISE ~ NOISE

1 SPEED SWEEP - 25, 35, 50, 60, 64, 70, 75, 80 - SECT I
NORMAL

2 SPEED SWEEP - DEAD CAR - 50, 60, 70, 80
(SECT I) #1 DEAD CAR - 50, 64, 70, 80
#2 DEAD CAR - 50, 64, 70, 80

3 VERT DAMPER OFF - SPEED SWEEP - 50, 60, 65, 70
75, 80

PANTO OK

4 SPEED SWEEP - 25 etc SECT 1A

SOAC 092, 091, 090

ROW	VEL	VERT DAMPER CONFIG	CAR CONFIG	SHIMS
1	25	IN	# 2 PWD.	NONE
2	35			
3	50			
4	60			
5	65			
6	70			
7	76			
8	80		# 2 PWD	
9	62		# 1 PWD	
10	65			
11	70			
12	80	IN	# 1 PWD	NONE
13	80	OUT	# 2 PWD	WOOD
14	75			
15	70			
16	66			
17	60			
18	55			
19	50		# 2 PWD	
20	50		# 1 PWD	
21	70		# 1 PWD	
22	80	OUT	# 1 PWD	WOOD
23	80		# 2 PWD	METAL
24	70			
25	50			METAL
26	70			NONE
27	50			WOOD
28	80	OUT	# 2 PWD	NONE

SOAC TEST RUN

091

WEATHER CONDITIONS

WIND SPEED

DATE:

4-27-73

TIME:

START 11:00 STOP 12:35

DIRECTION

PURPOSE:

- 1. VIBRATION INVESTIGATION
- 2. WAYSIDE NOISE



AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 CAR 2

VERT DAMPER-DISCONNECTED - BOTH CARS
MA SHOCKS - LOCKED OUT - HYDEN ONLY

Wire Problem not resolved

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER THOMPSON

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR HAZLEY

MOTORMAN DAVIS/HASKELL

DATA CONTROLLER VLAMINCK

GROUND CONTROLLER MURPHY

INSTRUMENTATION KRAUSE

REAR MONITOR HIX

SPENCEA

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL CURE, PODGAINY

1 SPEED SWEEP - ~~25, 35, 50~~⁵⁰, 60/65/70, 75, 80
#2 Car Power SECT I
MA LOCKED

2 SPEED SWEEP - MA UNLOCKED - 50, 70, 80

3 PANTO UP SPEED SWEEP 50, 70, 80

4 UNCOUPLE - RUN HYDEN

5 Speed sweep - #2 Power -

SOAC TEST RUN

092

WEATHER CONDITIONS

DATE:

4-27-73

TIME:

START 15:30 STOP 17:05

WIND SPEED

DIRECTION

PURPOSE:

1 VIBRATION INVESTIGATION
2 WAYSIDE NOISE

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION:

CAR 1 CAR 2

VERTICAL DAMPER - DISCONNECTED - BOTH CARS
M A S HOCKS - LOCKED OUT - HYDEM ONLY
"P" WIRE PROBLEM -

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER THOMPSON

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR HAZLEY

MOTORMAN DAVIS/HASKILL

DATA CONTROLLER VLAMINCK

GROUND CONTROLLER

INSTRUMENTATION KRAUSE
SPENCER

REAR MONITOR HIX

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL

- 1 SPEED SWEEP - VIB - 50 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80
- 2 WAYSIDE EQUIPMENT NOISE - PLATFORM TEST
- 3 SECT I - 50 POWER, 25 COAST, 50 POWER, 35 COAST
50 POWER 30 COAST
- 4 SPEED SWEEP AT SECT II III IV V VI

70 MPH, 30, 80MPH

Complier Problem
P wire Problem
C S Breaker #1 Cor-

SOAC TEST RUN

129

WEATHER CONDITIONS

WIND SPEED

DATE:

7/5/73

TIME:

START 9:48 STOP 11:30

DIRECTION

PURPOSE:

CAR No 2 CHECK RUN AFTER LAY UP

90+

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 CAR 2
90 000 # G.W.

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER A. VOLLMECKE

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR _____

MOTORMAN GARRY DAVIS

DATA CONTROLLER GENE BROWN

GROUND CONTROLLER FRANK THOMPSON

INSTRUMENTATION _____

REAR MONITOR DICK WHEELER

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL _____

HAND BRAKE RELEASE OK

VIBRATION CHECK WALK THROUGH

40 OK

45 OK VERY SLIGHT @ CAB END

50 OK VERY SLIGHT @ CAB END

55 OK

60 OK

65 OK

70 OK

75 OK

80 VIBRATION CAME IN ON SECT I
WAS LOCAL TO STA 670
OVER REAR MOTOR BLOWER
LEVEL "MED-HIGH"
II-107

NOTE CAR ACTION ITEMS

① MA TRIP THROUGH GAP NO INDICATOR
LIGHT. RECYCLED OK AFTER
RESET.

② FWD TRUCK ANALOG BRAKE
VALVE LEAKING - REPLACE
WITH SPARE

③ INSPECT REAR END UNDERCAR
FOR NOISE (IMPACT OR LOOSE PART)

SOAC TEST RUN

130

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED

[]

DATE:

7/5/73

TIME:

START 15:30 STOP 17:00

DIRECTION

[]

PURPOSE:

RIDE QUAL CHECK AFTER BEEF UP

100+

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

CAR & INSTRUMENTATION CHECK OUT

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION:

CAR 1

CAR 2

89, KLB

START ODOMETER 5954

END ODOMETER 5996

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER F. THOMPSON

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR A. Dollmecke

MOTORMAN GARY DAVIS

DATA CONTROLLER Gus Krause/S Shapiro

GROUND CONTROLLER " "

INSTRUMENTATION R. McCammon

REAR MONITOR D. HASKELL

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL 2 OREN W. Cobb Dave Bunnes

G.S.T. Ride Quality measurements.

Engineering Instrumentation Check out.

SECTION 3. NOISE MEASUREMENT TESTS

SOAC TEST RUN

05

DATE 11-16-72

TIME START 1045 STOP 1245

CONFIGURATION

CAR 1 CAR 2 RUN SINGLE @ 105,000 LB
LOW DENSITY HIGH DENSITY

REASON

LOST

ACCEL, DECEL, MOTOR FLASH OVER
OBTAIN NOISE

METHOD: SET-UP DISTANCE COURSE
STA 298 TO STA 338

1. RUN CAR FWD DIRECTION TO VMAX
EVALUATE MOTOR FLASH OVER
2. RUN CAR AFT DIRECTION TO VMAX
EVALUATE MOTOR FLASH OVER
3. ACCEL CAR 20, 40, 60 MPH
RECORD TIME TO SPEED AND DISTANCE
4. DECEL CAR FROM 20, 40, 60 MPH
RECORD TIME AND DISTANCE
BLENDED BRAKE, DYNAMIC ONLY
FRICTION ONLY

DATA:

5. NOISE DATA:
Three Interior locations @ accel, 0, 20, 40, 60 MPH
Two Exterior Positions @ 0, 20, 40, 60 MPH passing speed
All equipment operating

INTERIOR NOISE LEVELS - SOAC #1; LOW DENSITY CAR
 'A' WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL - dBA
 CAR @ 105 K16; empty
 ALL EQUIPMENT OPERATING

11/16/72; Run 005

		FRONT OVR #1 TRK	CENTER	REAR OVR #2 TRK
SEATED (EAR LEVEL)	Acceleration	63	62.5	65
	0	62	61	64.5
	25	63	61	64
	35	63	61	65
	50	65	63	67
	70	72	65	70
STANDING (EAR LEVEL)	Acceleration	63	62.5	66
	0	62	62	65
	25	63	61.5	64
	35	63	62.	65
	50	65	63	67
	70	72	65	70

*

*

Only two exterior
 noise level data
 points obtained
 this date:
 5' from ear; 3' above
 rail, car at
 0 MPH 84 dBA
 30 MPH 114 dBA

• Effect of track location
 not considered

* Acceleration noise
 levels are a function
 of speed

II-112

RON 15

INTERIOR NOISE LEVELS - SOAC #1

'A' Weighted Sound Level - dbA

• LIGHTS OFF

Car at 105 KIB

⊙ LIGHTS ON

	ACCELERATION	FRONT (TRK #1)	CENTER	REAR (TRK #2)
SEATED (EAR LEVEL)	20 ²⁵	63	62.5	64
	40 ³⁵ 50	62 65	61 63	64 65 67
	70	68 72	63	70
	0	62	63 61	64.5 64
STANDING (EAR LEVEL)	ACCELERATION	63	62.5	65
	20 ²⁵ 40 ³⁵ 50	63 63 65	61.5 62 63	64 65 67
	70	68 72	64	70 71
	0	62	63 61	65 65

EXTERNAL NOISE LEVELS - SOAC #~~2~~ / 1

'A' WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL ~ dbA

Car at 105 K1b

RUN 005
006

	SPEED (MPH)	MAX. SOUND LEVEL
50' from Car; 5' ABOVE RAIL	0	
	20	
	40	
	60	
5' from Car; 35' Above Rail	0	84
	20	80
	40	70
	60	60
	80	114

SOAC TEST RUN

010

DATE

11/29/72

TIME

START

9:30AM

STOP

Noon

Motorman

CONFIGURATION

Crew

CAR 1 CAR 2

10SKIB

(a) Car 2 Driving Train

(b) Car 2 alone

REASON

(a) VIP Tour (b) Speed Limiting, Ride Quality & Noise

METHOD:

9:30 to 10:30 : Check operation & walk thru

(a) VIP Run

the couple, remove #1 CAR to Barn

(b) Run loop at steady speeds with ASMS. 25, 35, 50, 70

Record: Ride Quality
Noise Data

DATA:

9:30 - ON TRACK
PUB UP, MAIN AIR RESERVOIR VALVE FROZEN & LEAKING.
CLEARED WITH HEAT; VALVE HEAT NOT ON
DURING LAYOVER DUE TO LACK OF BATTERY
CHARGING POWER IN BARN.

2 Runs for CHECKOUT

VIP RUN COMPLETED

SHUTDOWN @ 12 NOON

(b) Runs in AFTERNOON II-115

(CONT. COMMENTS OVER 2)

NOTE:

Rail Switch at main junction ~~is~~ is
loose & bent. Cause uncertain. Must not
pass thru switch at more than 15 MPH
and must be in CCW direction

P.M. Ride Quality & Noise Data started
25, 35, 50 MPH; Tripped or shutdown
at 80 MPH. on return to start point
new problems noted. Shutdown at
2:30 PM.

INTERIOR NOISE LEVELS - SOAC #2

'A' Weighted Sound Level - dbA

Car at 105 K16 ; EMPTY ; RUN BACKWARDS (CCW) 11/29/72 Row #10

		FRONT (TRK #1)	CENTER	REAR (TRK #2)
SEATED (EAR LEVEL)	ACCELERATION			
	20	63	62	68
	35	63.5	63	68
	40-50	64.5	63	69
	80			71
	0		69	68
STANDING (EAR LEVEL)	ACCELERATION			
	20	63	62	65
	35	63	63	67
	40-50	64	63	66
	80			71
	0		62	64

EXTERNAL NOISE LEVELS - SOAC #2

'A' WEIGHTED SOUND LEVEL ~ dbA

Car at 105 K16

	SPEED (MPH)	MAX. SOUND LEVEL
50' from Car; 5' Above RAIL		
5' from Car; 5' Above Rail	20	84
	40	90 91
	60	93

93
92

92

92

SECTION 4. EMI TESTS

SOAC TEST RUN

066

DATE:

4-2-3

TIME:

START	STOP
9:40	12:30

PURPOSE: RECORO CURRENTS FROM CURRENT SHUNT ^(HALL) CURRENT SENSOR & ARMATURE CURRENT SENSOR
TAKE EMI DATA

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED

DIRECTION

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

START
STOP

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER R. PARKER

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR T. BOMAR MOTORMAN LARRY DAVIS
 DATA CONTROLLER CLIFF HALL/M. BECKER GROUND CONTROLLER _____
 INSTRUMENTATION CLIFF HALL/P. SPENCER REAR MONITOR DICK HASKEL

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL _____

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 & CAR 2

105 KC LB CARS AT ORIGINAL HT.

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, 'QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

SOAC TEST RUN

067

DATE:

4-7-3

TIME:

START 2:00 STOP 5:30

PURPOSE: RECORD CURRENTS FROM CURRENT SHUNT, HALL CURRENT SENSOR & ARMATURE CURRENT SENSOR. TAKE EMF DATA.

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED

[]

DIRECTION

[]

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

[]

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

START [] STOP []

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER F. THOMPSON

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR T. BOMBA

MOTORMAN G. DAVIS

DATA CONTROLLER C. HALL / M. RECHER

GROUND CONTROLLER _____

INSTRUMENTATION C. HALL / P. SPENCER

REAR MONITOR D. HASKEL

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL _____

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 & CAR 2

105K LB CARS AT ORIGINAL WTS.

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, 'QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

SOAC TEST RUN

068

DATE:

4-3-2

TIME:

START

0900

STOP

12:45

PURPOSE: TAKE EMI DATA

WEATHER CONDITION:

WIND SPEED

DIRECTION

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE

AMBIENT AIR TEMPERATURE

START

STOP

CREW:

TEST CONTROLLER F. THOMPSON

OPERATIONS DIRECTOR T. BOMER

MOTORMAN B. DAVIS

DATA CONTROLLER M. BICKER

GROUND CONTROLLER _____

INSTRUMENTATION P. SPENCER

REAR MONITOR P. FISKALL

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL _____

VEHICLE CONFIGURATION: CAR 1 + CAR 2

105 K LB

THE FOLLOWING PAGES CONTAIN THE METHOD, 'QUICK-LOOK INDICATORS, TEST DATA AND RECORD NUMBERS FOR RECORDED DATA.

APPENDIX III

RIDE QUALITY REPORT
D174-10025-1

THE **BOEING** COMPANY
VERTOL DIVISION · MORTON, PENNSYLVANIA

CODE IDENT. NO. 77272

NUMBER D174-10025-1

TITLE SOAC RIDE QUALITY IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

FOR LIMITATIONS IMPOSED ON THE USE OF THE INFORMATION
CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT AND ON THE DISTRIBUTION
OF THIS DOCUMENT, SEE LIMITATIONS SHEET.

MODEL _____ CONTRACT _____

ISSUE NO. _____ ISSUED TO: _____

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ABSTRACT

A ride quality test program on the State-of-the-Art Car uncovered vertical vibrations near 80 MPH. Shake tests of the SOAC identified the major vertical modes of the primary car structure and significant secondary structure. The secondary structure supporting the motor alternator was analyzed and modified. Subsequent shake tests and ride quality tests verified that the structural changes produced the desired improvement in ride quality.

KEY WORDS

Rail Vehicle Dynamics
Ride Quality Test
Urban Rapid Rail Vehicle
State-of-the-Art Car

LIMITATIONS

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All revisions to this document shall be approved by the
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SUMMARY

This report presents the results of a vibration reduction program conducted on the State-of-the-Art Car (SOAC) to improve ride quality. The testing included two ride quality vibration surveys, two vehicle shake tests, and a wheel concentricity test. All tests were performed at the DOT High Speed Ground Test Center (HSGTC) during the period April through July 1973.

This program of testing and analysis indicated the structure supporting the motor alternator should be modified. This modification was designed by Boeing Vertol and installed on the vehicle at HSGTC. A shake test verified the predicted structural response and a follow-up ride quality survey substantiated that the objectionable vibrations had been eliminated.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

During acceptance testing of the SOAC on the Urban Mass Transit Authority's (UMTA) 80-mph test oval, passenger observations indicated a vertical ride quality vibration problem existed on the vehicle. The most noticeable vibration occurred near 80 mph, although car body vibrations were evident at other speeds. Vibration near 80 mph was characterized by motions of the floor, ceiling panels and seats. These observations and passenger comments precipitated a diagnostic and corrective program which included: a diagnostic ride quality vibration survey, vehicle shake test, analysis, subsequent structural modification, verification shake test, ride quality survey, and a wheel concentricity test. These tests were performed at the HSGTC, Pueblo, Colorado, in parallel with the acceptance testing.

The vibrations of interest were at frequencies higher than are normally treated by a truck builder; that is, higher than the rigid body suspension frequencies. However, the services and test equipment of the truck supplier (GSI) were used in the diagnostic testing. Since the frequency of vibration was associated with car body flexible modes, St. Louis Car Company requested the assistance of the Boeing Vertol Company to conduct the diagnostic testing, associated analysis, and detailed design of the necessary structural modifications.

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2.0 INITIAL RIDE QUALITY TEST

2.1 PURPOSE OF TEST

The main purpose of this diagnostic test was to provide a quantitative evaluation of any vibration problems of the vehicle and investigate in detail the observed 80 mph problem.

2.2 TEST EQUIPMENT

Six Statham linear accelerometers of the unbonded strain gage type were used to record the ride quality characteristics of the vehicle. Three vertical car body accelerometers were used: one located over the bolster (Station 108); one located over the center of the car (Station 450); and one over a point in between (Station 225). An exploded view of the SOAC identifying the station numbers of the vehicle is presented in Figure 3.

One longitudinal accelerometer was used and placed in the car over the bolster. The other two vertical accelerometers were located on the truck bolster and on the No. 1 traction motor. Data were collected on a six-channel Honeywell Visicorder Model 906-C. All of this instrumentation was supplied by General Steel Industries.

2.3 TEST PROCEDURES

The facilities at the HSGTC were used for this ride quality test. Data were recorded on UMTA's 80-mph test oval, traveling at various planned speeds with the car moving in forward and reverse directions over track section 1, Station 160, a straight and level track with wooden ties and welded rail. Figure 5 identifies the track section and station number. Data were collected on the No. 2 SOAC, the high density car, at the 90,000 lbs. light car weight.

All data records were of at least 10 seconds duration and were reduced manually. Visual observations were made of the interior of the car throughout the duration of the test to detect any other vibration problems which may not have been recorded by the instrumentation available.

2.4 RESULTS OF TEST

The results of the ride quality test provided a quantitative substantiation of the severe vibration problem evident near 80 mph in the SOAC. Figures 1 and 2 show a summary of car body vertical vibration data at 25, 35, 50, 60, 65, 70, 76 and 80 mph. The data in both figures are presented for three different car body locations: at the car centerline over the forward bolster (Station 108); at the center of the car (Station 450); and at a point in between (Station 225).

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Figure 3 shows an exploded view of the SOAC vehicle illustrating the car body locations under discussion. Figure 1 presents the vertical vibration data as g's versus frequency plotted against the SOAC goal. These data show there are two frequency ranges: 1.2 Hz to 1.7 Hz and 7 Hz to 15 Hz. These bands correspond to rigid body suspension modes and car body flexible modes respectively. The worst vibration levels occur in the center of the car at 14.5 Hz where there is a band extending from .10 g's to .26 g's. Figure 2 presents the same ride quality data as Figure 1, except the g levels are plotted against speed. This includes only data taken from the higher frequency range (7 Hz to 15 Hz).

Observers commented the ride was generally smooth but defined three speeds with particularly noticeable vibration. A mild vibration was reported between 35 mph and 45 mph and the data of Figure 2 show some evidence of this at the mid-car location. More noticeable to observers was the vibration near 64 mph which is seen in the data of Figure 2 at each of the three car body stations. A severe vibration involving amplitude modulation (beating) was evident near 79 mph.

Car body vertical accelerometer waveforms indicated a high amplitude vibration with a 9-second beat was present in the data measured over the center of the car (Station 450). This beat produced an amplitude modulation of the vertical acceleration between .10 g's and .26 g's at approximately 15 Hz at this location. A sample accelerometer trace showing the beating that occurred is shown in Figure 4A.

The data of Figures 1 and 2 indicate that, in the higher frequency ranges, the accelerations exceed the SOAC goal. In fact, observers were satisfied with the ride quality over the whole speed range with the exception of 64 and 80 mph. An explanation of this acceptance is that the manual reduction of response data may have resulted in incomplete separation of frequencies and consequent "lumping" or summing of acceleration values near selected frequencies. This resulted in the large test values shown at the higher frequencies.

Part of this vibration survey was devoted to determining the effect of the secondary suspension vertical hydraulic dampers on car body acceleration levels. A comparison of vibrations with dampers connected vs. dampers removed for car body longitudinal, mid-car vertical, motor alternator vertical, traction motor vertical, car cab vertical, and truck bolster vertical vibration levels, is shown in Figure 6. It can be concluded that except for car body longitudinal, the levels in the higher frequency range were reduced with dampers off.

The effect of car body-mounted equipment was considered in light of the findings of NASA TN D-6735 "Dynamic Responses of Railroad Car Models to Vertical and Lateral Rail Inputs" by Sewall, Parris, and Darling. The largest of these is a flexibly-mounted motor alternator supported on secondary structure at mid-car. To determine the effect of the motor alternator suspension frequency on car body vibration levels, shims between the motor alternator mounting brackets and the motor alternator hard points were also evaluated. These shims were intended to lock out the motor alternator isolation mounts. Two shim materials were used: wood and steel.

The results of this testing are also shown on the lower section of Figure 6 and indicated that car body vibration levels were significantly lower with wood shims and significantly higher with steel shims. The predominant frequency content of the waveforms analyzed was approximately 15 Hz for this 80 mph test condition.

2.5 CONCLUSIONS

The results of the ride quality test provided a quantitative substantiation of the severe vibration evident near 80 mph in the SOAC. Mild vibration was reported between 35 mph and 45 mph and near 64 mph. Car body vertical accelerometer waveforms indicated a high amplitude vibration with a 9-second beat was present in the data measured over the center of the car near 80 mph.

Testing to this point did not provide an understanding of the measured ride quality results. In addition, the frequencies of vibration observed in the test data could not be correlated with any car body vibration modes since there were no analytical predictions of car body flexible modes and frequencies. To understand the dynamics of the vehicle in the frequency range above the rigid body suspension frequencies, it was concluded the best course of action would be to perform a shake test of the SOAC.

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3.0 INITIAL VEHICLE SHAKE TEST

A clear definition of the dynamic characteristics of the vehicle was necessary to understand the results of the ride quality vibration survey discussed in Section 2.4. In addition, many of the physical parameters required for an analytical study of the SOAC were not readily available and could be expediently determined from measurements recorded during a shake test.

3.1 PURPOSE OF TEST

The purpose of the initial SOAC shake test was threefold:

1. Determine the car body vertical bending modes and frequencies.
2. Determine truck modes and frequencies.
3. Determine the effect of the motor alternator on car body vibration.

3.2 TEST EQUIPMENT

Six Statham linear accelerometers were used to record the dynamic response of the test car. These were mounted to rigid metal brackets which could be conveniently moved and attached to the structure with "C" clamps or secured to the car body floor with lead weights. Excitation forces were supplied by an electric-driven Lazan Model LA1 Shaker. Accelerometer outputs were recorded on a six-channel Honeywell Visicorder Model 906C. This instrumentation was supplied by General Steel Industries.

3.3 TEST PROCEDURES

The test was conducted at HSGTC on the No. 1 SOAC (low density car) at the 90,000 lbs. light car weight.

Car No. 2 had been used in the initial ride quality test but was not available for these shake tests. The cars are identical structurally and the results are applicable to both.

During the test a shaker was used to apply a sinusoidal exciting force to either the car body or truck frame. When exciting the car body, the shaker was attached to the anticlimber at the R end of the car. Both a vertical and longitudinal shake of the car body were conducted. Figures 7a and 7b show the vertical and longitudinal shaker configurations. For truck excitations, the shaker was attached with clamps to the underside of the truck frame cross transom.

For each test configuration, frequency sweeps were obtained over the band extending from 6 Hz to 20 Hz in .5 Hz increments. When a natural mode was located the shaker frequency was fine-tuned to determine the frequency and amplitudes at resonance. In addition, detailed probes of the structure were carried out to determine the mode shapes. No attempt was made to shake the car body at the rigid body suspension frequencies because of the limited force output of the shaker at low frequencies.

The characteristics of the Lazan Model LA1 shaker is shown in Figure 8. The force output of the shaker increased with the square of the exciting frequency. To obtain data which would be representative of a constant force input, all data were scaled to a 500-lb. input force. Dynamic time histories were obtained but no attempt was made to determine the phase angle between pickups except at the natural modes. After the frequency sweeps for a particular configuration were completed, these plots were studied for resonant amplitudes. The test program defining shaker alignment, pickup locations, and excitation frequencies used in the shaker diagnostic testing was suggested by Boeing Vertol and executed by General Steel Industries.

3.4 RESULTS OF CAR BODY SHAKE TEST

Frequency response curves for car body vertical excitation at the R end of the car are shown in Figures 9 through 12. Pickup locations are at the R end of the car, Station 450, Station 673, and on the motor alternator. All data are for a vehicle weight of 90,000 lbs. and a shaker force of 500 lbs. A diagram showing the car body locations identified on these figures is presented in Figure 3.

A review of these curves indicates there are four car body flexible modes in the frequency range of 6 Hz to 20 Hz and they occur at 8.1 Hz, 12.25 Hz and two between 15 Hz and 15.2 Hz. The fact that there are two modes in the 15 Hz to 15.2 Hz range is not readily evident from examination of the frequency response curves. However, during the test, attempts to fine-tune the shaker in this frequency range proved difficult and it was noted there were actually two peaks within approximately .2 Hz. The data of Figure 9 taken at the R end of the car exhibit a large vertical response near 8 Hz which was later found to be the first vertical bending mode as shown in Figure 13. There is also a suggestion of a mode near 12 Hz and a major response near 15 Hz.

Figure 10, data taken at the center of the car (Station 450), substantiates the presence of a resonance near 12 Hz. Figure 11 is dominated by the 15 Hz peak and, as can be seen in Figure 13, the pickup was near the antinode of the 15 Hz peak and close to the node of the 8 Hz primary vertical bending mode. Figure 12 shows the response of the motor alternator itself is similar to the response of the car body floor over this component for the entire frequency range explored.

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The mode shapes were determined as shown in Figures 13, 14 and 15. Detailed probing of the car body at the major resonances revealed the 8.1 Hz mode is the first vertical bending of the car body. The two modes between 15 Hz and 15.2 Hz involved localized bending of the three motor alternator lateral support beams and a higher order car body bending mode. Continued probing disclosed there was substantial bending of the motor alternator lateral support beams at approximately 15 Hz, but no bending was detected of any other equipment support beams. The mode shapes of the motor alternator lateral support beam and traction motor cooling fan support beam are shown in Figures 14 and 15.

As a result of the ride quality testing described in Section 1.0 it was evident the mounting of the motor alternator had a large effect on the mid-car body vibration. Therefore frequency response curves were also determined with steel shims between the motor alternator support brackets and the motor alternator hard points to lock out the isolation. These results are presented in Figures 16 through 19. From these data several significant conclusions were evident:

1. Vibration levels at the R end of the car were not affected by shims but the levels at mid-car (Station 450) were increased by a factor of 2:1 at the 15 Hz - 16 Hz range when shims were in place.
2. Vibration levels over the R end traction motor cooling fan (Station 673) were higher by a factor of 2:1 at the 15 Hz - 16 Hz range without shims.
3. Vibration levels on the motor alternator were not significantly affected by shims.
4. There was no effect of shims on the 12.25 Hz mode.

Additional curves were obtained by orienting the shaker in the longitudinal direction on the R car end and these data are presented in Figures 20 through 23. Pickup locations are Station 673 (vertical), motor alternator, R car end, and mid-car seat back. From these curves it was noted:

1. Figure 20 shows there is coupling between the longitudinal and vertical directions in the 12.25 Hz and 15 - 15.2 Hz modes. A longitudinal excitation of the car body results in significant vertical response of the structure at Station 673. This coordinate coupling was noted during the ride quality vibration survey, during which the 15 Hz vertical vibration was accompanied by substantial car body longitudinal vibration. The response was tabulated in Figure 6.

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2. The 12.25 Hz mode was found to be the motor alternator oscillating on its support beams in the longitudinal direction, moving out of phase with the car body. The frequency response curves are shown in Figures 21 and 22.
3. The mid-car seatback exhibits a resonance in the longitudinal direction at 15.4 Hz. This response curve, shown in Figure 23 is for an unloaded test. This seat, when empty, had been noted to exhibit large longitudinal motion.

3.5 RESULTS OF TRUCK SHAKE TEST

Shaking the truck frame vertically, the response curves shown in Figures 24 through 27 were determined. These data indicate the truck frame vertical frequency is at 9.8 Hz with the vertical hydraulic dampers off (Figure 24) and 10.4 Hz with dampers on (Figure 25). The validity of this shift is in question since it was observed that there was virtually no damper motion at the small shake test amplitudes and all relative motion between the truck frame and bolster was being taken up by the elastomer bushing at the upper end of the damper link. The effect on R car end vibration with and without dampers is shown by comparing Figure 26 (dampers off) with Figure 27 (dampers on). This data would indicate the car body levels are reduced by having the hydraulic dampers in place, but again this may be invalidated by the above-mentioned factors.

3.6 CONCLUSIONS

Four car body flexible modes were identified in the frequency range of 6 Hz to 20 Hz, and they occur at 8.1 Hz, 12.25 Hz and two between 15 Hz - 15.2 Hz. Detailed probing of the car body at the major resonances revealed the 8.1 Hz mode is the first vertical bending of the car body. The mode at 12.25 Hz was the motor alternator oscillating on its support beams in the longitudinal direction. The two modes between 15 Hz and 15.2 Hz involved localized bending of the three motor alternator lateral support beams and a higher order car body bending mode. The truck frame vertical frequency is approximately 9.8 Hz.

From the shake test data it was concluded that the two modes between 15 Hz and 15.2 Hz were the cause of the vibration problem identified in the ride quality surveys described in Section 2.4. The presence of these two modes in close proximity would cause beating of the car body vibration at a frequency equal to the difference of the two modal frequencies.

Since a major structural modification to the vehicle underframe would be required to shift the car body mode, the decision was made to stiffen the motor alternator support structure to separate the car body bending mode from the motor alternator support beam bending mode.

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4.0 MOTOR ALTERNATOR SUPPORT STRUCTURE ANALYSIS

The results of the shake test described in Section 3.5 indicated the close proximity of two natural frequencies; the higher order car body bending mode, 15 Hz, and the motor alternator on its support structure, 15.2 Hz. It was decided to design a modification to the motor alternator support structure to introduce a sufficient degree of decoupling of the two modes.

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF ANALYSIS

To optimize the structural modification of the motor alternator support beams a finite element model was developed and is shown in Figure 28. Clock springs representing the side sill torsional stiffness were included to simulate the actual end conditions of the lateral beams. Additional node points were eventually added to the model to permit a detailed representation of the stiffening material. The final model of the proposed modification, with the values of beam bending inertia required to obtain the desired frequency shift, is also shown in Figure 28.

4.2 RESULTS OF ANALYSIS

Figure 29 shows a plot of the dynamic amplification factor of the motor alternator beam bending mode to the wheel rotational frequency for the baseline configuration and several frequencies up to 19.5 Hz, the objective for the modification. 19.5 Hz was selected by making a tradeoff between a practical structural modification of minimum weight and an acceptable dynamic amplification factor from the wheel rotational frequency. A frequency spread of approximately 4.5 Hz between the higher order car body bending mode and the motor alternator lateral beam bending mode would eliminate the possibility of beating.

In addition to separating the two vertical modes, an analysis was performed to optimize the structural modification required to shift the 12.25 Hz mode above 20 Hz. The necessary longitudinal stiffness was provided by four canted struts providing axial stiffness.

Photographs showing details of the lateral and longitudinal stiffening of the motor alternator support structure installed on the SOAC cars are presented in Figures 30 through 32. This installation was performed under Boeing Vertol supervision at the DOT HSGTC.

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5.0 SECOND VEHICLE SHAKE TEST

Following the modification to the motor alternator support structure a second shake test was conducted.

5.1 PURPOSE OF TEST

The purpose of the second vehicle shake test was to determine the actual, as-built characteristics of the structural modification to the motor alternator support beams.

5.2 TEST EQUIPMENT

The test equipment was the same as described in Section 3.2.

5.3 TEST PROCEDURES

The test procedures were similar to those described in Section 3.3. The shaker was located at the R car end and only a vertical shake was performed.

5.4 RESULTS OF TEST

Frequency response curves for car body excitation are shown in Figures 33 and 34. All data presented are for a car weight of 90,000 lbs. and a shaker force of 500 lbs. A diagram showing the car body locations identified on these figures is presented in Figure 3.

From these curves several conclusions were determined:

1. As expected, the structural modification did not change the frequency of the first vertical bending mode.
2. The motor alternator longitudinal mode, previously at 12.25 Hz, has been shifted above 20 Hz as planned.
3. The higher order car body bending mode at approximately 15 Hz was unaffected.
4. Stiffening the motor alternator support beams shifted the beam bending mode to 19.4 Hz, close to the value predicted by the analysis of the modification. (See Figures 33 and 34.)

New mode shapes of the car body and motor alternator support beams are shown in Figures 35 and 36 respectively.

It should be noted that the coupler vibrated substantially at approximately 15 Hz and was shimmed throughout the test.

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5.5 CONCLUSIONS

The structural modification to the motor alternator lateral support beams shifted the 15.2 Hz mode to 19.4 Hz. The motor alternator longitudinal mode, previously at 12.25 Hz, has been shifted above 20 Hz as planned. The 4.4 Hz frequency differential between the higher order car body bending mode (15 Hz) and the motor alternator lateral beam bending mode (19.4 Hz) insures there will not be beating between these two modes. This change in frequency should alleviate the vibration problem near 80 mph. Shifting the longitudinal mode above 20 Hz should eliminate the 12 Hz vibration previously noted near 64 mph.

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6.0 SECOND RIDE QUALITY TEST

6.1 PURPOSE OF TEST

The purpose of the second SOAC ride quality test, also conducted at the HSGTC, was to determine the actual effectiveness of the motor alternator modification on ride quality.

6.2 TEST EQUIPMENT

The test car and instrumentation were the same as that described in Section 2.2. Resilient wheels had been installed on both SOAC cars in preparation for acoustic testing. The spring rates of the resilient wheels are several orders of magnitude higher than either the primary or secondary suspension system spring rates and would not be expected to influence vibration in the 0 Hz to 20 Hz frequency range.

6.3 TEST PROCEDURES

The procedures were the same as in Section 2.3.

6.4 RESULTS OF TEST

The ride quality summary of Figure 37 when compared with Figure 1 indicates the vibration at or near the rigid body suspension frequencies is virtually unchanged. At the higher frequencies there is little or no change over the bolster but significant improvement, from an average value of .07 g's to an average value of .05 g's, was measured at mid-car (Station 450) and at Station 225.

Comparison of Figure 38 with Figure 2 substantiates the improvement near 65 mph and 80 mph reported by observers. The mild vibration near 40 mph noticed in the initial ride quality test remains relatively unchanged. The frequency of vibration near 40 mph is associated with the first vertical bending mode and is unaffected by changes to secondary structure. At speeds between 40 mph and 70 mph, vibration at the center of the car and at Station 225 has been improved from .075 g's to .050 g's. No effect is noted over the bolster. The vibration previously observed near 65 mph is no longer evident. The beating of the vertical vibration observed near 80 mph has been eliminated.

Maximum acceleration levels are now about .10 g's near 15 Hz vs. .26 g's in the initial ride quality test. These levels are related to the higher mode of the primary structure which was unchanged. As predicted by the analysis, the response from the mode involving bending of the motor alternator support structure was eliminated.

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Figures 4a and 4b show accelerometer waveforms of car body vertical accelerations at the center of the car before and after the change to the motor alternator support structure was made. These data indicated the beating phenomenon was eliminated by separating these two modes. Several circuits of the test track were made at 80 mph to insure the beat phenomenon did not occur on other track sections.

During the test a local vibration at 15 Hz was observed in the rear of the car. The data indicated the possibility of a car body-mounted component impacting the undercar structure. As noted in Section 5.4, the coupler vibrated considerably during the shake test at this frequency. This information led to the decision to temporarily install wooden shims near the coupler anchor. Data showing the improvement by shimming the coupler appears in Figure 39. The coupler centering mechanisms on Car 1 and Car 2 were not operative, thus permitting the couplers to vibrate. This condition will not exist with the coupler centering mechanism activated.

6.5 CONCLUSIONS

Ride quality characteristics of the vehicle were altered by modification of secondary support structure while characteristics influenced by primary structure were unchanged. Vibration levels decreased from .07 g's to .05 g's at mid-car (Station 450) and Station 225. The mild vibration near 40 mph noticed in the initial ride quality test remains relatively unchanged but the vibration previously observed near 65 mph is no longer evident. The beating of the vertical vibration observed near 80 mph has been eliminated. Maximum acceleration levels are now about .10 g's near 15 Hz vs .26 g's in the initial ride quality test.

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7.0 WHEEL CONCENTRICITY TEST

7.1 PURPOSE OF TEST

The purpose of the wheel concentricity test was to obtain a quantitative measure of the wheel flats, concentricity, and degree of lateral wheel runout. These data could then be compared to AAR Standards and wheel specifications for various transit authorities.

7.2 TEST EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

During the test a fixture was attached to the axle centerline and four dial gages were mounted to this fixture in such a way that they made contact with the wheel. Figures 40 and 41 show a picture of the test apparatus. Two gages were used to measure the concentricity and two to measure the lateral wheel runout. The measurement of concentricity was made at the tape line, the specified location for measurement of wheel diameter. This tape line is 2-13/32 inches from the outside rim.

After the fixture and gages were in position, a forklift was used to pull the car so that ten or more measurements could be taken for one wheel revolution. This process was repeated for all wheels on both SOAC cars. For data collection purposes each wheel was designated an identification number. Figure 42 presents this information.

7.3 RESULTS OF TEST

This test was performed after the initial ride quality vibration survey indicated high car body vibration levels. During that time it is believed wheel wear reduced the magnitude of the flats. This theory is substantiated by observation that the "wheel click" was reduced substantially over this time period. Journal box accelerometer data taken after the braking and performance tests showed a spike at the wheel rotational frequency. This spike was not evident in journal box data collected shortly before the concentricity test.

A summary of the wheel concentricity and lateral runout test results is presented in Figure 43. Total Indicator Reading (TIR) for these parameters is shown for all eight wheels of both SOAC 1 and SOAC 2. Tabulated data of all concentricity measurements made during the test are shown in Figures 44 through 47. Measurement of wheel flat and buildup data are shown in Figure 48. A maximum buildup of .007 inch on the SOAC 1 occurred on the No. 3 wheel. Wheel No. 7 on SOAC 2 had a maximum buildup of .011 inch. Wheel flat data indicated a maximum depth of .018 inch (No. 3 and No. 4 wheels) and .010 inch (No. 2, 6 and 7 wheels) on SOAC No. 1 and SOAC No. 2 respectively.

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7.4 CONCLUSIONS

A comparison of TIR for all eight wheels of both SOAC 1 and 2 with AAR Standards and several transit authorities' standards (see Figure 43) indicates the eccentricity of the SOAC wheels is well within these specifications.

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8.0 CONCLUSIONS

8.1 INITIAL RIDE QUALITY TEST

The results of the ride quality test provided a quantitative substantiation of the severe vibration evident near 80 mph in the SOAC. Mild vibration was reported between 35 mph and 45 mph and near 64 mph. Car body vertical accelerometer waveforms indicated that a high amplitude vibration with a nine-second beat was present in the data measured at the center of the car near 80 mph.

8.2 INITIAL VEHICLE SHAKE TEST

Four car body flexible modes were identified in the 6 to 20 Hz range. From the test data it was concluded that the two modes between 15 Hz and 15.2 Hz were the cause of the vibration problem identified in the initial ride quality test. These two modes involved localized bending of the three motor alternator lateral support beams and a car body bending mode. The presence of these two modes in close proximity would cause beating of the car body vibration at a frequency equal to the difference between the two modal frequencies.

8.3 MOTOR ALTERNATOR SUPPORT STRUCTURE ANALYSIS

A finite element model was developed to optimize the structural modification of the motor alternator support beams. Structural members were sized to shift the 15.2 Hz mode to 19.5 Hz. This frequency was selected by making a tradeoff between a practical structural modification of minimum weight and an acceptable dynamic amplification factor from the wheel rotational frequency.

8.4 SECOND VEHICLE SHAKE TEST

The structural modification to the motor alternator lateral support beams shifted the 15.2 Hz mode to 19.4 Hz. The 4.4 Hz frequency differential between the higher order car body bending mode (15 Hz) and the motor alternator beam bending mode (19.4 Hz) insures against beating between these two modes. This change in frequency should alleviate the vibration problem near 80 mph. Shifting the longitudinal mode above 20 Hz will reduce the 12 Hz vibration levels near 64 mph.

8.5 SECOND RIDE QUALITY TEST

The modification to the motor alternator support structure eliminated the objectionable vibration near 64 mph and the beating phenomenon near 80 mph. Maximum vibration levels at the higher frequencies (15 Hz) have been reduced from .26 g's to .1 g. Although this exceeds the design goal of .055 g's at this frequency, this is probably the result of data reduction technique as explained in Section 1.4. The SOAC is considered satisfactory by passenger observers.

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8.6 WHEEL CONCENTRICITY TEST

All eight wheels of both SOAC 1 and 2 were well within the AAR and several transit authority standards for wheel concentricity and lateral runout.

9.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

A review of the SOAC shake test and ride quality test procedures, equipment and data collection techniques have prompted the inclusion of this section of the report. Its purpose is to document pertinent facts learned during these tests and to make recommendations to improve future testing.

9.1 SHAKE TESTING

When performing a rail car shake test, the following should be considered:

9.1.1 - Utilize a continuous sweep oscillator to control the shaker frequency. Simultaneously obtain accelerometer output, amplitude and phase vs. frequency and automatically record these data with an X-Y plotter. If this equipment is not available, frequency sweeps should be performed manually in sufficiently small increments to define accurately the system frequency response curves. If manual tuning of the shaker is required, a fine adjustment of the frequency should be made in the region of a resonant amplitude to precisely determine the modal frequency.

9.1.2 - An accelerometer should be located on the structure adjacent to the shaker location to determine amplitude and phase at the input source. These data are helpful in providing a check on the recording instrumentation.

9.1.3 - A sufficient number of accelerometers should be used to expediently determine the flexible mode shapes. If the number of available accelerometers is limited, probes of the structure must be undertaken to accurately determine details of the mode shapes.

9.1.4 - Car body equipment mounts should be checked to insure that they are not bottoming at any frequency or amplitude.

9.1.5 - Throughout the duration of the test, visual observations should be made to detect any panel or equipment resonances.

9.1.6 - To determine the car body modes and frequencies, excitation should be applied in three directions: vertical, lateral and longitudinal. The shaker should be placed at two locations on the structure to insure that one of the locations is not a node point of a mode. It is recommended that one point lie off the car centerline to obtain ample excitation of the car body lateral/torsion modes.

9.1.7 - Excitation should be applied to the truck frame to determine vertical/pitch/roll modes and frequencies.

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9.1.8 - Frequency response curves should be generated for any massive car body-mounted equipment.

9.1.9 - On-site data reduction should be performed so that modes and frequencies can be identified while the test is still in progress in the event further investigatory testing is required.

9.2 RIDE QUALITY TESTING

For ride quality testing:

1. Any speed sweeps should be made over the same track section.
2. Periodically walk through the vehicle to note any panel, seat, door or floor motion.
3. Relate frequencies observed in the ride quality testing to modes and frequencies determined in the shake test in order to establish which mode is the primary contributor to the vibration levels at each speed.
4. Monitor the "quick look" outputs to insure that paper speed and gains yield meaningful and easily readable data.

9.3 GENERAL

9.3.1 - A relationship between car body modal frequencies and primary excitation frequencies throughout the speed range should be obtained to optimize the design of the vehicle to achieve superior ride quality characteristics.

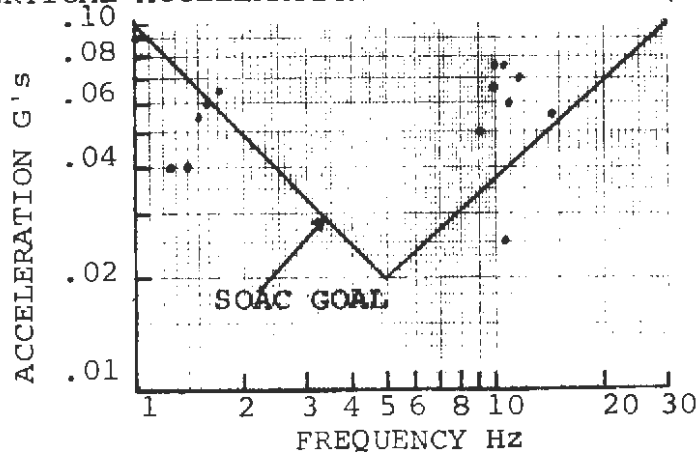
9.3.2 - A three-dimensional finite element analytical model of the car body should be developed and include primary and secondary structural elements to calculate the coupled natural modes and frequencies. These results should be compared to the relationships described in Item 9.3.1 to determine if any modification to the structure is required.

9.3.3 - Analytical predictions of the car body and truck modes and frequencies should be correlated with shake test data to confirm the validity of the idealization techniques.

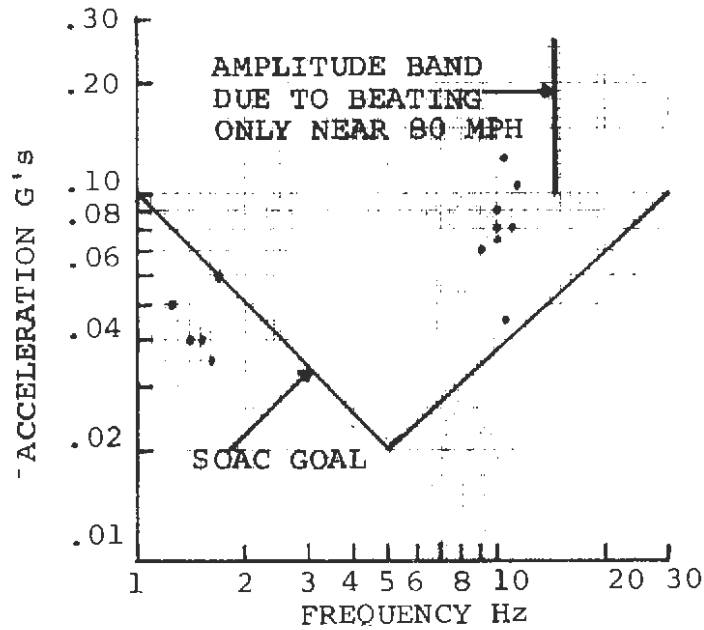
9.3.4 - A ride quality test should be performed to confirm the relationships established in 9.1.1 above.

SOAC RIDE QUALITY
DATA COLLECTED DURING INITIAL RIDE QUALITY TEST

VERTICAL ACCELERATION OVER BOLSTER (STA 108)



VERTICAL ACCELERATION OVER CENTER OF CAR (STA 450)



VERTICAL ACCELERATION OVER (STA 225)

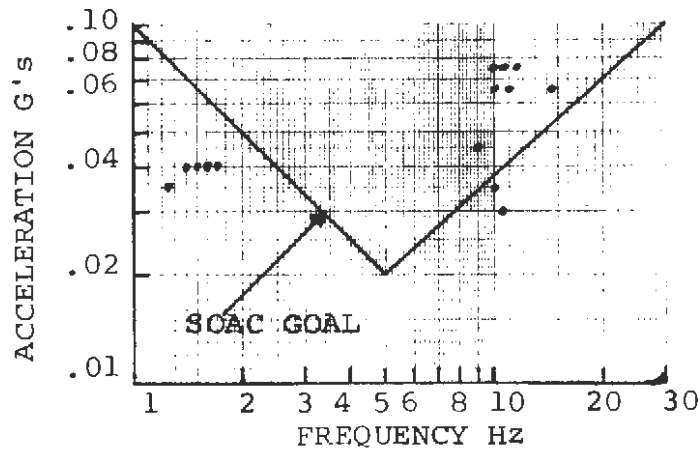


FIGURE 1

SOAC RIDE QUALITY
DATA COLLECTED DURING INITIAL RIDE QUALITY TEST
VERTICAL ACCELERATION

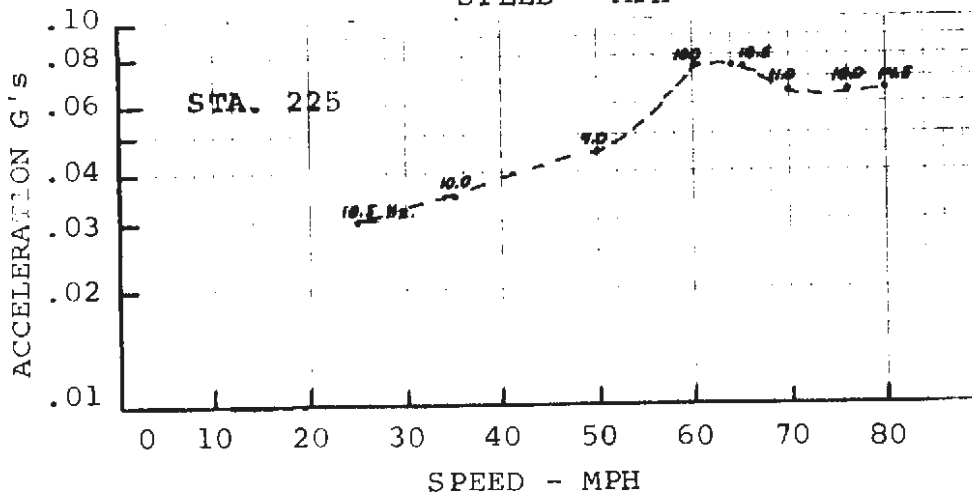
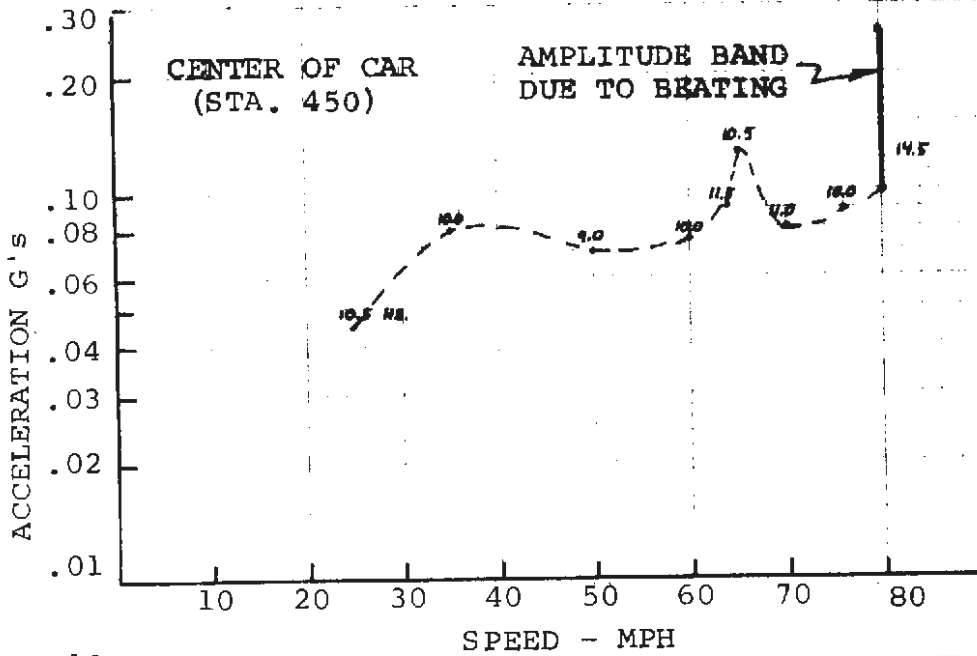
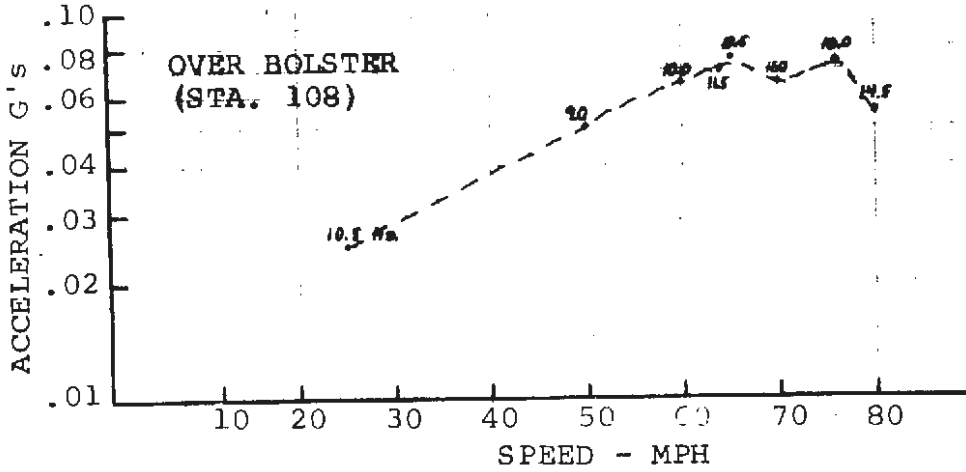


FIGURE 2

SOAC EXPLODED VIEW

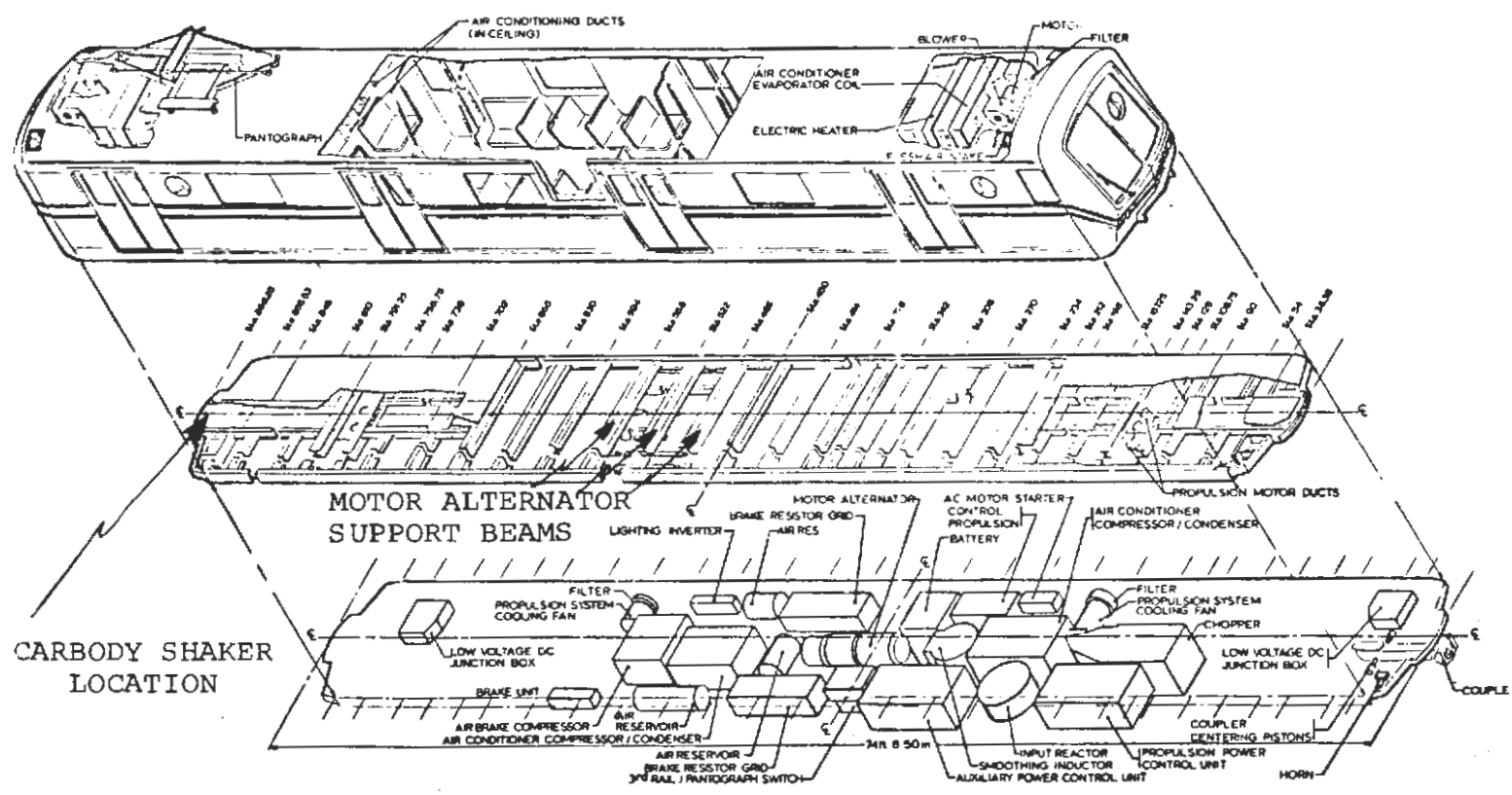


FIGURE 3

CARBODY VERTICAL ACCELERATION

CENTER OF CAR (STA 450)

GROSS WEIGHT = 90,000 LB.
SPEED 80 MPH

SAMPLE ACCELEROMETER OUTPUT

PEAK ACCELERATION = .26 g's

INITIAL RIDE QUALITY TEST
.5 g's/In.

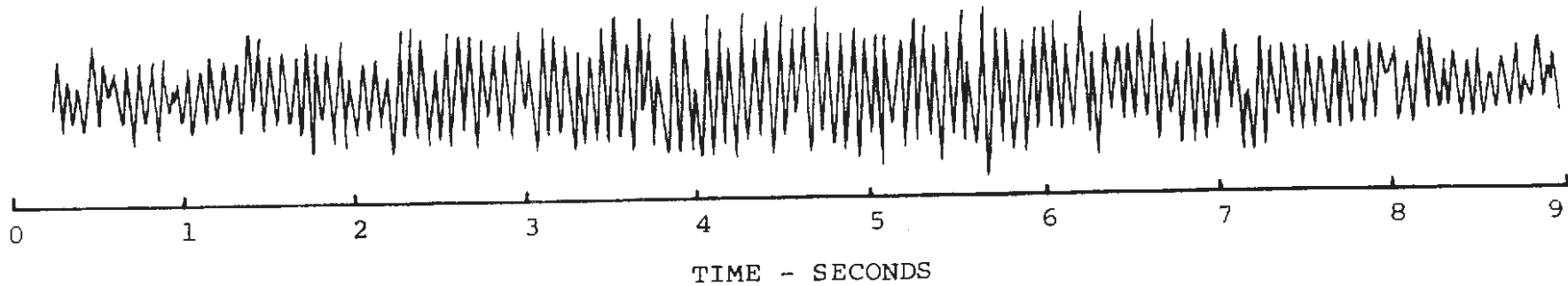


FIGURE 4a

PEAK ACCELERATION = .10 g's

RIDE QUALITY TEST AFTER MOTOR
ALTERNATOR STRUCTURAL MODIFICATION
.5 g's/In.

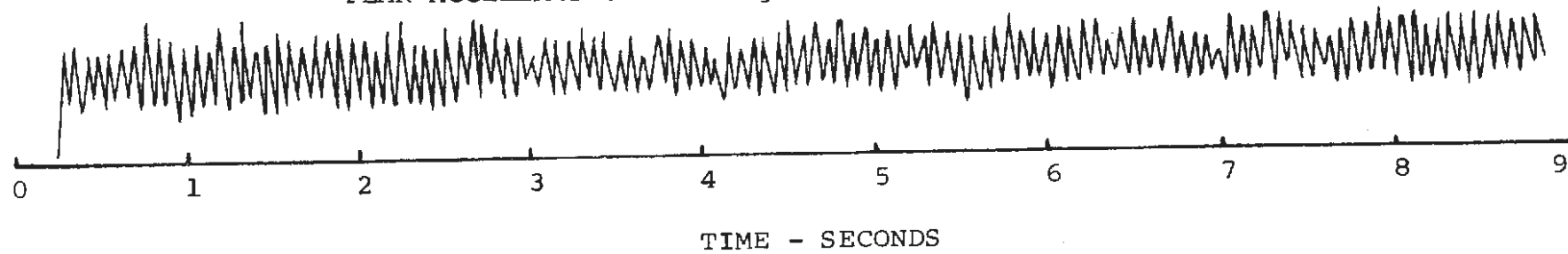


FIGURE 4b

DOT 9 MILE TEST TRACK OVAL
PUEBLO, COLORADO

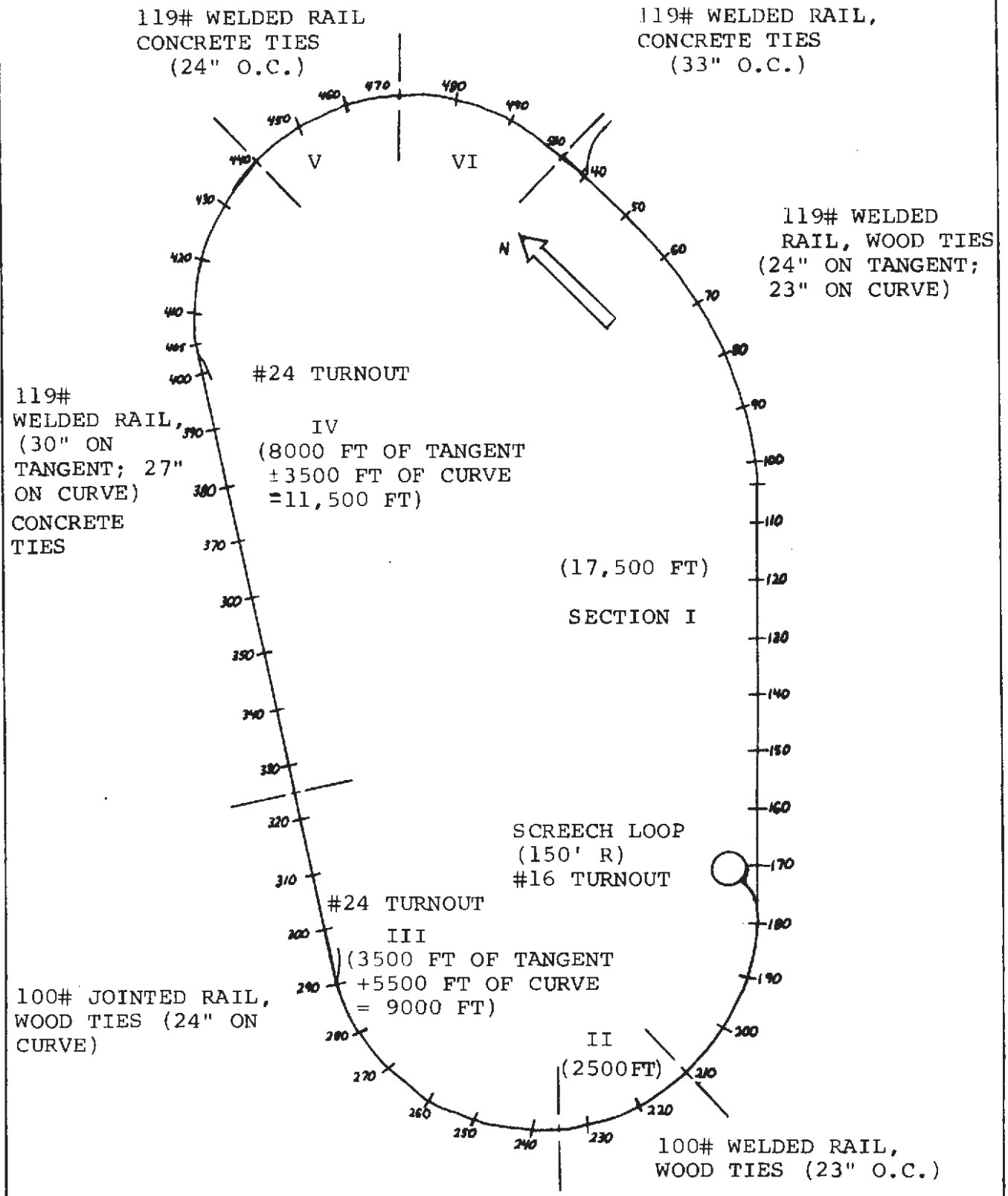


FIGURE 5

SOAC VIBRATION DATA

Gross Weight = 90,000 Lb.
Welded Rail

Speed = 80 MPH

Effect of Secondary Suspension
Houdaille Vertical Dampers

Pickup	Dampers On	Dampers Off
Car Longitudinal	.037 g @ 14.5 cps	.05 g @ 14 cps
Mid Car Vertical	.125 g @ 14.5 cps	.05 g @ 14 cps
Motor Alternator Vert.	Not Available	.10 g @ 14 cps
Traction Motor Vert.	.75 g @ 11 cps	.5 g @ 11 cps
Car Cab Vertical	.05 g @ 1.5 cps	.037 @ 1.25 cps
Truck Bolster Motion Vertical	± .2 Inches	± .2 Inches
Truck Bolster Vertical	.35 g @ 15.5 cps	Not Available

Effect of Motor Alternator Shims

Pickup	Wood Shims	Steel Shims	No Shims
Car Longitudinal	.015g @ 14 cps	.062g @ 14.5cps	.05g @ 14cps
Mid Car Vertical	.037g @ Random	.09g @ 14.5cps	.05g @ 14cps
Motor Alternator Vertical	.075g @ 14 cps	.15g @ 14.5cps	.10g @ 14cps
Traction Motor Vertical	.25g @ 14 cps	1g @ 11.5cps	.5g @ 11cps
Car Cab	.075g @ 1.25 cps	.062g @ 1.25cps	.037g @ 1.25cps
Truck Bolster Motion Vertical	± .2 Inches	±.25 Inches	±.2 Inches

FIGURE 6

VERTICAL SHAKER CONFIGURATION

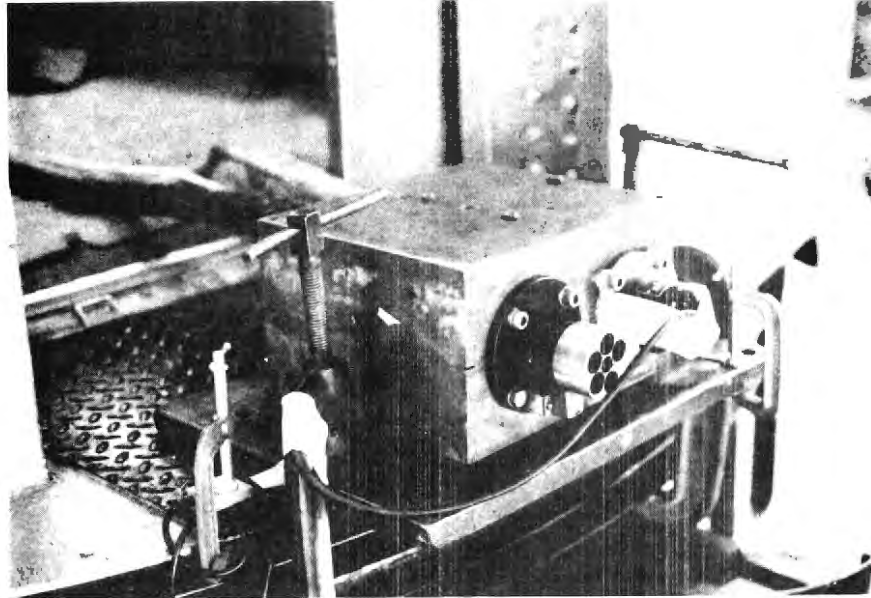


FIGURE 7a

LONGITUDINAL SHAKER CONFIGURATION

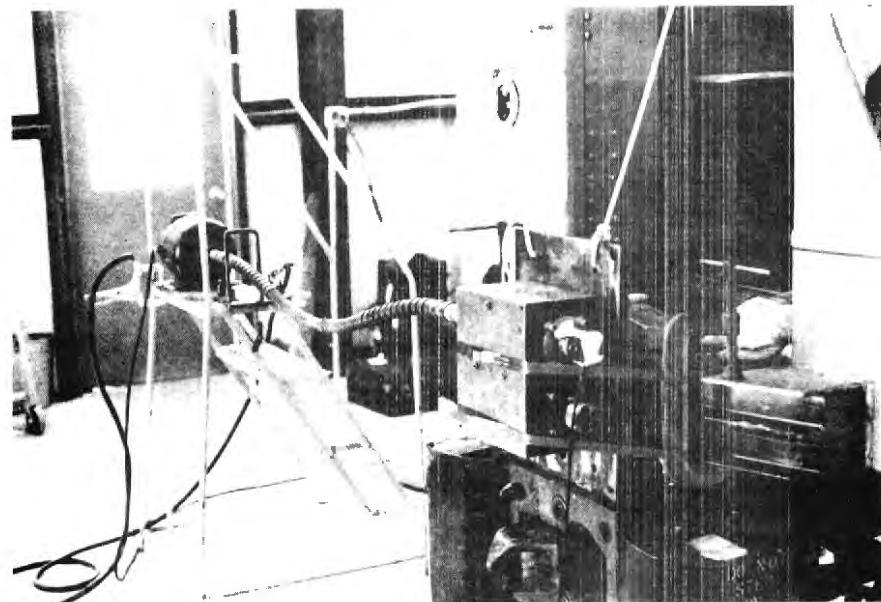


FIGURE 7b

EFFECT OF FREQUENCY
ON
SHAKER FORCE OUTPUT

LAZAN MODEL LA1 SHAKER
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

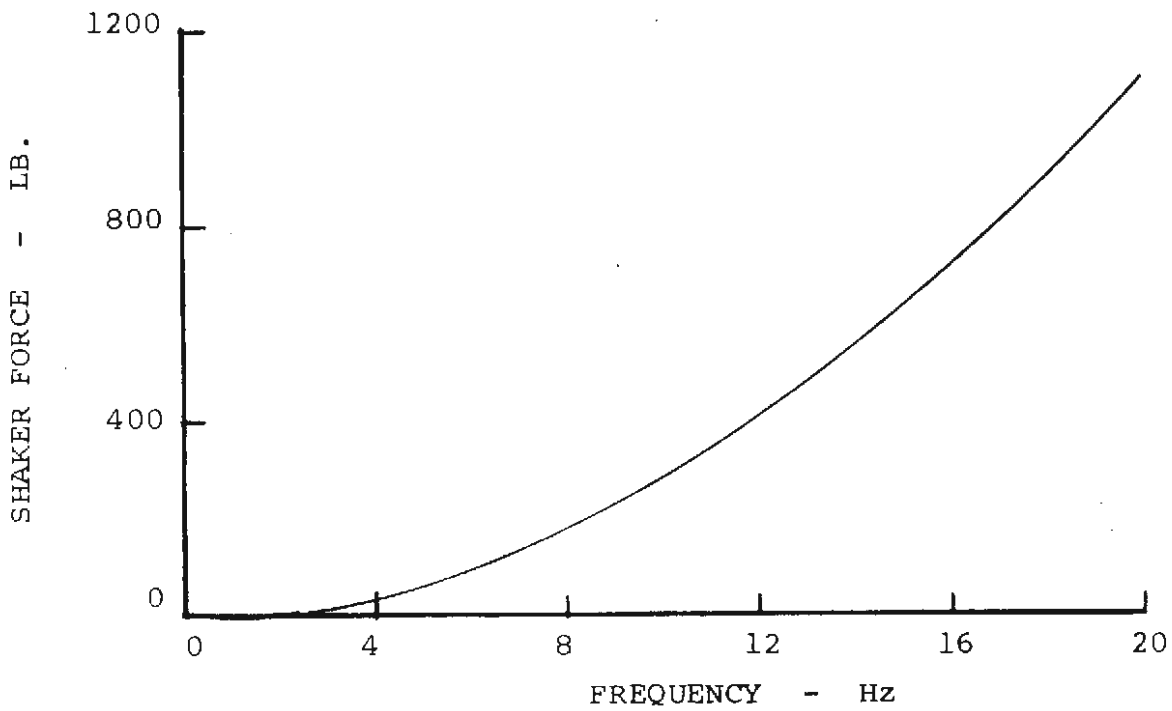


FIGURE 8

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location R CAR END
 Shaker Force 500 LB
 Shaker Direction VERT
 Gross Weight 90000 LB
 Vertical Damper Config. OFF
 Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
 Pick-Up Location: R CAR END ~ VERT

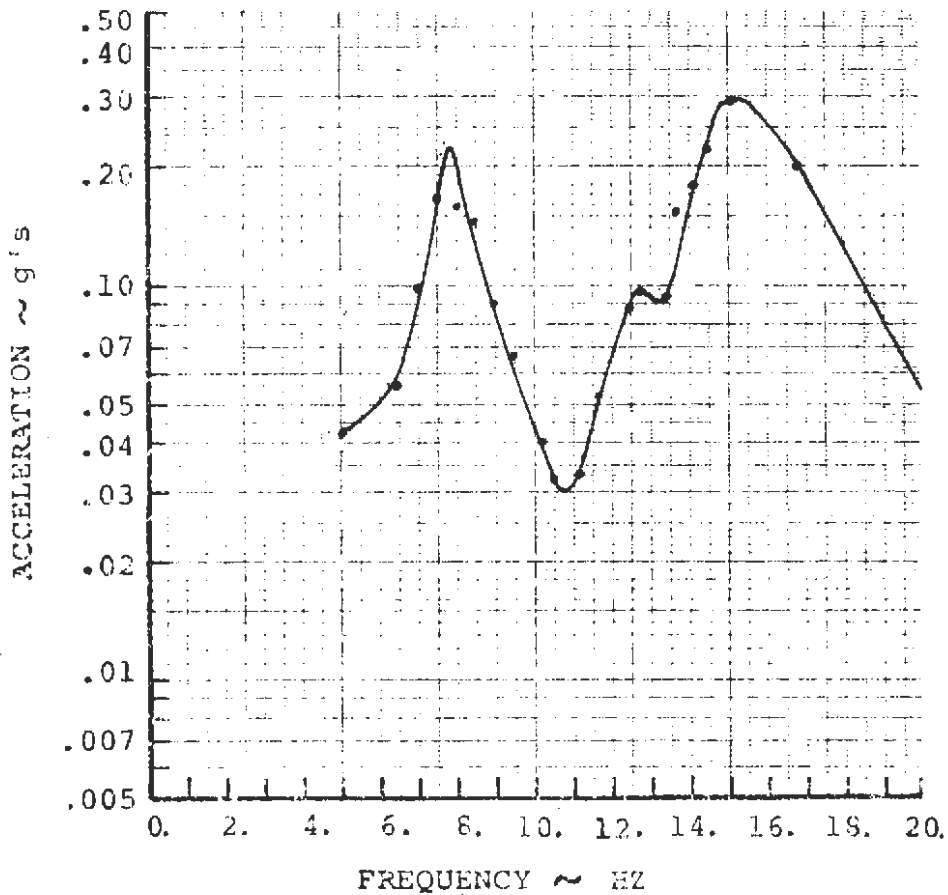


FIGURE 9

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location R CAR END
 Shaker Force 500 LB
 Shaker Direction VERT
 Gross Weight 90000 LB
 Vertical Damper Config. OFF
 Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
 Pick-Up Location STA 450 ~ VERT

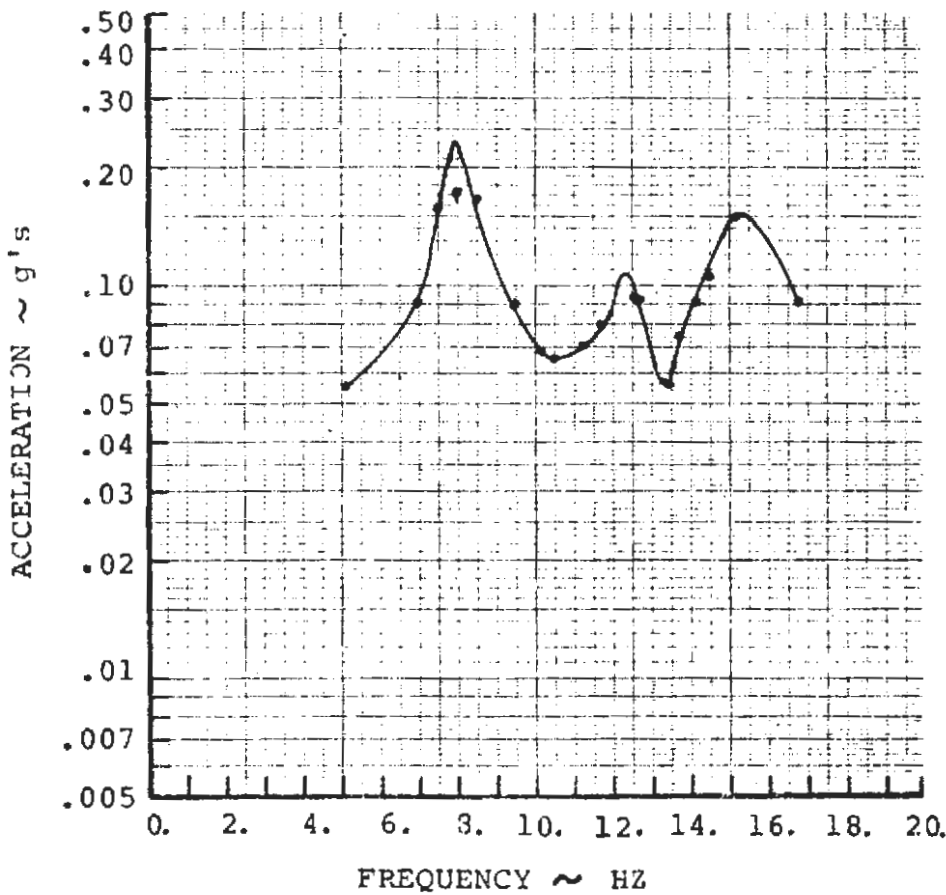


FIGURE 10

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location R CAR END
 Shaker Force 500 LB
 Shaker Direction VERT
 Gross Weight 90000 LB
 Vertical Damper Config. OFF
 Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
 Pick-Up Location STA 673 ~ VERT

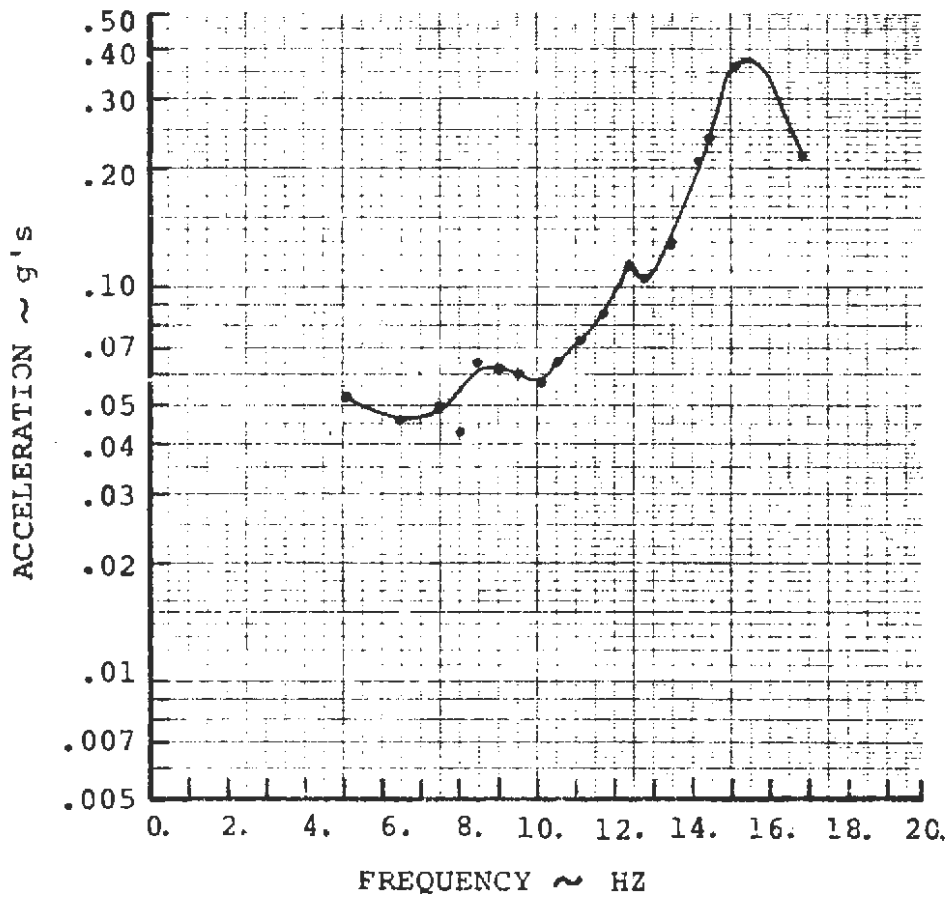


FIGURE 11

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location R CAR END
 Shaker Force 500 LB
 Shaker Direction VERT
 Gross Weight 90000 LB
 Vertical Damper Config. OFF
 Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
 Pick-Up Location MOTOR ALTERNATOR ~ VERT

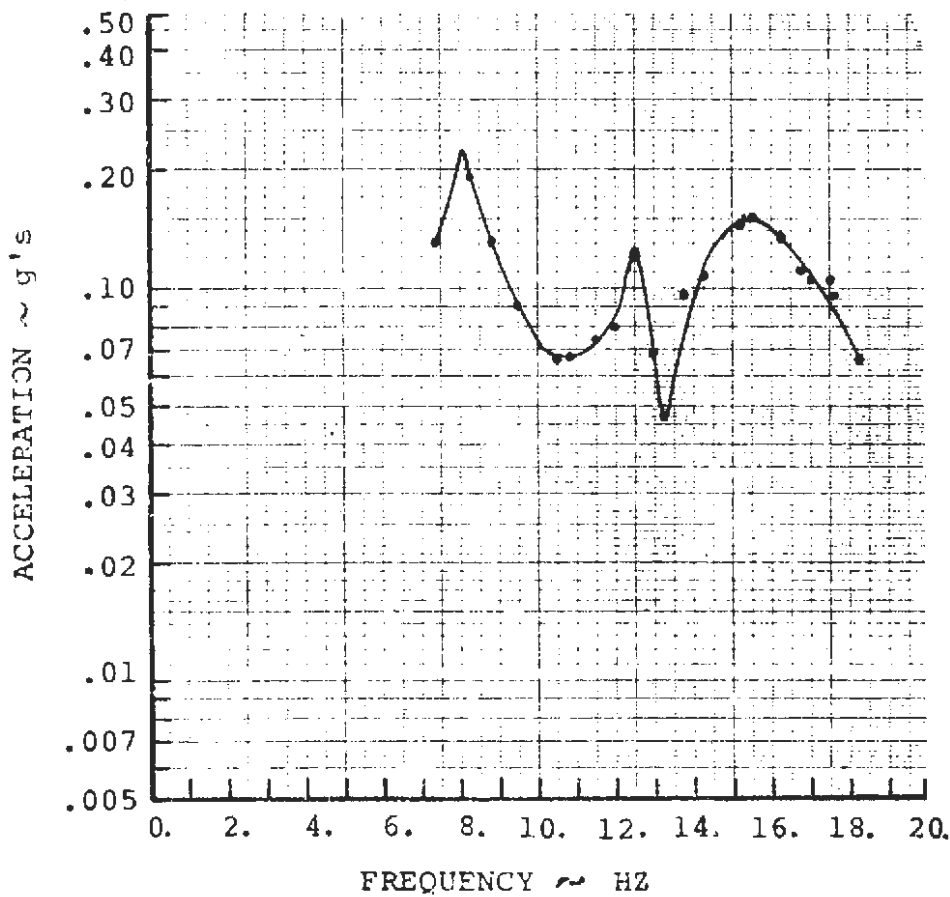


FIGURE 12

SOAC SHAKE TEST
VERTICAL
MODE SHAPES

CARBODY VERTICAL BENDING

EMPTY CAR
G.W. = 90,000 LB

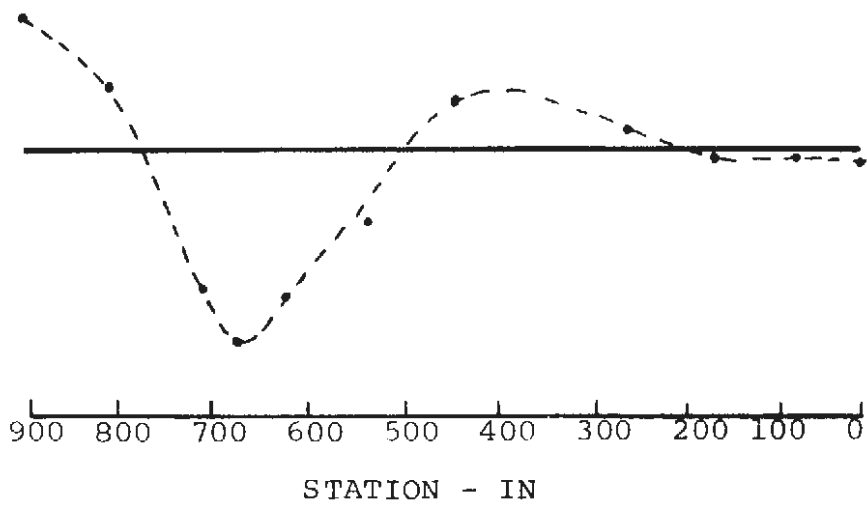
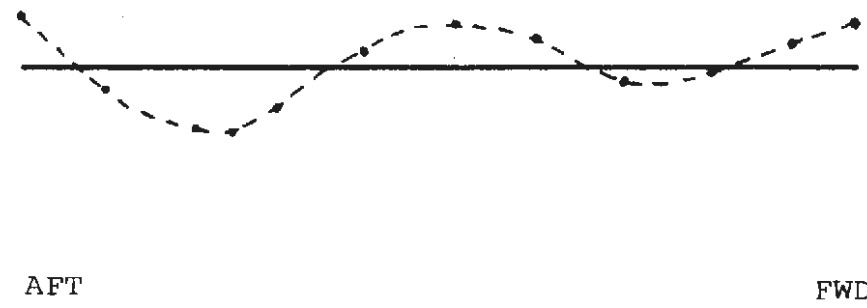
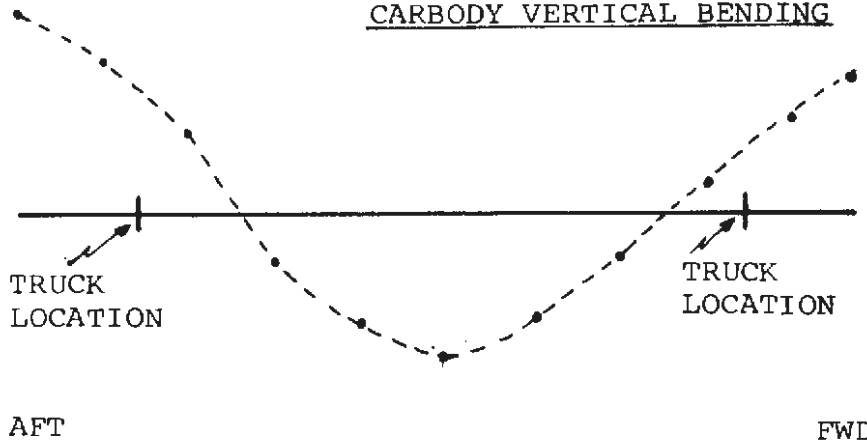
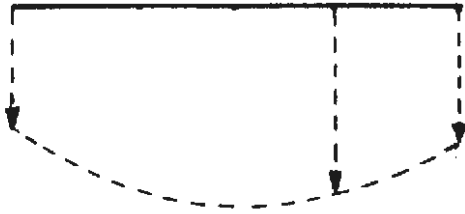


FIGURE 13

SOAC SHAKE TEST
VERTICAL
MODE SHAPES

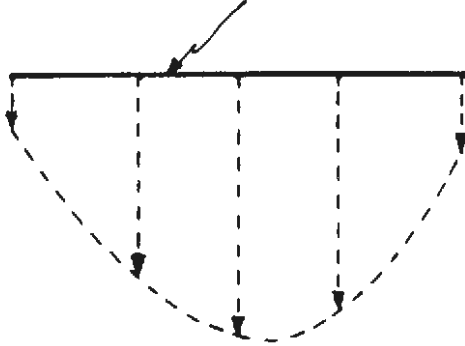
MOTOR ALTERNATOR LATERAL SUPPORT BEAM



FREQUENCY = 8.10 Hz

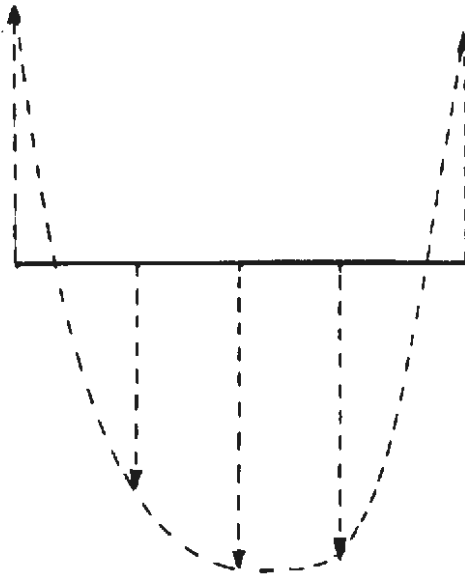
VIEW LOOKING AFT

MOTOR ALTERNATOR LATERAL SUPPORT BEAM



FREQUENCY = 12.25 Hz

VIEW LOOKING AFT



FREQUENCY = 15.2 Hz

FIGURE 14

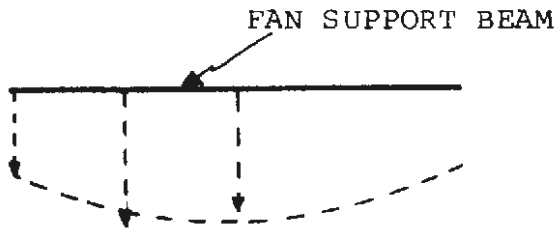
SOAC SHAKE TEST
VERTICAL
MODE SHAPES

MOTOR FAN SUPPORT BEAM



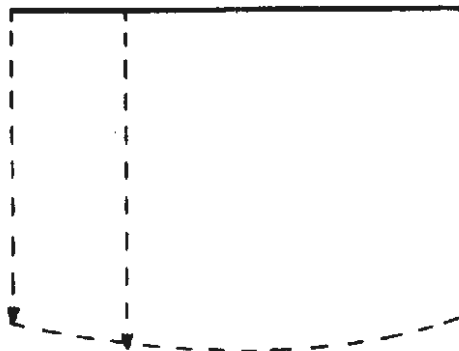
VIEW LOOKING AFT

EMPTY CAR
G.W. = 90,000 LB.
FREQUENCY = 8.10 Hz



VIEW LOOKING AFT

FREQUENCY = 12.25 Hz



FREQUENCY = 15.2 Hz

FIGURE 15

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location R CAR END
Shaker Force 500 LB
Shaker Direction VERT
Gross Weight 90000 LB
Vertical Damper Config. OFF
Motor Alternator Config. SHIMS
Pick-Up Location R CAR END ~ VERT

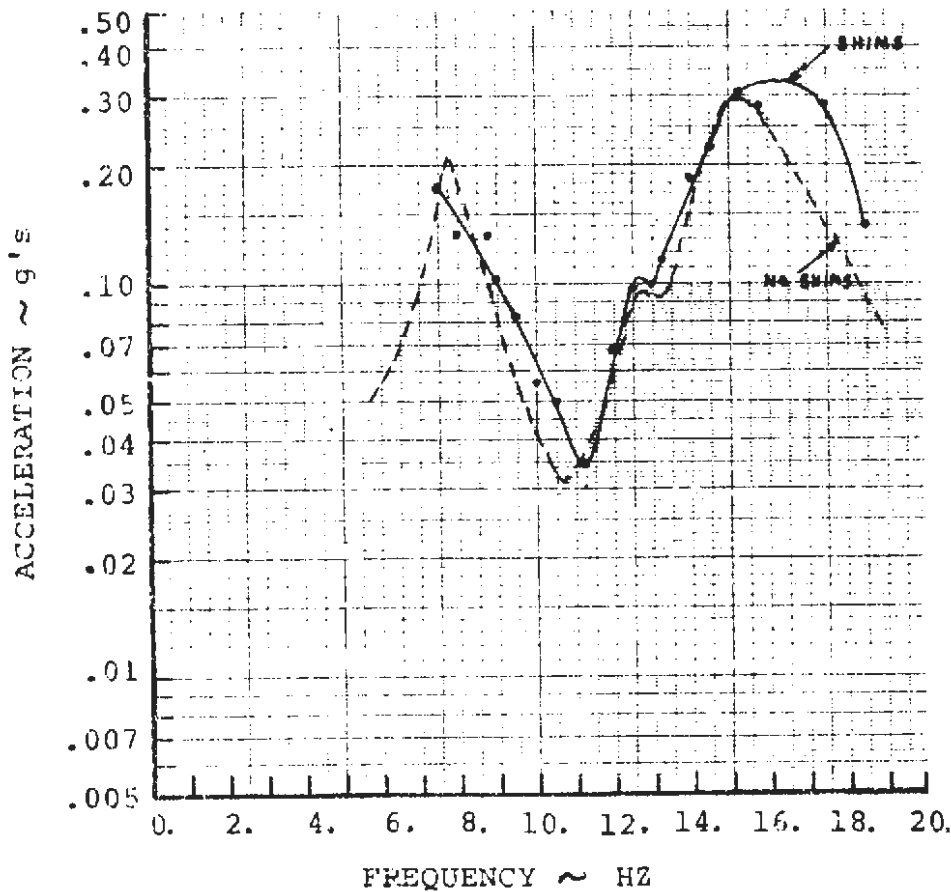


FIGURE 16

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location R CAR END
 Shaker Force 500 LB
 Shaker Direction VERT
 Gross Weight 90000 LB
 Vertical Damper Config. OFF
 Motor Alternator Config. SHIMS
 Pick-Up Location STA 450 ~ VERT.

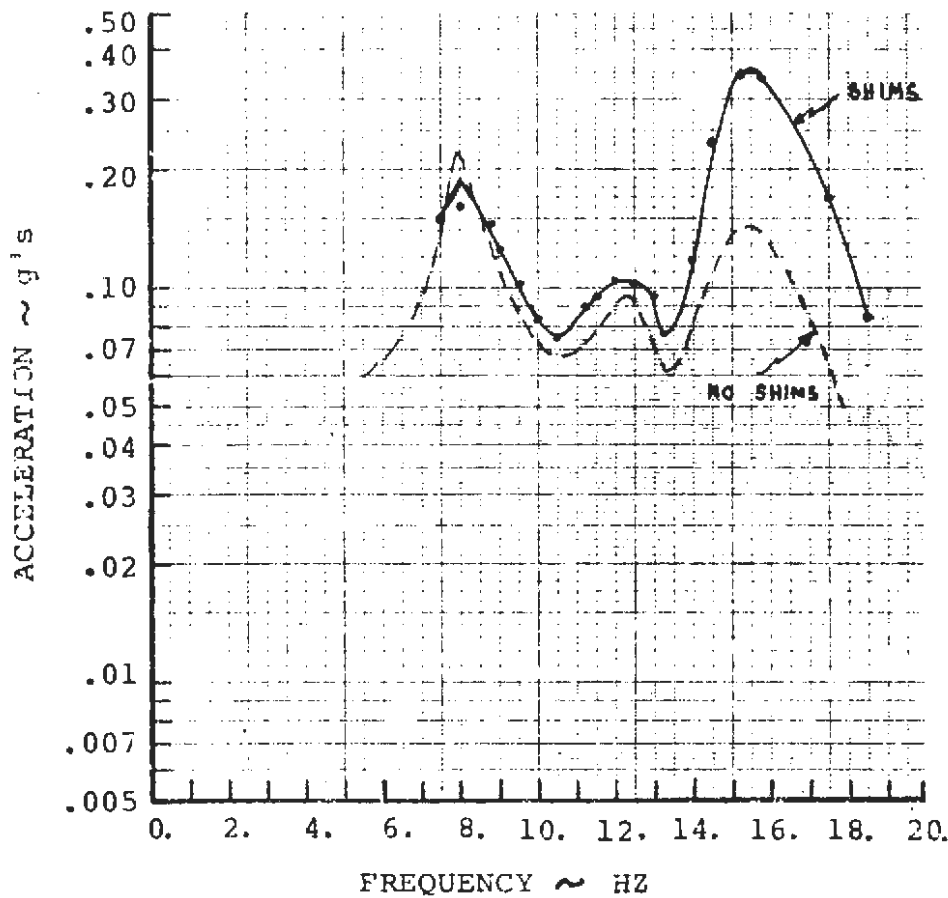


FIGURE 17

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location R CAR END
 Shaker Force 500 LB
 Shaker Direction VERT
 Gross Weight 90000 LB
 Vertical Damper Config. OFF
 Motor Alternator Config. SHIMS
 Pick-Up Location STA 673~VERT

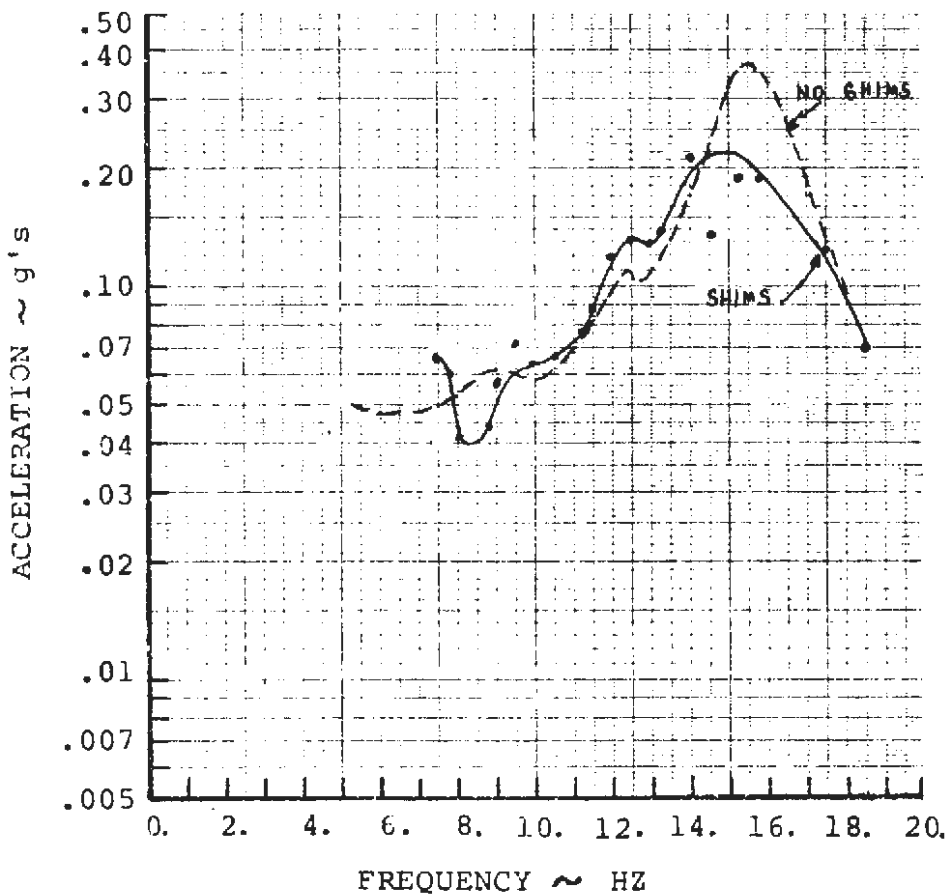


FIGURE 18

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location R CAR END
Shaker Force 500 LB
Shaker Direction VERT
Gross Weight 90000 LB
Vertical Damper Config. OFF
Motor Alternator Config. SHIMS
Pick-Up Location MOTOR ALTERNATOR ~ VERT

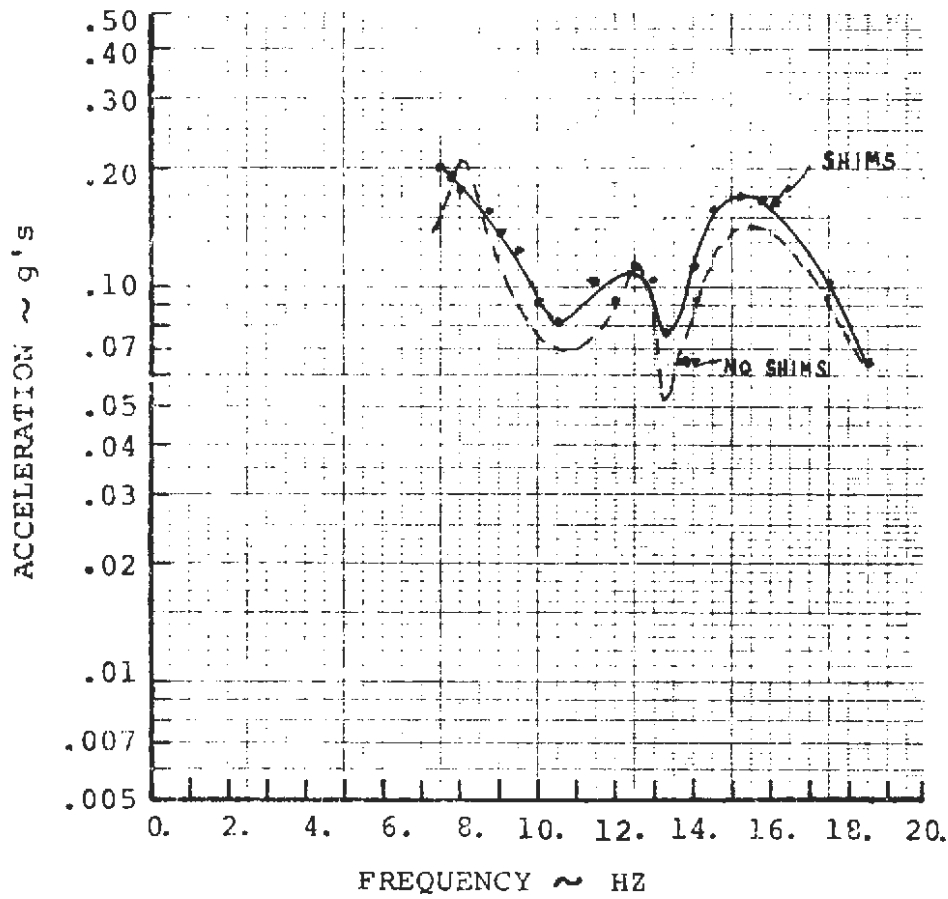


figure 19

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location R CAR END
Shaker Force 500 LB
Shaker Direction LONG
Gross Weight 90000 LB
Vertical Damper Config. OFF
Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
Pick-Up Location STA 673 ~ VERT

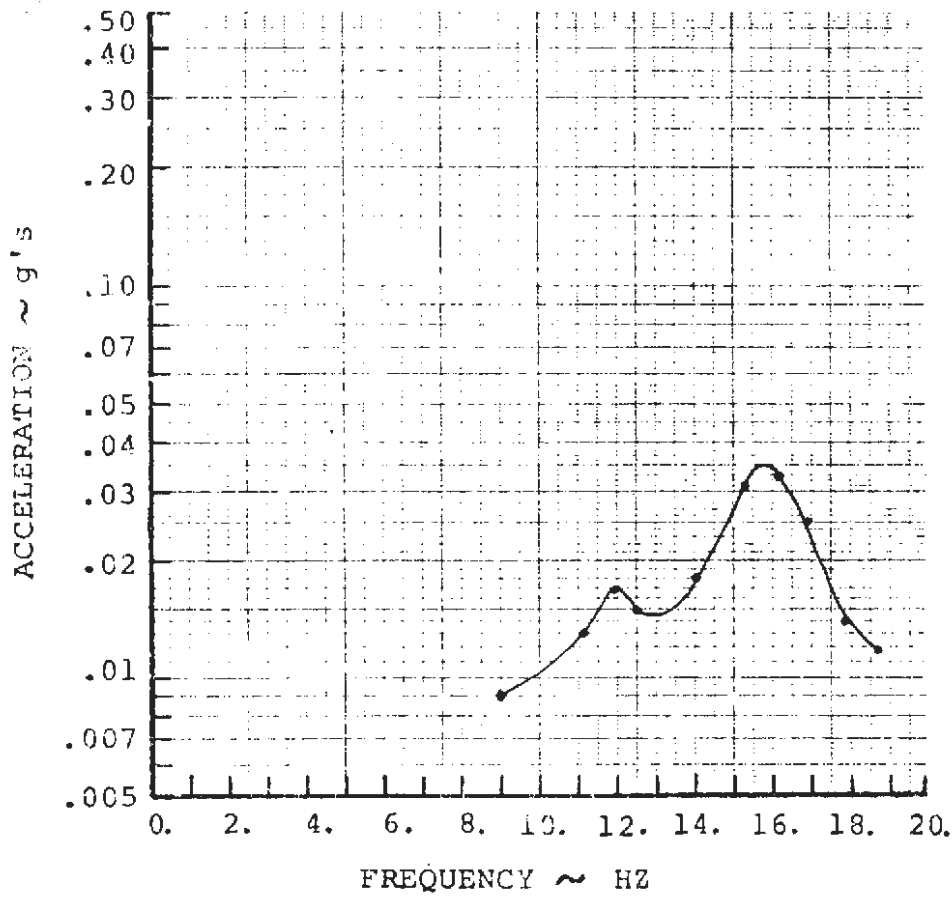


FIGURE 20

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location R CAR END
 Shaker Force 500 LB
 Shaker Direction LONG
 Gross Weight 90000 LB
 Vertical Damper Config. OFF
 Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
 Pick-Up Location MOTOR ALTERNATOR ~ LONG

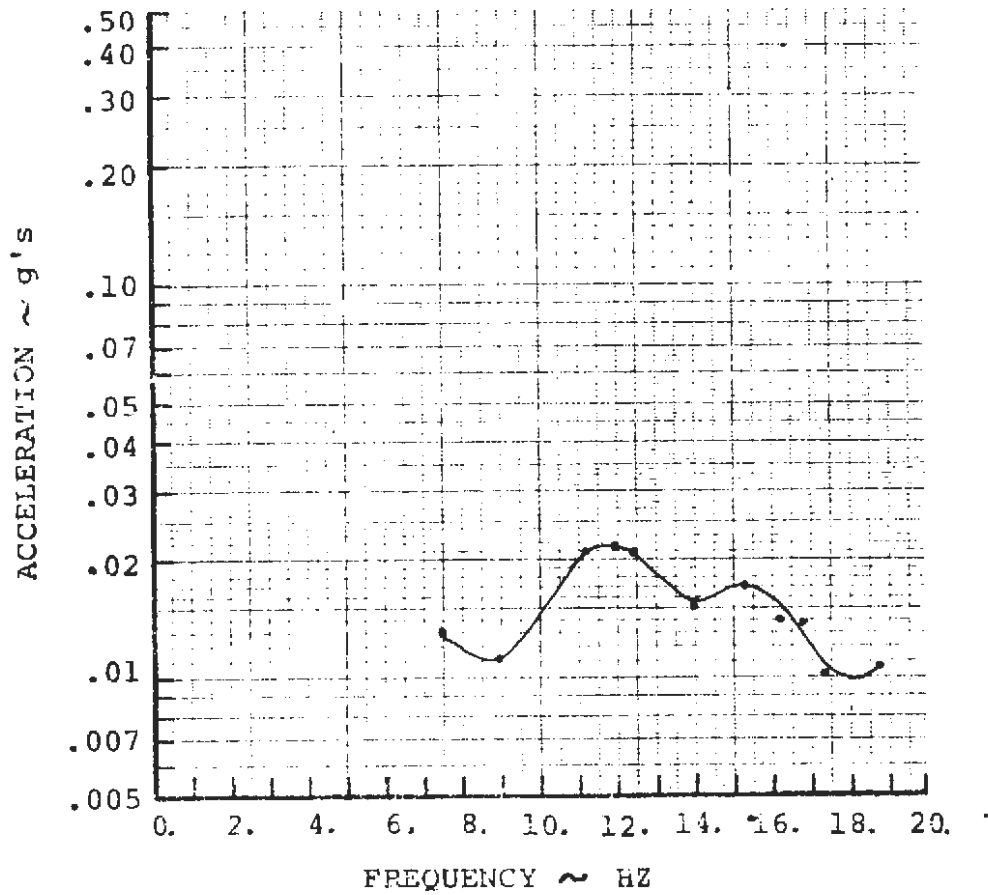


FIGURE 21

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location R CAR END
Shaker Force 500 LB
Shaker Direction LONG
Gross Weight 90000 LB
Vertical Damper Config. OFF
Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
Pick-Up Location R CAR END ~ LONG

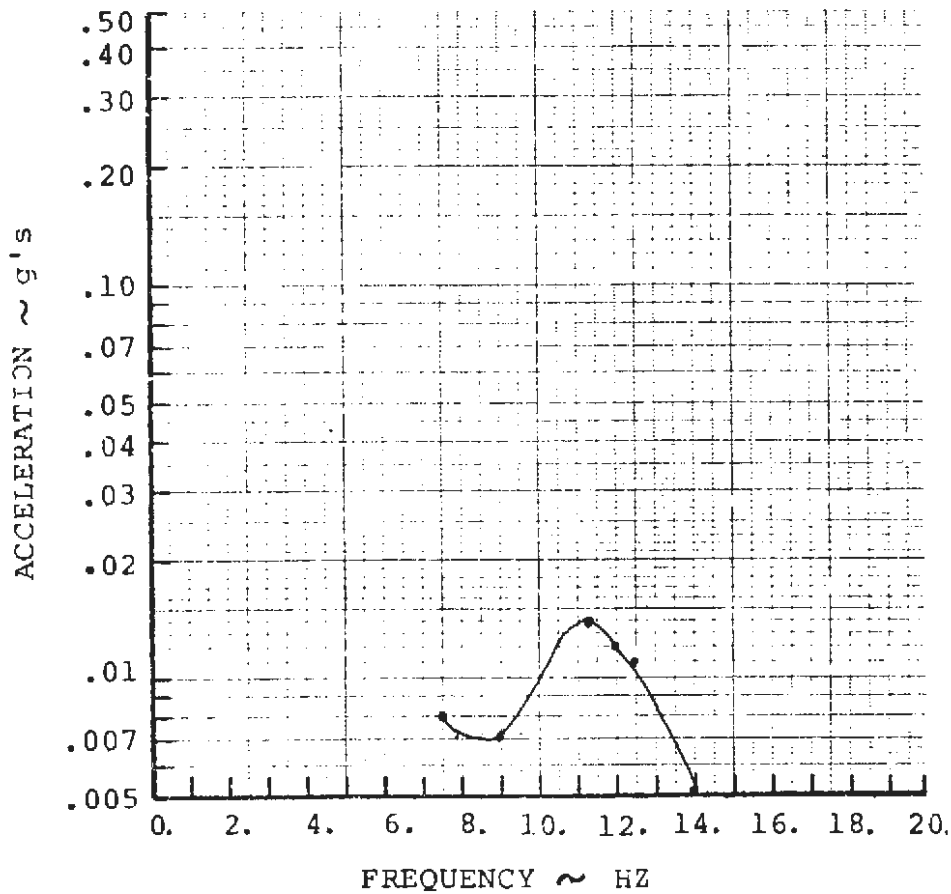


FIGURE 22

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location R CAR END
 Shaker Force 500 LB
 Shaker Direction LONG
 Gross Weight 90000 LB
 Vertical Damper Config. OFF
 Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
 Pick-Up Location MID CAR SEAT BACK ~ LONG

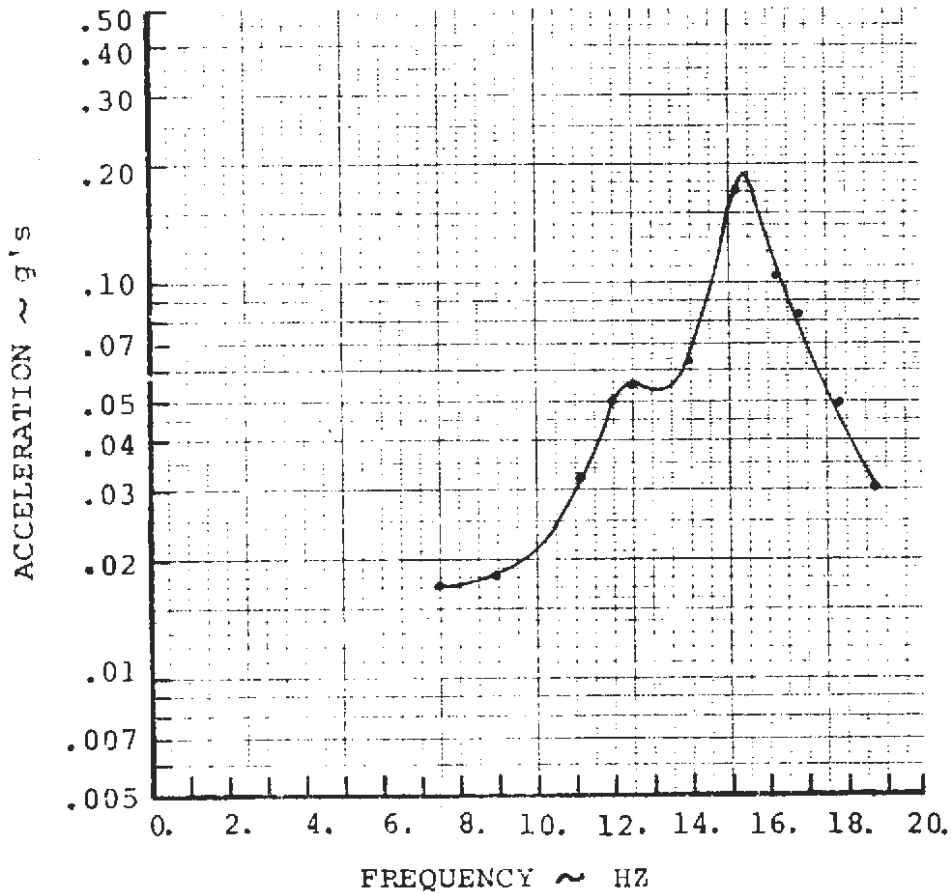


FIGURE 23

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location TRUCK FRAME
Shaker Force 500 LB
Shaker Direction VERT
Gross Weight 9000 LB
Vertical Damper Config. OFF
Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
Pick-Up Location TRUCK FRAME ~ VERT

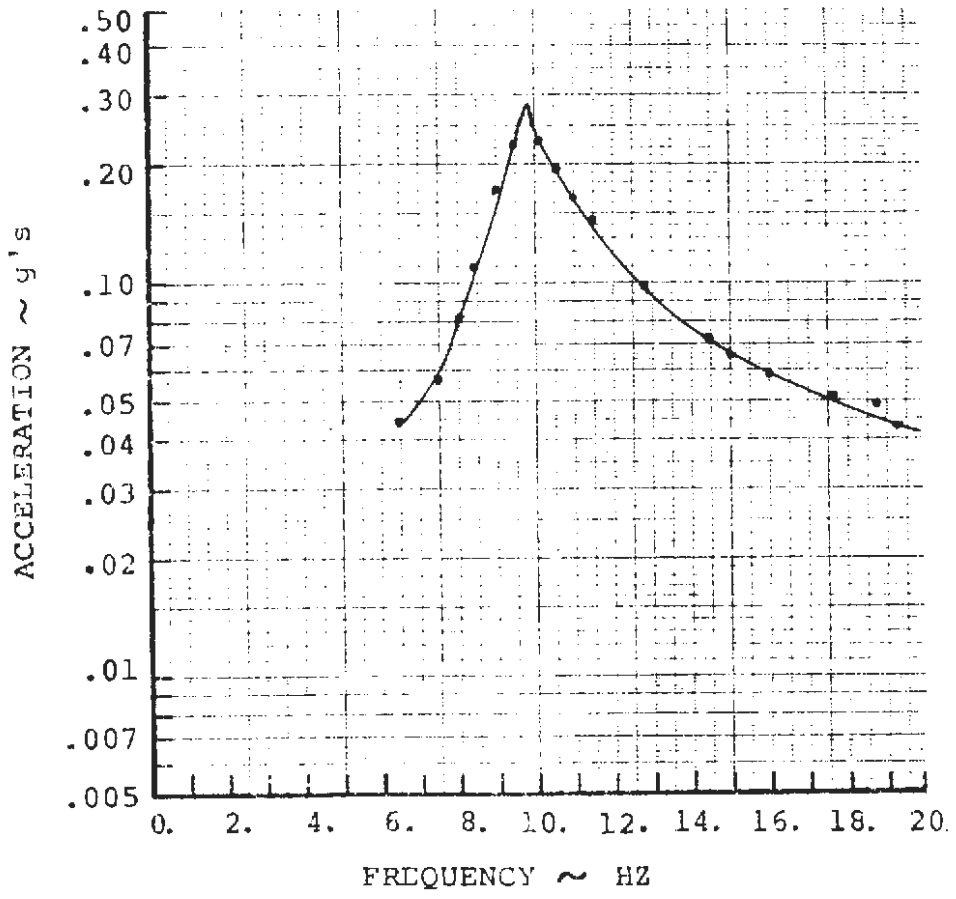


FIGURE 24

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location TRUCK FRAME
Shaker Force 500 LB
Shaker Direction VERT
Gross Weight 90000 LB.
Vertical Damper Config. ON
Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
Pick-Up Location TRUCK FRAME ~ VERT

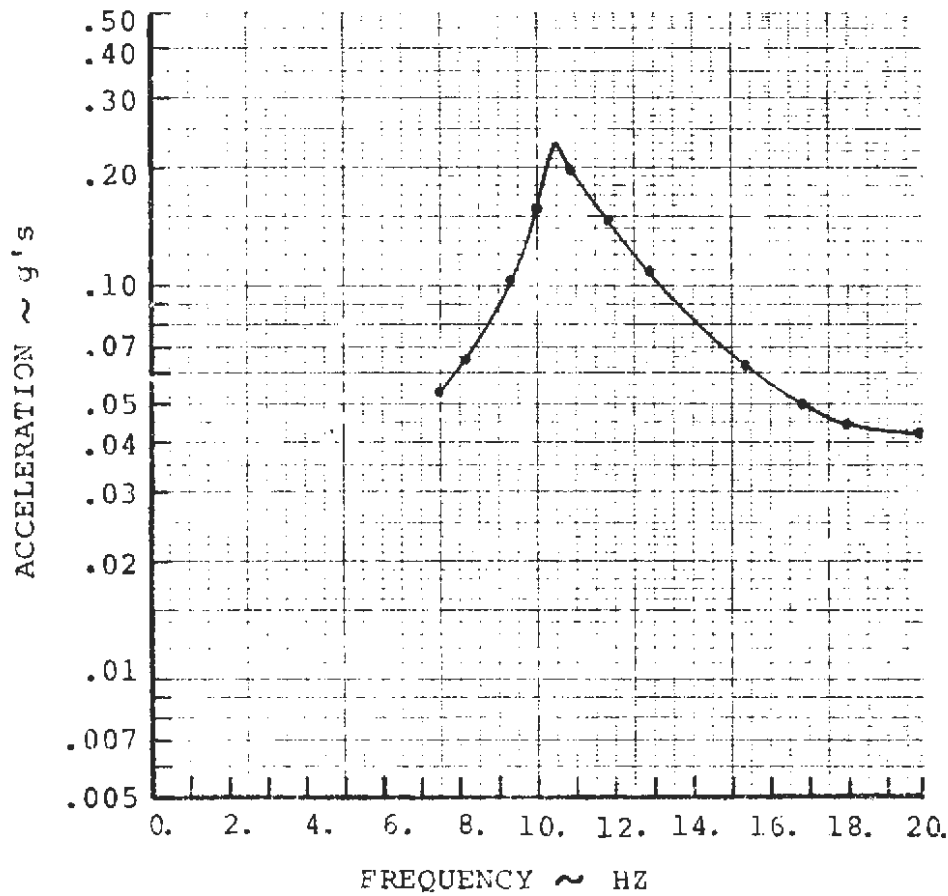


FIGURE 25

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location TRUCK FRAME
 Shaker Force 500 LB
 Shaker Direction VERT
 Gross Weight 90000 LB
 Vertical Damper Config. OFF
 Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
 Pick-Up Location R CAR END ~ VERT

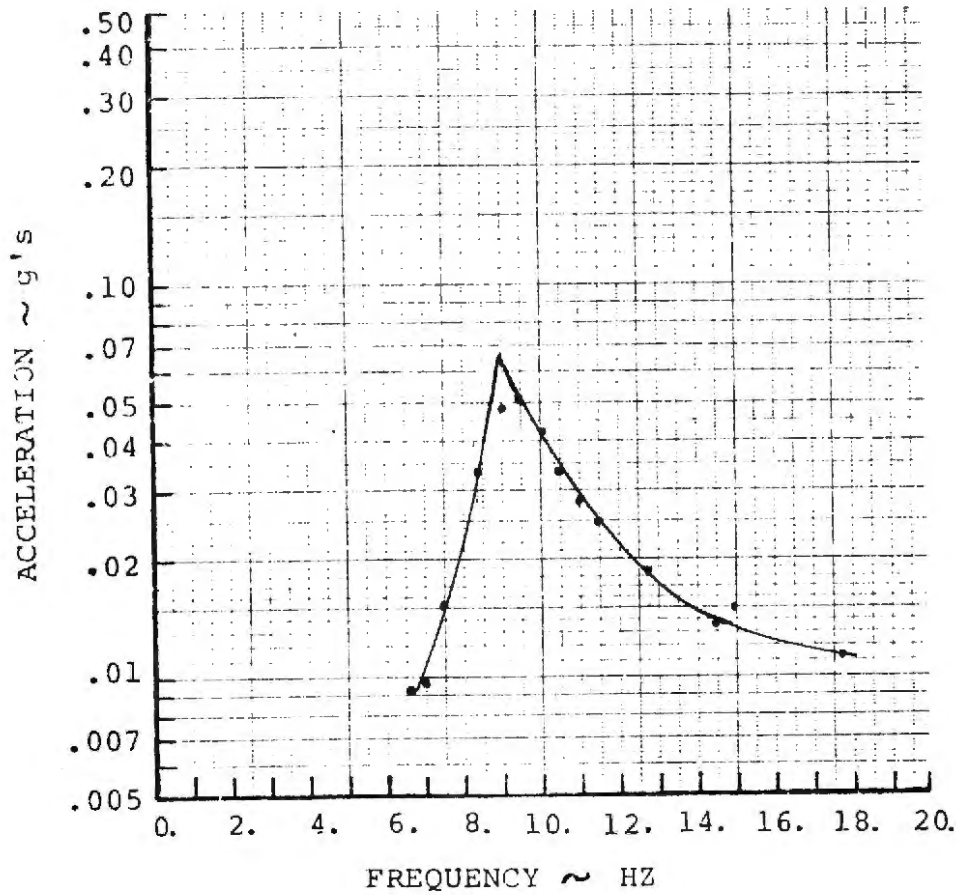


FIGURE 26

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Shaker Location TRUCK FRAME
 Shaker Force 500 LB
 Shaker Direction VERT
 Gross Weight 90000 LB
 Vertical Damper Config. ON
 Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
 Pick-Up Location R CAR END ~ VERT

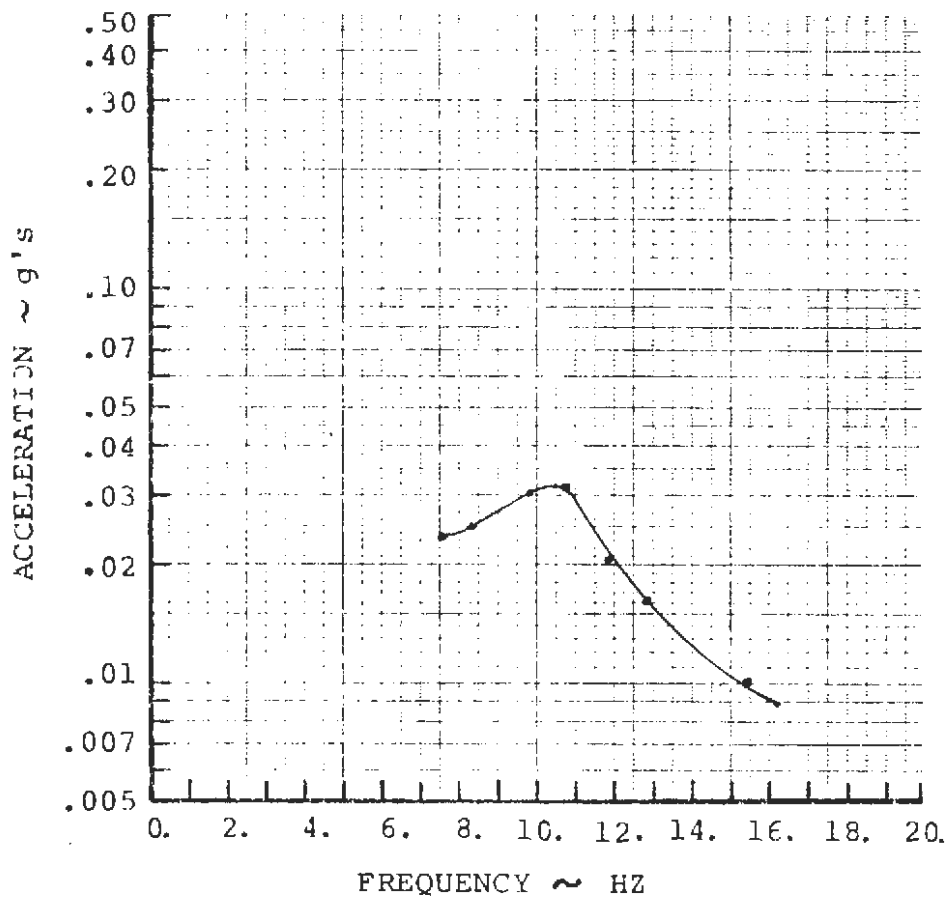
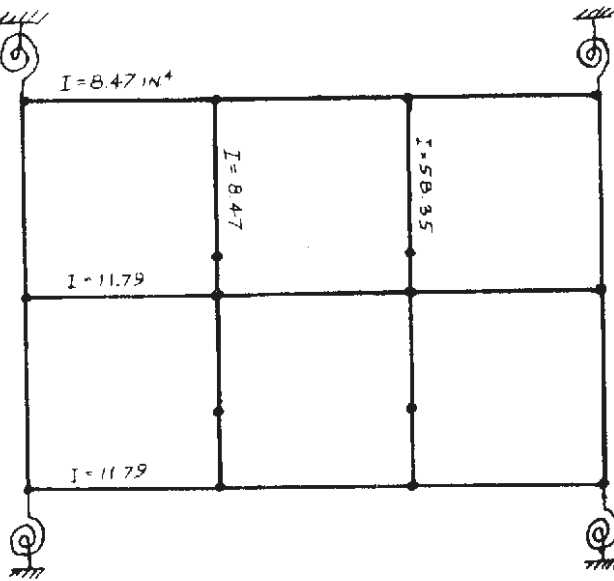


FIGURE 27

FINITE ELEMENT ANALYTICAL MODEL
SOAC MA SUPPORT STRUCTURE

BASELINE CONFIGURATION

CLOCK SPRINGS REPRESENTING SIDE SILL TORSIONAL STIFFNESS



STRUCTURAL MODIFICATION

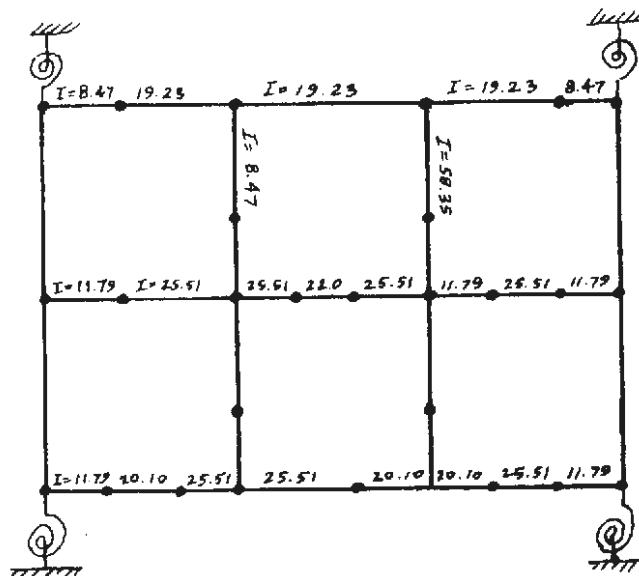


FIGURE 28

EFFECT OF CARBODY STRUCTURAL
MODIFICATION ON DYNAMIC AMPLIFICATION

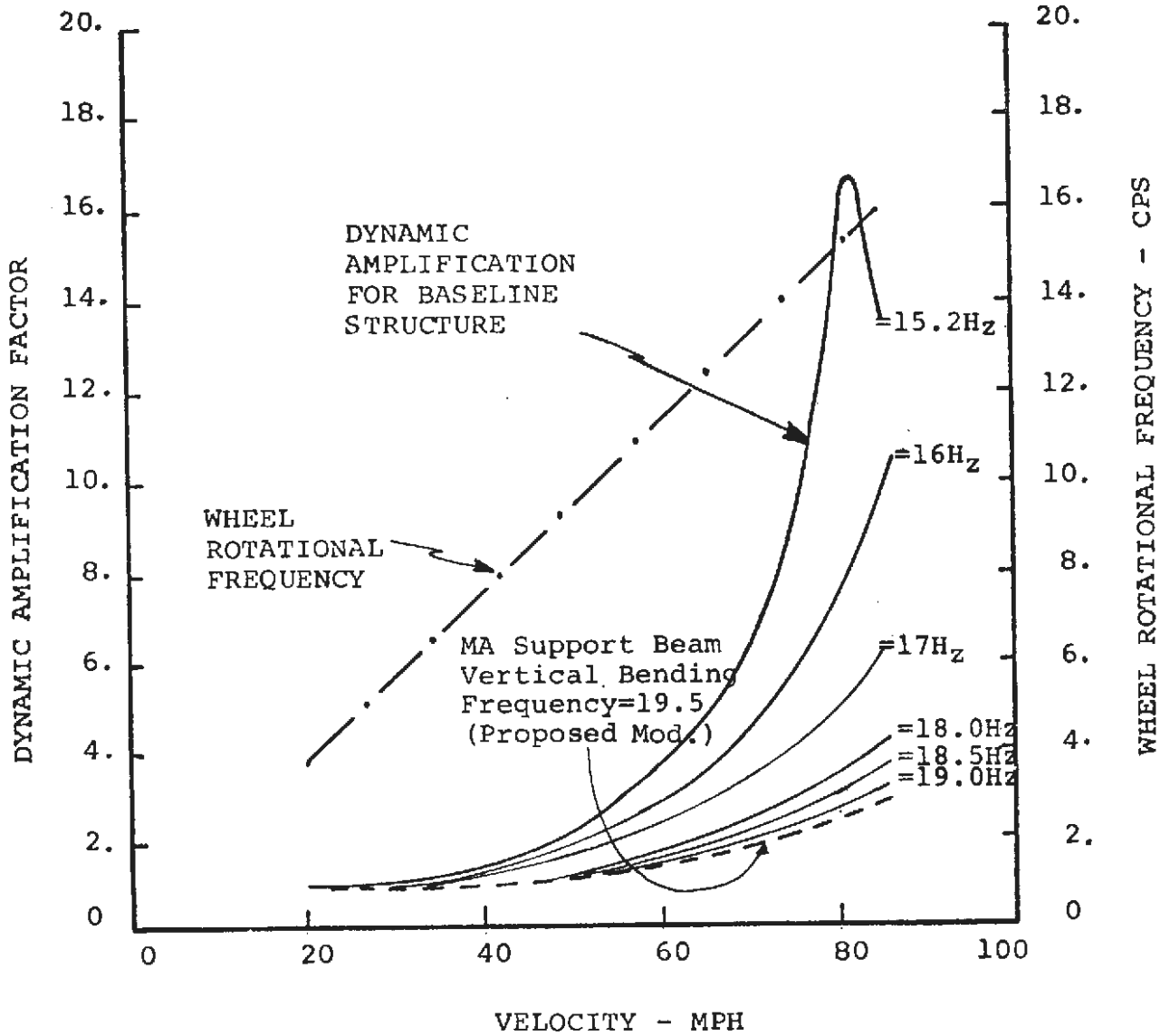


FIGURE 29

MOTOR ALTERNATOR STRUCTURAL MODIFICATION
IN PROGRESS

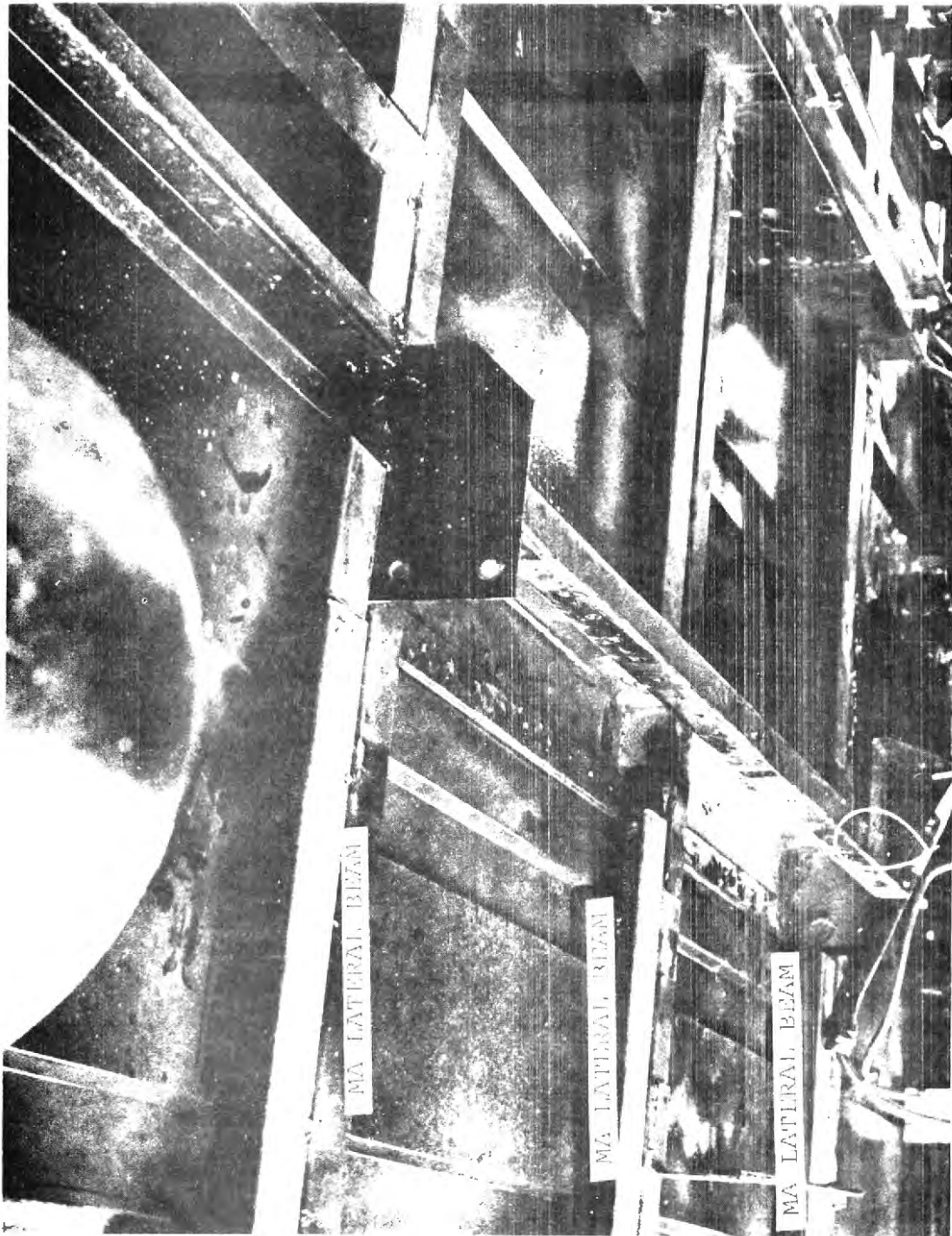


FIGURE 30

MOTOR ALTERNATOR STRUCTURAL MODIFICATION
(DETAIL OF LATERAL STIFFENING)

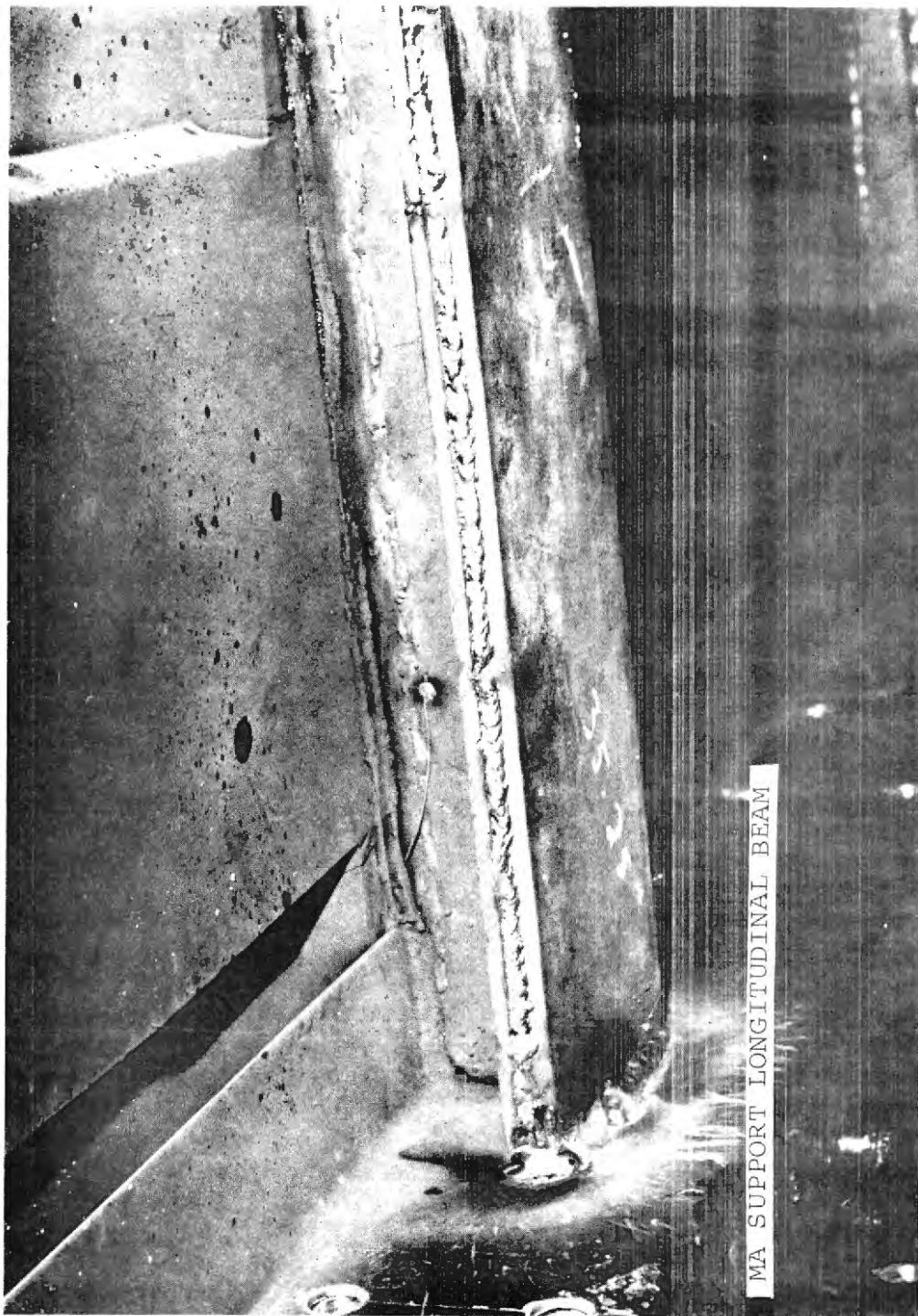


FIGURE 31

MOTOR ALTERNATOR STRUCTURAL MODIFICATION
(LONGITUDINAL STIFFENING)

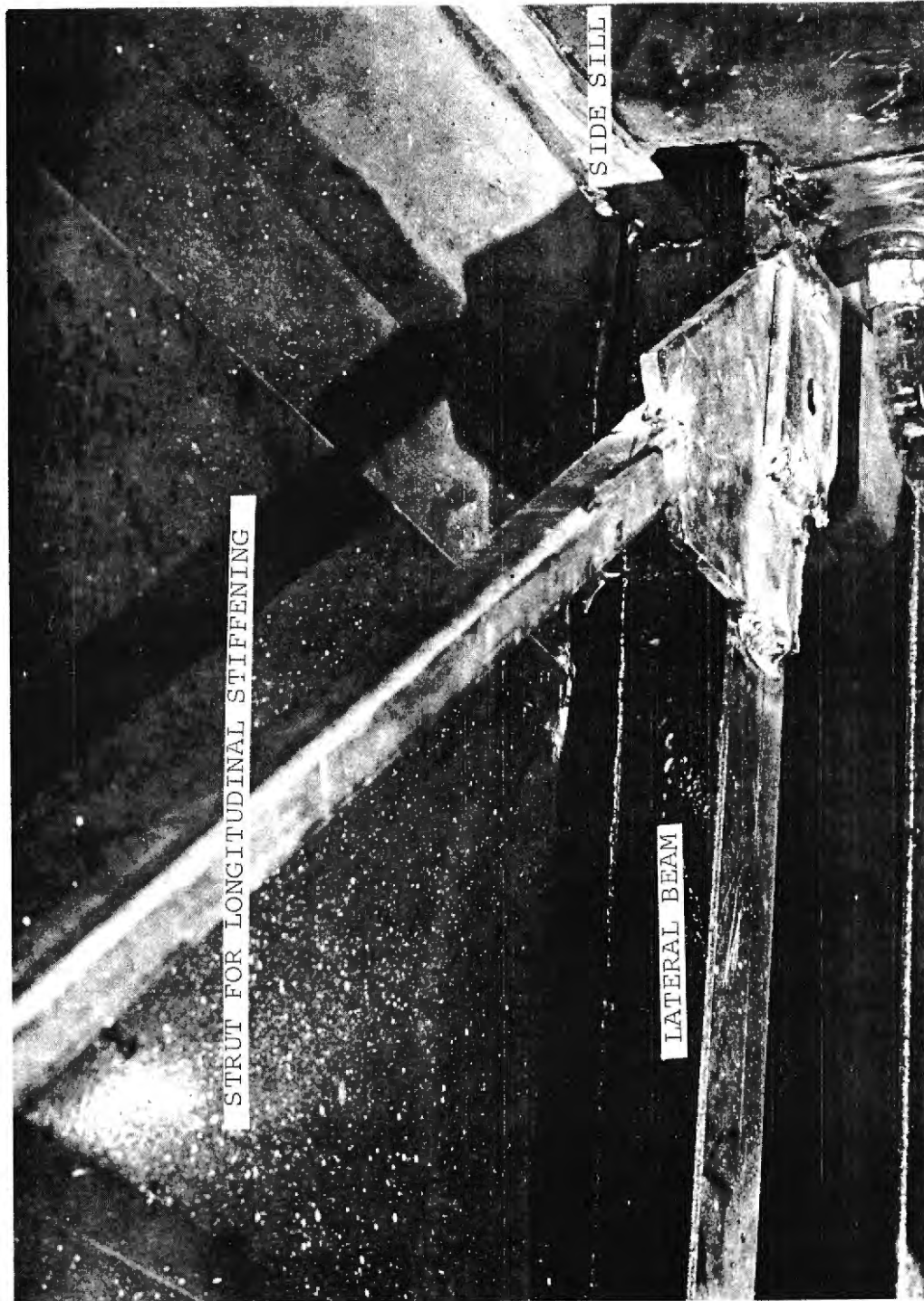


FIGURE 32

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Data Collected After Motor Alternator Support Modification

Shaker Location R CAR END
 Shaker Force 500 LB
 Shaker Direction VERT.
 Gross Weight 90,000 LBS.
 Vertical Damper Config. OFF
 Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
 Pick-Up Location R CAR END-VERT

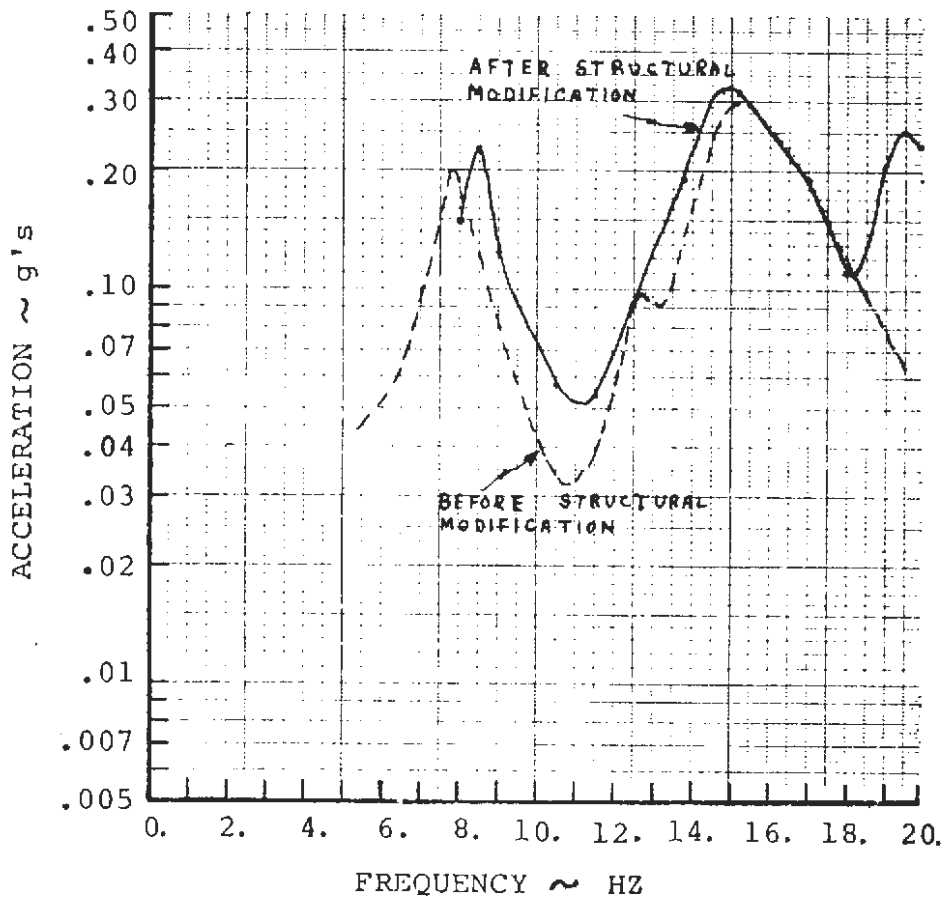


FIGURE 33

SOAC SHAKE TEST

Frequency Response Curves

Data collected After Motor Alternator Support Modification

Shaker Location R CAREND
 Shaker Force 500 LBS.
 Shaker Direction VERT.
 Gross Weight 90,000 LBS.
 Vertical Damper Config. OFF
 Motor Alternator Config. NO SHIMS
 Pick-Up Location STA673 VERT.

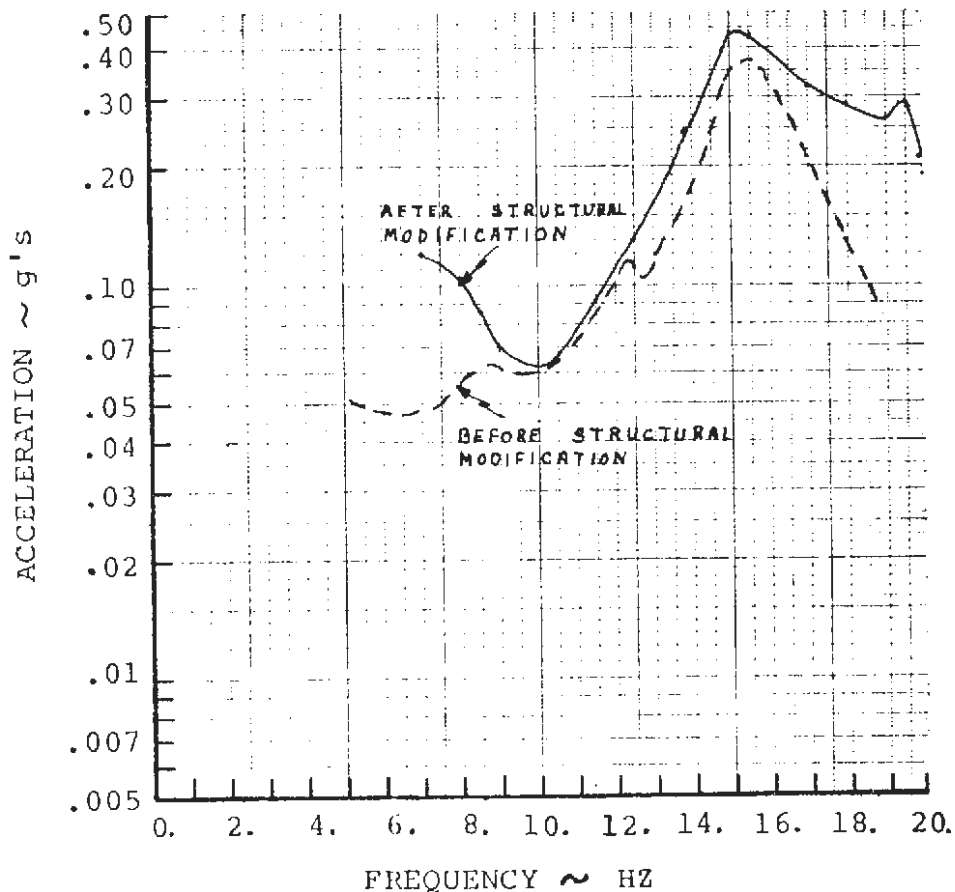


FIGURE 34

SOAC SHAKE TESTS
VERTICAL MODE SHAPES

CARBODY VERTICAL BENDING

DATA COLLECTED AFTER MOTOR ALTERNATOR SUPPORT MODIFICATION

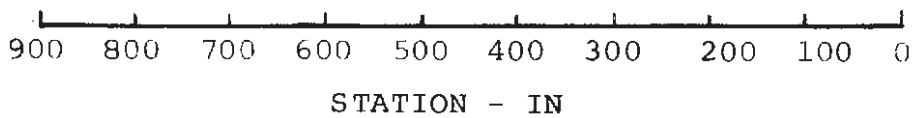
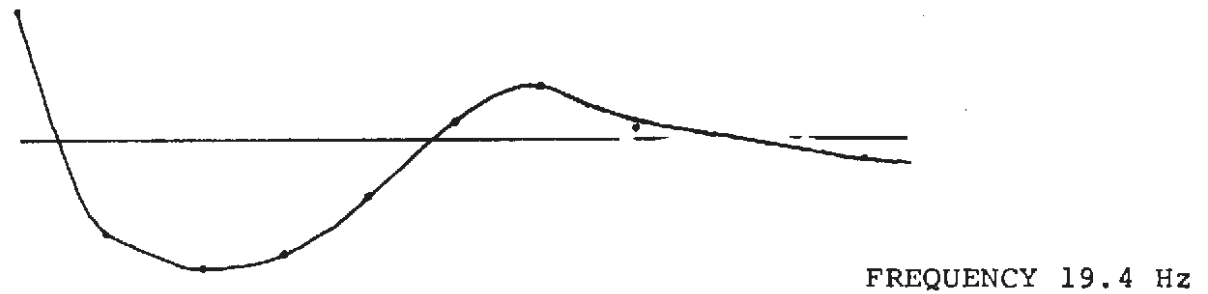
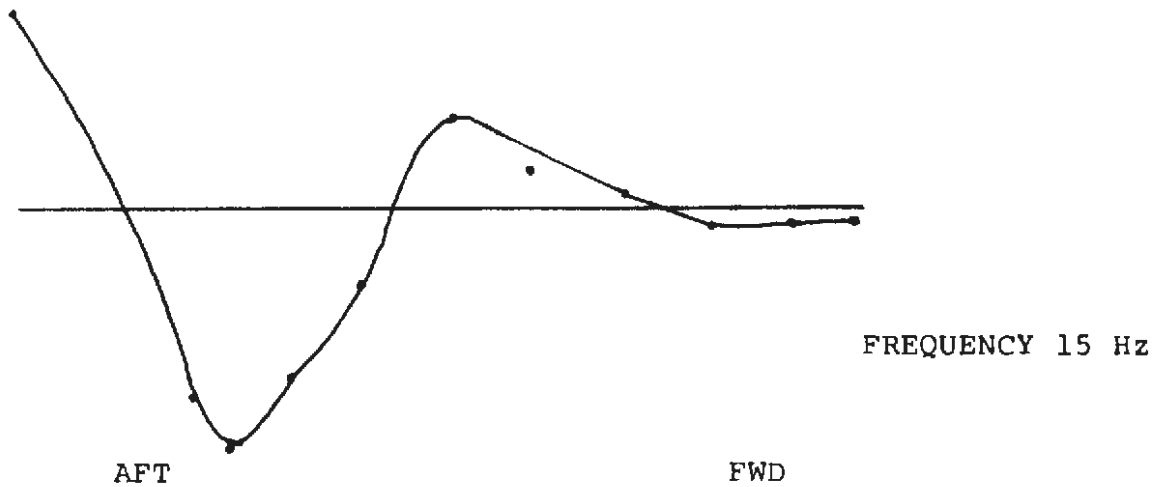
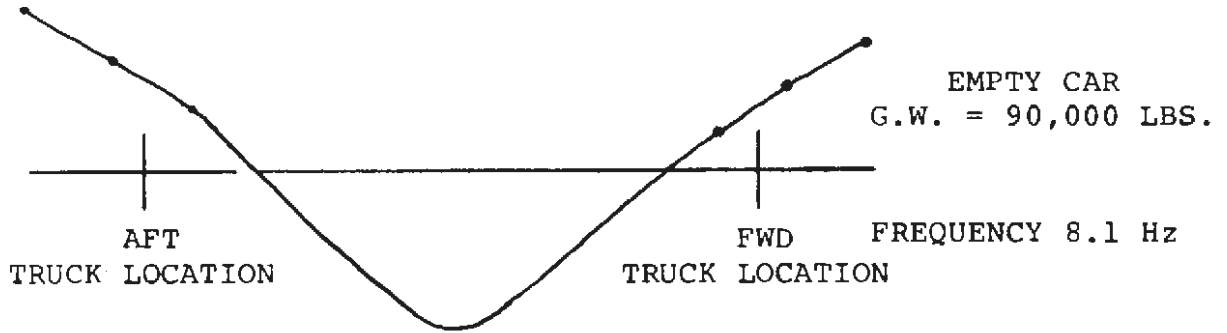
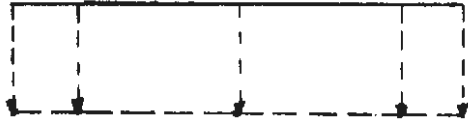


FIGURE 35

SOAC SHAKE TESTS
VERTICAL MODE SHAPES

MOTOR ALTERNATOR LATERAL SUPPORT BEAM

DATA COLLECTED AFTER MOTOR ALTERNATOR SUPPORT MODIFICATION



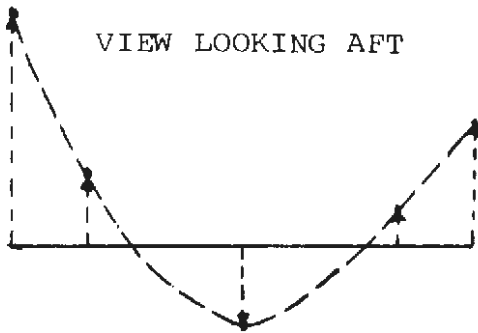
FREQUENCY = 8.1 Hz

VIEW LOOKING AFT



FREQUENCY = 15.2 Hz

VIEW LOOKING AFT

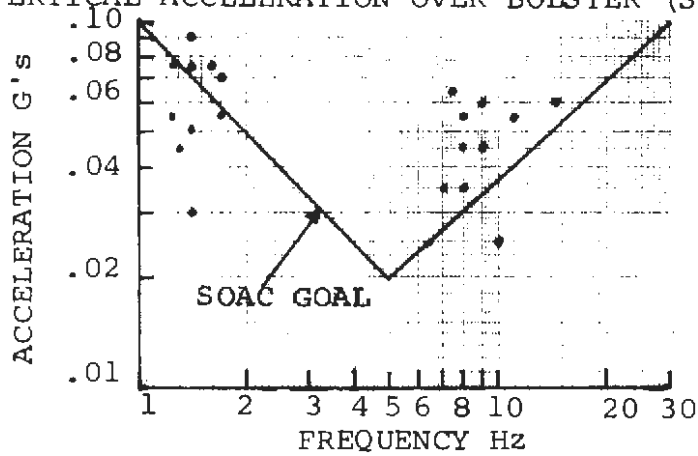


FREQUENCY = 19.4 Hz

FIGURE 36

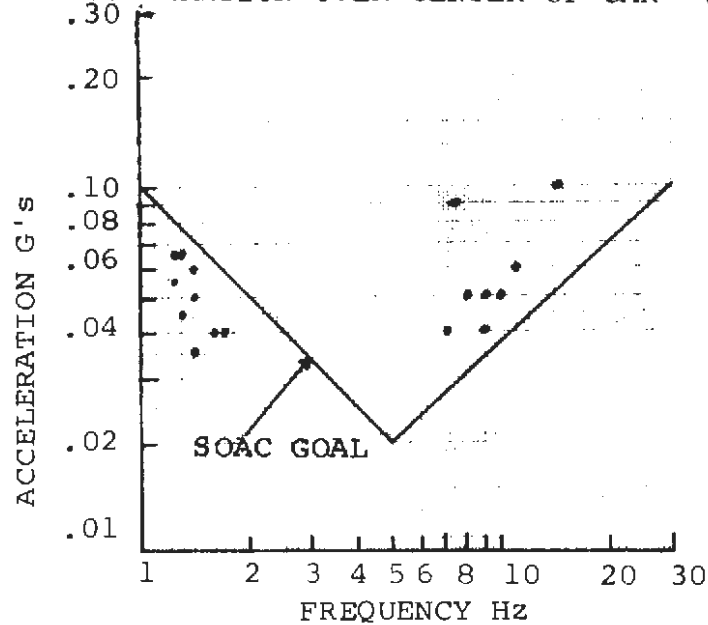
SOAC RIDE QUALITY
DATA COLLECTED AFTER MA SUPPORT STRUCTURAL MODIFICATION

VERTICAL ACCELERATION OVER BOLSTER (STA 108)



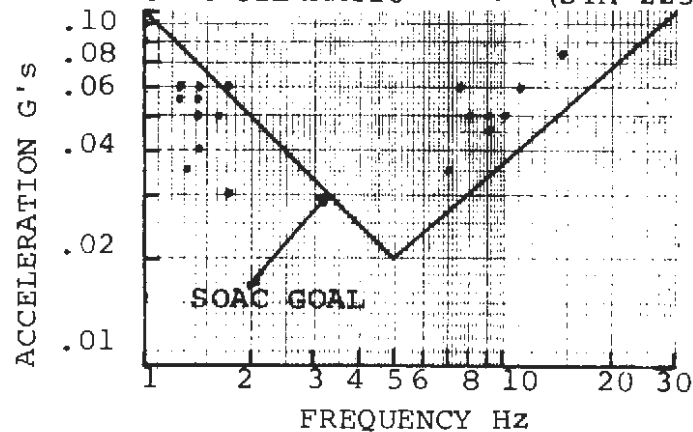
GROSS WEIGHT
90,000 LBS.

VERTICAL ACCELERATION OVER CENTER OF CAR (STA 450)



GROSS WEIGHT
90,000 LBS.

VERTICAL ACCELERATION OVER (STA 225)



GROSS WEIGHT
90,000 LBS.

FIGURE 37

SOAC RIDE QUALITY
DATA COLLECTED AFTER MA SUPPORT STRUCTURAL MODIFICATION

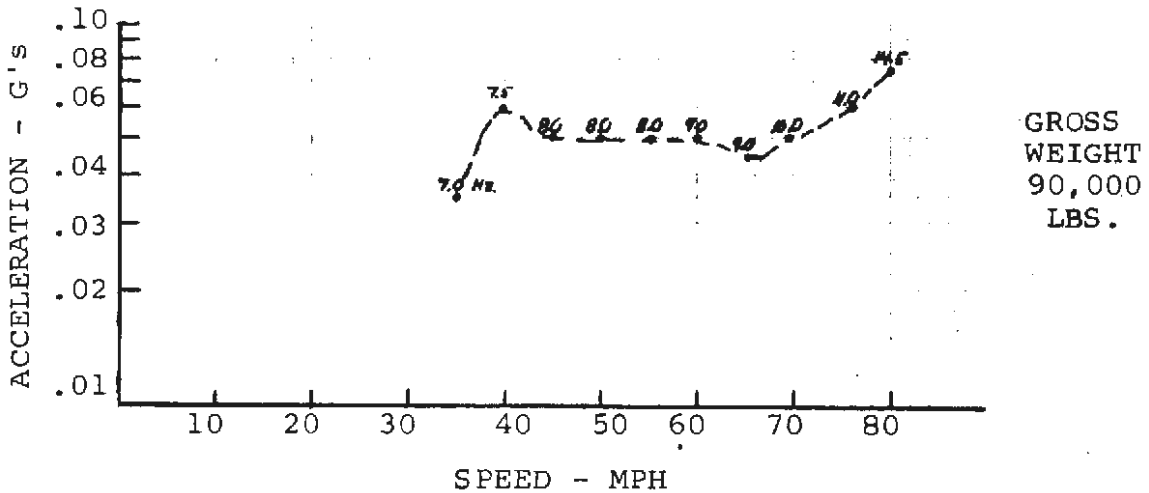
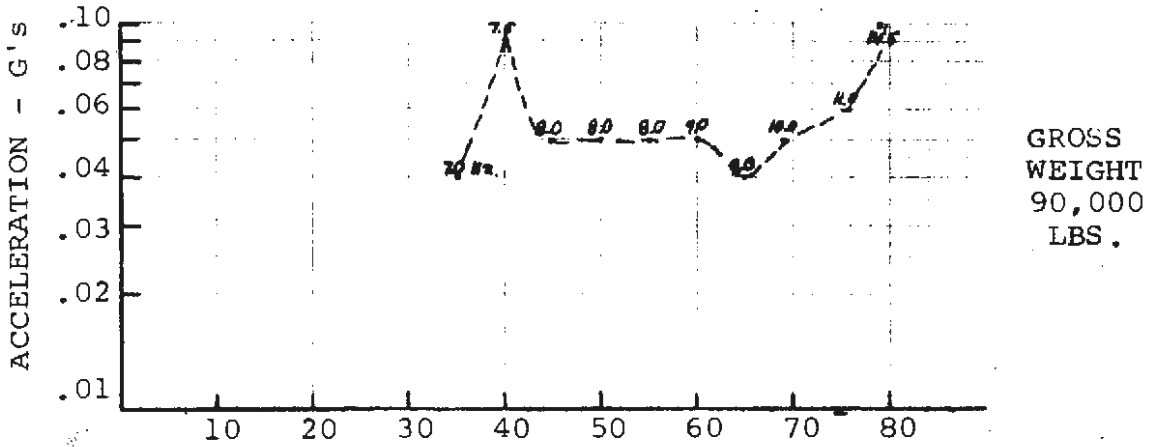
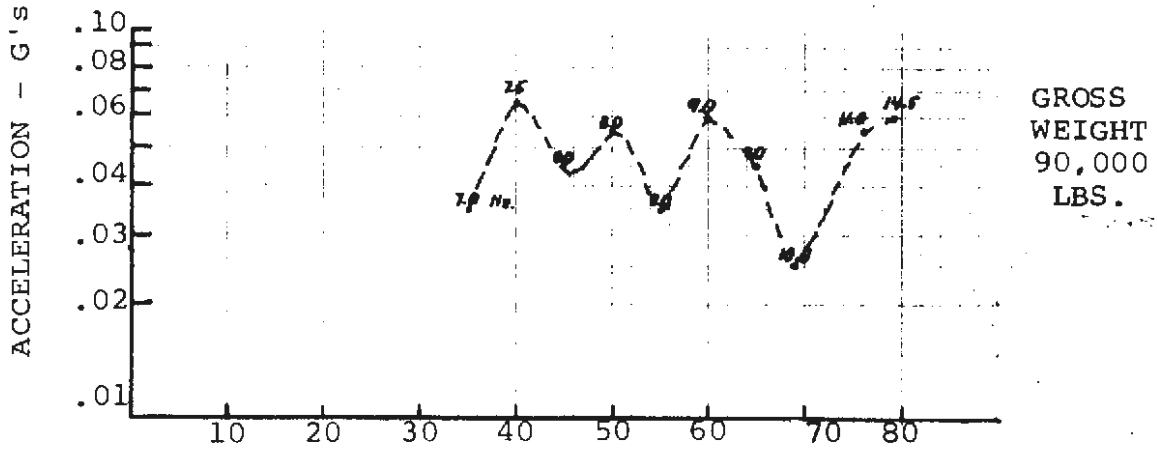
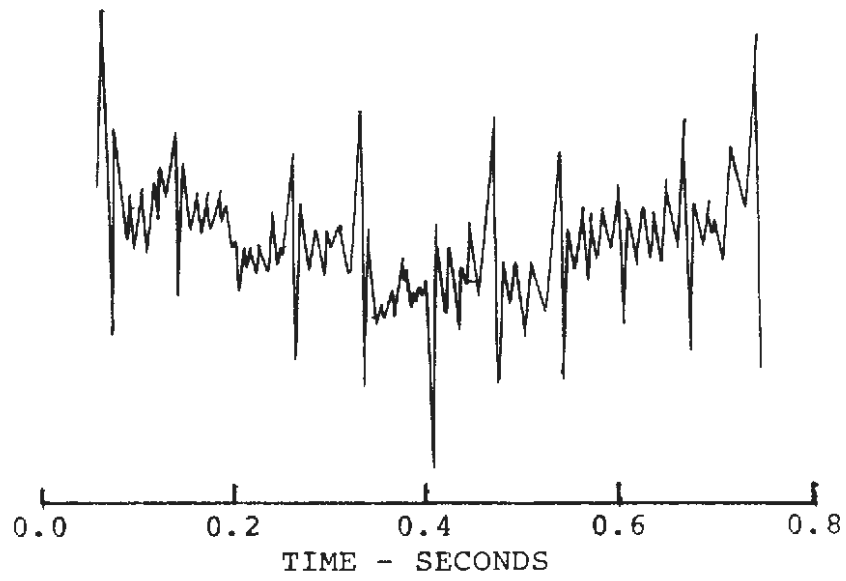


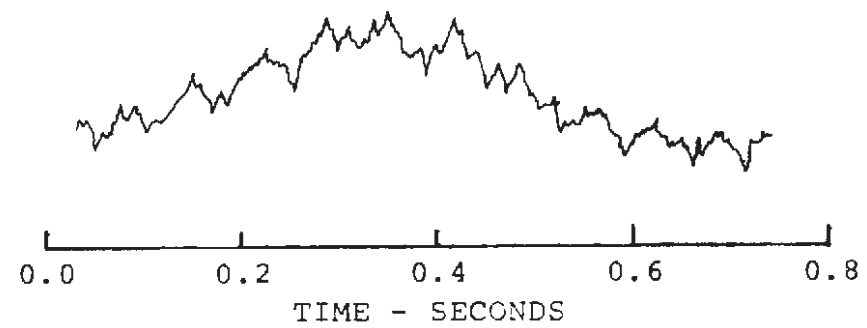
FIGURE 38

CARBODY VERTICAL ACCELERATION
SAMPLE ACCELEROMETER OUTPUTS
GROSS WEIGHT - 90,000 LBS., SPEED - 80 MPH

NO COUPLER SHIMS
REAR OF CAR

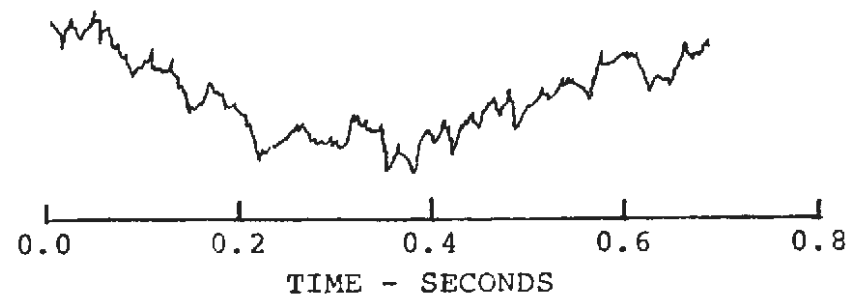


COUPLER SHIMS
REAR OF CAR



NOTE
ALL PICKUPS .5G/IN.
ALL PAPER SPEEDS FOR SHOWN OUTPUT ARE 5 IN/SEC.

NO COUPLER SHIMS
FRONT OF CAR



COUPLER SHIMS
FRONT OF CAR

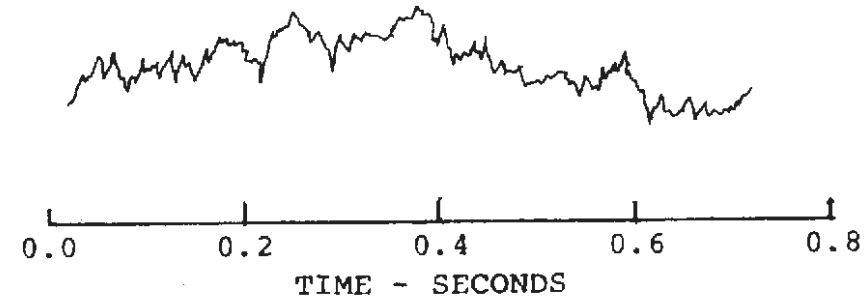


FIGURE 39

FORM 48284 (2/68)

SHEET 63

WHEEL CONCENTRICITY AND LATERAL RUN-OUT

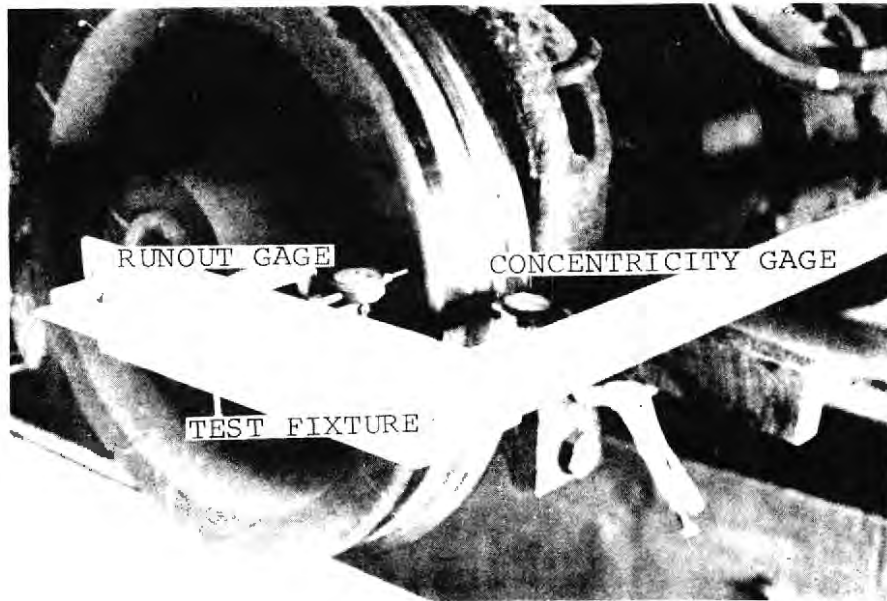


FIGURE 40

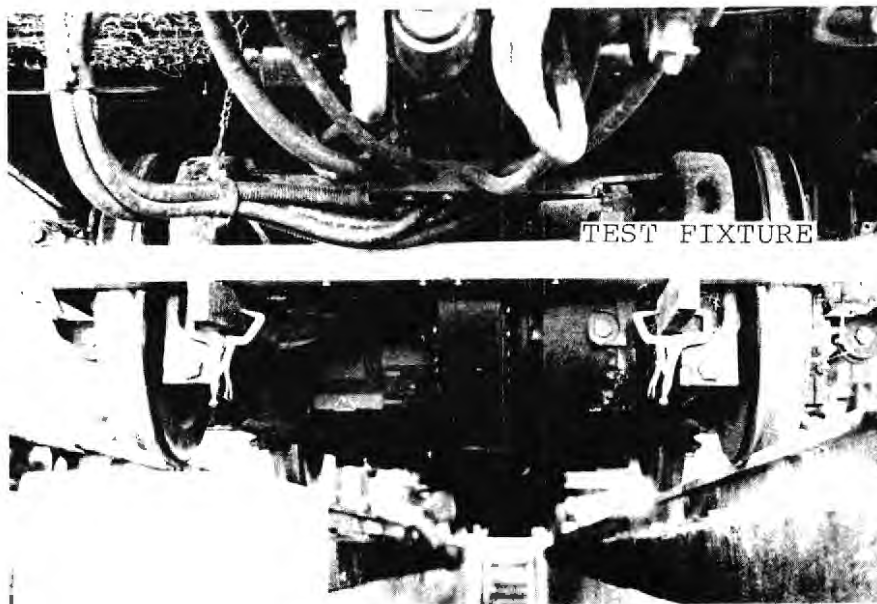


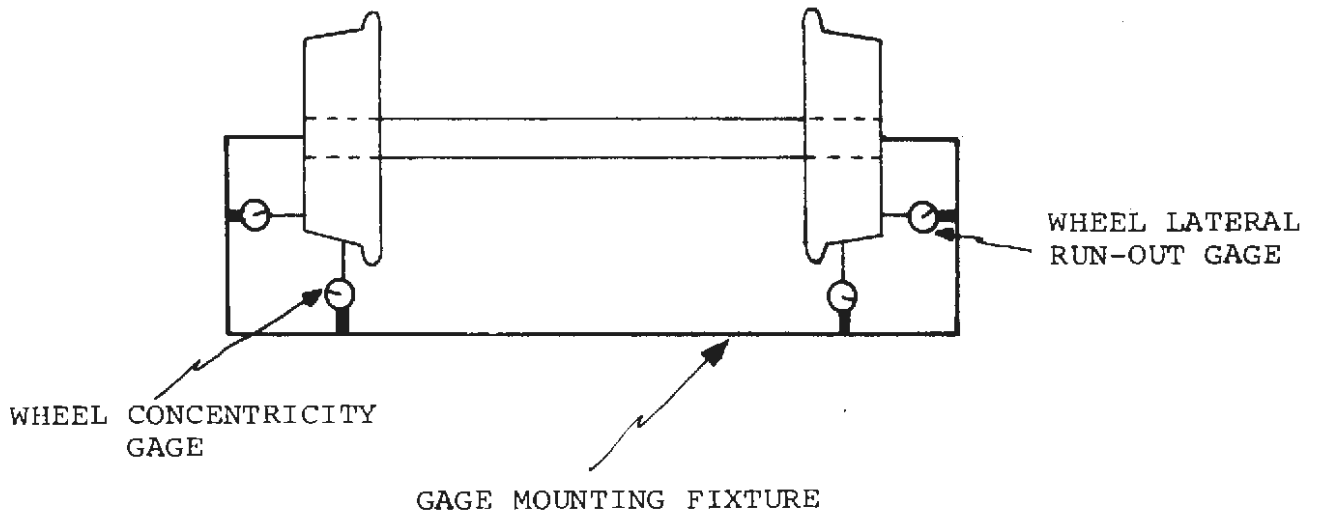
FIGURE 41

WHEEL CONCENTRICITY TEST APPARATUS

AND

WHEEL IDENTIFICATION DIAGRAM

VIEW LOOKING DOWN



WHEEL IDENTIFICATION DIAGRAM

FIGURE 42

SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

WHEEL CONCENTRICITY AND LATERAL RUN-OUT TEST

	WHEEL No.	T.I.R. Concentricity	T.I.R. Lateral Run Out
SOAC 1	1	.005	.012
	2	.008	.011
	3	.006	.012
	4	.005	.006
	5	.006	.005
	6	.004	.008
	7	.005	.008
	8	.003	.007
SOAC 2	1	.002	.021
	2	.003	.004
	3	.005	.014
	4	.003	.011
	5	.006	.006
	6	.010	.010
	7	.008	.007
	8	.007	.014

WHEEL SPECIFICATIONS

	AAR	SOAC	NORTH JERSEY	N.H.R.R.	SEPTA	I.C.
Eccentricity at Tread	.030	.0156	.007	.007	.030	.03
Unbalance at Rim	2.Lb	3 Oz.	-	-	-	2. Lb
Lateral Run-Out	.090	.032		.015	.090	.090

FIGURE 43

DATA - WHEEL CONCENTRICITY TEST

SOAC # 1

<u>WHEEL 1</u>			<u>WHEEL 3</u>		
Wheel Position (Clock)	Concentricity	Run Out	Wheel Position (Clock)	Concentricity	Run Out
9:00	0.0	0.0	4:00	.000	.000
7:30	-.003	-.002	3:00	-.002	-.001
3:00	.001	.008	2:30	-.002	-.003
6:00	-.001	.001	1:45	-.003	-.006
4:30	-.003	.003	1:00	-.003	-.009
12:00	.002	.010	11:30	-.006	-.012
2:00	.002	.010	10:30	-.005	-.012
11:00	.001	.007	9:15	-.004	-.011
7:30	-.001	.001	8:15	-.004	-.008
9:00	.000	.001	7:15	-.003	-.005
			6:00	-.003	-.001
			5:00	-.001	.000
			4:00	-.001	.000

WHEEL 2

<u>WHEEL 2</u>			<u>WHEEL 4</u>	
Wheel Position (Clock)	Concentricity	Run Out	Wheel Position (Clock)	Concentricity
3:00	0.0	0.0	8:00	.000
4:30	.002	.000	9:00	-.001
9:00	.008	-.010	9:30	-.001
6:00	.005	-.010	10:15	-.002
7:30	.008	-.011	11:00	-.003
12:00	.004	-.008	12:30	-.005
10:00	.006	-.011	1:30	-.004
1:00	.001	-.004	2:45	-.004
4:30	.002	-.002	3:45	-.004
3:00	.001	-.001	4:45	-.004
			6:00	-.001
			7:00	-.001
			8:00	.000

FIGURE 44

DATA - WHEEL CONCENTRICITY TEST

SOAC #1

WHEEL 5

WHEEL 6

Wheel Position Concentricity Run Out Wheel Position Concentricity Run Out
(clock) (clock)

6:00	.000	.000	6:00	.000	.000
7:30	.002	-.002	4:30	-.001	-.003
8:00	.002	-.002	4:00	.000	-.005
9:00	.004	-.003	3:00	.001	-.004
10:00	.005	-.004	2:00	.003	-.006
11:00	.004	-.004	1:00	.003	-.003
12:00	.003	-.005	12:00	.003	-.002
1:00	.002	-.005	11:00	.003	-.002
2:00	.001	-.005	10:00	.002	-.001
3:00	.000	-.004	9:00	-.002	.000
4:00	-.001	-.003	8:00	.001	.002
5:00	-.001	-.003	7:00	.000	.002
6:00	.000	-.003	6:00	.000	.001
7:30	.001	-.004	4:30	-.001	.000

WHEEL 7

WHEEL 8

7:45	.000	.000	4:15	.000	.000
7:00	-.002	-.001	5:00	.000	.000
6:00	-.002	-.002	6:00	.001	-.002
5:00	-.003	-.003	7:00	.000	-.004
4:00	-.003	-.003	8:00	.000	-.006
3:00	.000	-.001	9:00	.000	-.007
1:45	.002	.002	10:15	.001	-.005
1:00	.002	.004	11:00	.000	-.005
12:00	.002	.004	12:00	.000	-.003
10:45	.001	.005	1:15	-.001	-.003
9:45	.001	.005	2:15	-.002	-.002
9:00	.000	.003	3:00	-.001	-.002
7:45	-.001	.001	4:15	.000	-.002
6:45	-.003	.000	5:15	.000	-.002

FIGURE 45

DATA - WHEEL CONCENTRICITY TEST

SOAC #2

<u>WHEEL 1</u>			<u>WHEEL 2</u>		
Wheel Position (clock)	Concentricity	Run Out	Wheel Position (clock)	Concentricity	Run Out
6:30	.000	.000	5:30	.000	.000
7:30	.001	-.001	4:30	.000	.000
8:30	.000	-.006	3:30	.000	-.002
10:00	.000	-.021	2:00	-.001	.000
11:00	.001	-.021	1:00	-.002	.002
12:15	-.001	-.016	11:45	-.002	.002
1:00	.001	-.012	11:00	-.002	.002
2:00	.001	-.007	10:00	-.003	.001
3:00	.000	-.004	9:00	-.003	.000
4:00	.000	-.001	8:00	-.002	.000
5:30	.000	-.003	6:30	-.002	-.001
6:30	.001	-.004	5:30	-.002	.000

<u>WHEEL 3</u>			<u>WHEEL 4</u>		
4:00	.000	.000	8:00	.000	.000
2:45	.002	-.010	9:15	.000	-.002
2:00	.002	-.010	10:00	.000	-.002
1:00	.002	-.014	11:00	.001	-.005
12:00	.001	-.013	12:00	.002	-.007
11:00	.000	-.012	1:00	.003	-.009
10:00	-.002	-.011	2:00	.003	-.010
9:00	-.003	-.009	3:00	.003	-.009
8:00	-.003	-.008	4:00	.002	-.007
7:00	-.002	-.006	5:00	.001	-.003
5:45	.000	-.004	6:15	.000	-.001
4:00	.001	-.004	8:00	.000	.001
3:30	.001	-.006	8:30	.000	.000

FIGURE 46

DATA - WHEEL CONCENTRICITY TEST

SOAC #2

<u>WHEEL 5</u>			<u>WHEEL 6</u>		
Wheel Position (Clock)	Concentricity	Run Out	Wheel Position (Clock)	Concentricity	Run Out
12:30	.000	.000	11:30	.000	.000
2:00	.001	-.002	10:00	-.002	-.002
3:30	.004	-.005	8:30	-.002	-.005
4:30	.006	-.004	7:30	.001	-.004
6:00	.006	-.003	6:00	.005	-.003
8:00	.004	.000	4:00	.008	.000
9:00	.002	-.001	3:00	.008	-.001
6:30	.006	-.002	5:30	.006	-.002
10:30	.000	-.001	1:30	.005	-.001
12:00	.000	.001	12:00	.001	.001

<u>WHEEL 7</u>			<u>WHEEL 8</u>		
3:00	.000	.000	9:00	.000	.000
1:30	-.001	-.002	10:30	-.002	.002
12:00	-.003	-.002	12:00	-.004	-.002
10:45	-.007	-.005	1:15	-.005	.000
9:00	-.008	-.007	3:00	-.003	-.005
7:30	-.007	-.006	4:30	-.001	-.008
6:00	-.005	-.002	6:00	.002	.006
4:30	-.002	.000	7:30	.002	-.003
3:00	.000	-.001	9:00	.001	.001

FIGURE 47

SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

WHEEL FLAT AND BUILD-UP DATA

SOAC #1

<u>WHEEL #</u>	<u>WHEEL POSITION</u>	<u>FLAT</u>	<u>BUILD-UP</u>
1	No Data		
2	No Data		
3	9:30 o'clock		.007
	11:00 o'clock	.018	
4	9:30 o'clock	.018	
	11:00 o'clock	.016	
5	12:00 o'clock	.010	
	8:00 o'clock	.005	
6	12:00 o'clock	.005	
	8:00 o'clock	.012	
7	5:00 o'clock	.005	
	12:00 o'clock	.012	
8	6:00 o'clock	.003	
	7:00 o'clock	.008	
	12:00 o'clock	.009	
	1:15 o'clock	.009	
<u>SOAC #2</u>			
1	No Flats		
2	8:30 o'clock	.006	
	3:00 o'clock	.010	
3	11:00 o'clock	.008	
	8:00 o'clock	.007	
4	11:00 o'clock	.007	
5	No Flats		
6	3:30 o'clock	.010	
	4:30 o'clock	.005	
7	3:00 o'clock	.005	
	12:00 o'clock	.010	
	9:00 o'clock		.011
8	No Flats		

FIGURE 48



APPENDIX IV

EMI MEASUREMENT TEST REPORT

(Project W01152-T)
April 10, 1973
(Revised Edition)



RECEIVED

JUN 4 1973

STS SUBCONTRACT

FINAL TEST REPORT
ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE
ON
STATE OF THE ART CAR (SOAC)
FOR
THE BOEING COMPANY, VERTOL DIVISION
GOVERNMENT CONTRACT NO. US/DOT-UT-10007

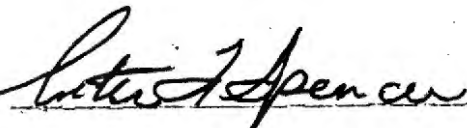
PROJECT: WO 1152-T

APRIL 10, 1973

ELECTRO MAGNETIC FILTER COMPANY, INC.
PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA

NOTICES AND SIGNATURES

The test data presented herein, refer only to the particular test sample tested. Changes in circuit design, components, grounding, lead routing or bonding, regardless how insignificant they may seem, may negate the test results presented herein.

Prepared by: 

Peter F. Spencer
Test Engineer
Electro Magnetic Filter Company, Inc.

Witnessed by: Mr. M. C. Bucher
B - Y Engineer
The Boeing Company

ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

PURPOSE OF TEST: The purpose of this test was to determine the conformance of the described specimen to the electromagnetic interference requirements of the applicable specification.

TEST COORDINATOR: THE BOEING COMPANY, VERTOL DIVISION
Boeing Center
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19142

MANUFACTURER'S MODEL NUMBER: State of the Art Car

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION: Unclassified

SPECIFICATION OR EXHIBIT: Boeing Purchase Order Number CT 885569,
Appendix A

DATE TEST COMPLETED: April 3, 1973

NUMBER OF ITEMS TESTED: Two (2) cars operating as one unit

TEST CONDUCTED BY: ELECTRO MAGNETIC FILTER COMPANY, INC.
4083 Transport Street
Palo Alto, California 94303

TEST CONDUCTED FOR: THE BOEING COMPANY, VERTOL DIVISION
Boeing Center, Post Office Box 16867
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19142

ABSTRACT: The test described herein was performed at the High Speed Test Center, Pueblo, Colorado.

The results of this testing demonstrate complete conformance to the radiated emission requirements of the specification.

FACTUAL DATA

1.0 DESCRIPTION:

- 1.1 The test specimen was two state of the art cars coupled together and operating as a unit.

2.0 TEST INSTRUMENTATION:

- 2.1 Radio Interference Field Intensity Meter, Stoddart Model IM-37-PRM-1A, Serial Number 215. Next calibration due July 1, 1973.
- 2.2 Radio Frequency Field Intensity Meter, Stoddart Model IM-88/URM-47, Serial Number 33. Next calibration due June 1, 1973.
- 2.3 Dipole Antenna Stoddart, Model Number AB-371/U.
- 2.4 Biconical Antenna, per MIL-STD-461A, Paragraph 5.2.3.

3.0 TEST PROCEDURE:

- 3.1 The test equipment was first set up inside one of the SOAC cars, at approximately the midpoint. Test equipment power was provided by a small auxiliary generator situated in the other car. All SOAC systems and third rail power were deenergized, and a complete scan of the frequency range (150 KHz to 400 MHz) was performed for the purpose of selecting those frequencies (approximately four per decade) at which radio interference field intensity would be monitored throughout the remaining tests. A second frequency scan was performed after third rail power and all SOAC systems had been energized, in order to identify any emission frequencies (high interference peaks) for later checking during radiated emission tests with the instrumentation at a wayside location. There were none.
- 3.2 The test equipment was then set up adjacent to the tracks at a distance of 100 feet from the tracks on April 2 and 3, 1973, wayside measurements began at approximately 1:00 P.M. on the 2nd. Prior to testing the vehicle a complete scan of the frequency range was performed for the purpose of determining ambient interference levels.
- 3.3 Measurements were then performed with the test vehicle passing through a zone approximately 300 feet long directly in front of the

antenna location at speeds of 20, 40 and 80 miles per hour. See Figure 1. One north and one south pass was made for each frequency speed combination, except at 80 miles per hour, all runs were made in a southerly direction to take advantage of the slight down grade.

3.3.1 Additional measurements were then performed under conditions of maximum acceleration and braking.

3.3.2 Since the revised specification limits are derived from Specification MIL-STD-461A, the antennas prescribed by that specification were used for this testing. The resulting corrected data is then in standard units of $\text{dB} > 1 \mu\text{V}/\text{M}/\text{MHz}$.

3.4 Based on previous testing experience, obtained on similar transit cars, which indicated horizontally polarized interference levels from the vehicle to be higher than vertically polarized levels at all frequencies above 30 MHz, all testing performed on the SOAC was with the biconical and dipole antennas horizontally polarized. Antennas were located approximately five feet above ground level and approximately twelve feet above track grade.

3.4.1 Toward the end of trackside measurements a powerful gust of wind toppled the biconical antenna and damaged it beyond repair. Further measurements were then performed using a 21" dipole antenna. Correction factors shown on data sheet 2 were found empirically in the lab by direct comparison of radiated fields using the two antennas.

4.0 TEST RESULTS:

4.1 Internal radiated emission measurements of ambient conditions and with all systems on were performed with the test equipment at only one location, for these reasons:

4.1.1 There were no substantial noise peaks to necessitate tracking down a source.

4.1.2 Because of the physical size and layout of the car, no significant differences could be expected between measurements that were taken in the middle of the car and measurements that might be taken elsewhere in the same car.

4.2 Internal and wayside radiated emission test results are presented in tabular form on data sheets 1 and 2. Wayside test results, plotted as a composite graph on Figure II, demonstrate complete conformance to specification limits.

- 4.2.1 Although readings at 32 MHz exceed specification limits by 2 dB, it should be noted that the ambient level corrected also exceeded the limit by the same amount. In addition, normal accepted tolerance limits for this type of testing are plus or minus 3 dB; therefore, the 32 MHz readings must be interpreted as complying with specification requirements.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS:

When tested as described herein, the SOAC demonstrated complete conformance to the radiated interference emission requirements of Boeing purchase order No. CT 885569, Appendix A.

REV.	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES	CHANGE ORDER NO.	BY	CHK'D	DATE

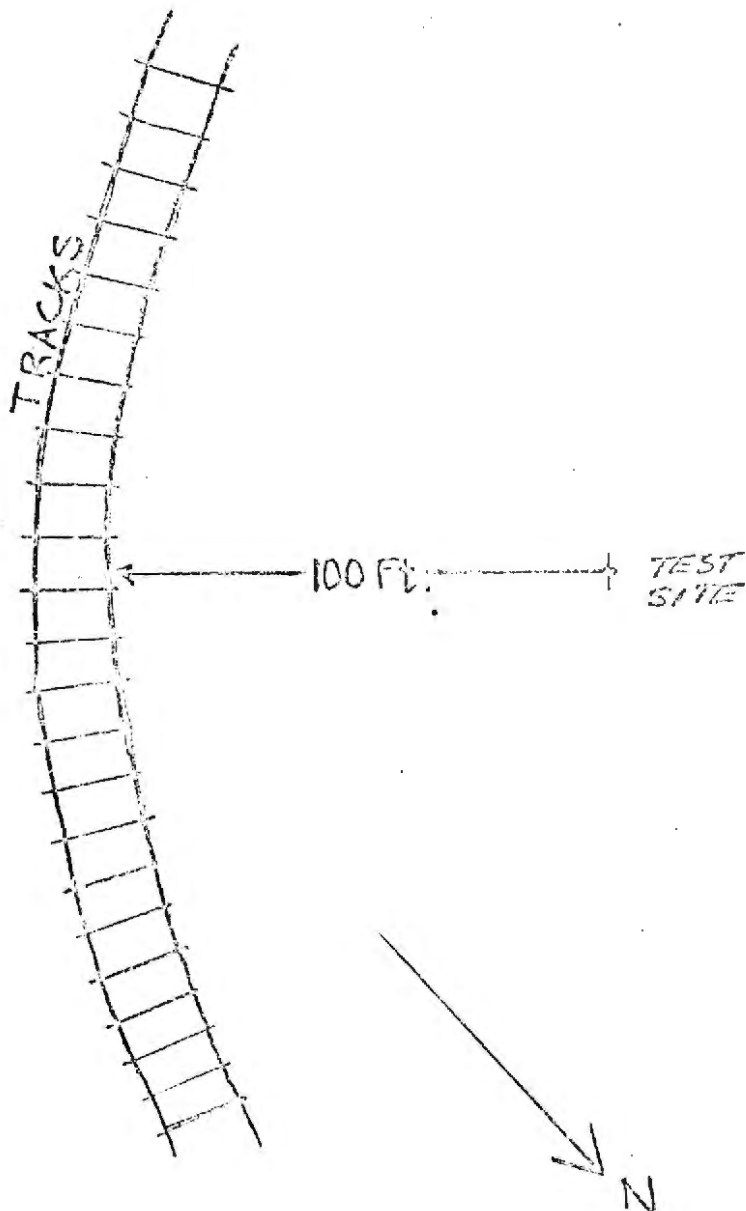



Figure 1

TOLERANCE DECIMAL ± FRACTIONAL ± UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ALL THREADS CLASS 2 FIT DO NOT SCALE THIS PRINT SUPERCEDES OTHERS PRIOR TO <input type="text"/>	 ELECTRO MAGNETIC FILTER CO. PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA	
	TEST SETUP	
MATERIAL		
FINISH		
SCALE	1/8" = 1'	DATE 4-12-73
DRAWN BY	C. J. W. W.	DWG.
APPROVED BY	J. [Signature]	ENGINEER
APPROVED BY	S. [Signature]	CHIEF ENGINEER
		ISSUE



ENGINEERING TEST REPORT
RADIO FREQUENCY SUPPRESSION LABORATORY

PROJECT STATE OF THE ART PAGE NO. 1
CAR (SOAC) DATE 4/2/73 - 4/3/73
RADIATED EMISSION

FREQ. MC	AMBIENT	ALL SYS. ON	OUTSIDE AMBIENT	20 MPH		FREQ. MC	40 MPH		80 MPH		ACCEL.		DECEL.	
	dB μ V/MHZ	dB μ V/MHZ	dB μ V/MHZ	dB μ V/MHZ	dB μ V/MHZ		dB μ V/MHZ	dB μ V/MHZ	dB μ V/MHZ	dB μ V/MHZ	dB μ V/MHZ	dB μ V/MHZ	dB μ V/MHZ	dB μ V/MHZ
.16	91	96	91	<96	<96		<96	<96	<96	<96	<96	<96	<96	<96
.31	92	95	91	<91	<91		<91	<91	<91	<91	<91	<91	<91	<91
.6	90	94	87	77	77		77	77	79	79	79	79	79	79
10	94	92	72	65	65		72	73	73	73	73	69	69	69
2	94	97	72	71	72		73	73	75	77	76	75	76	77
4	81	86	66	70	74		76	77	78	76	77	77	75	75
8	86	94	71	70	73		72	72	71	76	74	73	77	75
16	89	83	62	73	71		76	75	77	73	74	76	71	73
32	43	52	47	43	42		44	43	42	43	42	45	47	47
60	54	61	39	35	35		44	38	36	33	36	34	40	36
120	52	53	30	33	38		37	39	33	35	31	34	46	38
200	22	31	35 *	34*	34*		36*	33*	33	37	31*	35*	36*	36*
400	48	48	32	32	32		32	32	32	32	35	35	31	31
				200A			200A	0A						
				UP	DN		UP	DN						
				BELOW BASE SPEED										
400				28										
16				73										
2				70										
.16				<96			100A							
c 21 inch dipole antenna														

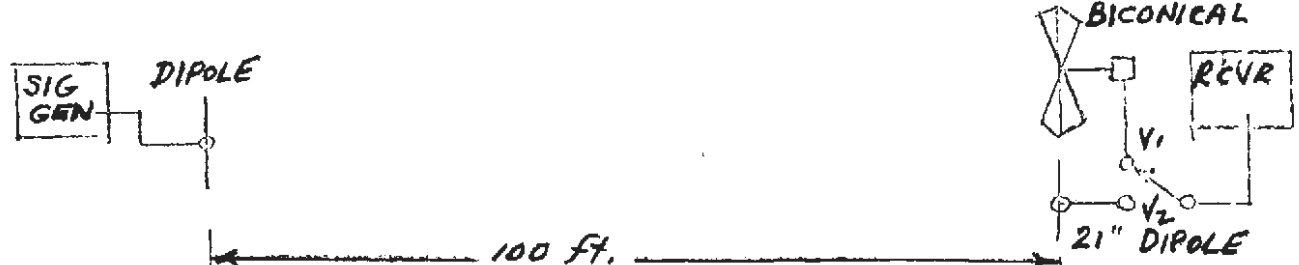
COMMENTS
 Very high noise signal @ \approx 195 MHz (ambient)
 * Readings @ 205 MHz
 Recorded levels at .16 & .31 MHz as <96 & <91 dB are ambient levels of DC to AC power converter.

ENGINEERING TEST REPORT
RADIO FREQUENCY SUPPRESSION LABORATORY

PROJECT STATE OF THE ART CAR PAGE NO. 2
(SOAC) DATE 4-10-73
RADIATED EMISSION CORRECTED

FREQ. MC	ANT. CORR FACTOR dB	AMBIENT CORR. dB μ V/M/MHZ	20 MPH CORR. dB μ V/M/MHZ		40 MPH CORR. dB μ V/M/MHZ		80 MPH CORR. dB μ V/M/MHZ		ACCEL. CORR. dB μ V/M/MHZ		DECEL. CORR. dB μ V/M/MHZ		SPEC. LIMIT. dB μ V/M/MHZ
			N	S	N	S	S	S	N	N	N	S	
.16	6	97	<102	<102	<102	<102	<102	<102	<102	<102	<102	<102	109
.31		97	<97	<97	<97	<97	<97	<97	<97	<97	<97	<97	106
.6		83	83	83	83	83	83	85	85	85	85	85	102
1.0		78	71	71	78	79	79	79	75	75	75	75	106
2		78	77	78	77	78	81	83	82	81	82	83	97
4		72	76	80	82	83	84	82	83	83	81	81	93
8		77	76	78	78	78	77	82	80	79	83	81	91
16	Y	68	79	77	82	81	83	79	80	82	77	79	87
32	13 'c'	60	56	55	57	56	55	56	55	58	60	60	58
60	9 +5	48	44	44	53	47	49	49	58	52	49	45	58
120	16 -6	46	49	52	53	49	43	46	47	43	56	54	68
200	17 -2	52	51	51	53	50	49	49	51	47	51	51	68
400	0	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	35	35	31	31	68

COMMENTS Antenna corr. factors 'c' were obtained as follows.



SIGNED	DATE	ENGINEER	DATE	DEPT. ENGR.	DATE	CHIEF ENGR.	DATE
				IV-9			

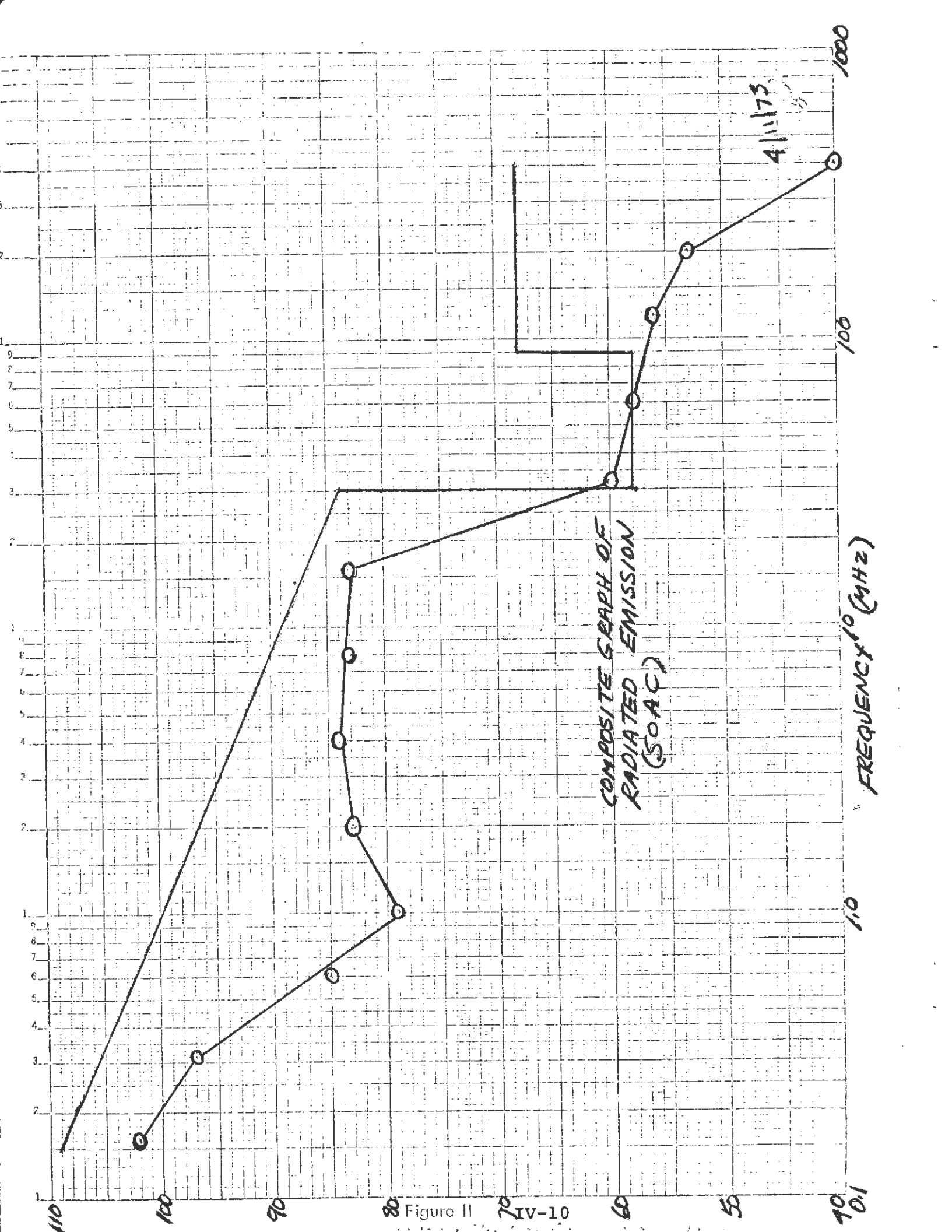


Figure II IV-10